

SUPPORTING INFORMATION 26/05/2023

Regarding the

Submission for Certificate of Lawfulness for the

Installation of a Mobile Home

aka hybrid garden annexe*

under section 192 of the Town & Country Planning Act 1990



XB745

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The Purpose of this Document

This document provides relevant information in support of the application for a Certificate of Lawfulness under section 192 of the Town & Country Planning Act 1990 to site a mobile home (*hybrid garden annexe*) within the curtilage of a dwelling.

It is designed to assist Local Authority Planning Departments to readily grant a Certificate of Lawful Development and demonstrates:

- 1. the absence of Operational Development by clarifying the nature of the movability of a *hybrid garden annexe* and as an alternative term for a *caravan*
- 2. the absence of Material Change of Use by clarifying the circumstances of the applicant and the incidental use of the *hybrid garden annexe*

PART 2: QUICK FACTS

A *hybrid garden annexe* is designed and manufactured specifically to comply with Section 192 and this term can be considered an interchangeable term with *mobile home* or *caravan*.

A *hybrid garden annexe* includes a <u>rigid floor chassis</u>, which enables the annexe to be craned or hoisted into or out of any location in one or two pieces as per a typical *Twin Unit* protocol. See attached structural engineers report.

The option to deploy RADOS (Rapid Assembly/Disassembly On Site) enables the *hybrid* garden annexe to be installed in complicated locations without the need for road closures – but can still be removed in one/two pieces to comply with twin unit protocols if necessary.

A *hybrid garden annexe* is **not** fixed to the ground.

A SIPS-based building **cannot** be referred to as a *hybrid garden annexe* as it lacks the integral strength for movability

The term *hybrid garden annexe* is largely used as a marketing term to articulate usage of the caravan within a domestic garden.

This submission includes no reference to Permitted Development Rights

PART 3: INTRODUCTION

Given the recent advances in the manufacture of some mobile homes, particularly by GX Modular, as *hybrid garden annexes*, this document provides full details specifically to confirm the nature of the structure to demonstrate there is **no operational development** with this deployment as a caravan.

Similarly, in association with the details in Part 4, this document demonstrates **no material change of use** through the clarification of the use and function of the hybrid garden annexe by the applicant



Figure 1 Removal of annexe by truck/hoist

PART 4: SUPPORTING INFORMATION

(This section includes client-specific details - to be redacted by the LPA as necessary)

I. Applicant Name and Address

High Street Stetchworth CB8 9TJ

2. Specific Product to be sited above



Image of product XB 745 See above and drawings.

Dimensions of product 8114 * 5394* 2700 High OA.

Materials: Medite Tricoya Extreme, Colour: Woodgrain. Frames to windows and doors UPVC Colour Black. Roof UPDM Rubber single membrane colour Black.

3. Intended Use and Justification

- 3.1 The relationship between the occupants of the hybrid garden annexe and the main dwelling family and visiting friends.
- 3.2 The size of the footprint of the hybrid garden annexe (44 Sq. M) in relation to the dwelling/garden House associated area approximately 5000 sq. M of is less than 1%
- 3.3 Use of the hybrid garden annexe will be entirely ancillary to the main dwelling house, both with fully interchangeable facilities and shared utilities. The occupiers, of the ST. XB745 the clients' family and guests will also dine and spend leisure time within the main dwelling house.

4. Confirmation of Dependency

We confirm that the hybrid garden annexe shares the address and the access with the main dwelling and utilises the same post box, parking, garden area and shares the same utility meters.

The hybrid garden annexe is consequently wholly dependent upon the main dwelling and neither annexe nor the occupants can function without the main dwelling.

