MAY 2023



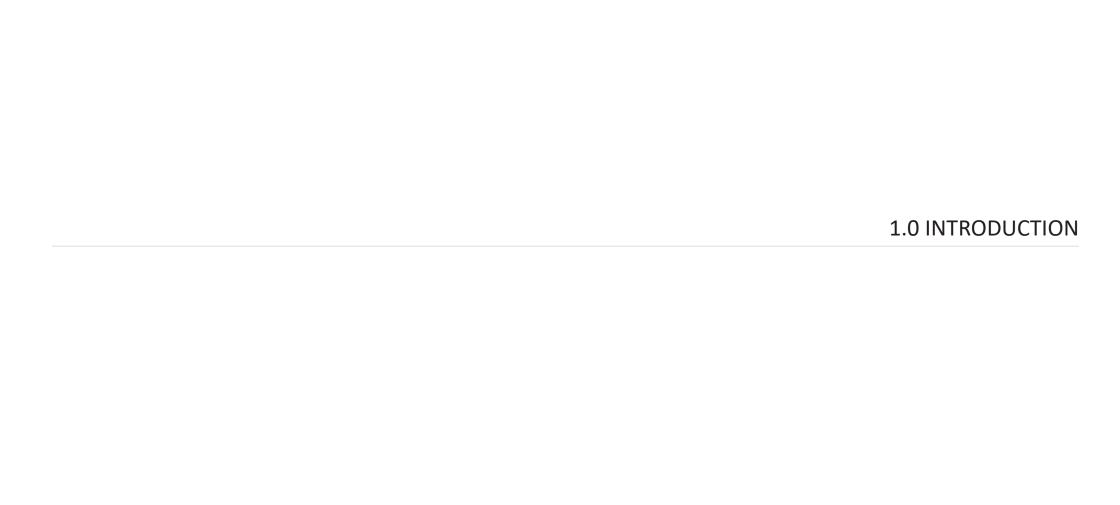


CHISNALL FARM DESIGN & ACCESS STATEMENT

## **CHISNALL FARM**

CROW LANE, DALTON, WN8 7RY

1.0	Introduction
1.1	Purpose of the Document
1.2	Relevant Experience
1.3	Introduction
1.4	Planning History
2.0	Context & Analysis
2.1	Site Location and Description
2.2	History
2.3	Existing Site Photographs
2.4	Existing House
2.5	Existing Milk Shed
2.6	Local Vernacular and Materials
3.0	Design Proposal
3.1	Design Concepts
3.2	Mass & Scale
3.3	Massing Concepts
3.4	Precedents
3.5	Proposed Materials
3.6	Proposed House
3.7	Proposed Stables
3.8	Proposed Views
3.9	Access





#### 1.1 PURPOSE OF THE DOCUMENT

This document has been prepared as part of the planning application submission for the demolition of an existing detached dwelling, adjacent outbuilding (milk shed) and carport in Dalton, West Lancashire, including the erection of a replacement dwelling and horse stable block, along with associated landscaping.

#### 1.2 RELEVANT EXPERIENCE

Patrick Wilson | Architects has an emerging reputation for finding bespoke solutions for difficult, often constrained and challenging sites. With an emphasis on tailoring a building's form, material palette and overall aesthetics to the site, driven by the immediate context we aim to fulfil the requirements of the client in line with the Local Authorities policies.



