

BUILDING REGULATIONS NOTES

CDM REGULATIONS 2015

Domestic clients

The domestic client is to appoint a principal designer and a principal contractor when there is more than one contractor, if not your duties will automatically transferred to the contractor or principal contractor.

The designer can take on the duties, provided there is a written agreement between you and the designer to do so.

The Health and Safety Executive is to be notified as soon as possible before construction work starts if the works:

- (a) Last longer than 30 working days and has more than 20 workers working simultaneously at any point in the project.
- Or:
- (b) Exceeds 500 person days.

MATERIALS AND WORKMANSHIP

All works are to be carried out in a workmanlike manner. All materials and workmanship must comply with Regulation 7 of the Building Regulations, all relevant British Standards, European Standards, Agreement Certificates, Product Certification of Schemes (Kite Marks) etc. Products conforming to a European technical standard or harmonised European product should have a CE marking.

SITE PREPARATION

Ground to be prepared for new works by removing all unsuitable material, vegetable matter and tree or shrub roots to a suitable depth to prevent future growth. Seal up, cap off, disconnect and remove existing redundant services as necessary. Reasonable precautions must also be taken to avoid danger to health and safety caused by contaminants and ground gases e.g. landfill gases, radon, vapours etc. on or in the ground covered, or to be covered by the building.

EXISTING STRUCTURE

Existing structure including foundations, beams, walls and lintels carrying new and altered loads are to be exposed and checked for adequacy prior to commencement of work and as required by the Building Control Officer.

BEAMS

Supply and install new structural elements such as new beams, roof structure, floor structure, bearings, and padstones in accordance with the Structural Engineer's calculations and details. New steel beams to be encased in 12.5mm Gyproc FireLine board with staggered joints, Gyproc FireCase or painted in Nullifire S or similar intumescent paint to provide 1/2 hour fire resistance as agreed with Building Control. All fire protection to be installed as detailed by specialist manufacturer.

LINTELS

- For uniformly distributed loads and standard 2 storey domestic loadings only
Lintel widths are to be equal to wall thickness. All lintels over 750mm sized internal door openings to be 65mm deep pre-stressed concrete plank lintels. 150mm deep lintels are to be used for 900mm sized internal door openings. Lintels to have a minimum bearing of 150mm on each end. Any existing lintels carrying additional loads are to be exposed for inspection at commencement of work on site. All pre-stressed concrete lintels to be designed and manufactured in accordance with BS EN 1992-1-1, with a concrete strength of 50 or 40 N/mm² and incorporating steel strands to BS 5896 to support loadings assessed to BS 5977 Part 1.
For other structural openings provide proprietary insulated steel lintels suitable for spans and loadings in compliance with Approved Document A and lintel manufacturer's standard tables. Stop ends, DPC trays and weep holes to be provided above all externally located lintels. Independent lintels to have an insulated cavity closure between the inner and outer lintel. Common leaf lintels base plates should not be continuous and the lintel core to be insulated.

FLAT ROOF RESTRAINT

100m x 50mm C16 grade timber wall plates to be strapped to walls with 1000mm x 30mm x 5mm galvanised mild steel straps at maximum 2.0m centres fixed to internal wall faces.

OPENINGS AND RETURNS

An opening or recess greater than 0.1m² shall be at least 550mm from the supported wall (measured internally).

STRIP FOUNDATION

Provide 225mm x 450mm concrete foundation, concrete mix to conform to BS EN 206-1 and BS 8500-2. All foundations to be a minimum of 1000mm below ground level, exact depth to be agreed on site with Building Control Officer to suit site conditions. All constructed in accordance with 2010 Building Regulations A1/2 and BS 8004:2015 Code of Practice for Foundations. Ensure foundations are constructed below invert level of any adjacent drains. Base of foundations supporting internal walls to be min 600mm below ground level. Sulphate resistant cement to be used if required. Please note that should any adverse soil conditions be found or any major tree roots in excavations, the Building Control Officer is to be contacted and the advice of a structural engineer should be sought.

