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H62 Natural slating

Types of slating

105 Roof slating

- 1. Description: Natural slate roof covering to pitched roof
- 2. Substrate: Trussed rafters at 450 mm centres
- 3. Pitch: 40°
- 4. Underlay: Contractor's choice
 - 4.1. Recycled content: None permitted 0% (minimum) to BS EN ISO 14021
 - 4.2. Direction: Parallel to eaves.
- 5. Battens
 - 5.1. Size: 50 x 25 mm
 - 5.2. Fixing: 65 x 3.35 mm galvanized round plain shank nails
- 6. Slates
 - 6.1. Supplier: Contractor's choice in accordance with clause 280
 - 6.1.1. Product reference: CUPA Natural Slate
 - 6.2. Type: Spanish blue-black
- 7. Fixing: Two nails each slate.
- 8. Accessories: None

Slating generally

210 Basic workmanship

- 1. General: Fix slating and accessories to make the whole sound and weathertight at earliest opportunity.
- 2. Setting out: To true lines and regular appearance, with neat fit at edges, junctions and features.
- 3. Fixings for slating accessories: As recommended by manufacturer.
- 4. Gutters and pipes: Keep free of debris. Clean out at completion.

220 Removing existing slating

- 1. General: Carefully remove slates, battens, underlay, etc. with minimum disturbance of adjacent retained slating.
- 2. Undamaged slates: Set aside for reuse by Contractor

255 Counterbattens on rigid sarking

1. Fixing: Through rigid sarking into rafters at not more than 300 mm centres.

265 Batten fixing

- 1. Setting out: Align parallel to ridge in straight horizontal lines to gauge of slates. Align on adjacent areas.
- 2. Batten length (minimum): Sufficient to span over three supports.
- 3. Joints in length: Square cut. Butt centrally on supports. Joints must not occur more than once in any group of four battens on one support.
- 4. Additional battens: Provide where unsupported laps in underlay occur between battens.
- 5. Fixing: Each batten to each support. Splay fix at joints in length.

275 Slate fixing

- Setting out: Lay slates with an even overall appearance with slightly open (maximum 5 mm) butt joints. Align tails.
- 2. Slate thickness: Consistent in any one course. Lay with thicker end as tail.
- 3. Ends of courses: Use extra wide slates to maintain bond and to ensure that cut slates are as large as possible. Do not use slates less than 150 mm wide.
- 4. Top course: Head-nail short course to maintain gauge.
- 5. Fixing: Centre nail each slate twice through countersunk holes 20-25 mm from side edges.
 - 5.1. Nail dimensions: Determine in accordance with BS 5534 to suit site exposure, withdrawal resistance and slate supplier's recommendations.

280 Slates - performance specification

- 1. Standards
 - 1.1. Product specification: To BS EN 12326-1.
 - 1.2. Methods of test: To BS EN 12326-2.
- 2. Slate type: Normal
- 3. Dimensional tolerances
 - 3.1. Deviations from declared length, width, edge straightness, rectangularity, and flatness are not to exceed values specified in BS EN 12326-1, clause 5.12.
- 4. Thickness
 - 4.1. Nominal thickness and individual thickness variation: To BS EN 12326-1, clause 5.2.

Roof slating edges/ junctions/ features

305 Generally

- 1. Fittings and accessories: As recommended by slate supplier, do not improvise.
 - 1.1. Exposed fittings and accessories: To match slate colour and finish.
- 2. Cut slates: Cut only where necessary, to give straight, clean edges.
- 3. Flashings: Fix with or immediately after slating. Form neatly.

Vertical slating edges/ junctions - Not Used

Ω End of Section



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