#### 1.3 INTRODUCTION

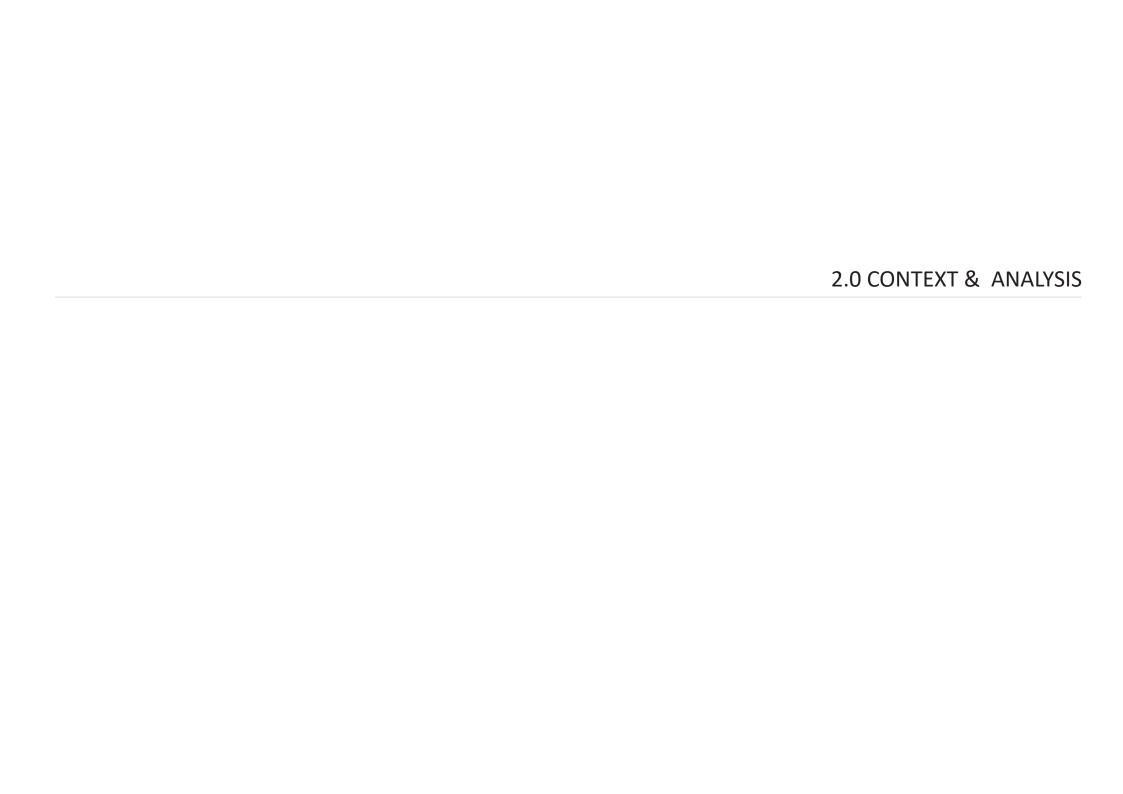
Chisnall Farm, Dalton, the subject of this application, lies along the north west edge of the village of Roby Mill. The current house is believed to have been constructed in the early 19th century and extended at various stages since. Opposite the house is a single storey milking shed.

Chisnall Farm lies within the Green Belt. It does not lie within a conservation area.

The proposed works include demolition of the house, milking shed and car port and construction of a replacement house and stable block.

#### 1.4 PLANNING HISTORY

The site of this application has no planning history that we are aware of. The adjacent dwelling was converted from a barn around 1996, the planning reference for this application being 1995/1037.





Location Plan



Aerial View of the Site

#### 2.1 SITE LOCATION & DESCRIPTION

Chisnall Farm, Dalton, WN8 7RY, stands at NGR: SSD 51023 07545, northwest of Roby Mill, a village in the West Lancashire district of Lancashire, England. None of the buildings are nationally listed.

The surrounding landscape is gently rolling with well wooded areas and country views across arable and pasture farming fields.

There is a significant level change across the site falling from south to north. The highest point, at the south west corner of the site, sits approximately 123.6m above sea level whilst the lowest point, the north east corner, sits some 7.6m below this.

## PATRICK WILSON | ARCHITECTS









1892 1983



Chisnall Farm is a dairy farm, which has been located on its current site for at least the last 130 years. The

on its current site for at least the last 130 years. The adjacent maps indicate a building has stood on the site of the existing house since at least 1846.

2.0 CONTEXT & ANALYSIS

2.2 HISTORY











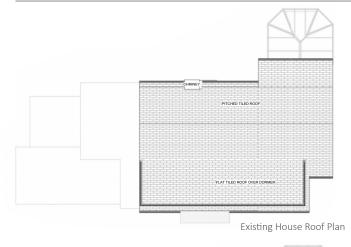


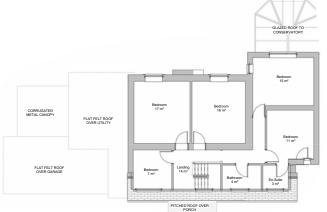


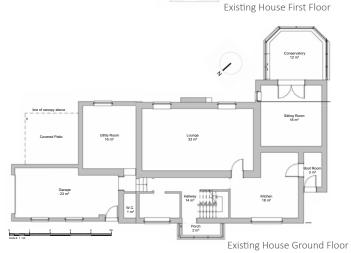
## 2.3 EXISTING SITE PHOTOGRAPHS

The adjacent photographs show that the existing buildings proposed for demolition. Neither building is of particular architectural merit or historic signifance. The milk shed is not in current use and although the house is lived in by the owner/occupier, the current house and its layout does not lend itself to the family's lifestyle. The photographs show the following structures:

