## Foul Drainage Assessment Form (FDA)

		F	PPLICANT	DETAILS	
Name	NEIL	AND	DIANN	MORETON	
Address	SHE	REROO	KE C	ARTINGTON	ROAD
	THROP	TON A	JORTHU	MBELLAND	NEGS 7JG
Telephor	ne No	The second secon			
e-mail					**************************************

We will use the information you provide on this form to establish whether non-mains drainage, either a new system or connection to an existing system, would be acceptable. It is important that you provide full and accurate information. Failure to do this will delay the processing of your application.

You must provide evidence that a connection to the public sewer is not feasible.

Other than in very exceptional circumstances, we will not allow the use of non-mains drainage as part of your Planning or Building Regulation application unless you can prove that a connection to the public sewer is not feasible. We do not consider non-mains drainage systems to be environmentally acceptable in locations where it is feasible to connect to a public sewer. Please note that a lack of capacity in, or other operating problems with, the public sewer are not valid reasons to use a non-mains drainage system where it is otherwise feasible to connect to a public sewer.

Where connection to the public sewer is feasible, you may need to get the agreement of either the owners of any land through which the drainage will run or, if you intend to connect via an existing private drain, the owner of that private drain.

The National Planning Practice Guidance and <u>Building Regulations Approved Document H</u> give a hierarchy of drainage options that must be considered and discounted in the following order:

- 1 Connection to the public sewer
- 2 Package sewage treatment plant (which can be offered to the Sewerage Undertaker for adoption)
- 3 Septic Tank
- 4 If none of the above are feasible a cesspool

You must respond to all the following questions. If you wish to submit additional Information please do so, marked clearly "Additional Information". In some cases you will be required to provide further information in order to demonstrate that any non-mains foul drainage system proposed is acceptable.

Feasibility of mains foul sewer connection	YES	NO
Have you provided a written explanation of why it is not feasible to connect to the public foul	1	

SHELLSTLOOKE HAS EXISTING SEPTIL TANK AS TOO FAR AWAY FROM PUBLIC SEWER \_ DLEASE REFER TO NINL MAP I

sewer with this form?	1 /	
This must include a scaled map showing the nearest public foul sewer connection point - check with your local sewerage undertaker.	/	
s the distance from your site to the closest connection point to the public foul sewer less than		
the number of properties to be built on the site multiplied by 30m? (see Guidance Note 2)	N	A
loes your proposal form part of a phased development or planned development of a wider rea?		
YES, please provide further details including references of any planning permissions already granted.		~
on-mains connection		
	lation to	
ease provide a plan with dimensions that clearly shows the location of the whole system in rel e proposed development and the position of the key elements e.g. septic tank, drainage fields		
oints of discharge.	- Oil I'G	
	-	perimenan
. Existing system	YES	NO
o you intend to use an existing non-mains foul drainage system?		Y
YES, does the system already have an Environmental Permit issued by the Environment Agency? (In the case of a cesspool write N/A)		
YES, please provide Environmental Permit reference number		
	[]	
. Discharge	YES	NO
o you propose to use a package treatment plant?	IV	1
o you propose to use a septic tank?		Y
o you propose to use a cesspool? If YES go to Q4		Y
ave you considered having your system adopted by the sewerage undertaker? (see uidance Note 7).		1
Vill all, or any part of, the discharge go to a drainage field or soakaway? (see Guidance		
lote 3) - this includes systems that combine a drainage field with a high level overflow to ratercourse If YES go to Q3.		V
To you intend to use a system that discharges solely to watercourse? (see Guidance Note 3) FYES go to Q9.	V	
. Water abstraction	YES	NO
to you receive your water from the public mains supply?	1153	NO
not, where do you get your water supply from?	1×	-
mot, where do yea get year water supply noin:		
. Cesspools (For methods other than cesspools write N/A)	YES	NO
lave you provided written justification for the use of a cesspool in preference to more ustainable methods of foul drainage disposal? (see Guidance Note 4)		1
Drainage field design /For cosspeeds write N/A)	VEC	LNO
. Drainage field design (For cesspools write N/A)  Vill the system discharge to a drainage field designed and constructed in accordance with	YES	NO
ritish Standard BS6297:2007?	1 .	Va
	1	H
not, why not?  Vill the discharge from the system be located in a Source Protection Zone 1 (SPZ1)?	-	1
in the discharge from the dyatem be located in a counce i folection zone i for zij!		LY
. Ground Conditions (For cesspools write N/A)	YES	NO
ia. Have you submitted a copy of the percolation test results with this form (see Guidance		/
Note 6)?	1 4	A
ib. If NO please explain the justification for not undertaking or submitting these tests.  Sc. Is any part of the system in land which is marshy, water logged or subject to flooding?	-	- /
to to any part of the system in land without a marshy, water logged of audject to modifig f		IV

