# FlaPlast building the future 

## Underground Drainage Systems



## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

## Introduction to FloPlast's Underground Drainage Systems

FloPlast are an established market leader in the manufacture and supply of Plastic Building and Plumbing systems in the UK. The Company's specialises in the following:

- PVC-UE Roofline, Window \& Cladding Systems
- Rainwater Systems
- Soil \& Waste Systems

■ Underground Drainage Systems.

- MDPE Pipe and Fittings
- Hot \& Cold Plumbing Systems

FloPlast Underground Drainage Systems comply where applicable with the requirements of the following British Standards.


## BS EN 1401-1 PVC-U

Underground Drainage Systems (SN4)

## BS EN 13476-2

Structured Wall Piping Systems (SN8)
BS EN 124
Access Covers, Gratings and Frames.

## BS EN 13598-1

Plastic Inspection Chamber for Drainage.
"Plastic piping systems for non-pressure underground drainage and sewerage. Unplasticised polyvinyl chloride (PVC-U). Polypropylene (PP) and Polyethylene (PE)."

Part 1: Specification for ancillary fittings including shallow inspection chambers.
For CE DOP's (Declaration of Performance), please refer to our website at www.floplast.co.uk.

Drainage Pipe has a British Standard Kitemark.

## Standards/Quality Control

FloPlast operations embrace quality, environment and energy management systems which have been accredited by BSI to BS EN ISO 9001:2015 Certificate No. FM 501414, BS EN ISO 14001:2015 Certificate No. EMS 538445, BS EN ISO 18001:2007 Certificate No. OHS 593622501414 and ISO 50001:2011 Certificate No. ENMS 638370.


All products are subject to continuous quality control procedures and products manufactured to British Standard Specifications are marked accordingly.


## Transport, Handling \& Storage

## Storage

FloPlast PVC-U pipes are supplied in secure bales bound with straps within timber frames, FloPlast recommend that the movement of bales is carried out by the fork lift or other mechanical device, using webbing or rope ties.
The bales may be stacked up to a maximum of three high, providing that the timber frames are placed on each other.

Fittings are generally supplied in plastic bags and should be stored away from direct sunlight. If they have to be stored outside, the bags should be opened to prevent temperature build-up.

## Application

FloPlast Underground Drainage Systems are designed for use in gravity drainage and sewerage installations, at depths of up to ten metres.

## Composition

All drainage pipes and the majority of fittings are manufactured from unplasticised Polyvinyl Chloride (PVC-U).
Inspection chambers, 0-90 adjustable bends, gully traps and gully grids are manufactured from polypropylene.

## Colour

Pipes and fittings are manufactured in golden brown (terracotta) with exceptions as indicated in the product guide.

## Terms \& Conditions of Sale

Goods are sold subject to our Standard Terms and Conditions of Sale, copies of which are available upon request.

FloPlast Limited reserve the right to modify or extend any product range or published information without prior notice.


## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

110mm Pipe \& Fittings
Material: PVC-U Standard: BS EN 1401-1, BS EN 13476-2

FloPlast socketed underground pipe incorporates the latest blown end technology. The easy fit rubber seal is held in place via a circular plastic insert allowing a retention of the seal in transit and a perfect connection for jointing.

All Push-Fit underground fittings have a captive seal and snap cap which are designed to be user-friendly with no sharp edges, and with space restrictions in mind, will facilitate an easy fit connection. The seal is double ribbed, and the sockets incorporate a recessed area to provide space for the rubber seal to locate as the pipe is inserted, forming a highcapacity pressure point.

Manufacturers that produce to these standards: BS EN 1401/BS 4660/BS 7158/ BS EN 124

| Brand | 110 mm |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Hepworth | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Brett Martin | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Osma/Wavin | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Polypipe | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Polypipe Terrain | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Marley | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| Hunter | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |

## FloPlast Installation Videos

Our step-by-step installation videos (available online), make it clear and easy to get to grips with all the technical elements involved in what may be a complex process.

Visit www.floplast.co.uk and download a pdf step by step guide to help with your installation.

| Product | Code |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Pipe $-\mathbf{3 / 6 m}$ | 3 m | D043 |
|  | 6 m | D046 |
|  | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Plain Ended } \\ \text { (Bale quantity } 50 \text { ) }\end{array}$ | 6 m |
|  | D046P |  |
|  | $\begin{array}{l}\text { Perforated Plain Ended } \\ \text { (Bale quantity } 50 \text { ) }\end{array}$ | 3 m | \(\left.\begin{array}{l}Single Socket <br>

(Bale quantity 50 )\end{array}\right)\)

Pipe Coupling

| Single Socket Coupling | D124 |
| ---: | ---: |
| Double Socket Coupling <br> Removable centre stop for <br> use as slip coupling | D105 |

Single Socket Bends

| $871 /{ }^{\circ}$ Bend <br> $($ Socket/Spigot) | D161 |
| ---: | ---: |
| $45^{\circ}$ Bend <br> $($ Socket/Spigot) | D163 |
| $30^{\circ}$ Bend <br> $($ Socket/Spigot) | D164 |
|  | $15^{\circ}$ Bend <br> $($ Socket/Spigot) |
|  | D167 |

Double Socket Bends

|  | $8712^{\circ}$ Bend | D561 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $35^{\circ}$ Bend | D563 |  |
| $30^{\circ}$ Bend | D564 |  |
|  | $15^{\circ}$ Bend | D567 |

## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

110mm Pipe \& Fittings
Material: PVC-U Standard: BS EN 1401-1, BS EN 13476-2

| Product |  | Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Rest Bends |  |  |
|  | 871/20 Rest Bend | D571 |
|  | $8712^{\circ}$ Settlement Rest Bend | D570 |
| Adjustable Bends |  |  |
|  | 0-90 ${ }^{\circ}$ Adjustable Bend | D560 |
| Large Radius Bends |  |  |
|  | 871/2 ${ }^{\circ}$ Plain End | D281 |
|  | $45^{\circ}$ Plain End | D283 |
|  | 871/2 $2^{\circ}$ Plain End with Channel Access | D581 |
|  | $45^{\circ} \mathrm{PE}$ with Channel Access | D583 |

Equal Junctions Double Socket

| $8712^{\circ}$ Junction | D190 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $45^{\circ}$ Junction | D210 |

Equal Junctions Triple Socket



## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

110mm Fittings
Material: PVC-U Standard: BS EN 1401-1, BS EN 124

 | Code |
| ---: |
| (Socket/Spigot 45') |$\quad$ D500


| Product |  | Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hopper and Grid |  |  |
|  | Round Hopper and Grid | D514 |
|  | Square Hopper and Grid | D518 |
|  | Rectangular Hopper and Grid | D524 |
| Adaptors |  |  |
|  | 110mm Waste <br> Available in | SP95* |
|  | 110x68mm Rainwater Available in $\square$ G | SP96 |
|  | Universal Waste (32/40/50mm) | D95 |
| Universal Rainwater (Square/Round) |  | D96 |
| $80 \times 110 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  | D97 |
|  | 160x110mm Level Invert (Socket/Spigot) | D99 |
| (2) Supersleve Clay DS |  | D100 |
|  | Hepsleve Clay DS | D101 |

Important when ordering: Please add colour reference to code:

## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

110mm Fittings
Material: PVC-U Standard: BS EN 1401-1, BS EN 124

| Product | Code |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Drain Connector | Available in B $\mathbf{G}$ | SP107 |
|  |  |  |

Connects directly into socket of a cast iron clay or plastic pipe system to provide a socket for plastic pipe.
Flexible Couplings, Connectors and Adaptors

|  | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Coupling } \\ 98 \mathrm{~mm}-115 \mathrm{~mm} \end{array}$ | D102 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Adaptor <br> A: $98 \mathrm{~mm}-115 \mathrm{~mm}$ B: $120 \mathrm{~mm}-136 \mathrm{~mm}$ | D103 |

## Socket Plug



## Features \& Benefits

- Provides an efficient means of waste water drainage and foul discharge from above ground drainage systems.
- Manufactured in PVC-U to give a strong durable product which is lightweight and easy to work with.
- Suitable for high temperature waste discharge.
- Fittings have an aesthetic modern look, are compact in size, yet remain within the British Standard specification.

■ Push-Fit joint through an innovatively designed seal and snap cap system.

- Comprehensive range of fittings to suit most installations and which integrate with all FloPlast above and below ground drainage systems.