- 1. Milking shed
- 2. Existing house with adjacent property to rear
- 3. Milking shed
- 4. Existing house with adjoining garage
- 5. Adjacent house
- 6. Detached garage and carport









South East Elevation



South West Elevation



North East Elevation

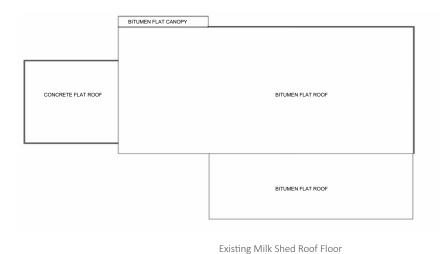


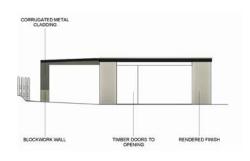
North West Elevation

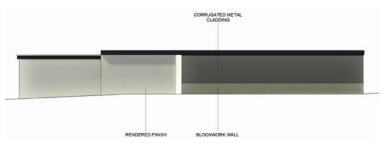
#### 2.4 EXISTING HOUSE

The existing house is a detached block and stone building with a grey slate tiled pitched roof. The house has two storeys, with single storey rendered extensions to the north side and a conservatory to south east. A large dormer window runs the length of the north west facade at first floor level and a glazed porch protrudes from the facade at ground floor.

## **CONTEXT & ANALYSIS**

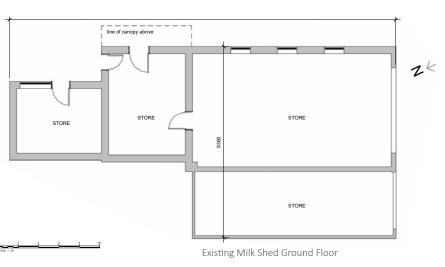


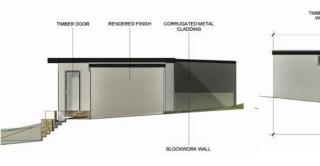




South West Elevation

Existing Milk Shed North West Elevation





TIMBER FRAMED
WINCOVIS

14425

RENDERED PINISH
RENDERED PINISH
WINCOVIS

ROLLER
SHUTTERS

North East Elevation

South East Elevation

## 2.5 EXISTING MILK SHED

The existing building is a single storey detached block with a flat roof.