a series on the territory

contaminated? If YES please provide details as additional information.  6e. Have you submitted the results of a trial hole at the site to establish that the proposed	-	V
drainage field will be above any standing groundwater (see Guidance Note 6)?	1	A
7. Available Land	YES	NO
ls the application site plus any available area for a soakaway less than 0.025 hectares (250m²)?	N	A
B. Siting of drainage field/soakaway discharge from a septic tank of package treatment plant or other secondary treatment.  You may need to make local enquiries to get a full answer to these questions.	YES	NC
	1	_
Will it be at least 10m from a watercourse, permeable drain or land drain?  Will it be at least 50m from any point of abstraction from the ground for a drinking water	14	<u> </u>
supply (e.g. well, borehole or spring)? This includes your own or a neighbour's supply.	10/	
Will the discharge be within a groundwater Source Protection Zone 1? If yes, you will need to apply for an environmental permit		V
Are there any drainage fields/soakaways within 50m? This includes any foul drainage discharge system (other than the subject of this application) or surface water soakaway on either your own or a neighbour's property.		V
Will it be at least 15m from any building?	100	V
Will there be any water supply pipes or underground services within the disposal system, other than those required by the system? (For cesspools write N/A)		V
Will there be any access roads, driveways or paved areas within the disposal area? (For cesspools write N/A)		V
9. Siting of treatment plant, septic tank or cesspool	YES	NC
9. Siting of treatment plant, septic tank or cesspool ls it at least 7m from the habitable part of a building?	YES	NC
	YES	NC
Is it at least 7m from the habitable part of a building?	YES	NO
Is it at least 7m from the habitable part of a building? Will there be vehicular access for emptying within 30m? Can the plant, tank or cesspool be maintained or emptied without the contents being taken through a dwelling or place of work?	YES	NO
Is it at least 7m from the habitable part of a building? Will there be vehicular access for emptying within 30m? Can the plant, tank or cesspool be maintained or emptied without the contents being taken through a dwelling or place of work?  10.Expected flow	YES V	
Is it at least 7m from the habitable part of a building? Will there be vehicular access for emptying within 30m? Can the plant, tank or cesspool be maintained or emptied without the contents being taken through a dwelling or place of work?  10.Expected flow Please estimate the total flow in litres per day (see Guidance Note 5).	<b>*</b>	
Is it at least 7m from the habitable part of a building?  Will there be vehicular access for emptying within 30m?  Can the plant, tank or cesspool be maintained or emptied without the contents being taken through a dwelling or place of work?  10.Expected flow  Please estimate the total flow in litres per day (see Guidance Note 5).  11. General Binding Rules for Small Sewage Discharges  Does the system meet the requirements of the General Binding Rules for small sewage	600	
Is it at least 7m from the habitable part of a building?  Will there be vehicular access for emptying within 30m?  Can the plant, tank or cesspool be maintained or emptied without the contents being taken through a dwelling or place of work?  10.Expected flow  Please estimate the total flow in litres per day (see Guidance Note 5).  11. General Binding Rules for Small Sewage Discharges  Does the system meet the requirements of the General Binding Rules for small sewage	600	
Is it at least 7m from the habitable part of a building?  Will there be vehicular access for emptying within 30m?  Can the plant, tank or cesspool be maintained or emptied without the contents being taken through a dwelling or place of work?  10.Expected flow  Please estimate the total flow in litres per day (see Guidance Note 5).  11. General Binding Rules for Small Sewage Discharges  Does the system meet the requirements of the General Binding Rules for small sewage discharges?	600	
Is it at least 7m from the habitable part of a building?  Will there be vehicular access for emptying within 30m?  Can the plant, tank or cesspool be maintained or emptied without the contents being taken through a dwelling or place of work?  10.Expected flow  Please estimate the total flow in litres per day (see Guidance Note 5).  11. General Binding Rules for Small Sewage Discharges  Does the system meet the requirements of the General Binding Rules for small sewage discharges?  12. Maintenance	YES	

## 13. Declaration

---

I declare that the above information is factually correct.