Important when ordering: Please add colour reference to code:

## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

110mm Fittings
Material: Polypropylene Standard: BS EN 1401-1, BS EN 124, BS EN 13598-1 \& 2

| Product |  | Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Large Inspection Chamber - 450mm Diameter (LIC) |  |  |
|  | 270mm Deep Chamber Base $5 \times 110 \mathrm{~mm}$ flexible inlets Supplied with 4 socket plugs <br> (Allows for $0-20^{\circ}$ of movement) | D900 |
|  | 270 mm Deep Chamber Base $5 \times 110 \mathrm{~mm}$ fixed inlets <br> Supplied with 4 socket plugs | D910 |
|  | 235mm Extension Riser (Can be cut to size) | D915 |
|  | 235 mm Extension Riser and Seal (Can be cut to size) | D916 |
|  | Riser Sealing Ring (Use with each riser) | D935 |
|  | 450mm Plastic Cover and Frame <br> (A15 rating) | D930 |
|  | 450 mm Plastic Cover and Frame with 350 mm restricted access (A15 rating) (For use with.C. over 1.2mtrdeep upto 3 mtr ) | D931 |
|  | Cast Iron Cover and Plastic Frame (A15 rating) (For replacement purposes only) | D923 |
|  | Block Paving Cover 450mm Square/Round | D933 |
|  | 450 mm Ductile Iron Cover/Frame (B125 rating) <br> (Conforms to the requirements of SfA7) | D934 |
|  | NEW 450mm Plastic Cover and Square Frame (A15 rating) | D940 |
|  | NEW 450mm Plastic Cover and Square Frame (A15 rating) restricted access (For use with I.C.over 1.2 mtr deep up to 3 mtr ) | D941 |

To conform with document H Building Regulations H2015 use D930/D931/D940/D941 as required. 450 mm inspection chamber covers are compatible with the 160 mm Inspection Chamber base.
Product
Code
Mini Access Chamber - 300mm Diameter (MAC)

|  | 270 mm Deep Chamber Base $5 \times 110 \mathrm{~mm}$ flexible inlets Supplied with 4 socket plugs (Allows for $0-20^{\circ}$ of movement) | D800 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $270 \mathrm{~mm} 45^{\circ}$ Inlet Chamber Base $3 \times 110 \mathrm{~mm}$ flexible inlets Supplied with 2 socket plugs (Allows for $0-20^{\circ}$ of movement) | D801 |
|  | $270 \mathrm{~mm} 90^{\circ}$ Inlet Chamber Base $3 \times 110 \mathrm{~mm}$ flexible inlets Supplied with 2 socket plugs (Allows for $0-20^{\circ}$ of movement) | D802 |
|  | $270 \mathrm{~mm} 45^{\circ}$ Inlet Chamber Base $3 \times 110 \mathrm{~mm}$ fixed inlets Supplied with 2 socket plugs | D810 |
|  | 100mm Chamber Riser With integral rubber ring (60mm cut down facility) | D820 |
|  | 200 mm Chamber Riser With integral rubber ring (60/100/150mm cut down facility) | D822 |
|  | Square 340 mm Sealed Plastic Screw Down Cover and Frame (A15 rating) | D830 |
|  | Round 300 mm Sealed Plastic Screw Down Cover and Frame (A15 rating) | D831 |
|  | Block Paving Cover 300 mm Square/Round | D932 |

800g Lubricant Gel

SG800

## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

## Inspection Chambers (Polypropylene)

FloPlast 300 mm Mini Access Chamber and 450 mm Large Inspection Chamber offer an alternative to traditional manholes and may be used in depths of up to 600 mm for the MAC, 1200 mm and 3000 mm for the Large Inspection Chamber.

## 300mm Mini Access Chamber (MAC)

FloPlast innovative design for the MAC, brings unrivalled flexibility to the underground drainage market.

The MAC has flexible connections for all inlets, allowing a $10^{\circ}$ movement in any direction. This is of great assistance to the installer where the connecting pipes are not perfectly aligned with the MAC inlets. In many instances it will eliminate the need to install an extra bend and provide a saving on the cost of the installation.

In addition, the variety of inlet combinations available on the FloPlast Mini Access Chamber and the choice 100 mm and 200 mm chamber risers, provide installers with a significant advance in the ease of which they can plan and install their drainage system. The MAC base is designed to facilitate the stacking of bases on top of one another to give a space saving storage solution for the merchant stockist.

In summary, the FloPlast Mini Access Chamber design and flexibility provides a practical, innovative and cost effective solution for the provision of access in a drainage system.

BS EN 13598-1: 2010 Plastic Inspection Chamber for drainage.

UK Patent No. GB2357127.

450mm Diameter Large Inspection Chamber (LIC) FloPlast product innovation is again demonstrated with its 450 mm Diameter Large Inspection Chamber.

To comply with the changes to Approved Document H of The Building Regulations 2000, significant research and development has gone into the design of this unique product. The chamber base incorporates five 110 mm flexible inlets, which allow $10^{\circ}$ of movement in any direction.

The plastic cover and frame can take loadings of up to a maximum of 35 kN . Should the connection of D930/ D931 cover and frame be required directly to the base D900/D910, then riser D915 must be used and cut to suit, by cutting just above the bottom most large flange/rib.
(Please ensure sealing rings are used in conjunction with each riser section).

FloPlast installation details are concise, however they are provided for general guidance only.

FloPlast recommend that reference should be made to the appropriate Codes of Practice for Underground Drainage Systems.

European Standards BS EN 752:2008 Drain and sewer systems outside buildings and BS EN 1610:2015 Construction and testing of drains and sewers, have been introduced. These have replaced British Standards BS8301 (Code of Practice for Building Drainage).

Meets with the requirements of Sewers for Adoption - 7th Edition (SfA7), type 3 and 4 typical inspection chamber detail.

## Useful Measurements for Installation of MAC \& LIC

|  | Mac | inc' Lid |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Base only | 270 | 300 |
| Base + one riser ( 100 mm ) | 370 | 400 |
| Base + one riser ( 200 mm ) | 470 | 500 |
| Base + (1 x $100 \times 1 \times 200)$ risers | 570 | 600 |


| LIC Invert Depth (mm) | 270 | 505 | 740 | 975 | 1210 | 1445 | 1680 | 1915 | 2150 | 238 | 2620 | 2855 | 3090 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Number of Riser Required | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Base } \\ & \text { only } \end{aligned}$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 |
| Cover Required | (D930) 450 mm opening up to a maximum of 1200 mm |  |  |  |  | (D931) <br> 350 mm opening up to a maximum of 3000 mm |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

## Underground Drainage

## Installation guide - Universal gully trap with access facility

- The gully should be assembled out of the ground.
- Place the gully on a substantial base e.g. Pre-cast concrete slab, bricks etc and stabilise by concreting base up to the level where the supporting feet meet the gully body. Ensure that concrete does not enter the ring seal joint.
- Connect the Access Bend (D169) onto the $45^{\circ}$ spigot end of the gully using FloPlast Silicone lubricant to assist with easy insertion.
- Make connection to drainage run using socketed pipe (D146).
- Backfill with suitable material to the required level.
- To complete the access installation, set in concrete an airtight 340 mm Sealed PVC Cover and Frame (D830).



## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

## Underground Drainage

## Back Inlet Bottle Gully (BIG)

- Screw down, hinged rectangular heavy duty hopper.
- Heavy duty circular hopper available (D540).
- Both hoppers allow for height adjustment of 32 mm .
- Sealed dip tube easily removed for rodding purposes.
- Gully riser allows an increase of invert depth up to 200 mm (D505). Maximum of one riser only.
- Back inlet socket plug easily removed. No need to drill.





## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS



| Product |  | Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pipe - $3 / 6 \mathrm{~m}$ |  |  |
|  | Ended <br> quantity 35 ) | 6D046 |
|  | e Socket 3m | 6D143 |
| - | quantity 35) 6 m | 6D146 |
| Pipe Coupling |  |  |
|  | Double Socket | 6D105 |
| Single Socket Bends |  |  |
| 871/2 ${ }^{\circ}$ Bend (Socket/spigot) |  | 6D161 |
| $45^{\circ}$ Bend (Socket/spigot) |  | 6D163 |
| $30^{\circ}$ Bend (Socket/spigot) |  | 6D164 |
| $15^{\circ}$ Bend (Socket/spigot) |  | 6D167 |
| Double Socket Bends |  |  |
| $871 / 2^{\circ}$ Bend |  | 6D561 |
| $45^{\circ}$ Bend |  | 6D563 |
| $30^{\circ}$ Bend |  | 6D564 |
| $15^{\circ}$ Bend |  | 6D567 |
| Adaptors |  |  |
| 160x110mm Level Invert (Socket/ spigot) |  | D99 |
| Flexi-Adaptor Cast iron/160mm |  | 6D102 |
|  | Clay Adaptor <br> A: $160 \mathrm{~mm}-180 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> B: $180 \mathrm{~mm}-200 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 6D104 |
| Socket Plug |  |  |
|  |  | 6D900P |