5. Statement from Applicant

I seek to provide additional single-storey living accommodation at my home for my visiting family and guests who would normally stay at the house,

APPENDICES

APPENDIX I

TERMINOLOGIES

Appendix Ia

Definition of a Caravan/Mobile Home

A caravan may be so defined by Section 13 of the Caravan Act 1968 (amended 2006) which prescribes that a caravan/mobile home is defined by satisfying the following three criteria:

- a. Size
- b. Mobility
- c. Construction
 - A. <u>Size</u>: The Act states that the maximum dimensions of the caravan may be: Length: 20.0m Width: 6.8m Internal Height: 3.05m (internal height of living accommodation from floor to highest point of the ceiling).
 - B. <u>Movability</u>: The Act prescribes that a caravan is: "a structure which when assembled is physically capable of being moved by road from one place to another (whether by being towed, or by being transported on a motor vehicle or trailer".
 - C. <u>Construction</u>: The Act has no requirement at all that the caravan should be assembled away from the site and moved to the site in one piece. (It merely states that if in the case of twin unit caravans the final act of assembly is the bolting together of both halves). A caravan, so defined, must be fully transportable only once fully assembled. No definition or requirement is made to the transportability prior to completion.

Appendix 1b

General Definition and Detail of Hybrid Garden Annexes

The design, manufacture and installation of all hybrid garden annexes manufactured by GX Modular comply with Section 13 of Caravan Act 1968 (amended in 2006) especially in terms of the size, moveability and construction tests listed

above.

These *hybrid garden annexes* are designed and manufactured in the UK under the following brand names

• Garden Annexes • Ivyo • St George Annexes • XB• Annexxa



Factory made in the UK by GX Modular, the hybrid garden annexe may be craned into location or rapidly assembled on-site from pre-manufactured components and is a fully moveable structure being transportable in one or two pieces.

A Hybrid Garden Annexe complies with all aspects of the definition of a caravan (Caravan Act 1968, Section 13, amended 2006)

- Size: All hybrid garden annexes by GX Modular have the maximum dimensions: Length: 11.44 m Width: 5.4m Internal Height: 2.25m (or rising to 3.03m in some applications) internal height of living accommodation from floor to highest point of the ceiling
- b. Movability: All hybrid garden annexes by GX Modular are: "a structure which when assembled is physically capable of being moved by road from one place to another (whether by being towed, or by being transported on a motor vehicle or trailer". The hybrid garden annexe will be placed on to either Concrete plinth foundation, or Concrete lattice (max 5 sqm), lightweight lattice low impact ground screws or small plinth blocks. The structure will not be fixed down, resting solely under its own weight. Services are provided separately and maybe rapidly decoupled. See structural engineers report attached concerning lifting by crane.
- c. Please view a hybrid garden annexe being moved by crane: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o8OWC0FCyOw&t=83s
- d. Construction A hybrid garden annexe by GX Modular is factory-built and then either factory-assembled (and installed by crane) - or is rapidly assembled on site (in just a few days) from the same pre-manufactured components in the same way as assembly is completed in the factory. The chassis of the hybrid garden annexe is constructed from pre-



machined and indexed CLT (maximum length 5.4m) components and assembled either in factory for twin unit installation or RADOS (rapid assembly/disassembly on site from man-portable pre-finished and cabled

panels) Walls are 222mm thick including 150mm premanufactured studwork and 100mm slab insulation. The rigid floor is constructed from premanufactured 220mm CLT with 150mm joists and pre-cut 100mm insulation All roof and ceiling components are also CNC-cut prior to assembly in the factory or on site. When assembly on-site is necessary, all the components are delivered directly to site and no material cutting is necessary. Once assembled the hybrid garden annexe is fully movable in one-two pieces and may be removed by crane in a few hours (or may also be readily disassembled and rapidly removed).

Appendix 1c

Design, manufacture, and delivery details of this hybrid garden annexe

XB 745 as supplied will be 8144mm wide, 5394mm deep and 2700 high OA

This *hybrid garden annexe* (supplied by GX Modular) can be considered as a "single unit" or "twin unit" and may be delivered to site in one or two pieces by crane or may also be rapidly assembled on site from pre-manufactured components (RADOS). **In this case** we consider it most appropriate to assemble the annexe on site. Please refer to section 5 below, which confirms the nature of assembly on-site is immaterial for compliance with the construction test.

Should onsite assembly be confirmed due to access or other issues then the process of assembly is identical to that completed within the GX factory and it will be completed within 5 days for premanufactured components and there is no cutting on site. No matter the delivery method, the annexe becomes a fully moveable structure (in one or two pieces) once assembled.