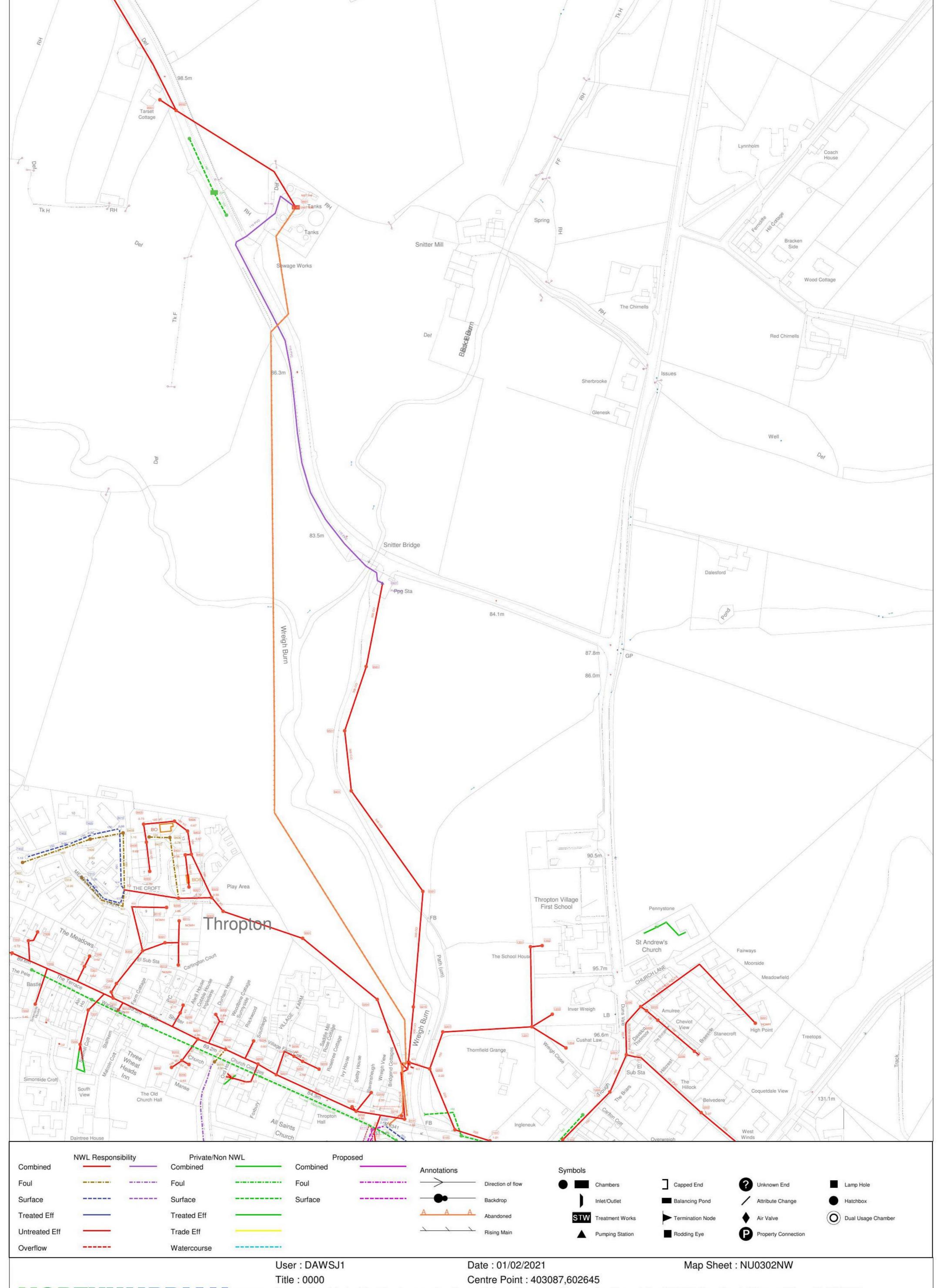
Name	Signature	Date
DIAMN MORETON		212/21
NEIL MORETON		2/2/2021