Product Code

## Equal Junctions

| $8712^{\circ}$ Junction <br> (Double Socket) | 6 D 190 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| $45^{\circ}$ Junction <br> (Double Socket) | 6 D 210 |
| $8712^{\circ}$ Junction <br> (Triple Socket) | 6 D 191 |
| $45^{\circ}$ Junction <br> (Triple Socket) | 6D211 |

160/110mm Unequal Junctions

|  | $871^{\circ}$ Junction <br> (Double socket) | 6 D 198 |
| ---: | ---: | :---: |
| $45^{\circ}$ Junction <br> (Double socket) | 6 D 218 |  |

160 mm Large Inspection Chamber - 450 Diameter (LIC)

|  | $160 \mathrm{~mm} \times 160 \mathrm{~mm}$ $90^{\circ}$ Chamber Base with two $45^{\circ} 110 \mathrm{~mm}$ Inlets | 6D900 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 235mm Extension Riser (Can be cut to size) | D915 |
|  | 235mm Extension Riser and Seal (Can be cut to size) | D916 |
|  | Riser Sealing Ring (Use with each riser) | D935 |
|  | 450mm Plastic Cover and Frame (A15 rating) | D930 |
|  | 450mm Plastic Cover and Frame with 350mm restricted access (A15 rating) (For use with I.C. over 1.2mtrdeep upto 3 mtr ) | D931 |
|  | Cast Iron cover and Plastic Frame (A15 rating) | D923 |
|  | NEW 450mm Plastic Cover and Square Frame <br> (A15 rating) | D940 |
|  | NEW 450mm Plastic Cover and Square Frame (A15 rating) restricted access (For use with I.C. over 1.2mtrdeep up to 3 mtr ) | D941 |

To conform with document H Building Regulations H2015 use D930/D931/D940/D941 as required. 450 mm inspection chamber covers are compatible with the 160 mm Inspection Chamber base.

## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

Pipe Weights

## Single socket pipe

| Size | Length | Weight (kg/m) | Code |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 110 mm | 3 m | 1.63 | D143 |
|  | 6 m | 1.63 | D146 |
| 160 mm | 3 m | 3.03 | 6D143 |
|  | 6 m | 3.21 | 6D146 |

## Plain ended pipe

| Size | Length |  | Weight (kg/m) |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |
| $\mathbf{1 1 0 m m}$ | 3 m | 1.6 | D043 |
|  | 6 m | 1.26 | D046 |
| $\mathbf{1 6 0 m m}$ | 6 m | 3.03 | 6 D 046 |

Plain ended perforated pipe

| Size | Length | Weight $(\mathrm{kg} / \mathrm{m})$ | Hole size | Hole Centres | No. of Holes | Code |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{1 1 0 m m}$ | 6 m | 1.72 | 7 mm | 20 mm | 210 | D046P |

## Pipe \& Fitting Dimensions

## Wall Thickness

| Product | Min/Max |  | 110 mm |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 160mm |  |  |  |
| Pipes | $\min$ | 3.2 | 4 |
| Fittings | $\min$ | 3.2 | 4 |

Mean outside diameter pipe and fittings spigot

| Min/Max | $\mathbf{1 1 0 m m}$ | $\mathbf{1 6 0 m m}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Min | 3.2 | 4 |
| Max | 3.8 | 4.6 |

## Size of bales

| Product | No. of $3 \mathrm{~m} / 6 \mathrm{~m}$ <br> lengths per bale |  | Dimensions <br> height |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| width | Weight per bale |  |  |  |
| D043 (PE) | 50 | 3 m | 1.2 m | 245 kg |
| D143 (SS) | 50 | 3 m | 1.2 m | 245 kg |
| D046 (PE) | 50 | 6 m | 1.2 m | 490 kg |
| D046P (PE) | 50 | 6 m | 1.2 m | 516 kg |
| D146 (SS) | 50 | 6 m | 1.2 m | 490 kg |
| 6D143 (SS) | 35 | 3 m | 1.2 m | 337 kg |
| 6D046 (PE) | 35 | 6 m | 1.2 m | 657 kg |
| 6D146 (SS) | 35 | 6 m | 1.2 m | 674 kg |

(PE): Plain ended pipe (SS):Single socket pipe

## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

Installation Guide - Pipe \& Fittings

## Trench Detail and Backfill Material

The trench should be constructed 300 mm wider than the outside diameter of the pipe to be installed. Where the "as dug" material is suitable, the bottom of the trenches may be trimmed to form a pipe bed. The material can also be used as a sidefill and backfill. Imported granular backfill materials such as pea shingle, used in accordance with the recommendations of BS5955 Part 6: 1980 Appendix A, having a nominal particle size not exceeding 10 mm , should be used as required up to and over the crown of the pipe. When this has been achieved the "as dug" material can be replaced into the trench. Once 300 mm of material has been replaced, mechanical compaction can commence.

## Testing

Testing of all drainage installations should be carried out in accordance with the requirements of the appropriate approving authority, using either air or water testing. References should be made to current editions of Building Regulations (Approved Document 'H') BS EN 752:2008 and BS EN 1610:2015. Where drainage appears inside buildings BS EN 12056 should also be consulted.

## Jointing

## Pipe End Preparation

When cutting pipes ensure that all ends are chamfered and are free from swarf, grit and dirt.

## Ring Seal Joints

The FloPlast Ring Seal Joint acts as both a seal and expansion joint. The following sequence should be adhered to:

- Check that all ring seal sockets are properly located in their recessed position.
- Ensure spigots and ring seal sockets are dry, clean and free from grit and dirt.
■ Lubricate all ring seal fittings. This will allow for a fast and efficient connection.
- Ensure all pipes and fittings are in the correct position.
- Insert pipe fully into the socket, then withdraw pipe by a minimum of 12 mm . This will allow for expansion.


## Adaptors

External rainwater downpipes can be connected directly to a surface water drain or, depending on the design, via a gully trap to the underground drainage system. The diameter of FloPlast's 110 mm PVC- U above and below ground drainage systems are the same and therefore a direct connection may be achieved without the use of an adaptor. Where rainwater pipes connect directly to a drain, a suitable reducer will be required as follows:

- SP96: $110 \mathrm{~mm} \times 68 \mathrm{~mm}$ Rainwater Adaptor for round downpipe. RDS2 should be used with SP96 for connection to 65 mm square downpipe.
■ D96: Universal Rainwater Adaptor for square and round downpipe.
- D95: Universal Waste Adaptor for $32 \mathrm{~mm}, 40 \mathrm{~mm}$ and 50 mm waste pipe connection to 110 mm Soil/ Drainage.
Connection to other materials such as Cast Iron, Supersleve and Hepsleve, is achieved by the use of a range of rigid and flexible couplings and adaptors.


## Access and Rodding Points

Access is very important on all installations for testing, inspection, and removal of any blockage or debris. Rodding in both directions can be achieved by using a Mini Access Chamber (MAC) or 450mm Large Inspection Chamber (LIC) in conjunction with access fittings.
Rodding points are more commonly used in storm water drainage systems where the rodding point is located at the head of the drain run connection to a chamber, and being no further than 22 metres away from the chamber. The rodding point should be enclosed in a concrete surround to provide support and to ensure that it does not become mislaid at ground level.


## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

## Installation Guide - Mini Access Chamber (MAC)

A mini access chamber has a relatively narrow riser shaft, and is used for inspecting, clearing, and rodding a drain line.
The narrowness of the riser shaft permits limited clearing and rodding to a maximum depth to invert of 600 mm .
For SfA7 installations this chamber can be installed up to 2000 mm .
Any unused side connections should be sealed with a plain socket plug.
Should bends be required to change direction, these should be sited at the point of entry to the chamber.
Side branches of the chamber should not be used to change direction of the main flow, as a self-cleansing flow through the chamber cannot be guaranteed.
Intermediate depths can be achieved by cutting a riser at the indicated points.

The frame and cover should also be adjusted to suit the level of the adjacent ground and surrounded in a minimum of 50 mm of concrete.


## Installation Guide - Large Inspection Chamber (LIC)

The large diameter of the riser shafts of inspection chambers enables them to be installed to a maximum depth to invert of 1200 mm when used in conjunction with a 450 mm opening cover and frame. The chamber complies with Approved Document H of the Building Regulations 2000 by using the 350 mm reduced opening cover and frame for installations over 1200 mm up to a maximum of 3000 mm invert depth. For SfA7 installations the invert depths are 1000 mm and 3000 mm .
The chamber is installed on a suitable bed dependent on the quality of the trench and backfill materials.

Backfilling is continued up to approximately 50 mm of the finished ground level.
The frame and cover are placed on a bed of concrete around the top of the uppermost shaft, and adjusted to the finished level.

The frame is securely fixed through the wall of the chamber at the set location points using self-tapping
screws. The cover is then secured to the frame with the captive screws. It is impossible for the cover to be removed without undoing the screws.