SOLID FLOOR INSULATION OVER SLAB

To meet min U value required of 0.18 W/m²K
P/A ratio 0.5
Solid ground floor to consist of 150mm consolidated well-rammed hardcore. Blinded with 50mm sand blinding. Provide 100mm ST2 or Gen2 ground bearing slab concrete mix to conform to BS 8500-2 over a 1200 gauge polythene DPM. DPM to be lapped in with DPC in walls. Floor to be insulated over slab and DPM with min 90mm thick Celotex GA4000. 25mm insulation to continue around floor perimeters to avoid thermal bridging. A VCL should be laid over the insulation boards and turned up 100mm at room perimeters behind the skirting, all joints to be lapped 150mm and sealed. Finish with 65mm sand/cement finishing screed with light mesh reinforcement.
Where drain runs pass under new floor, provide A142 mesh 1.0m wide and min 50mm concrete cover over length of drain.
Where existing suspended timber floor air bricks are covered by new extension, ensure cross-ventilation is maintained by connecting to 100mm dia UPVC pipes with 100mm concrete cover laid under the extension. Pipes to terminate at new 65mm x 215mm air bricks with cavity tray over.

FULL FILL CAVITY WALL

To achieve minimum U Value of 0.18 W/m²K
New cavity wall to comprise of 105mm suitable facing brick. Full fill the cavity with 175mm Rockwool Cavity insulation as manufacturer's details. Inner leaf constructed using 100mm lightweight block, 0.15 W/m²K, e.g. Celcon solar, Thermalite turbo. Internal finish to be 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs. Walls to be built with 1:1.6 cement mortar.

DPC

Provide horizontal strip polymer (hyload) damp proof course to both internal and external skins minimum 150mm above external ground level. New DPC to be made continuous with existing DPC's and with floor DPM. Vertical DPC to be installed at all reveals where cavity is closed.

WALL TIES

All walls constructed using stainless steel vertical twist type retaining wall ties built in at 750mm ctrs horizontally, 450mm vertically and 225mm ctrs at reveals and corners in staggered rows. Wall ties to be suitable for cavity width and in accordance with BS EN 845

CAVITIES

Provide cavity trays over openings. All cavities to be closed at eaves and around openings using Thermabate or similar non combustible insulated cavity closers. Provide vertical DPCs around openings and abutments. All cavity trays must have 150mm upstands and suitable cavity weep holes (min 2) at max 900mm centres.

EXISTING TO NEW WALL

Cavities in new wall to be made continuous with existing where possible to ensure continuous weather break. If a continuous cavity cannot be achieved, where new walls abuts the existing walls provide a movement joint with vertical DPC. All tied into existing construction with suitable proprietary stainless steel profiles.

WARM FLAT ROOF

(imposed load max 1.0 kN/m² - dead load max 0.75 kN/m²)
To achieve U value 0.15 W/m²K
12.5mm spa solar reflective chippings to achieve aa designated fire rating for surface spread of flame bedded in bitumen on three layer felt to BS 6229 laid on 22mm external quality ply (ply optional, see manufacturer's details) over 165mm Celotex XR4000 insulation.
Insulation bonded to VCL fixed to 22mm exterior grade plywood on firings to give 1:40 fall on 47 x 145mm C24 timber joists at 400 ctrs to give a max span of 3.22m (see engineer's details for sizes).
Ceilings to be 12.5mm plasterboard over vapour barrier with skim plaster finish.
Provide restraint to flat roof by fixing of 30 x 5 x 1000mm ms galvanised lateral restraint straps at maximum 2000mm centres fixed to 100 x 50mm wall plates and anchored to wall.
THIS IS A GENERAL GUIDE BASED ON NORMAL LOADING CONDITIONS FOUND IN DOMESTIC CONSTRUCTION.
IT IS YOUR RESPONSIBILITY TO ASSESS YOUR DESIGN TO ASCERTAIN WHETHER ENGINEER'S DETAILS/CALCULATIONS ARE REQUIRED.
PLEASE REFER TO THE TRADA DOCUMENT - 'SPAN TABLES FOR SOLID TIMBER MEMBERS IN FLOORS, CEILINGS AND ROOFS FOR DWELLINGS'
OR ASK YOUR BUILDING CONTROL OFFICER FOR ADVICE.