This Hybrid Garden Annexe will provide comfortable ancillary living accommodation for family members.

Consequently, this hybrid garden annexe complies with the definition of a caravan as it complies with the use, size, mobility and construction tests shown in Appendix 1b.

Appendix 1d

Confirmation

This *hybrid garden annexe* complies with the terms caravan and mobile home, through the compliance with the movability, construction, and the size tests. And therefore, whilst maintaining the ability to be rapidly assembled on site, it still complies with all three criteria so that it may be considered a caravan.

APPEN DIX 2

KEY POINTS

Appendix 2a

Matters regarding Operational Development

In the above sections we demonstrate that this *hybrid garden annexe* may be considered a caravan under the three tests in section 13 of the Caravan Site Act 1968 (amended 2006) Therefore, as such the siting of a *hybrid garden annexe* or *caravan* does not constitute operational development.

Appendix 2b

Matters regarding Material Change of Use

In Part 4 (above) we demonstrate that the use of the *hybrid garden annexe* in this case is ancillary to the C3 residential use

This information:

- outlines the relationship between the occupants of the main dwelling and the *hybrid garden annexe*
- demonstrates the size of the dwelling and garden in relation to the footprint hybrid garden annexe
- compares the interior accommodation size of the hybrid garden annexe in relation to the main dwelling
- clarifies the secondary, subordinate nature of the operation of the hybrid garden annexe

It is agreed that the certificate can only be granted on the basis of the stated use but should not be declined on the supposition of possible alternative future outcomes.

As such the siting of a hybrid garden annexe or caravan does not constitute Material Change of Use.

Appendix 2c

Overall Conclusion

Given the above information the proposal may be considered to be valid, and given the existing case law, the above circumstances which demonstrate there is <u>no Material Change of Use</u> and the nature of the hybrid garden annexe, which demonstrates there is <u>no operational development</u>. Consequently, the Certificate of Lawfulness should be granted

GENERAL

Appendix 3a

FAQs & Supporting Evidence

How can the Hybrid Garden Annexe be considered independent as it includes kitchen and washing facilities?

The inclusion of washing facilities and a kitchen in a *hybrid garden annexe* does not diminish the ancillary nature of the structure. The key factors are that all utilities are shared, and that (see Part 4) the use of the annexe is secondary to the main dwelling house. The annexe cannot function without the main dwelling.



Please refer to appeal decision

APP/L5810/X/15/3140569 which concludes "accommodation can be used interchangeably" between main dwelling and annexe. Also High Court Case Uttlesford v SoS (Environment and White) 1991 highlights that the significant factors are not so much the facilities but indeed the lack of separate utility meters and postal address.

Given that the Hybrid Garden Annexe maybe assembled on site then isn't this operational development?

There is no discernible difference between the operation of craning in a large structure into a domestic garden and the rapid onsite assembly by two technicians in a similar timescale. A *Hybrid Garden Annexe* is not a "building", it is designed, manufactured and delivered as a movable structure

Please refer to appeal decision APP/N1025/C/01/1074589 which outlines that it is the movability of the finished, fully assembled, structure which is paramount. "A caravan may be delivered to site in many pieces"

Doesn't the connection to services mean that this becomes a permanent structure?

Connection to the services does not imply non-movability as *Hybrid Garden Annexes* can be specified with a ready de-coupling station for rapid removal of the annexe – similar to that maybe specified with a mobile home. Please also refer to appeal decision APP/L5810/X/15/3140569 which highlights that attachment to services is not the same as physical attachment to the land and refer to appeal decision APP/J1915/X/11/2159970 which is that the test is to demonstrate the movability of the unit once assembled.

How can you convince me the *Hybrid Garden Annexe* is movable once its assembled-on-site? Movability has been designed into all *Hybrid Garden Annexes* by GX Modular so that installation may take place via crane or by rapid assembly/disassembly on site.

See proof here: https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o8OWC0FCyOw
See also attached structural engineers report on system of moving by crane.

Please also refer to appeal decision APP/N1025/C/01/1074589 which outlines that the structure neither requires access or a trailer, simply the capability to be moved, not necessarily the access.