Intermediate depths can be achieved by cutting the riser at 60 mm intervals; the frame also has 55 mm of telescopic adjustment.

Any unused side connections should be sealed with a plain socket plug.

Should bends be required to change direction, these should be sited at the point of entry to the chamber.
Side branches of the chamber should not be used to change the direction of the main flow, as a self-cleansing flow through the chamber cannot be guaranteed.

Should the connection of D930/D931/D940/D941 cover and frame be required directly to the base D900/D910, then riser D915 must be used and cut to suit, by cutting just above the bottom most large flange/rib.

## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

FloDrailn 110 mm Domestic Channel Drainage
Material: Polypropylene/Galvanised steel Standard: BS EN 1433 Attestation level 3



Garage Pack with Galvanised Grate (Pallet quantity 16) (C

(Consists of $3 \times 1 \mathrm{~m}$ Channel lengths plus $1 x$ End cap \& 1x End outlet)
Sump/Trap Unit and Basket with Galvanised Grate $\quad \subset \in$


Threshold Channel Drain-1mtr $\quad$ ©


Channel Drain Jointing Clip


## Installation Guide - Flo Drailn 110mm Domestic Channel Drainage

## Domestic Channel Drainage Easy to install with concrete or paving

1. Dig trench for FloDrain, allowing for 50 mm deep compacted sand base and wide enough for a minimum of 100 mm backfill of concrete on each side.
2. Fix a string line to finishing height of grate 2 mm below final surface level.
3. Allow a fall of approx. 5 mm for every 1 m length (1:200).
4. Start installation at lowest point of the run to accommodate any cut lengths which should be installed at the point furthest from the outlet.
5. FloDrain joints and end caps to be sealed with silicone sealant.
6. Use an end cap at highest point of FloDrain.
7. Connect the lowest end of FloDrain to 110 mm PVC- U BS EN 1401 drainage pipe using either an
end outlet or the preformed channel bottom outlet to allow water to drain away. Contact FloPlast for additional coupling details for other connections e.g. clay pipes etc.
8. FloDrain can be cut to length with a hacksaw. Install with grate fitted.
9. Protect grate with tape before concrete is poured.
10. Finish concrete 2 mm above level of grate.
11. Allow 72 hours to cure before vehicle use or removing grates.
12. To remove grate, simply run a screwdriver along the edge of the grate to dislodge.
13. If installing block paving or paving slabs, haunch around channel with concrete to a height which allows the depth of the block or slab to finish 2 mm above the level of grate.
All FloDrain installations must be set in concrete.


Easy to use channel to channel locking system

$90^{\circ}$ Tee


Certified to Load Class A15 BS EN $1433=1.5$ tonne


4 Way Junction


Built in heel guard and anti slip system

$90^{\circ}$ Bend

## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

Ground Guard
Lightweight ground reinforcement system suitable for pedestrian areas and light vehicle access

Ground Guard is a linked paving system, manufactured from Polyethylene, that provides a durable safe and eco-friendly surface for grass reinforcement, ground stabilisation and gravel retention for pedestrian and vehicle access areas.


Land Drainage Standard: BS 4962, Lienence No: KM557607

Land Drainage is used to remove excess water from fields and gardens, in fact any area where excessive water is a problem.
The perforations allow seeping water to ingress the pipe, capillary action then maintains the water within the pipe allowing it to flow to its destination i.e. Stormwater Attenuation Tanks, also known as Modular Plastic Geo Cellular Units (egg crates) or a watercourse (stream, lake etc).

## System Features:

- Perforated and coiled land drainage pipe is manufactured in HDPE.
- Normally used in agriculture and in building construction sites.
- Particularly beneficial in areas with heavy ground conditions i.e. clay.
Relieves hydrostatic pressure.


## Pipe

Product
No Size O.D
Code

## Couplings

|  | 80 mm | LC80 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 100 mm | LC100 |

## Multi-Junction Branch



Land Drainage - 25m Coil

|  | $80 \mathrm{~mm} \times 25 \mathrm{~m}$ | L 8025 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $100 \mathrm{~mm} \times 25 \mathrm{~m}$ | L 10025 |



## UNDERGROUND DRAINAGE SYSTEMS

Ancillaries

| Product | Code |
| :--- | :--- |
| 40 ml Compressed Silicone Lubricant Spray |  |
|  | SL40 |
| $\mathbf{1 0 0 g}$ Silicone Grease | SG100 |
|  |  |
| 800 g Lubricant Gel | SG800 |

Product Code

125 ml Solvent Cement $\mathrm{c} \epsilon$


250 ml Solvent Cement © $\epsilon$


| Number of joints achievable (for guidance only) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Solvent Cement | $\mathbf{3 2 m m}$ | $\mathbf{4 0} \mathbf{m m}$ | $\mathbf{5 0} \mathbf{m m}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0 m m}$ |
| 125 ml | 27 | 27 | 27 | 7 |
| 250 ml | 55 | 55 | 55 | 15 |


| Number of joints achievable (for guidance only) |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lubricant | $\mathbf{3 2 m m}$ | $\mathbf{4 0 m m}$ | $\mathbf{5 0 m m}$ | $\mathbf{1 1 0 \mathbf { m m }}$ |
| 100 g Silicone Grease | 160 | 120 | 100 | 60 |
| 800 g Lubricant Gel | 1200 | 950 | 800 | 450 |
| 40 ml Silicone Spray | 600 | 420 | 400 | 225 |



## building the future

## Contact Details:

FloPlast Limited
Castle Road
Eurolink Business Park
Sittingbourne
Kent ME10 3FP
UK
Tel
01795431731

## Sales Office Direct Line

01795421422
Fax
01795431188
E-mail
sales@floplast.co.uk

## Website

www.floplast.co.uk

April 2020

Brochures available:

nbsplus


WRAS $\boldsymbol{S}_{\text {and }}$
NMBS
STRENGIHENING
INDEPENDENTS



Rainwater Systems


Soil \& Waste Systems


Underground Drainage Systems



Hot \& Cold Plumbing Systems

Civils \& Drainage

## Perfect Manhole Take-Off



Herne Bay Crematorium REV 1

Sealed Take-Off
Revision: 1
20/12/2022

Perfect Manhole Take-Off

| Project: | Herne Bay Crematorium |  | REV 1 |  | Revision: |  | 1 |  | System: |  | Sealed |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  | Software Version: V8.3 |  |  | Step Irons: |  | Yes |
| Production Site: |  | Pollington |  |  |  |  |  |  | Scottish Lothian Slab: |  | No |
| Manhole Reference | Production Site | Manhole <br> Diameter (mm) | Cover Level (m) | Invert <br> Level <br> (m) | Main Channel <br> Diameter <br> (mm) | No. of Connections | $\begin{gathered} \text { Cover Size } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{gathered}$ | Cover Class | No. Of Backdrops | Reduce Chamber To DN1200 if Possible | No. of <br> Seating <br> Rings |
| MG MH05 | Pollington | 1200 | 18.720 | 17.615 | 300 | 2 | $600 \times 600$ | B125 | 0 | No | 3 |
| MG MH06 | Pollington | 1200 | 18.560 | 17.415 | 300 | 2 | $600 \times 600$ | B125 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S10 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.400 | 16.270 | 150 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S11 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.110 | 16.000 | 150 | 4 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S12 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.080 | 15.840 | 150 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S13 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.400 | 16.270 | 150 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S14 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.110 | 16.000 | 150 | 4 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S16 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.050 | 15.655 | 225 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S18 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.705 | 16.625 | 150 | 2 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S19 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.365 | 16.285 | 150 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S20 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.270 | 16.190 | 150 | 2 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S22 | Pollington | 1200 | 16.915 | 15.500 | 225 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S24 | Pollington | 1200 | 16.595 | 15.605 | 150 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S25 | Pollington | 1500 | 16.935 | 14.605 | 375 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S32 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.930 | 16.580 | 150 | 2 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S33 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.680 | 16.200 | 225 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S40 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.270 | 15.770 | 300 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S41 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.060 | 15.560 | 300 | 4 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S43 | Pollington | 1200 | 17.170 | 15.380 | 300 | 4 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S50 | Pollington | 1200 | 16.850 | 15.200 | 300 | 4 | $600 \times 600$ | B125 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S51 | Pollington | 1500 | 16.750 | 14.825 | 450 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | B125 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S53 | Pollington | 1200 | 16.890 | 14.490 | 300 | 3 | $600 \times 600$ | D400 | 0 | No | 3 |
| S54 | Pollington | 1200 | 15.400 | 14.265 | 300 | 2 | $600 \times 600$ | B125 | 0 | No | 3 |