INTERNAL STUD PARTITIONS

100mm x 50mm softwood treated timbers studs at 400mm ctrs with 50 x 100mm head and sole plates and solid intermediate horizontal noggins at 1/3 height or 450mm.
Provide min 10kg/m² density acoustic soundproof quilt tightly packed (eg. 100mm Rockwool or Isowool mineral fibre sound insulation) in all voids the full depth of the stud.
Partitions built off doubled up joists where partitions run parallel or provide noggins where at right angles, or built off DPC on thickened concrete slab if solid ground floor.
Walls faced throughout with 12.5mm plaster board with skim plaster finish. Taped and jointed complete with beads and stops.

ELECTRICAL

All electrical work required to meet the requirements of Part P (electrical safety) must be designed, installed, inspected and tested by a competent person registered under a competent person self certification scheme such as BRE certification Ltd, BSI, NICEIC Certification Services or Zurich Ltd. An appropriate BS7671 Electrical Installation Certificate is to be issued for the work by a person competent to do so. A copy of a certificate will be given to Building Control on completion.

INTERNAL LIGHTING

Install low energy light fittings that only take lamps having a luminous efficiency better than 80 lumens per circuit watt. All fixed to have lighting capacity (lm) 185 x total floor area, to comply with Part L of the current Building Regulations and the Domestic Building Services Compliance Guide.

SMOKE DETECTION

Mains operated linked smoke alarm detection system to BS EN 14604 and BS 5839-6:2019 to at least a Grade D category LD3 standard and to be mains powered with battery back up. Smoke alarms should be sited so that there is a smoke alarm in the circulation space on all levels/ storeys and within 7.5m of the door to every habitable room. If ceiling mounted they should be 300mm from the walls and light fittings. Where the kitchen area is not separated from circulation space by a door, there should be an interlinked heat detector in the kitchen.

SAFETY GLAZING

All glazing in critical locations to be toughened or laminated safety glass to BS 6206, BS EN 14179 or BS EN ISO 12543-1 and Part K (Part N in Wales) of the current Building Regulations, i.e. within 1500mm above floor level in doors and side panels within 300mm of door opening and within 800mm above floor level in windows.

NEW AND REPLACEMENT DOORS AND WINDOWS

New and replacement windows to be double glazed with 16-20mm argon gap and soft coat low-E glass. Window Energy Rating to be Band B or better and to achieve U-value of 1.4 W/m²K.
The door and window openings should be limited to 25% of the extension floor area plus the area of any existing openings covered by the extension.
Insulated plasterboard to be used in reveals to abut jambs and to be considered within reveal soffits. Fully insulated and continuous cavity closers to be used around reveals.
Windows and door frames to be taped to surrounding openings using air sealing tape.
Windows to be fitted with trickle vents to provide adequate background ventilation in accordance with Approved Document F.

PURGE VENTILATION

Minimum total area of opening in accordance with Table 1.4 Approved Document F1.
Hinged or pivot windows with an opening angle of 15 to 30 degrees to have an openable area in excess 1/10 of the floor area of the room.
Sash windows, external doors or hinged pivot windows with an opening angle of equal to or greater than 30 degrees to have an openable area in excess of 1/20 of the floor area of the room.
Purge ventilation should be capable of extracting at least 4 air changes per hour per room directly to the outside.
Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation.

EXTRACT TO KITCHEN AND BATHROOM

To have mechanical ventilation with an extract rating of 60l/sec or 30l/sec in kitchen if adjacent to hob to external air, sealed to prevent entry of moisture. Internal doors should be provided with a 10mm gap below the door to aid air circulation. Ventilation provision in accordance with the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide.
Intermittent extract fans to BS EN 13141-4. Kitchen cooker hoods to BS EN 13141-3. All fixed mechanical ventilation systems, where they can be tested and adjusted, shall be commissioned and a commissioning notice given to the Building Control Body.