## **CONTEXT & ANALYSIS**















Photographs of Nearby Buildings











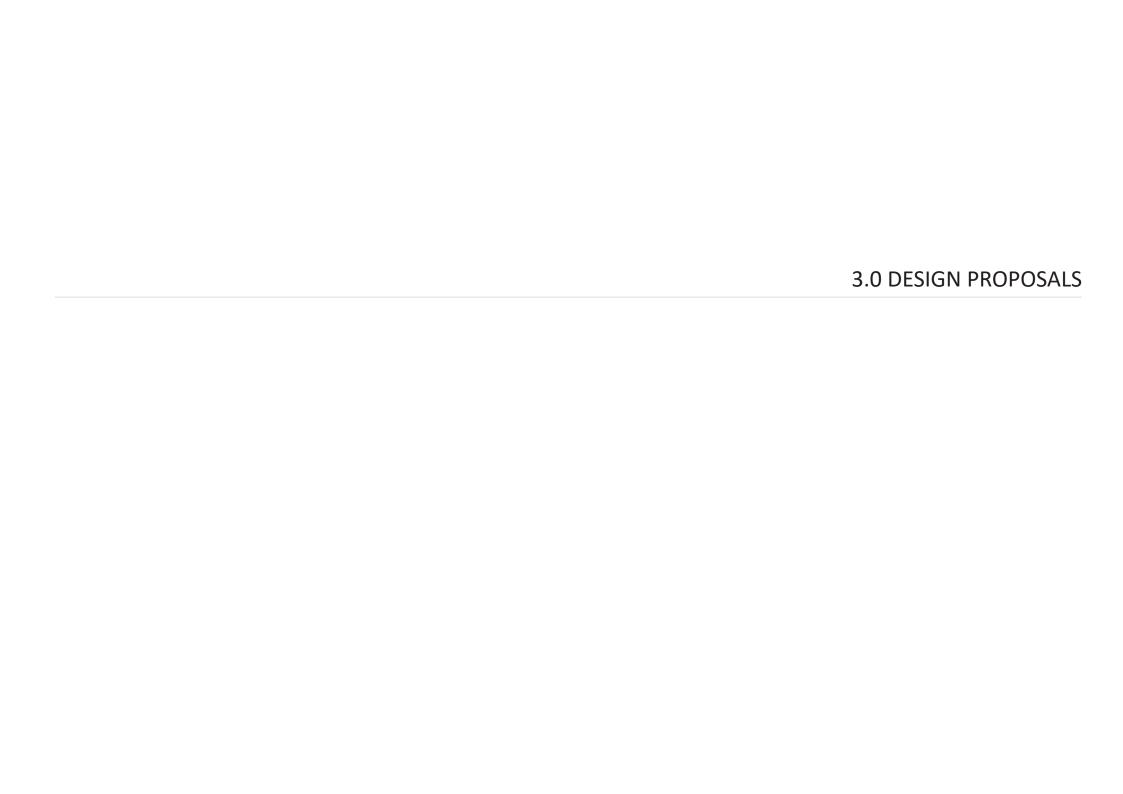


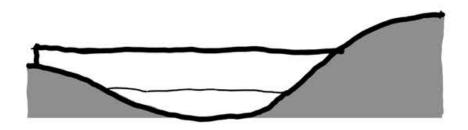
Swatches of Materials used Locally

## 2.6 LOCAL VERNACULAR AND MATERIALS

The buildings in the surrounding area are largely two storeys and commonly hipped or gabled pitched slate roofs. The buildings are diverse in their facade materiality, with red brick and stone common.

## **CONTEXT & ANALYSIS**

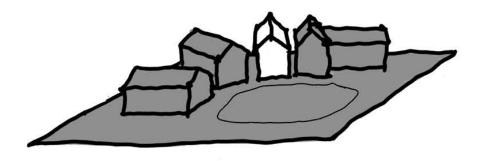




Sensitive integration with surrounding landscape, accounting for topography



Maximising local views



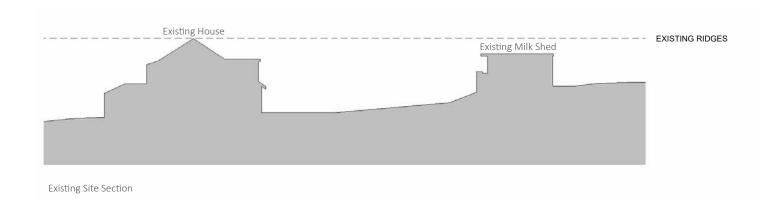
Massing and scale sympathetic to local vernacular

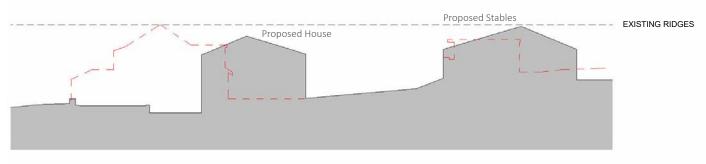
#### 3.1 DESIGN CONCEPTS

The proposals include a replacement two storey dwelling close to, and partially overlapping the footprint of the existing house. A single storey stable block is proposed on the footprint of the existing milk shed.

The two proposed buildings take inspiration from farm buildings and other buildings locally. They will have pitched roofs to suit the local vernacular. The house is separated visually into two halves, minimising each element visually to allude to collections of small to medium building blocks traditional of villages and farms.

The proposed buildings are designed to integrate seamlessly into the surrounding landscaping, taking the opportunities presented by the topography of the site to minimise the impact of the proposed buildings and maximise the views.



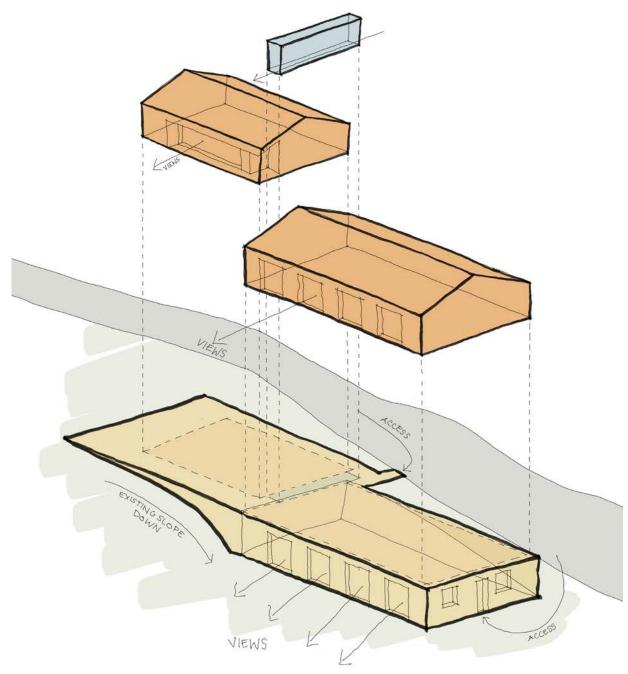


Proposed Site Section with Existing Section Overlaid in Red

#### 3.2 MASS & SCALE

The volumes of the new buildings are similar to the those of the buildings they are replacing. Please see volume calculations drawing for further details.