.: Marshalls

| Item |  | MG MH05 | MG MH06 | S10 | S11 | S12 | S13 | S14 | S16 | S18 | S19 | S20 | S22 | S24 | 532 | 533 | 540 | 541 | 543 | 550 | 553 | 554 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cover Level, m |  | 18.720 | 18.560 | 17.400 | 17.110 | 17.080 | 17.400 | 17.110 | 17.050 | 17.705 | 17.365 | 17.270 | 16.915 | 16.595 | 17.930 | 17.680 | 17.270 | 17.060 | 17.170 | 16.850 | 16.890 | 15.400 |
| Invert Level, m |  | 17.615 | 17.415 | 16.270 | 16.000 | 15.840 | 16.270 | 16.000 | 15.655 | 16.625 | 16.285 | 16.190 | 15.500 | 15.605 | 16.580 | 16.200 | 15.770 | 15.560 | 15.380 | 15.200 | 14.490 | 14.265 |
| Internal Depth to Centre of Manhole, m (CL to Inlet Invert) |  | 1.105 | 1.145 | 1.130 | 1.110 | 1.240 | 1.130 | 1.110 | 1.395 | 1.080 | 1.080 | 1.080 | 1.415 | 0.990 | 1.350 | 1.480 | 1.500 | 1.500 | 1.790 | 1.650 | 2.400 | 1.135 |
| Effective Max Internal Depth, $m$ (CL to Outlet Invert) |  | 1.115 | 1.155 | 1.140 | 1.120 | 1.250 | 1.140 | 1.120 | 1.405 | 1.090 | 1.090 | 1.090 | 1.425 | 1.000 | 1.360 | 1.490 | 1.510 | 1.510 | 1.800 | 1.660 | 2.410 | 1.145 |
| Base Core Height, mm (Nominal/Actual) |  | 375/375 | 375/375 | 225/225 | 425/425 | 325/325 | 225/225 | 425/425 | 375/375 | 425/425 | 425/425 | 425/425 | 425/425 | 325/325 | 425/425 | 225/225 | 425/425 | 425/425 | 225/225 | 375/375 | 325/325 | 375/375 |
| Base 1200×225-425x130 1:8 | £1,035.47 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base 1200×225-425x130 1:7 | £982.95 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base 1200×225-425x130 1:6 | £930.43 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base 1200×225-425x130 1:5 | £877.91 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base 1200×225-425x130 1:4 | £825.39 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Base 1200×225-425x130 1:3 | £772.87 |  |  |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | 1 | 1 |  |  |
| Base 1200x225-425x130 1:2 | £720.35 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  |
| Base 1200×225-425x130 1:1 | £667.83 | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |  | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| Base 1200×225-425x130 1:0 | £667.83 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1200 \mathrm{~mm} \times 1000 \mathrm{~mm}$ Chamber Ring c/w seals | £296.17 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1200 \mathrm{~mm} \times 750 \mathrm{~mm}$ Chamber Ring $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{w}$ seals | £222.13 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  |
| $1200 \mathrm{~mm} \times 500 \mathrm{~mm}$ Chamber Ring $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{w}$ seals | £211.96 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 | 1 |  |
| $1200 \mathrm{~mm} \times 250 \mathrm{~mm}$ Chamber Ring $\mathrm{c} / \mathrm{w}$ seals | £147.38 |  |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  | 1 |  |  |  | 1 |  | 1 |  | 1 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| $1200 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{slab} 1200 \mathrm{X675}$ | £293.34 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1200 \mathrm{c} / \mathrm{slab} 750 \times 600$ | £184.52 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1200 c/slab 675sq | £184.52 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1200 c/slab 600sq | £184.52 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| 1200x675 Seating Rings | £80.91 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $750 \times 600$ Seating Rings | £39.27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $675 \times 675$ Seating Rings | £39.27 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $600 \times 600$ Seating Rings | £39.27 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Cost of Manhole |  | £970.16 | £970.16 | £1,170.06 | £1,075.20 | £1,170.06 | £1,170.06 | £1,075.20 | £1,170.06 | £970.16 | £1,022.68 | £970.16 | £1,170.06 | £1,022.68 | £1,117.54 | £1,234.64 | £1,170.06 | £1,222.58 | £1,297.33 | £1,287.16 | £1,456.77 | £970.16 |
| Remaining Make-up, mm |  | -15 | 25 | -20 | 15 | -10 | -20 | 15 | 20 | -15 | -15 | -15 | -10 | -5 | 0 | 5 | 0 | 0 | -10 | 25 | -5 | 15 |



Civils \& Drainage
Sales Order

| Order Total | £28,369.08 |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Item Number | Item Name | Qty | Unit Price | Sub Total |
| FQP001 | SEALED BASE 1200×225-425X130 1:1 DS PPB/000/MG MH05 | 1 | £667.83 | £667.83 |
| FQP001 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:1 DS PPB/000/MG MH06 | 1 | £667.83 | £667.83 |
| FQP002 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425×130 1:2 DS PPB/000/S10 | 1 | £720.35 | £720.35 |
| FQP003 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:3 DS PPB/000/S11 | 1 | £772.87 | £772.87 |
| FQP002 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:2 DS PPB/000/S12 | 1 | £720.35 | £720.35 |
| FQP002 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:2 DS PPB/000/S13 | 1 | £720.35 | £720.35 |
| FQP003 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:3 DS PPB/000/S14 | 1 | £772.87 | £772.87 |
| FQP002 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:2 DS PPB/000/S16 | 1 | £720.35 | £720.35 |
| FQP001 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:1 DS PPB/000/S18 | 1 | £667.83 | £667.83 |
| FQP002 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425×130 1:2 DS PPB/000/S19 | 1 | £720.35 | £720.35 |
| FQP001 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:1 DS PPB/000/S20 | 1 | £667.83 | £667.83 |
| FQP002 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:2 DS PPB/000/S22 | 1 | £720.35 | £720.35 |
| FQP002 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:2 DS PPB/000/S24 | 1 | £720.35 | £720.35 |
| FQP001 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:1 DS PPB/000/S32 | 1 | £667.83 | £667.83 |
| FQP002 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:2 DS PPB/000/S33 | 1 | £720.35 | £720.35 |
| FQP002 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:2 DS PPB/000/S40 | 1 | £720.35 | £720.35 |
| FQP003 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:3 DS PPB/000/S41 | 1 | £772.87 | £772.87 |
| FQP003 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:3 DS PPB/000/S43 | 1 | £772.87 | £772.87 |
| FQP003 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:3 DS PPB/000/S50 | 1 | £772.87 | £772.87 |
| FQP002 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:2 DS PPB/000/S53 | 1 | £720.35 | £720.35 |
| FQP001 | SEALED BASE 1200X225-425X130 1:1 DS PPB/000/S54 | 1 | £667.83 | £667.83 |
| FQP014 | SEALED BASE 1500X275-475X160 1:2 DS PPB/000/S25 | 1 | £1,377.53 | £1,377.53 |
| FQP014 | SEALED BASE 1500X275-475X160 1:2 DS PPB/000/S51 | 1 | £1,377.53 | £1,377.53 |
| EHSMH1510DS | $1500 \times 1.00 \mathrm{M}$ SEALED MANHOLE RING DOUBLE STEPS | 1 | $£ 475.96$ | $£ 475.96$ |
| EHSMH1207DS | $1200 \times 0.75 \mathrm{M}$ SEALED MANHOLE RING DOUBLE STEPS | 2 | £222.13 | £444.26 |
| EHSMH1507DS | $1500 \times 0.75 \mathrm{M}$ SEALED MANHOLE RING DOUBLE STEPS | 1 | £356.97 | £356.97 |
| EHSMH1205DS | $1200 \times 0.50 \mathrm{M}$ SEALED MANHOLE RING DOUBLE STEPS | 3 | £211.96 | £635.88 |
| EHSMH1202DS | $1200 \times 0.25 \mathrm{M}$ SEALED MANHOLE RING DOUBLE STEPS | 8 | £147.38 | £1,179.04 |
| EHSCS1260 | 1200 SEALED COVER SLAB 600SQ ACCESS | 21 | £184.52 | £3,874.92 |
| EHSCS1560 | 1500 SEALED COVER SLAB 600SQ ACCESS | 2 | £411.63 | £823.26 |
| EHA605 | 600SQ ACCESS ADJUSTING UNIT 65MM THICK - PACKED IN 5'S | 70 | £39.27 | £2,748.90 |

These prices are based on the current information submitted. Any future alterations/changes received may result in a price revision

Please note: you may need to include the Perfect Manhole in the Section 104 application as the choice of manhole construction.
Part Load Charges: $0-10$ tonnes £293.34

Please consult your account manager for delivery on a specialist vehicle.
Lifting Sets:
1200 mm lifting strap
f264.95

1500 mm lifting strap
1800 mm lifting clutches $\times 3$
$£ 448.10$ each
£633.90 each
$£ 218.59$ per set

When using $150-300 \mathrm{~mm}$ Ultrarib pipes additional couplers MUST be used.
150mm coupler
$£ 19.12$ each
225 mm coupler
$£ 28.42$ each
£31.69 each

BRICK
Staffordshire Clay Building Products

Bricks, Slips and Pavers



## 100 Year Tradition

Ketley was founded over 100 years ago and forms part of the Hinton Perry \& Davenhill family business, which began making Dreadnought Clay Roof Tiles in 1805. The company has a Iong tradition of clay craft and a passion to create the finest natural clay building materials.