C2. CONDENSATION

Walls, floors and roof of the building to be designed and constructed so that their structural and thermal performance will not be adversely affected by interstitial condensation, surface condensation or mould growth. Account to be taken of the building's form and orientation in relation to topography, prevailing winds, sunlight and over-shadowing, and the rate at which humidity is generated.
Materials with the highest vapour resistance should be located on the warm side of a thermal element. VCLs to be provided where necessary.
The junctions between elements are designed to Accredited Construction Details or guidance of BRE IP17/01] and BS 5250:2011+A1:2016 Code of practice for control of condensation in buildings to be followed.

RAINWATER DRAINAGE

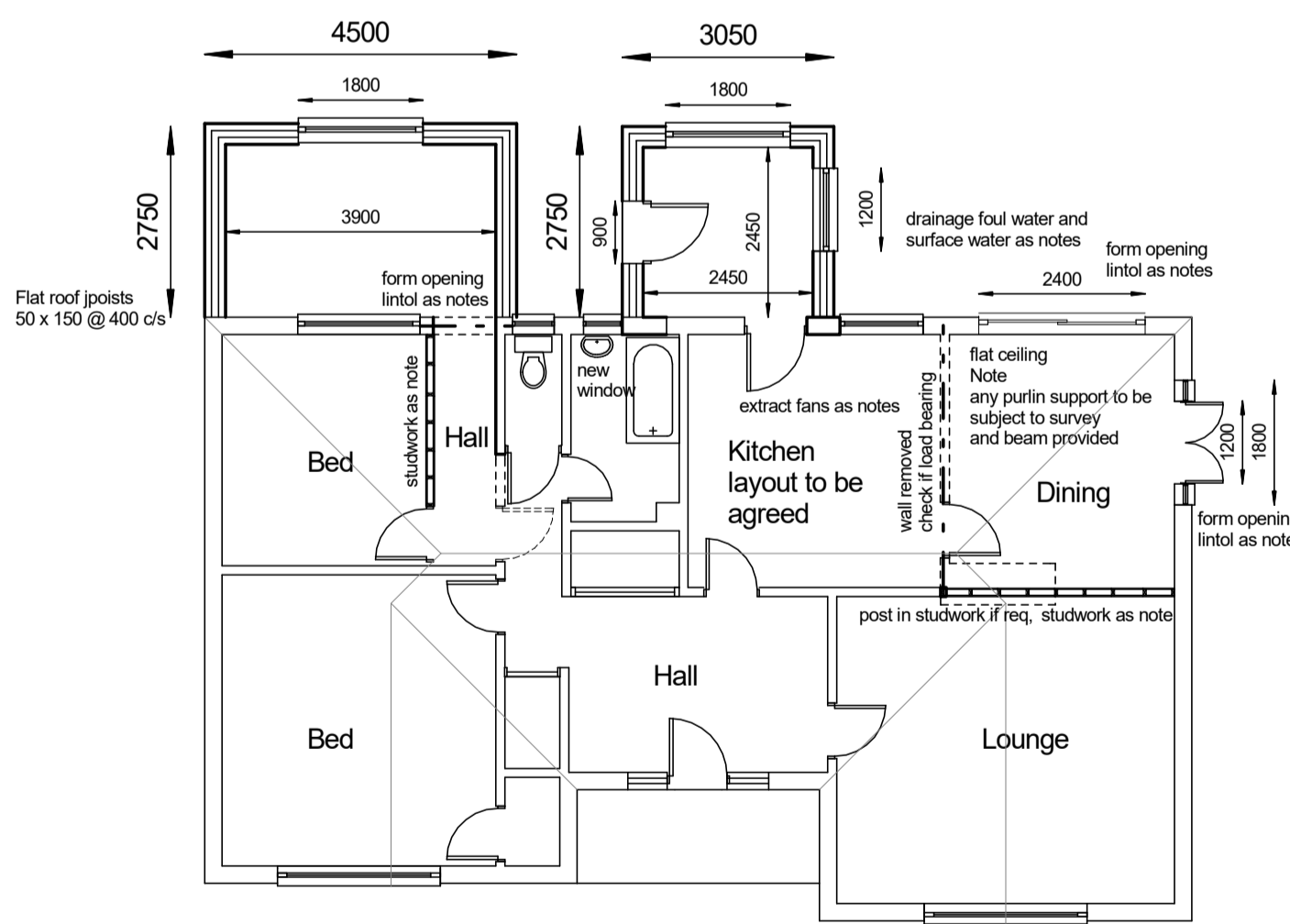
New rainwater goods to be new 110mm UPVC half round gutters taken and connected into 68mm dia UPVC downpipes. Rainwater taken to new soakaway, situated a min distance of 5.0m away from any building, via 110mm dia UPVC pipes surrounded in 150mm granular fill. Soakaway to be min of 1 cubic metre capacity (or to depth to Local Authorities approval) with suitable granular fill and with geotextile surround to prevent migration of fines. If necessary carry out a porosity test to determine design and depth of soakaway.

