

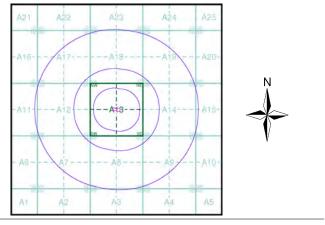
Nottinghamshire Published 1938 - 1948 Source map scale - 1:10,560

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

				- 1
I	014NW	 	014NE 1938	ı
l	1948 1:10,560	l I	1:10,560	1
1		!		
				-1
- 1	014SW	i	014SE	
		ı		- 1
1	1947 1:10,560		1947 1:10,560	1

Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 157053202_1_1 Customer Ref: 11727/2 National Grid Reference: 469100, 375470 Α

Site Area (Ha): 0.32 Search Buffer (m): 1000

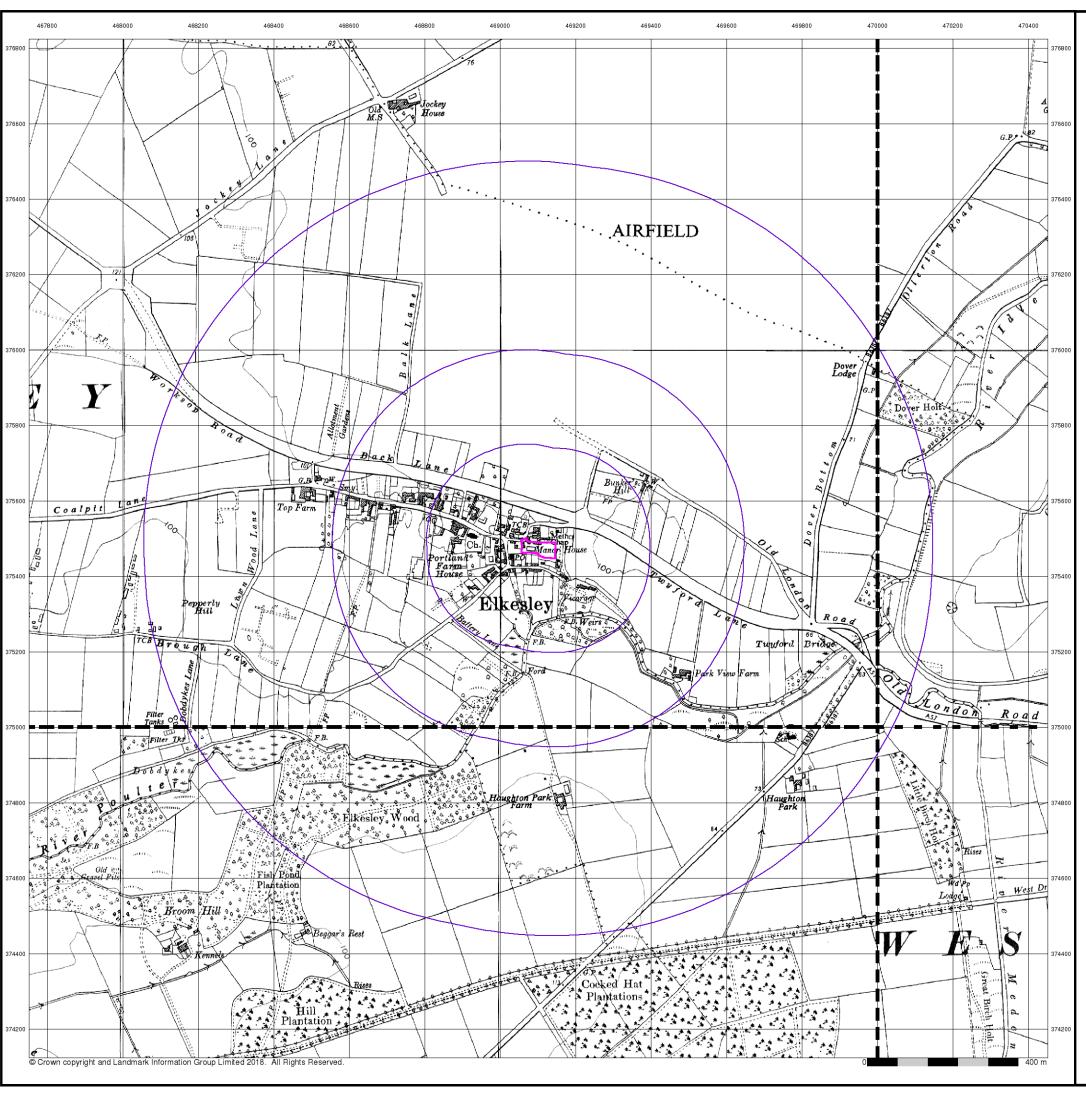
Site Details

Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire



0844 844 9951

A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Feb-2018 Page 5 of 16



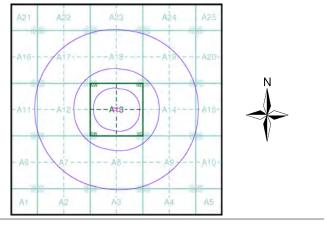
Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1955 - 1956 Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

_	_	_		_	_	_
1	SK67	ΝE	ı	SK7	7NW	- 1
1	1956 1:10,	560	- 1	1956		ı
1	10,	000	-1	1.10	,000	ı
_	_	_		_	_	_
1	SK67	se	-1	SK7	7SW	- 1
1	1955 1:10.	560	-1	1955 1:10		- 1
1	1.10,	300	-1	1.10	,500	ı

Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 157053202_1_1 Customer Ref: 11727/2 National Grid Reference: 469100, 375470

Slice:

Site Area (Ha): 0.32 Search Buffer (m): 1000

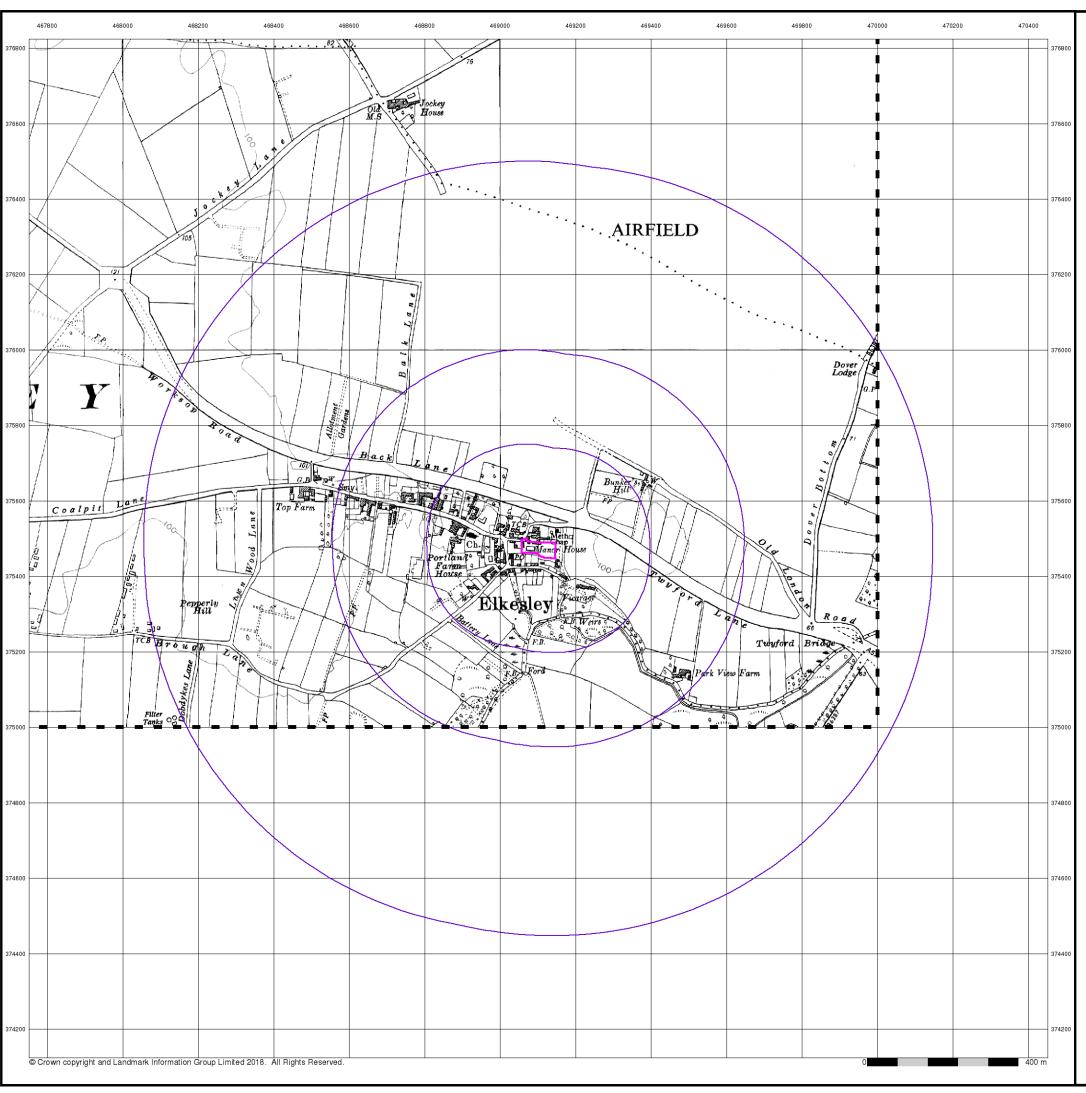
Site Details

Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire



0844 844 9951

A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Feb-2018 Page 7 of 16



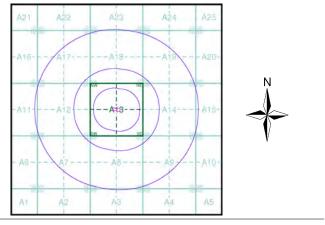
Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1959 Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 157053202_1_1 Customer Ref: 11727/2 National Grid Reference: 469100, 375470 Slice:

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 0.32 1000

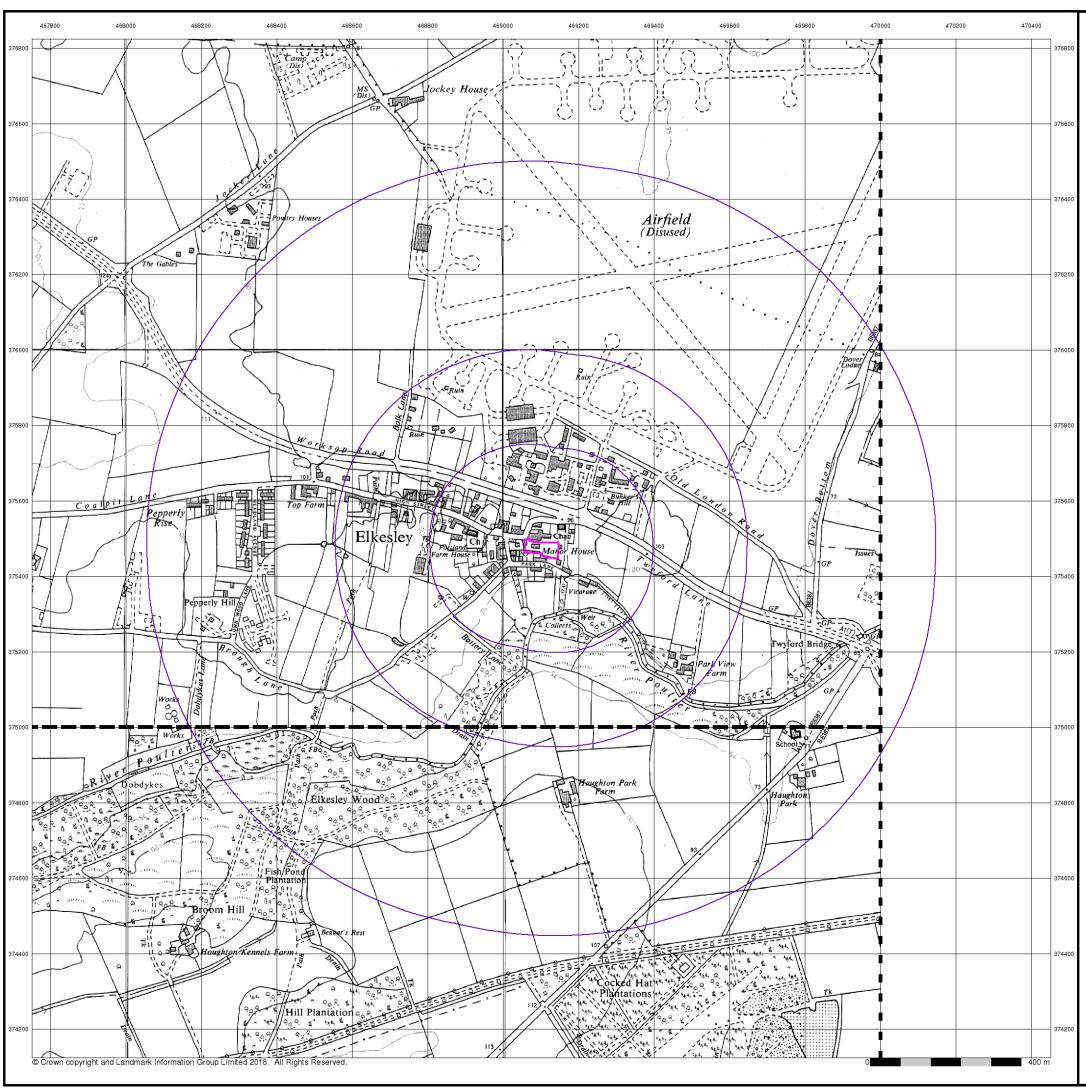
Site Details

Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire



0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

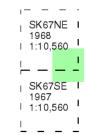
A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Feb-2018 Page 8 of 16



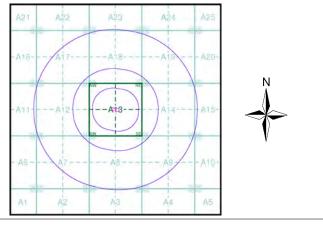
Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1967 - 1968 Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 157053202_1_1 Customer Ref: 11727/2 National Grid Reference: 469100, 375470 Slice:

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 0.32

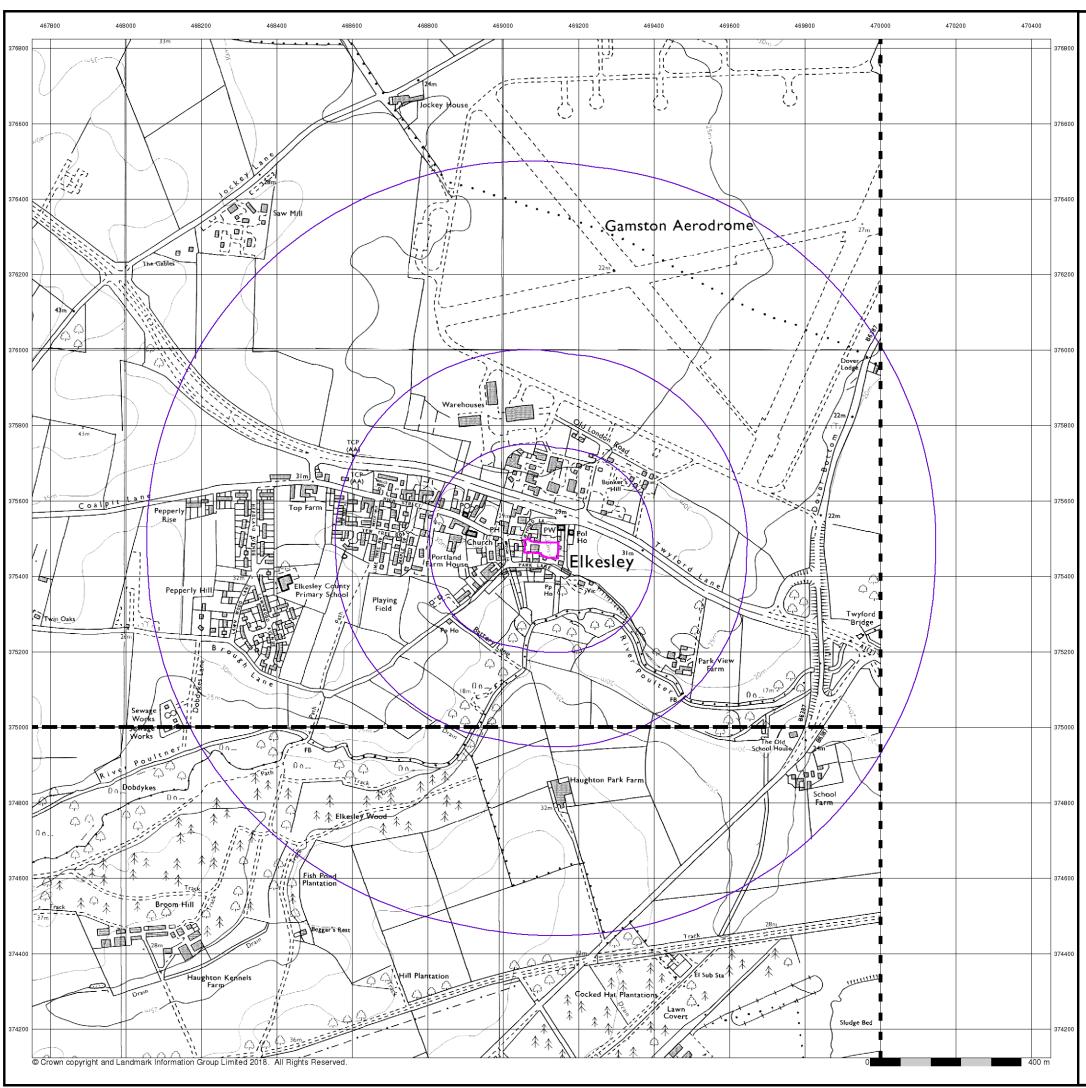
Site Details

Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire



0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

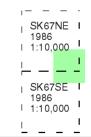
A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Feb-2018 Page 9 of 16