For further information on Dreadnought Tiles visit the website www. dreadnought-tiles.co.uk

## Clay Specialists

At Ketley we manufacture Staffordshire clay bricks and clay pavers which we make from Etruria Marl, the strongest clay. This focus and depth of experience is unique and enables us to tackle even the most demanding requirements for specialist clay bricks and pavers. All Ketley products are made to engineering brick specifications.

Ketley have recently introduced extruded brickslips and quarry
 tiles which are manufactured in a range of colours including the 3 traditional Ketley colours. The brick slips are available in a smooth, sanded or rustic finish and with only $30 \%$ of the embodied carbon of a traditional cut brick slip they are a highly durable, sustainable and cost effective choice for construction.

## Manufacturing Process

Ketley Bricks and Pavers conform to BS EN 771-1:2011+A1:2015.
Our modern plant gives us a unique level of flexibility and range for the manufacture of specials.
At Ketley Brick Company we combine the traditional values embodied in our 100 year history with the determination to be a highly efficient manufacturer of consistently high quality product.

## Quality and Service

Ketley is quality assured to ISO 9001:2015 and we pride ourselves on our tradition, our commitment to quality and Ketley Brick's 100 year reputation for excellence.

One hundred year continuity of family ownership ensures an enthusiastic sales support team with unrivalled experience. You will find us easily accessible and ready to give advice from design stage to completion of a project.

We also have a team of experts across the country who are available to provide advice and to discuss the details and requirements for your projects.

Contact us to view completed projects using Ketley Bricks and Pavers in your area or for any additional information or advice.

## The Environment and Sustainability

We take our environmental commitments seriously and exceed all the necessary legislation in this area. Our modern plant operates an Environmental Management System accredited to ISO 14001:2015 and we are consistently working to improve our energy and production efficiency.

Sustainable development is about delivering a better quality of life for everyone, now and for generations to come. Our task is to use resources as efficiently as possible, to reduce waste, to minimise the energy used in manufacture and to ensure that our products have the longest possible lifespan.

Ketley Bricks manufactured over 100 years ago are still in use today. This surely demonstrates their sustainability. We believe that the most reliable measure of sustainability is to calculate the embodied energy in production, divided by the useful life of the products.



## Ketley Brick

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# Ketley Clay Pavers and Quarry Tiles 

Ketley Clay Pavers have an inherent natural beauty and strength. Widely used by the Victorians beside their canal and railway systems and in their industrial and urban developments, Ketley Pavers have passed the ultimate test - "the test of time".

The continuing popularity of Ketley Pavers lies in their depth and consistency of colour permanence and their strength and durability. With a wide range of patterns, designs and natural colour, Ketley Pavers provide solutions that add value and beauty to any built environment.

## Natural Beauty in Clay

## Colours that do not fade over time

## High durability in heavy use areas

## Available in traditional patterns

With a full range of specials and fittings


## Plain Staffordshire Blue

## Inherent natural beauty and strength

Manufactured to the same specification for over 100 years, Ketley Staffordshire Blues are the original product with a rich distinctive colour that is permanent. Made from the finest Etruria Marl fired at over $1130^{\circ}$, Ketley Pavers are of unrivalled strength and durability.


Dragfaced Chamfered


Dragfaced Square edged



## Plain Staffordshire Red

## Permanent natural colour and strength

Ketley Staffordshire Red Pavers provide a rich colour which won't fade over time. They are highly durable and justify a classification as Heavy Duty - suitable for channelised traffic flow in public pedestrianised areas.


Dragfaced Chamfered



## Plain Staffordshire Brown Brindle

Ketley Brown Brindle Pavers are a unique product, the result of careful control of the kiln atmosphere during the firing process, which produces an aesthetically pleasing random colour variation and an organic appearance when laid.

Ketley Brown Brindle Pavers are the authentic traditional product, a perfect match for restoration projects such as canal towpaths where they are widely used.


## Dragfaced Chamfered



## Dragfaced Square edged



## Patterned Staffordshire Pavers

Typical of the Victorian era, Ketley Staffordshire Blue Diamond Chequered Pavers are the authentic product, the perfect match for restoration or an ideal means of achieving a traditional, period look.

Ketley Chequered and Panelled Pavers were widely used by the Victorians beside their canal and railway systems and in their industrial and urban developments. They have passed the ultimate test - the test of time.

Patterned designs not only shed water rapidly and provide enhanced traction, but their traditional designs add a long established look and a strong aesthetic appeal.

Ketley Patterned Pavers are also particularly effective when used to break up large areas, by providing contrasting banding or by adding interest and texture.


Staffordshire Diamond Chequered Paver Square Edged

Available in Blue, Red \& Brown Brindle


Staffordshire 2 Panel Paver Chamfered

Available in Blue, Red \& Brown Brindle


Staffordshire 8 Panel Paver Chamfered

Available in Blue, Red \& Brown Brindle


## Staffordshire Star Paver Chamfered

Available in Blue, Red \& Brown Brindle


## Bespoke Staffordshire clay pavers to your own design Square Edged or Chamfered

[^0]
## Plain and Patterned Paver Specifications

```
Colour: Staffordshire Blue, Red and Brown Brindle
Finish: Dragfaced or Patterned
Raw Material: Etruria Marl
Manufacture: Extruded, Wirecut and fired above }113\mp@subsup{0}{}{\circ}\textrm{C
Bulk Density: 2,300 kg/m3
```

NB When laying clay pavers, it is important to provide a finished joint width between pavers of approx $2-5 \mathrm{~mm}$ beyond any edge protection nibs to permit infill and to minimise damage in compaction and subsequent use. Failure to do this may result in chipping of the clay pavers.

## Performance Data:

BS EN 1344 : 2013

| Size Range | R1 |
| :--- | :--- |
| Mean transverse Breaking load | T4 |
| Unpolished slip/ skid resistance | U3 |
| Abrasion resistance | A3 |
| Freeze/ thaw resistance | FP100 |

## Plain Dragfaced Pavers

Sizes and Coverage

| Work Size $\mathbf{m m}$ | Pattern | Pack Weight | No. Per Pallet | Units per $\mathbf{m}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  | Rigid with <br> $\mathbf{1 0 m m}$ J oint | Flexible Butt <br> J ointed (3mm Joint) |
| $215 \times 102.5 \times 50$ | Square Edged | 1300 kg | 500 | 40 | 44 |
| $215 \times 102.5 \times 65$ | Square Edged | 1320 kg | 400 | 40 | 44 |
| $200 \times 100 \times 50$ | Square Edged \& Chamfered | 1150 kg | 500 | 43 | 48 |
| $200 \times 100 \times 65$ | Square Edged \& Chamfered | 1200 kg | 400 | 43 | 48 |

## Patterned Staffordshire Pavers

| Sizes and Coverage |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Work Size $\mathbf{m m}$ | Pattern | Pack Weight | No. Per Pallet | Units per m² |  |
|  |  |  | Rigid with <br> 10mm Joint | Flexible Butt <br> J ointed (3mm J oint) |  |
| $220 \times 105 \times 50$ | Diam Cheq/ 2 or 8 panel | 1300 kg | 500 | 38 | 42 |
| $220 \times 105 \times 65$ | Diam Cheq/ 2 or 8 panel | 1360 kg | 400 | 38 | 42 |
| $200 \times 100 \times 50$ | Diam Cheq/ Star/2 or 8 panel | 1150 kg | 500 | 43 | 48 |
| $200 \times 100 \times 65$ | Diam Cheq/ Star/2 or 8 panel | 1200 kg | 400 | 43 | 48 |



Brick Award Winner Ketley staffs blue quarry tiles inside merge with Ketley staff's blue pavers outside at Maggies Manchester, designed by Foster + Partners


## Quarry Tiles

Ketley Quarry Tiles, sometimes known also as paving tiles, are available in a range of natural clay colours and provide a robust and hardwearing flooring solution. For restoration projects Ketley Quarry Tiles offer a very good match to the discontinued Hawkins and Dennis Ruabon Quarry tiles which can be found in many parts of the UK. They offer excellent slip resistance and suit most flooring and wall cladding applications indoors or externally, in commercial premises or the home.