UNDERGROUND FOUL DRAINAGE

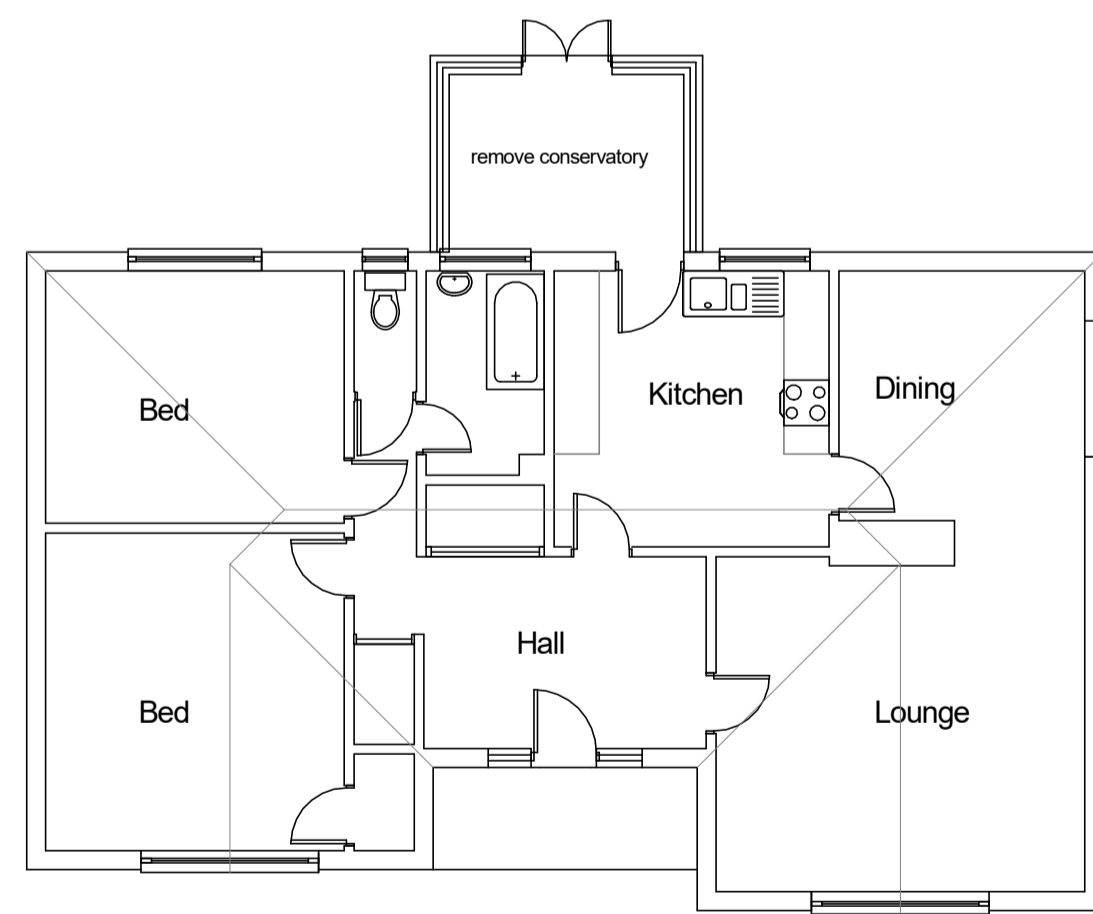
Underground drainage to consist of 100mm diameter UPVC proprietary pipe work to give a 1:40 fall. Surround pipes in 100mm pea shingle. Provide 600mm suitable cover (900mm under drives).
Shallow pipes to be covered with 100mm reinforced concrete slab over compressible material. Provide rodding access at all changes of direction and junctions.
All below ground drainage to comply with BS EN 1401-1.