Why not apply this through permitted development rights? To ensure suitable interior headroom for permanent use the minimum exterior height is 2.69m Similarly, the locating of a hybrid garden annexe, caravan or mobile home for the purposes ancillary to the main dwelling does not constitute operational development and should not be considered under class E part I of schedule 2 of the GPDO which concerns operational development for such things as the building of a garage.

Are there any similar precedents to which to refer?

Please refer to APP/B5480/C/17/3174314 which provides suitable similar precedent.

Appendix 3b

Movability Statement

This appendix outlines the nature of the GX range of hybrid annexes, and clarifies the compliance of the structures with the Caravan Act 1968 Section 13



The GX range of hybrid annexes includes all compliant structures under the following nomenclature: Names: St George, XB, Ivyo, Annexxa

Sizes: 430, 435, 440, 445, 530, 535, 540, 545, 630, 635, 640, 645, 730, 735, 740, 745, 830, 835, 840, 845, 930, 935, 940, 945

Dimensions: All GX annexes are within the maximum dimensions of the defined caravan being no more than: 6.8m deep 20.0m long 3.05m internal height

Construction All GX annexes are manufactured from cross laminated timber, with a 225mm structural base rail frame on which the entire structure is based. Specifically designed and manufactured in the UK as moveable structure, the GX range of hybrid annexes utilises the structural base rail frame to accommodate a modular assembly for full and ready transportability.

Movability All GX Annexes are manufactured for movability and each structure includes the following elements to facilitate the function

Indexed hoist/lift points

Pneumatic lift mat points

Removable wheeled transport rig

GX structures may be readily moved by lifting, firstly by utilising pneumatic lift mats (on specific points and locations as marked on the structure) and then simply moved by hoist, crane/hiab and onto a suitable trailer.

The attached illustration demonstrates the structural elements of the structural base rail frame, the pneumatic lift mat points and the associated hoist points.

Each GX annexe can also be moved by reattaching the removable wheeled transport rig, see illustration, and transporting the structure accordingly.

Example Movement Alternatives for the 430 size

Option A: Move 430 by hoist

A typical 430 with pneumatic lift mat points so marked

Removable transport beam for 430

430 with a pair of removable transport beam in place

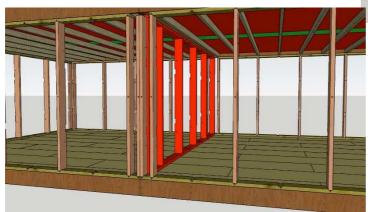




Option B: Move 430 by wheeled skid

430 with alternative move method – Removable wheeled skid







Appendix 3c

Manufacture



Manufacture is undertaken in the GX factory near Bury St Edmunds, where each individual component is CNC machined to tolerances 0.1mm. Using 150mm CLT (glulam) for core frame with 100mm slab insulation and 15mm panel work each component is machined for rapid indexed assembly.

Appendix 3d

Installation Options

Assembly of the *hybrid garden annexe* can be undertaken within the factory or on-site in similar timescales

Crane Options The hybrid garden annexe can be craned into location in one piece, or components maybe craned onto site for instant assembly https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=o8OWC0FCyOw







PRECEDENTS

Appeal decision APP/L5810/X/15/3140569

This conclude s "accommodation can be used interchangeably" between main dwelling and annexe.

High Court Case Uttlesford v SoS (Environment and White) 1991

This highlights that the significant factors are not so much the facilities but indeed the lack of separate utility meters and postal address.

Appeal decision APP/N1025/C/01/1074589

This outlines that it is the movability of the finished, fully assembled, structure which is paramount. "A caravan may be delivered to site in many pieces"

Appeal decision APP/L5810/X/15/3140569

This also highlights that attachment to services is not the same as physical attachment to the land

Appeal decision APP/N1025/C/01/1074589

This outlines that the structure neither requires access or a trailer, simply the capability to be moved, not necessarily the access.

Appeal decision APP/B5480/C/17/3174314

This also provides suitable similar overall precedent

Appeal decision APP/J1915/X/11/2159970

This states that the test is to demonstrate the movability of the unit once it is assembled