DESIGN AND ACCESS STATEMENT

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REV /





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CONTENTS

1 INTRODUCTION

- 2 EXISTING ISSUES
- 3 SITE
- 4 DESIGN
- 5 SCALE
- 6 APPEARANCE
- 7 HIGHWAYS
- 8 ECONOMY
- 9 POLICY
- 10 CONCLUSION



INTRODUCTION

1.1 Proposal

This statement has been prepared in support of the application for full planning permission for the demolition of the existing 11 stables block and replacement of new 11 stables building with associated tack room, wc and limited hard standing.

The existing 11 stable block is currently dilapidated inadequate and does not meet current British Horse Societies requirements. The stables need a complete overhaul specifically in terms of structure, size, ventilation and drainage.

The existing stable location does not allow for expansion. The stable block needs to be replaced as the stables do not meet the current British Horse Societies size requirements. We feel that the most suitable location for the replacement stables is to the north of the site, where the horse facilities can be grouped together.



Existing Site Plan



Surface water not draining away at stable entrance



Surface water entering stables



2

EXISTING ISSUES

Ventilation

Drainage

wellbeing.

Public foot path

other's paths.

Size

The ventilation for the site is inadequate. Ventilation is essential to reduce ammonia and dust levels within the stables which may lead to respiratory illnesses. The British Horse Society (BHS) recommend cross ventilation to ensure that stale air is removed and replaced with fresh air, this is not possible in its current format and location.

During inclement weather water lies to the south of the site and enters the stables, resulting in damp bedding. Damp bedding not only creates an uncomfortable living environment for the horses but may lead to more serious infections and illnesses.

The drains are in close proximity to the stables structure and at points, very shallow resulting in regular blockages. The stables decay and poor drainage have resulted in a rat infestation, which impacts on the horses

The existing stables are in the region of

11x11ft which is below the British Horse Societies minimum requirements of 12x12ft.

The horse facilities are divided by the main access route and public footpath. In recent years there has been a noticeable increase in foot traffic, which is placing the horses, stable staff and public at risk. This is becoming an increasing concern for our client, as groups of school children/ ramblers now access the route and regularly

stray from the designated path. This risk is

heightened by the section Agreement 106 which states that the stable owner can only access the countryside by specific points. Thus, the horses and public are regularly crossing each

Structure:

The fabric of the building is in a state of disrepair. The roof is deformed and areas of the external cladding are broken. All of which need to be replaced with new.



Soffit is bowing



Roof requires urgent repair



Brickwork and cladding need repairing



SITE

The proposed new stables location is to the north of the horse manage at Brockhill stables. The stables will be set back from the main access route behind the menage. The majority of the existing hedgerow will screen the bulk of the building from public view, helping to reduce the structures impact on the green belt. The new stables position has a direct relationship with the menage and helps to group the horse facilities together. This new location will also reduce the need for horses to cross the public footpath, which is a health and safety concern at present.

The sites new open location will aid cross ventilation, the prevailing winds will replace stale air and dust particles in the stable.



DESIGN

The new building has been designed in a traditionally accepted horseshoe configuration. The majority of stables now meet the minimum size requirements specified by the BHS 12x12ft, whilst the spine will be slightly larger to account for the foul boxes located in the corners.

The horseshoe design and arch allow views across the site and into the greenbelt. This coupled with the large expanse of grass in the centre of the scheme helps to break up the bulk of the building and reduces it's visual impact on the countryside. Larger windows have been incorporated into the proposal to aid cross ventilation and communication, as horses are social creatures. The stable doors will be upgraded with metal anti chew strips to reduce the risk of injury.

Appropriate drainage will be installed to ensure that stables and bedding remains dry. Additional permeable paving has been incorporated to aid drainage as the existing stables hard standing is entirely non-permeable.



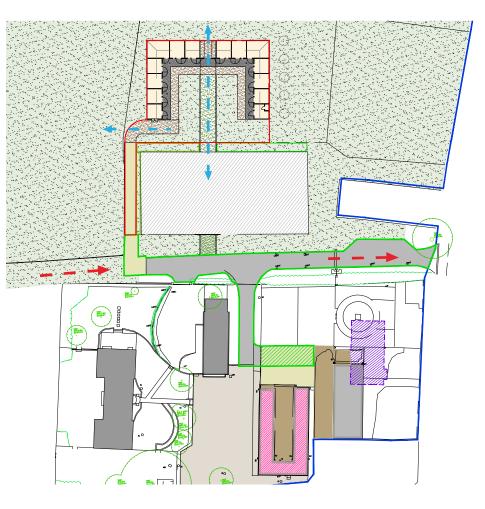
SCALE

The existing site ridge is 3187mm, eaves height is 2280mm. The proposal has been kept as low as practically possible, whilst adhering to the BHS guidelines for stables design for larger horses. The new ridge height is 3245mm and the eaves height 2370mm. The building has been positioned so that the shortest length is visible and is of similar scale to the existing stable block when viewed from the road.

