

# FULL PLANNING DECISION NOTICE

## DETERMINATION OF APPLICATION FOR FULL PLANNING PERMISSION

Town and Country Planning Act 1990

Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015

<b>Application No:</b>	PL/2023/01376/MINFHO
<b>Case Officer:</b>	Matthew Heynes
<b>Date of Decision:</b>	17.08.2023
<b>Location:</b>	High Firs, Showell Lane, Meriden, Solihull
<b>Proposed Development:</b>	Single storey front extension, replacement and reconfiguration of front bay windows, alterations to the existing rear single storey element and partial conversion of adjoining garage.
<b>Date Registered:</b>	23rd June 2023
<b>Applicant:</b>	Mr Stephen Beresford
<b>Agent:</b>	Mr Michael Thompson

The Solihull Metropolitan Borough Council as Local Planning Authority hereby **GRANTS PERMISSION SUBJECT TO CONDITIONS** as shown below, for the above described development.

The development must conform with the terms and approved plans and must remain in conformity with such terms and plans, subject to and save as may be otherwise required by any of the following conditions:-

1. The development hereby permitted shall not be carried out except in complete accordance with the details shown on the submitted plan, number:

22.0404.GA.101 (Proposed) received 23.06.2023

To ensure compliance with the approved plans and details to safeguard amenity and the quality of the environment in accordance with Policy P14 and P15 of the Solihull Local Plan 2013.

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2. The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004.

3. The external facing materials of the development hereby approved shall match in colour, texture and brick bond those of the existing building except where proposed render is to be applied as shown on drawing number 22.0404.GA.101 (Proposed) received 23.06.2023. The render shall be an off-white colour. Where a close match cannot be found, or where the existing building consists of a mix of materials, no building works shall be commenced until material samples have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Development shall then be carried out in accordance with the approved schedule of materials.

To safeguard the visual amenities of the area in accordance with Policy P15 of the Solihull Local Plan 2013.

## **Statement in accordance with Article 35(2) Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) (Amendment) Order 2015**

The Local Planning Authority has worked positively and proactively with the applicant during the application process to check and/ or identify any required solutions to ensure that the proposal is sustainable development and improves the economic, social and environmental conditions of the area in accordance with the development plan. Any solutions identified have been incorporated into the proposal and/or have been secured by planning condition(s). On this basis the Local Planning Authority have therefore implemented the requirements in Paragraphs 38 'Decision taking' of the National Planning Policy Framework.

The following policies of the Solihull Local Plan 2013 were considered relevant:

- P14 - Amenity
- P15 - Securing Design Quality
- P17 - Countryside and Green Belt

SPDs and Other Guidance:  
House Extension Guidelines (2010)

Government Guidance:  
National Planning Policy Framework (2021)

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The following policy of the Meriden Neighbourhood Development Plan 2018-2033 was considered relevant:

BE1: Responding to Local Character

## Informatives

**NOTE: Noise During Construction:** Noise from construction and associated works has the potential to cause disturbance to neighbouring residents. In order to minimise this, this Authority would normally recommend that any work audible beyond the boundary of the site should only be carried out between the hours of 8.00am to 6.00pm on Mondays to Fridays and 8.00am to 1.00pm on Saturdays; there should be no noisy works carried out on Sundays or Bank Holidays. Best practicable means to prevent noise from the site should also be employed as defined in British Standard BS 5228 Part 1: 1984 (or its successors/revisions). Failure to keep these hours or to employ best practicable means to control noise could lead to the service of an enforcement notice under Section 60 of the Control of Pollution Act 1974. We would encourage applications for prior consent under Section 61 of the Act, particularly where the construction and/or demolition phase(s) may be prolonged or if work may be undertaken beyond the aforementioned hours. Please contact the Contact Centre (0121 704 8008) for further details.

**Burning or Refuse on Demolition and Construction Sites:** Because of the potential for nuisance to neighbours, burning of refuse prior to or during the construction phase is not generally acceptable and may be contrary to waste regulation legislation. If you do have special circumstances, such as a requirement to dispose of wood infected by disease or insects, please contact the Contact Centre (0121 704 8008) for further details.

**Dust Control on Demolition and Construction Sites:** Because of the potential for nuisance to neighbours and damage to property, reasonable steps to reduce dust emissions should be employed, particularly during any demolition works and in periods of dry weather.

**Signed**



**Mark Andrews**  
Head of Planning, Design and Engagement  
Services

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## TOWN AND COUNTRY PLANNING ACT 1990

### Appeals to the Secretary of State

If you are aggrieved by the decision of your local planning authority to refuse permission for the proposed development or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

If this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision on your application, then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.

If an enforcement notice is served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your application and if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision of your application, then you must do so within: 28 days of the date of the service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months [12 weeks in the case of a householder appeal] of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier.

If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a householder application, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

If this is a decision to refuse planning permission for a minor commercial application, if you want to appeal against your local authority's decision then you must do so within 12 weeks of the date of this notice.

If this is a decision to refuse express consent for the display of an advertisement, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 8 weeks of the date of this notice.

If this is a decision to refuse planning permission other than those specified above, if you want to appeal against your local planning authority's decision then you must do so within 6 months of the date of this notice,

If this is a decision to refuse permission for works to a TPO tree, if you want to appeal against your local authority's planning decision then you must do so within 28 days of the date of this notice.

**Appeals must be made using a form which you can get from the Secretary of State at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol BS1 6PN or online at <https://www.gov.uk/appeal-planning-decision>.**

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of the appeal.

The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to the Secretary of State that the local planning authority could not have granted planning permission for the proposed development or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order.