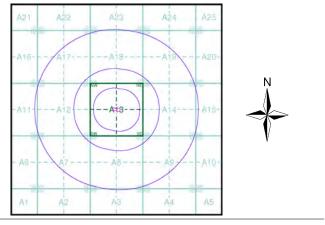
Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1986 Source map scale - 1:10,000

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas; these maps were used to update the 1:10,560 maps. The published date given therefore is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas. In the late 1940's, a Provisional Edition was produced, which updated the 1:10,560 mapping from a number of sources. The maps appear unfinished - with all military camps and other strategic sites removed. These maps were initially overprinted with the National Grid. In 1970, the first 1:10,000 maps were produced using the Transverse Mercator Projection. The revision process continued until recently, with new editions appearing every 10 years or so for urban areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 157053202_1_1 Customer Ref: 11727/2 National Grid Reference: 469100, 375470 Slice:

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 0.32

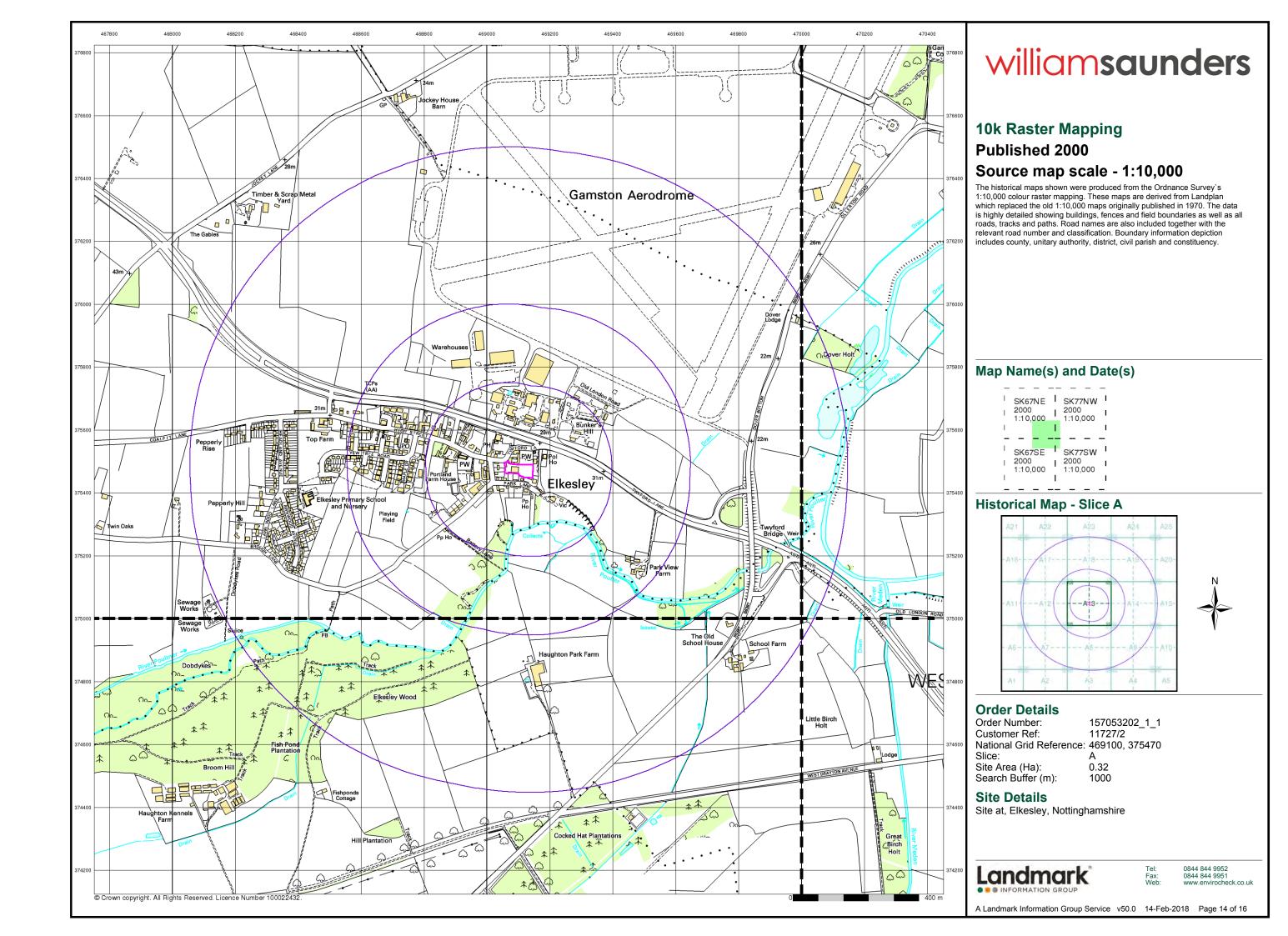
Site Details

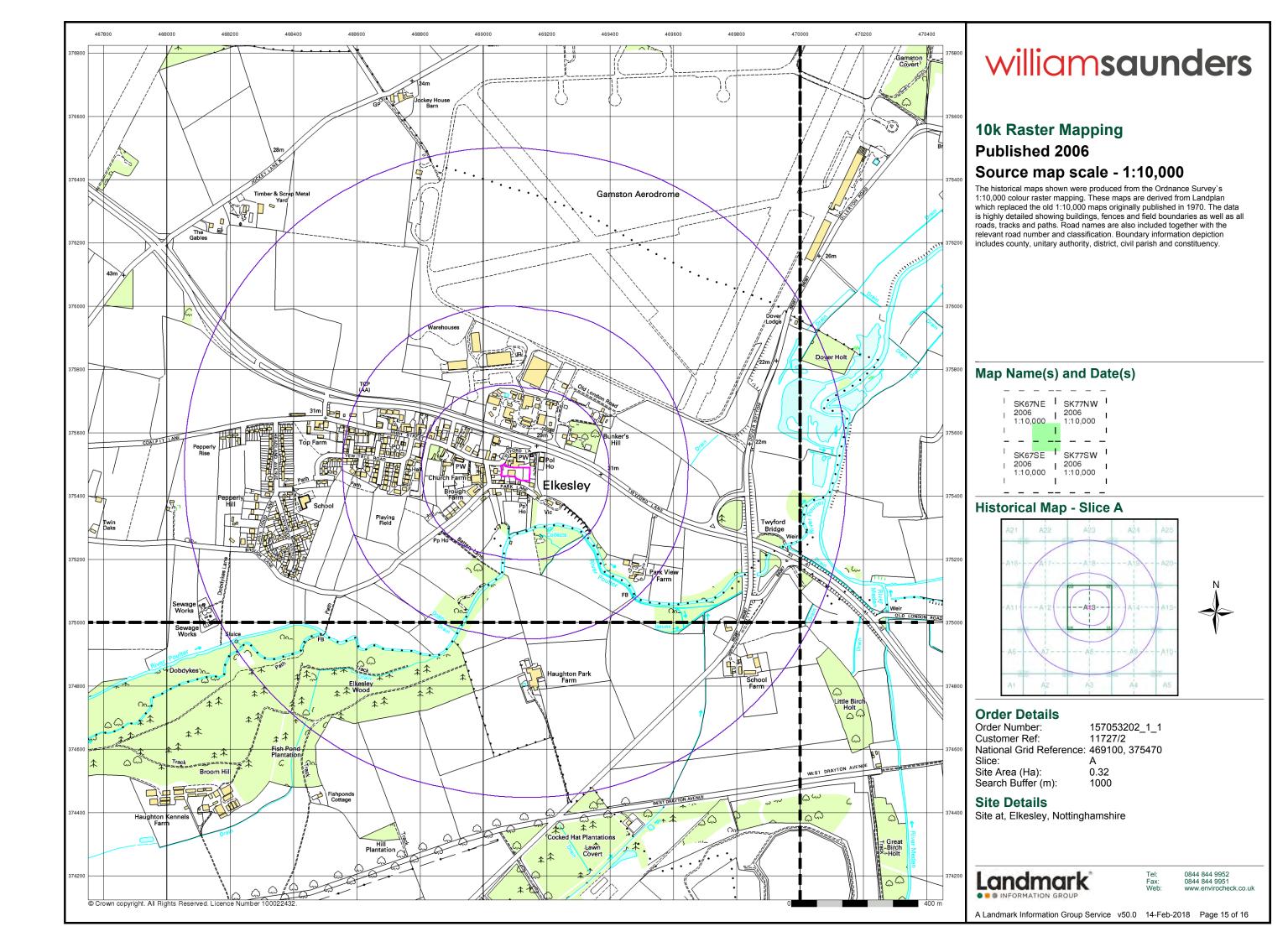
Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire

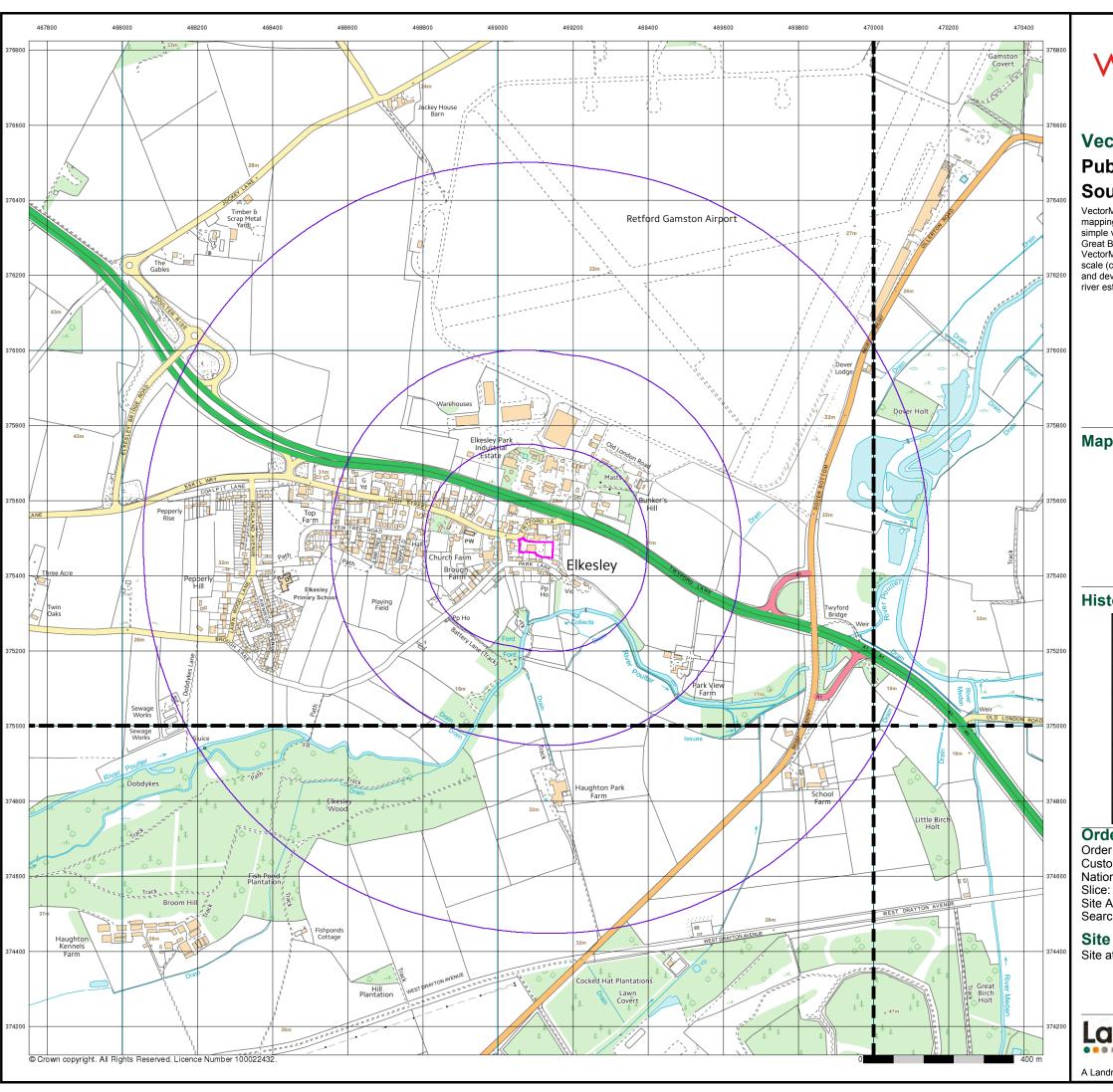


0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Feb-2018 Page 12 of 16







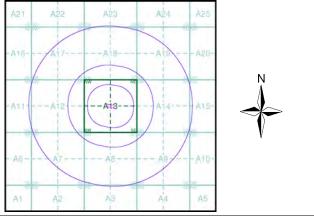
VectorMap Local Published 2018 Source map scale - 1:10,000

VectorMap Local (Raster) is Ordnance Survey's highest detailed 'backdrop' mapping product. These maps are produced from OS's VectorMap Local, a simple vector dataset at a nominal scale of 1:10,000, covering the whole of Great Britain, that has been designed for creating graphical mapping. OS VectorMap Local is derived from large-scale information surveyed at 1:1250 scale (covering major towns and cities),1:2500 scale (smaller towns, villages and developed rural areas), and 1:10 000 scale (mountain, moorland and river estuary areas).

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

-		_			_
- 1	SK67	7NE	-1	SK77NW	ı
- 1	2018 Varia		I	2018 Variable	I
- 1	• 61.76		-1	· carrears	ı
-		_			_
ī	- - SK67	- 7SE		 SK77SW	_
 	SK67 2018 Varia		- 	SK77SW 2018 Variable	- ! !

Historical Map - Slice A



Order Details

Order Number: 157053202_1_1 Customer Ref: 11727/2 National Grid Reference: 469100, 375470

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 0.32 1000

Site Details

Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire



0844 844 9951 www.envirocheck.co.uk

A Landmark Information Group Service v50.0 14-Feb-2018 Page 16 of 16

MANOR FARM, ELKESLEY

PHASE 1 GEO-ENVIROMENTAL REPORT

APPENDIX D

Envirocheck Environmental Data



Geology 1:50,000 Maps Legends

Superficial Geology

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	ALV	Alluvium	Clay, Silt, Sand and Gravel	Flandrian - Flandrian
	TILMP	Till, Mid Pleistocene	Diamicton	Ipswichian - Cromerian
	GFDMP	Glaciofluvial Deposits, Mid Pleistocene	Sand and Gravel	Ipswichian - Cromerian
	TILMP	Till, Mid Pleistocene	DIAMICTON, SAND AND GRAVEL	lpswichian - Cromerian
	RTD2	River Terrace Deposits, 2	Sand and Gravel	Quaternary - Quaternary
	RTD1	River Terrace Deposits, 1	Sand and Gravel	Quaternary - Quaternary

Bedrock and Faults

Map Colour	Lex Code	Rock Name	Rock Type	Min and Max Age
	RTF	Retford Member	Mudstone	Olenekian - Olenekian
	TPSF	Tarporley Siltstone Formation	Siltstone, Mudstone and Sandstone	Anisian - Olenekian
	NTC	Nottingham Castle Sandstone Formation	Sandstone, Pebbly (Gravelly)	Early Triassic - Early Triassic
		Faults		

williamsaunders

Geology 1:50,000 Maps

This report contains geological map extracts taken from the BGS Digital Geological map of Great Britain at 1:50,000 scale and is designed for users carrying out preliminary site assessments who require geological maps for the area around the site. This mapping may be more up to date than previously published paper maps.

The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial

The various geological layers - artificial and landslip deposits, superficial geology and solid (bedrock) geology are displayed in separate maps, but superimposed on the final 'Combined Surface Geology' map. All map legends feature on this page. Not all layers have complete nationwide coverage, so availability of data for relevant map sheets is indicated below.

Geology 1:50,000 Maps Coverage

 Map ID:
 1

 Map Sheet No:
 101

 Map Name:
 East Retford

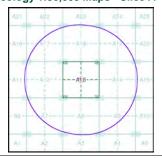
 Map Date:
 1967

 Bedrock Geology:
 Available

 Superficial Geology:
 Available

Superficial Geology: Available
Artificial Geology: Not Available
Faults: Not Supplied
Landslip: Not Available
Rock Segments: Not Supplied

Geology 1:50,000 Maps - Slice A





Order Details:

Order Number: 157053202_1_1
Customer Reference: 11727/2
National Grid Reference: 469100, 375470
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 0.32

Site Area (Ha): 0.32 Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details:

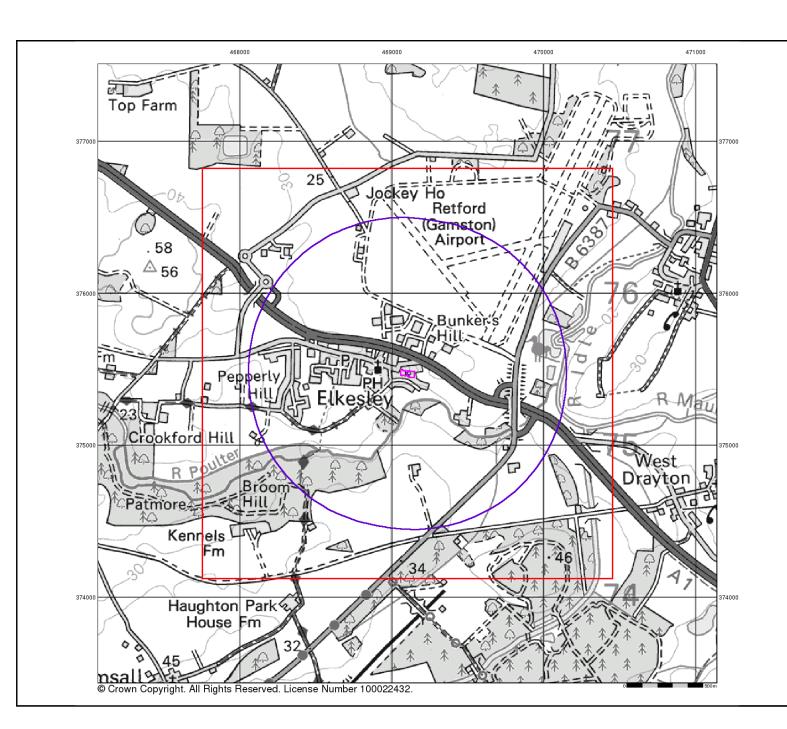
Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire



Tel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Web: www.envirocheck

v15.0 14-Feb-2018

Page 1 of 5



Artificial Ground and Landslip

Artificial ground is a term used by BGS for those areas where the ground surface has been significantly modified by human activity. Information about previously developed ground is especially important, as it is often associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and unstable ground.

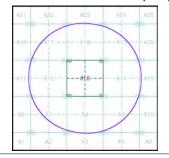
Artificial ground includes:

- Made ground man-made deposits such as embankments and spoil heaps on the natural ground surface.

 - Worked ground - areas where the ground has been cut away such as
- quarries and road cuttings.
- Infilled ground areas where the ground has been cut away then wholly or partially backfilled.
- Landscaped ground areas where the surface has been reshaped.
 Disturbed ground areas of ill-defined shallow or near surface mineral
- workings where it is impracticable to map made and worked ground

Mass movement (landslip) deposits on BGS geological maps are primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground. The dataset also includes foundered strata, where the ground has collapsed due to subsidence.

Artificial Ground and Landslip Map - Slice A





Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: 157053202_1_1 11727/2 469100, 375470 National Grid Reference: A 0.32

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details:

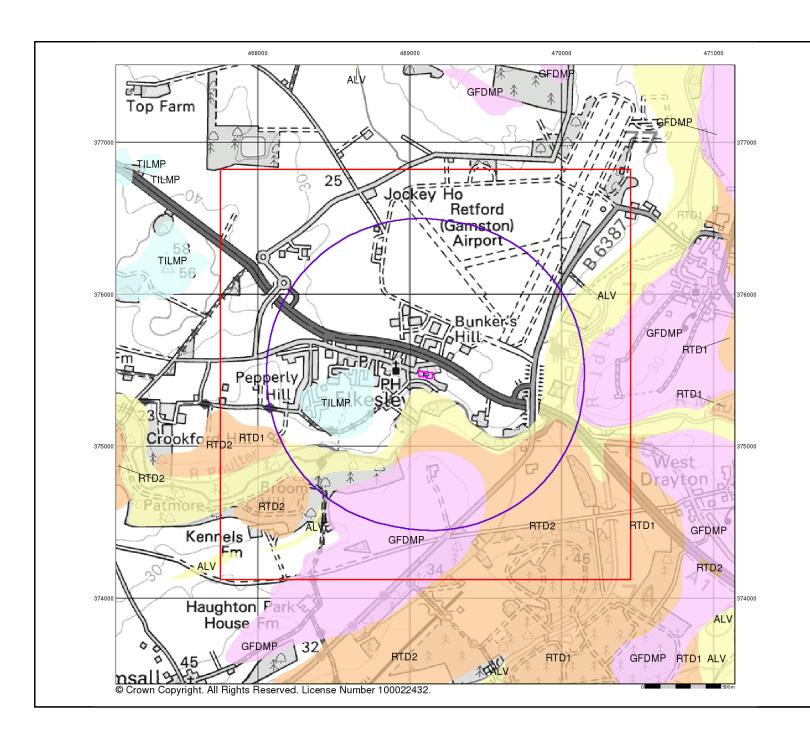
Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire



0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951

v15.0 14-Feb-2018

Page 2 of 5



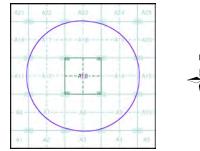
Superficial Geology

Superficial Deposits are the youngest geological deposits formed during the most recent period of geological time, the Quaternary, which extends back about 1.8 million years from the present.

They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as Bedrock. This dataset contains Superficial deposits that are of natural origin and 'in place'. Other superficial strata may be held in the Mass Movement dataset where they have been moved, or in the Artificial Ground dataset where they are of man-made origin.

Most of these Superficial deposits are unconsolidated sediments such as gravel, sand, silt and clay, and onshore they form relatively thin, often discontinuous patches or larger spreads.