PIPEWORK THROUGH WALLS

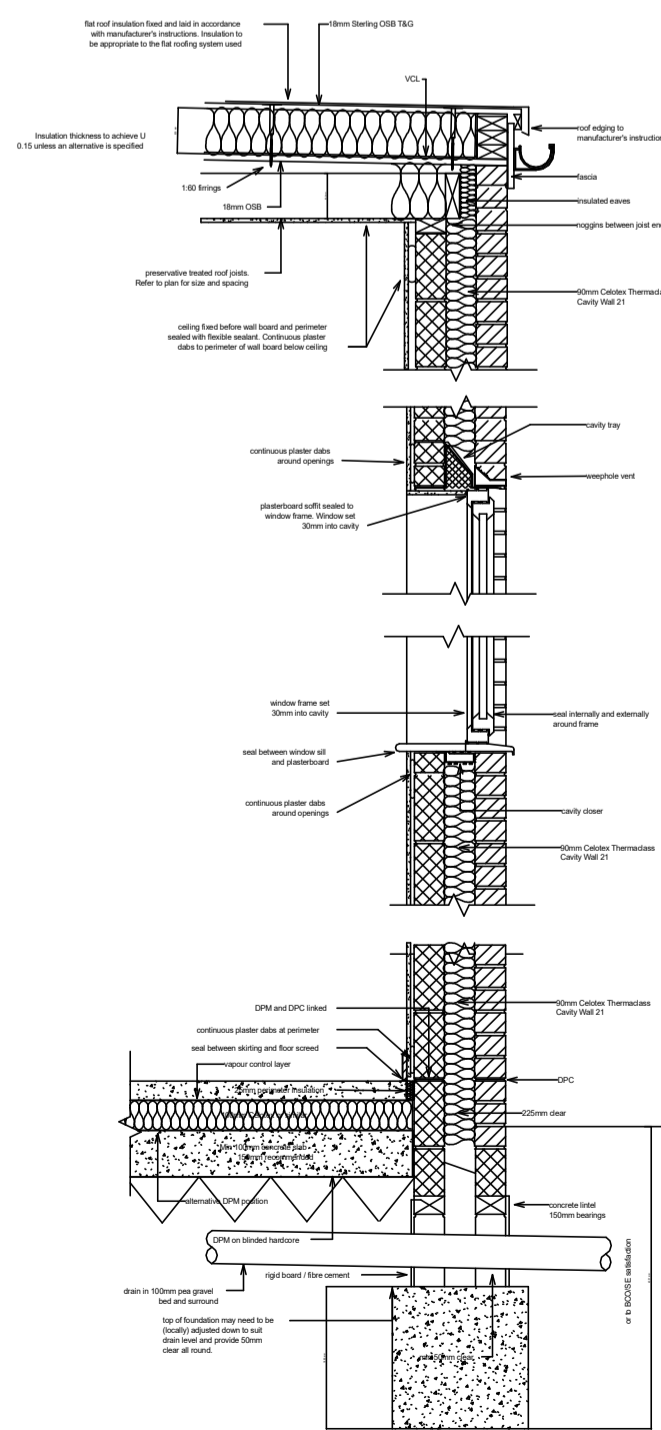
Where new pipework passes through external walls the pipe work is to be provided with 'rocker pipes' at a distance of 150mm either side of the wall face.
The 'rocker pipes' must have flexible joints and be a maximum length of 600mm.l.
Alternatively provide 75mm deep pre-cast concrete plank lintels over drain to form opening in wall to give 50mm space all round pipe: mask opening both sides with rigid sheet material and compressible sealant to prevent entry of fill or vermin.