## **GUIDANCE NOTES:**

- This form is for use with the <u>National Planning Practice Guidance</u>, British Standard BS6297:2007 and <u>Building Regulations Approved Document H</u>. It is intended to help Local Planning Authorities establish basic information about your non-mains drainage system and decide whether you need to submit a more detailed site assessment. If a detailed site assessment is requested but not submitted, your planning application might be refused.
- Where the distance from a site to the closest point of connection to the foul sewer is less than the number of properties that are proposed to be built on that site multiplied by 30m an Environmental Permit will be required and an applicant will need to demonstrate as part of any application for such a permit why connection to the public foul sewer is not feasible.

Number of domestic properties served		
by the sewage treatment system	x 30 metres =	Answernetres

- In addition to Planning Permission and Building Regulation approval you may also require an Environmental Permit from the Environment Agency (EA). Please note that the granting of Planning Permission or Building Regulation approval does not guarantee the granting of an Environmental Permit. Upon receipt of a correctly filled in application form the EA will carry out an assessment. It can take up to 4 months before the Agency is in a position to decide whether to grant a permit or not.
- The use of cesspools is an option of last resort as set out in the non-mains drainage hierarchy of preference in <u>Building Regulations Approved Document H</u>. In principle, a properly constructed and maintained cesspool, being essentially a holding tank with no discharges, should not lead to environmental, amenity or public health problems. However, in practice, it is known that such problems occur as a result of frequent overflows due to poor maintenance, irregular emptying, lack of suitable vehicular access for emptying and even through inadequate capacity. In addition to this the requirement for frequent emptying is usually carried out by a contractor involving road transport with associated environmental costs. For these reasons, the use of cesspools will not normally be considered to be a long-term foul sewage disposal solution. In view of the environmental risks associated with their use, any proposal to use cesspools must be fully justified to the Local Planning Authority
- 5) Package treatment plants and septic tanks should be designed and sized according to the advice given in the current edition of <u>Flows and Loads</u>, published by British Water. Volumes for larger systems should be calculated based on expected flows arising from the development.
- 6) You should refer to <u>Building Regulations Approved Document H2</u> with regard to the general requirements for construction of non mains sewerage systems. **Sections 1.33 to 1.38** deal with the test requirements for trial holes and percolation tests and for convenience the text of these sections is repeated below:
  - 1.33 A trial hole should be dug to determine the position of the standing groundwater table. The trial hole should be a minimum of 1m² in area and 2m deep, or a minimum of 1.5m below the invert of the proposed drainage field pipework. The ground water table should not rise to within 1m of the invert level of the proposed effluent distribution pipes. If the test is carried out in summer, the likely winter groundwater



NORTHUMBRIAN WATER living water

The material contained on this plot has been reproduced from an Ordnance Survey map with permission of the controller of H.M.S.O. Crown Copyright Reserved. Licence No.100022480. The information shown on this plan should be regarded as approximate and is intended for guidance only. No Liability of any kind whatsoever is accepted by Northumbrian Water, it's servants or agents for any omission. The actual position of any water mains or sewers shown on the plan must be established by taking trial holes in all cases. In the case of water mains Northumbrian Water must be given two working days notice of their intention to excavate trial holes. With effect from 1 October 2011, private lateral drains and sewers automatically transferred to Northumbrian Water under a scheme made by the Secretary of State pursuant to section 105A Water Industry Act 1991. These former private drains and sewers together with existing private connections may not be shown but their presence should be anticipated. WARNING...Where indicated on the plan there could be abandoned asbestos cement materials or shards of pipe. If excavating in the vicinity of these abandoned asbestos cement materials, the appropriate Health & Safety precautions should be taken. Northumbrian Water accepts no liability in respect of claims, costs, losses or other liabilities which arise as the result of the presence of the pipes or any failure to take adequate precautions. Emergency Telephone Number: 0345 717 1100