Superficial Geology Map - Slice A



Order Details:

Order Number: Customer Reference: 157053202_1_1 11727/2 469100, 375470 National Grid Reference: A 0.32

Site Area (Ha): Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details:

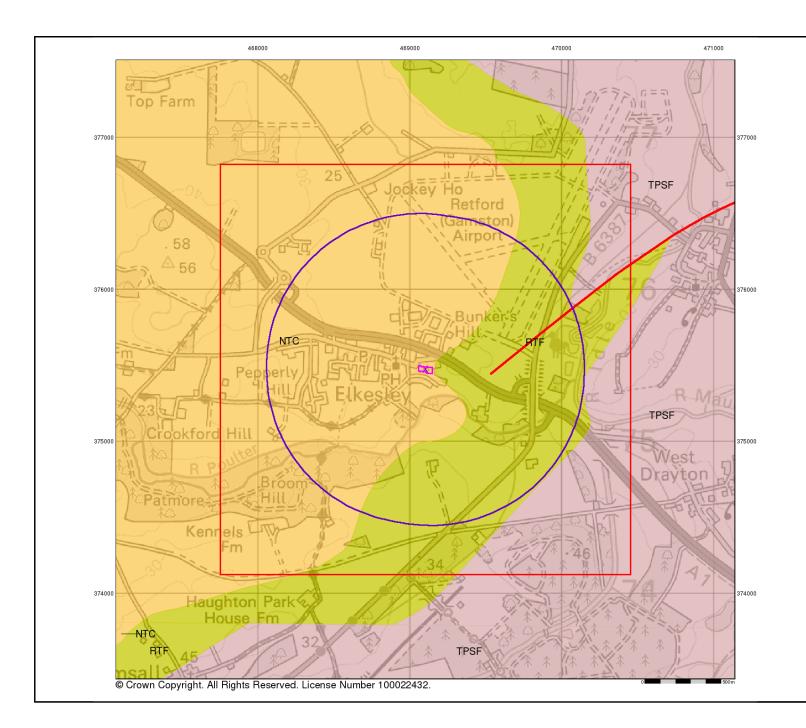
Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire



0844 844 9952 0844 844 9951

v15.0 14-Feb-2018

Page 3 of 5



Bedrock and Faults

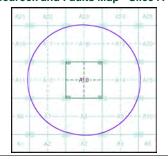
Bedrock geology is a term used for the main mass of rocks forming the Earth and are present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

The bedrock has formed over vast lengths of geological time ranging from ancient and highly altered rocks of the Proterozoic, some 2500 million years ago, or older, up to the relatively young Pliocene, 1.8 million years ago.

The bedrock geology includes many lithologies, often classified into three types based on origin: igneous, metamorphic and sedimentary.

The BGS Faults and Rock Segments dataset includes geological faults (e.g. normal, thrust), and thin beds mapped as lines (e.g. coal seam, gypsum bed). Some of these are linked to other particular 1:50,000 Geology datasets, for example, coal seams are part of the bedrock sequence, most faults and mineral veins primarily affect the bedrock but cut across the strata and post date its deposition.

Bedrock and Faults Map - Slice A





Order Details:

Order Number: 157053202_1_1
Customer Reference: 11727/2
National Grid Reference: 469100, 375470
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 0.32
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details:

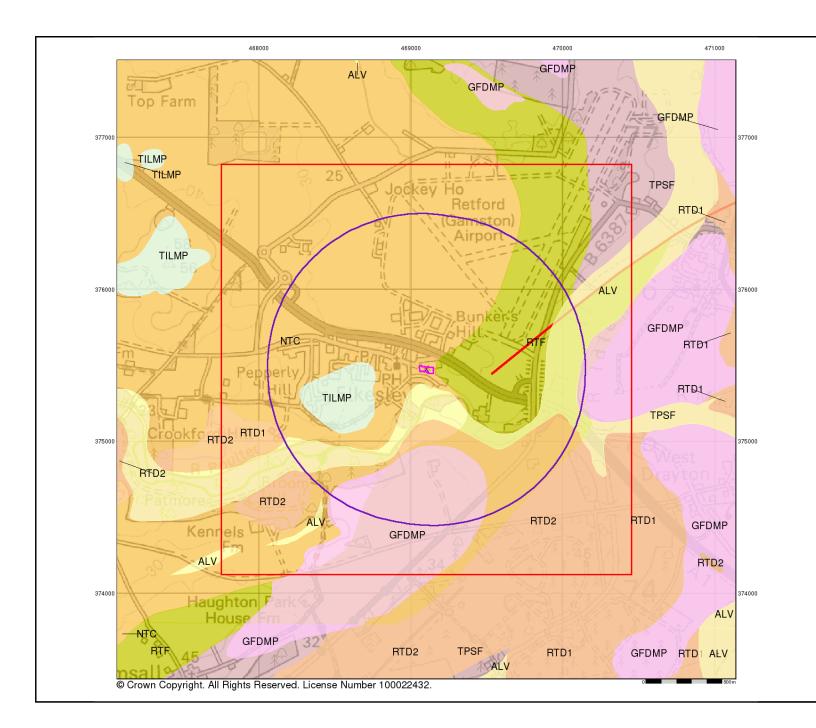
Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire



Fel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Veb: www.envirocheck.c

v15.0 14-Feb-2018

Page 4 of 5



Combined Surface Geology

The Combined Surface Geology map combines all the previous maps into one combined geological overview of your site.

Please consult the legends to the previous maps to interpret the Combined "Surface Geology" map.

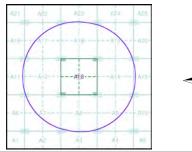
Additional Information

More information on 1:50,000 Geological mapping and explanations of rock classifications can be found on the BGS website. Using the LEX Codes in this report, further descriptions of rock types can be obtained by interrogating the 'BGS Lexicon of Named Rock Units'. This database can be accessed by following the 'Information and Data' link on the BGS website.

Contact

British Geological Survey Kingsley Dunham Centre Keyworth Nottingham NG12 5GG Telephone: 0115 936 3143 Fax: 0115 936 3276 email: enquiries@bgs.ac.uk website: www.bgs.ac.uk

Combined Geology Map - Slice A



Order Details:

Order Number: 157053202_1_1
Customer Reference: 11727/2
National Grid Reference: 469100, 375470
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 0.32
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details:

Site at, Elkesley, Nottinghamshire



Tel: 0844 844 9952 Fax: 0844 844 9951 Veb: www.envirocheck.c

v15.0 14-Feb-2018

Page 5 of 5