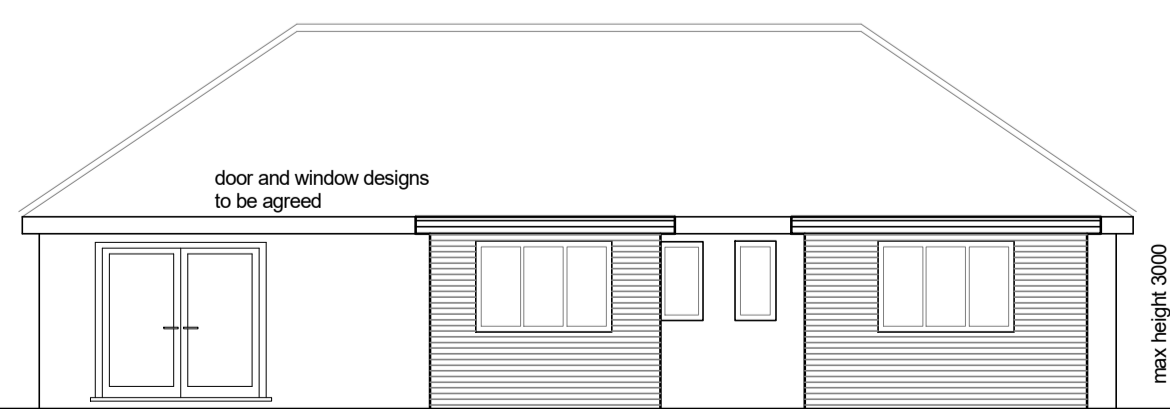
PROPOSED PLAN 1:100



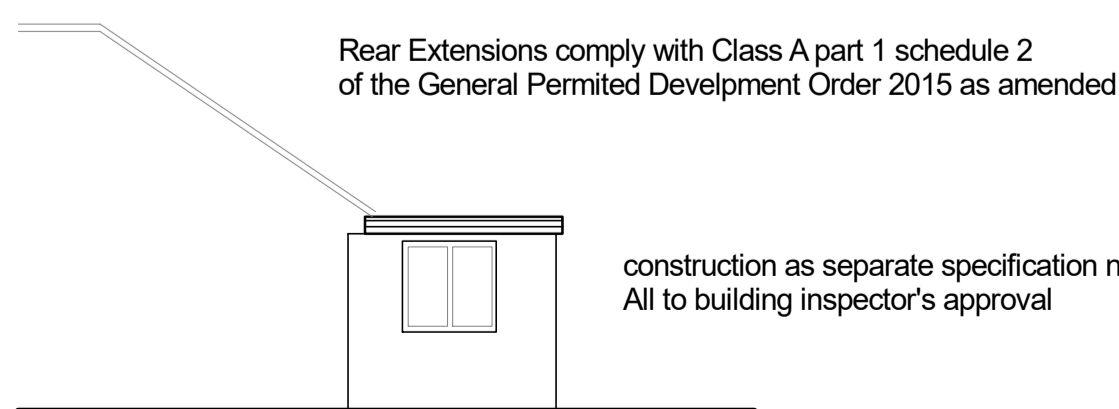
EXISTING PLAN



1:25 general arrangement



REAR ELEVATION



PART SIDE ELEVATION



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Extensions - General Arrangement		
SCALE 1:100 @ A1	DATE July 2022	DRAWING 1411 / 3