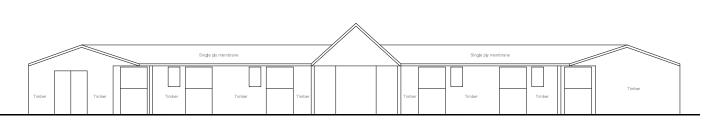
The increase in area is primarily to allow the stables to function properly, with the addition of secure and waterproof feed, hay and tac storage.

Existing stable GEA is 174sqm

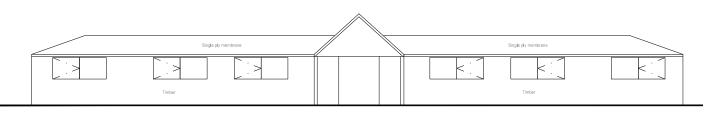
Proposed stable GEA is 238sqm



PROPOSED SOUTH COURTYARD ELEVATION



PROPOSED NORTH ELEVATION



The tradition of rural building is to use timber weatherboarding to the external walls. This is in keeping with existing stables materials and is



proposed here.

The access route into the site will remain unchanged. Access into the stables will utilise an existing track along the side of the existing menage. The proposal does not foresee any increase in traffic to the site.



The stables form part of the equestrian network in Bracknell, in order for it to be a sustainable business it must evolve and keep up with the current BHS standards. It is believed the new location will enable the opportunity to provide the necessary improvements associated with a modern stable for this business to prosper. The stables use, appearance is in keeping with countryside pursuits and will not have any detrimental impact to the countryside.





countryside.

or

ACCESSIBILITY

Policy R7 Countryside recreation

Outside the settlement, proposals

will be permitted provided that

they would not adversely affects.

(I) residential amenity; or (II)

the function or character of the

Policy CS8 recreation of cultural

development will be permitted which

I. Retains, improves and maintains existing recreational facilities: and

II. Provides and maintains new

4.12 The BFBC Local Plan and Core

Inconsistent with the NPPF, then

Consideration. The following NPPF

Policies are therefore relevant:

Supporting prosperous rural economy

83- Planning policies and decisions

rural areas, both through conversion

a) the sustainable growth and expansions of all types of business in

of existing buildings and well-

Strategy is 'out of date' and hence

the NPPF are the principle material

recreational facilities.

where Local Plan is

planning

should enable

to improve access to or increase the

recreational use off, the countryside



CONCLUSION

Conclusion

d) establish or maintain a strong

of streets, spaces, building types and materials to create attractive,

welcoming and distinctive places to

e) optimise the potential of the

an appropriate amount and mix of

development (including green and

f) create places that are safe,

inclusive and accessible and which

promote health and well-being, with a

high standard of amenity for existing

and future users and where crime and

disorder, and the fear of crime, do

not undermine the quality of life or

new buildings as inappropriate in the

Green belt, exception to this are.

facilities (in connection with the

recreation, cemeteries and burial

existing use of the land or a change of use) for out door sports, outdoor

grounds and allotments; as long as the

facility preserves the openness of the

greenbelt and do not conflict with the

purposes of including land within it.

B, the provision of appropriate

community cohesion and resilience.

145-A local planning authority should regard the construction of

other public space) and support local

facilities and transport networks; and

site to accommodate and sustain

live, work and visit;

sense of place, using the arrangement

Openness of the Greenbelt

1. Whilst the new stables are placed in a new position . The proposals do not have a unduly negative impact on the greenbelt because:

i. The stables are low height and low scale

ii. The stables sit close to the existing development land and beside the existing menage

iii. The stables, whilst not on the boundary, are well screened by the existing and established trees and hedges.

2. There is a significant need to provide adequate secure and safe accommodation for the existing horses on site

3. The proposals seek no new horse space. The modest increase in area is only to provide essential storage and services to the ongoing facilities.

4. The proposal are in line with policies R7, CS8 and the NPFF, are essential to the ongoing nature of the Business and therefore we believe this should be approved without delav.

b) Sustainable rural tourism and leisure developments which respect the character of the countryside

12

124 Achieving well designed places.

127. Planning policies and decisions should ensure that developments:

the development;

of good architecture, layout and

and history, including the surrounding built environment and landscape setting, while not preventing or discouraging appropriate innovation or change (such as increased densities);

The creation of high quality buildings and places is fundamental to what theplanning and development process should achieve. Good design is a key aspect of sustainable development, creates better places in which to live and work and helps make development acceptable to communities. Being clear about design expectations, and how these will be tested, is essential for achieving this. So too is effective engagement between applicants, communities, local planning authorities and other interests throughout the process.

a) will function well and add to the overall quality of the area, not just for the

short term but over the lifetime of

b) are visually attractive as a result

appropriate and effective landscaping;

c) are sympathetic to local character

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designed new building.

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