18 mm thick, they are manufactured from the proven Etruria Marl clay, which becomes dense when fired, and is hard wearing and resistant to acids, alkalis, oils, grease and fats. In pendulum tests where anything higher than 36 indicates low slip potential, they score a dry value average of 63 and a wet value average of 55 meaning they have excellent slip resistance in both wet and dry conditions. They can be classified as R11 and Category C which is the highest rating for slip resistance according to BS EN 14411.


Samples: Illustrations in this publication are as accurate as the printing process will permit and will reflect lighting conditions at the time the photographs were taken. To appreciate fully the appearance of the bricks please request samples from our Sales office on $01384 \mathbf{7 8 3 6 1}$ or info@ ketley-brick.co.uk, these are freely available and will provide a better guide. All our products are made from naturally occurring materials and therefore a certain degree of colour variation is an inherent feature of the products.

## Technical Specifications for Quarry Tiles

COLOURS: Staffordshire Red / Staffordshire Light Multi / Staffordshire Dark Multi / Staffordshire Brown Brindle / Staffordshire Blue SIZES: $215 \mathrm{~mm} \times 102.5 \mathrm{~mm}, 215 \mathrm{~mm} \times 65 \mathrm{~mm}$ and $150 \mathrm{~mm} \times 150 \mathrm{~mm}$
TEXTURE: Smooth MANUFACTURE: Extruded
PACKING ON PALLETS: 1350 pieces on a pallet for $215 \times 102.5 \times 18 \mathrm{~mm}$ size 1890 for $215 \times 65 \times 18 \mathrm{~mm}$ size COVERAGE: per $\mathrm{m}^{2} \quad 40$ for $215 \times 102.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ size with 10 mm joint 60 for $215 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm}$ size with a 10 mm joint

| PROPERTIES | BS EN 14411 GROUP Alb REQUIREMENT | TYPICAL VALUES |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dimensions and surface quality <br> Length x Width <br> Thickness 18 mm <br> Straightness of sides <br> Rectangularity <br> Surface flatness | Average tolerance $\pm 2 \%$ <br> Average tolerance is $\pm 10 \%$ <br> within $\pm 0.6 \%$ <br> within $\pm 1 \%$ <br> Centre curvature $\pm 1.5 \%$ <br> Edge curvature $\pm 1.5 \%$ <br> Warpage $\pm 1.5 \%$ | within $\pm 2 \%$ <br> within $\pm 5.5 \%$ <br> within $\pm 0.2 \%$ <br> within $\pm 0.2 \%$ <br> Centre curvature $\pm 0.7 \%$ <br> Edge curvature $\pm 1.0 \%$ <br> Warpage $\pm 0.7 \%$ |
| Physical properties <br> Water absorption <br> Breaking strength <br> Resistance to deep abrasion <br> Frost resistance <br> Slip resistance <br> Bond strength <br> Moisture expansion <br> Reaction to fire | $0.5<3 \%$ <br> Min 1100N <br> Max $275 \mathrm{~mm}^{3}$ <br> Value to be stated <br> Pendulum test results exceeding 36 indicate low slip potential Inclined platform in shod conditions <br> Inclined platform in wet barefoot conditions <br> C2 Cementatious adhesives <br> Reaction resin adhesives <br> Mortar <br> No requirement <br> Value to be stated | 1.50\% <br> 2995N <br> $106 \mathrm{~mm}^{3}$ <br> No damage after 100 cycles <br> Dry value av 96 Wet value av of 58 on Slider 55 for Staffs Blue Dry value av 63 Wet value av of 55 on Slider 96 for Brown Brindle <br> Category R11 which indicates that they are considered not to be slippery in wet or greasy conditions. <br> Category C which is the highest rating for slip resistance. $\begin{aligned} & >1.0 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2} \\ & >2.0 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2} \\ & 0.15 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2} \\ & \text { Negligible } \end{aligned}$ <br> A1 |
| Chemical properties <br> Resistance to staining | Minimum requirement 3 | Paste stain 5 <br> Chemical/ oxydising stain 4 <br> Film stain 3 |

## Staffordshire Bricks

Class A Facing Bricks and Special Bricks
Staffordshire Blue, Staffordshire Brown Brindle, Staffordshire Red.


Where quality and durability are paramount, Ketley Bricks offer solid and perforated bricks, tried and tested in the toughest environments. Ketley Staffordshire Blue Bricks have always been regarded as the mark of durability and strength, making them the choice for highly demanding environments. They are an excellent choice for use in textured facades where more than one face of the brick is exposed to the weather.

Ketley Bricks and Specials also add character and distinction to a project. Whether it be to add contrast and detail in brickwork as a feature brick or to make a strong impression with contrasting banding or geometric patterns, Ketley Brick offer a reliable choice. We manufacture a wide range of Standard Specials as well as a bespoke service for more demanding requirements.

Ketley Bricks are available in metric and imperial sizes in a range of natural Staffordshire colours. They are a traditional Staffordshire product and are ideal for refurbishment where a close match to the original bricks is essential.
"Ketley Bricks have a natural beauty and a surface quality which makes their colour appear to change in different weather conditions. They take on a more reflective appearance in dry sunny weather and appear darker in wet conditions".

Stefan Mannewitz, Project Architect at Karakusevic Carson Architects.


## Staffordshire Blue 'Class A' Facing Bricks



Conform to BS EN 771-1: 2011+A1:2015<br>Class A.<br>Solid or Perforated.<br>Uniformly high crushing strength.<br>Low water absorption.<br>Resistant to acids, alkalis and abrasion.<br>Sizes:<br>$215 \times 102.5 \times 50 \mathrm{~mm} \quad 215 \times 102.5 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm} \quad 215 \times 102.5 \times 73 \mathrm{~mm}$

Ketley Staffordshire Blue Bricks provide unrivalled durability and strength, making them the choice for highly demanding environments. In the early part of the 20th Century this Staffordshire Blue colour was regarded as the ultimate stamp of strength and durability.

## Projecting brickwork

The outstanding performance characteristics of Ketley Class A bricks, with their low water absorption makes them particularly suitable for textured facades where more than one face of the brick is exposed to the weather.

## Aesthetics

Ketley Staffordshire Blue Bricks have a strong aesthetic appeal. They have a precise form and a distinctive quality which is equally suitable for contemporary projects as well as restorations. Combined with their unrivalled physical properties and range of colour matched specials, they are the ideal material for contrasting detailing in brickwork of less durable clay.

## Special Shapes

A complete range of Special Shapes to BS 4729:2005 is available. We also undertake the manufacture of 'non-standard' specials to customers' specification as required. Our specials are fired alongside our squares ensuring consistency of colour across all our special bricks.


Samples: IIlustrations in this publication are as accurate as the printing process will permit and will reflect lighting conditions at the time the photographs were taken. To appreciate fully the appearance of the bricks please request samples from our Sales office on $\mathbf{0 1 3 8 4} \mathbf{7 8 3 6 1}$ or info@ ketley-brick.co.uk, these are freely available and will provide a better guide. All our products are made from naturally occurring materials and therefore a certain degree of colour variation is an inherent feature of the products.



## Staffordshire Brown Brindle 'Class A' Facing Bricks



[^1]The Staffordshire Brown Brindle colour is manufactured only by Ketley Brick and provides an alternative to Blue as a feature Brick. These bricks are used on a wide range of projects both traditional and modern.

## Aesthetics

Ketley Staffordshire Brown Brindle are attractive in larger commercial projects where they create a distinguished and unique appearance. Their unrivalled physical properties and range of colour matched specials makes them the ideal material for contrasting detailing in brickwork of less durable clay.

## Applications

Staffordshire Brown Brindle Bricks are suitable for architectural use particularly in commercial developments. Their high resistance to acids, alkalis and abrasion makes them equally suitable for foundations, pickling tanks, chemical works, sewerage schemes, strongrooms, bridges, tunnels, retaining walls, bunker linings and walls.


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## Staffordshire Red 'Class A' Facing Bricks



Conform with BS EN 771-1: 2011+A1:2015
Class A.
Solid or Perforated.
Uniformly high crushing strength.
Low water absorption.
Resistant to acids, alkalis and abrasion.
Sizes:
$215 \times 102.5 \times 50 \mathrm{~mm} \quad 215 \times 102.5 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm} \quad 215 \times 102.5 \times 73 \mathrm{~mm}$

Ketley natural Red Staffordshire Class A Facing bricks have a deserved reputation for excellence. They are solid or perforated and are a distinct rich red colour especially good for matching properties built during Victorian times.

## Applications

Ketley Staffordshire Reds are frequently used for architectural purposes in commercial developments and for Iandscaping and structural use in urban renewal schemes and general improvement areas.

They are often used in conjunction with other less durable materials for cappings or copings and to add detail and interest.