The ridge heights of the two new buildings are proposed to match, or sit below, those of the existing house in order to minimise the visual impact of the development on the surrounding green belt.



Design Concepts Sketch

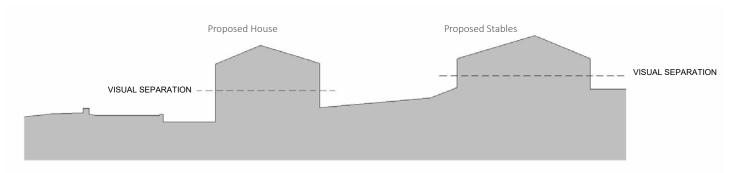
#### 3.3 MASSING CONCEPTS

The lower part of the facades emerging from the topography, up to first floor level, will be treated with stone to match the existing walls on site.

This will allow the lower floor to appear as a 'plinth' upon which the two blocks that form the main body of the house can sit. These two blocks will have a different appearance to the plinth and be clad in timber. The two timber clad boxes will be connected by the glazed entrance lobby.

These concepts wll help to minimise the visual impact of the new building and integrate it sympathetically into the landscape. The same principles will be applied to the stables.

## PATRICK WILSON | ARCHITECTS



Proposed Site Section showing the Visual Separation of the Plinth and Upper Floors









Precedent Images

17

## 3.4 PRECEDENTS

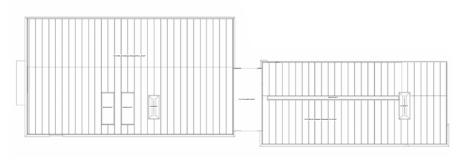
The adjacent photographs show buildings which are designed to sit in the landscape in a similar way to the proposed buildings at Chisnall Farm. Each uses high quality materials and demonstrates a visual separation between the lower and upper levels.

3.0 DESIGN PROPOSALS

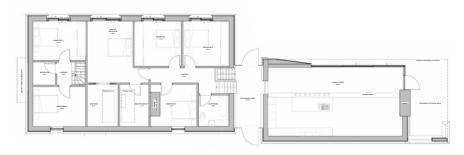


## 3.5 PROPOSED MATERIALS

The proposed materials are stone cladding to the plinth with blackened wood cladding above, a metal roof and PPC aluminium framed windows and sliding doors. A glazed entrance lobby will connect the two halves of the house.



Roof Plan



Ground Floor



Lower Ground Floor





West Elevation



East Elevation

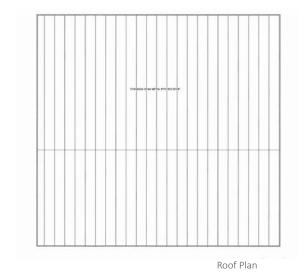


## 3.6 PROPOSED HOUSE

The proposed house is made up of two blocks. The northern element is split across two storeys, a lower ground floor that includes office, snug and plant room and an upper floor that includes the bedrooms. The southern element includes a family room on an intermediate floor between the lower ground and upper floor.

At the northernmost side of the north block is a self-contained two bed annex designed to accommodate the family's elderly relatives who currently occupy part of the existing home.

19 3.0 DESIGN PROPOSALS





TOW NORTH CACOON

North West Elevation

North East Elevation





THIRM FLURIDUR. THIRM FLURIDURD.

South West Elevation

## 3.7 PROPOSED STABLES

The proposed stables are designed to accommodate the family's horses. The stable includes space for 5 horses as well as stores and a central grooming area. The stables are designed with a similar appearance to the main house.

## PATRICK WILSON | ARCHITECTS



Proposed sunset view looking east from the access road



Proposed rear view looking north west



House rear view looking west



3.8 **PROPOSED VIEWS** 



Proposed road view looking south



Proposed house and stables looking south west



Proposed house view looking south



#### 3.8 **ACCESS**

All areas of the proposed development will be designed to meet the relevant requirements for access set out in approved document M.

# PATRICK WILSON | ARCHITECTS

15-21 Library Street, Wigan, WN1 1NN

T: 01942 927 547 E: contact@pw-a.com