Ketley Staffordshire Red Class A bricks are suitable for use in particularly exposed conditions such as the Cheltenham Flood Alleviation Scheme, seen in the photograph above right.


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Above: Three New Bailey, the new HMRC building in Salford shortlisted for Best Commercial Building and Best Innovative Use of Brick 2021 Brick Awards.

Right: A combination of Ketley brick slips and special bricks were used to create this impressive brick façade at the Victoria Gate shopping centre in Leeds. 2017 Brick Award Winner Best Commercial Building \& Best Innovative Use of Brick.




Brick Award Winner Ketley brick slips and pistols slips at Harvey Nichols

## Brick Slips

## All colours are available in a smooth, sanded, or textured and with the choice of either a flat back or dovetail key on reverse.

Ketley Brick's range of extruded brick slips eliminate the need and cost to cut down bricks for use with pre-fabricated panels and other cladding solutions. They have only $30 \%$ of the embodied carbon of a traditional cut brick slip and are a highly durable, sustainable and cost effective choice for construction.

Ketley Brick Slips are manufactured from the same clay, using the same processes as the Ketley Class A Engineering bricks and Dreadnought Roof Tiles to deliver the same technical characteristics of very low water absorption, very high strength and unrivalled frost resistance.

Ketley Brick Slips are the sustainable choice to create authentic brick facades for both external and internal applications. All the colours are achieved naturally through the careful control of the kiln atmosphere without the use of surface pigments or artificial stains. This generates a warmth and authenticity to the brick colours which cannot be matched.


Staffordshire Red Sanded


Staffordshire Red Blue Sanded


Staffordshire Light Multi Textured


Staffordshire Dark Multi Textured


Staffordshire Brown Brindle Smooth


Staffordshire Blue Smooth


## Special Shaped Bricks

The use of Ketley Specials to add a high quality finish to brickwork ensures extra durability and protection to vulnerable areas and will save time on-site by overcoming extensive hand cutting.

Because Special Shaped bricks are generally used in situations of severe exposure such as copings and cills, powerful resistance to water penetration and high durability have always been essential.

Ketley Brick manufactures a wide range of special shaped bricks for a multitude of applications. Most of the European Standard Special Shaped Bricks are supplied and Ketley will also manufacture specials from drawings supplied,
 allowing imaginative design options and decorative detail to be incorporated, confident that Ketley will be able to accurately match requirements.

Separate Ketley Special Shaped Bricks and Ketley Paver and Fittings brochures are available on request. Please contact our sales office for further details.

Orders for purpose made specials are always welcome at Ketley. A simple three dimensional drawing indicating dimensions and exposed faces can be discussed with our experienced representatives or submitted direct to the factory. Dedicated tooling may be required for purpose made specials and we recommend that discussions are undertaken early in the project. We welcome the opportunity to be included early in design discussions as we can often suggest ways to reduce cost.


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## Creasing Tiles

Ketley Creasing Tiles are manufactured from Etruria Marls, which are recognised as the finest clay for strength and durability. Their low water absorption and durability make them ideal for exposed situations, subject to high degrees of weathering and rising or penetrating damp.

Creasing Tiles are plain clay tiles without nibs or camber and with a thickness of only 11 mm , which makes them easier to cut to a high degree of accuracy than a brick. They are commonly used to add decorative finishes to brick and stone work in applications such as; cappings and copings, external cills, corbelling, arches, chimneys and decorative quoins.


Staffordshire Blue Brindle


Staffordshire Red


Staffordshire Brown Brindle

## Technical Information

## Size: $\quad 265 \mathrm{~mm} \times 165 \mathrm{~mm}$ <br> Thickness: <br> 11 mm

There are no standards specifically covering Creasing Tiles, however Ketley Clay Creasing Tiles conform to BS EN 1304:2013 which covers Clay Roof Tiles and Fittings and they exceed the specification in terms of transverse strength and water absorption.

| Finish | Smoothfaced |
| :--- | :--- |
| Weight per tile | 1.05 kg |
| Weight per pack | 1.20 Tonnes |
| Number of Tiles per pack | 1000 |
| Transverse Strength | 880 N |
| Water Absorption | $3.9 \%$ |
| Freeze/ thaw resistance | Conforms to BS EN 539-2:1998 |

## Laying Instructions

Creasing tiles should be laid with a broken bond and a minimum lap of 75 mm . The joint width between creasing tiles should not exceed 10 mm in all applications.

When cutting creasing tiles, a mechanical disc cutter is recommended over hand cutting particularly when used in exposed areas, as this will provide a neater appearance and help to avoid cracks that can reduce the performance of creasing tile.

For freestanding walls where creasing tiles are used under brick cappings, two courses of clay tiles should be laid with staggered joints in a 1:114:3 mortar and a minimum projection from the wall of at least 45 mm .


Brick Award Winner Best Refurbishment \& Renovation project, Ace Hotel in Shoreditch with Ketley Staffs blue bricks and brick slips

## Technical Specifications for Brick Slips

COLOUR: Staffordshire Blue / Staffordshire Brown Brindle / Staffordshire Red / Staffordshire Light Multi /
TEXTURE: Smooth / Sanded / Textured
MANUFACTURE: Extruded
REVERSE KEY: Flat back or Dovetail key (for precast concrete applications) key depth 4.5 mm for 18 mm slip

| Dimensions | Weight | No. per $\mathbf{m}^{\mathbf{2}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | (10mm joints) |
| $215 \times 65 \times 18 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 0.57 kgs per slip | 60 |
| $215 \times 65 \times 15 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 0.45 kgs per slip | 60 |


| Packing: B | Banded for fork lift off-loading | - 1890 pieces per pallet 18 mm 2170 pieces per pallet 15 mm |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weight per pallet: W | Weight 1100kg 18mm | Weight $1000 \mathrm{~kg} \mathrm{15mm}$ |
| European Standard BS EN 771-1: 2011+A1:2015 |  |  |
| Masonry Unit Group | FL |  |
| Water Absorption | <4.5\% |  |
| Net Dry Density | $2200 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ (Ty | ically) |
| Soluble Salt Content | S2 |  |
| Durability | F2 (Frost Resist |  |
| Fire Reaction | A1 |  |
| Dimensional Tolerance Mean | T2 |  |
| Dimensional Tolerance Range | e R1 |  |

A complete range of Special Shapes to BS 4729 2005+A1:2016 is available. We also undertake the manufacture of 'non-standard' specials to customers' specification as required.


## Technical Specifications for Bricks

| TYPE: | Extruded Wirecut Brick Class A |
| :--- | :--- |
| COLOURS: | Staffordshire Blue, Staffordshire Brown Brindle, Staffordshire Red |
| STRUCTURE: | Solid or perforated |
| TEXTURE: | Smooth |
| SIZE: | Complies with dimensions and tolerances of BS EN 771-1: 2011+A1: 2015 |


| Dimensions | Weight | No. per m² $^{\mathbf{2}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  | (10mm joints) |
| $215 \times 102.5 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 3.3 Tonnes per 1,000 | 60 |
| $215 \times 102.5 \times 73 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 3.8 Tonnes per 1,000 | 53 |


| Packing: | Banded for fork lift off-loading - 400 per pack 65 mm |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 368 per pack 73 mm |
| Weight per pack: | 65 mm 1320 kg solid | 73 mm 1400 kg solid |
|  | 65 mm 980kg perf | 73 mm 1070kg perf |

## European Standard BS EN 771-1: 2011+A1:2015

| Type of brick | Solid |
| :--- | :--- |
| Appearance | Blue Smooth / Brown Brindle Smooth / Red Smooth |
| Manufacture | extruded, wirecut |
| Compressive strength | $\geq 125 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}^{2}$ |
| Category | II |
| Masonry Unit Group | HD |
| Engineering Grade | A |
| Water absorption | $\leq 4.5 \%$ |
| Initial Rate of Water absorption | $\leq 1.5 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{metre} /$ minute |
| Thermal Conductivity | On Application |
| Bond Strength | $0.15 \mathrm{~N} / \mathrm{mm}$ |
| Net Dry Density | $2200 \mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}^{3}$ (Typically) |
| Density Tolerance | D1 |
| Soluble salt content | S 2 |
| Durability | F2 |
| Fire Reaction | A1 |
| Dimensional Tolerance Mean | T 2 |
| Dimensional Tolerance Range | R1 |



## KETLEY

## BRICK

## Bricks, Slips and Pavers

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## $\theta$ <br> Systems



# RADIUS SYSTEMS WHO WE ARE 

First PE pipe supplied by Radius systems 1969

> Since 1969,
> when we supplied the first polyethylene (PE) gas pipe into the UK, we have constantly been at the forefront of innovation, with the development and manufacture of smart and flexbile PE pipeline solutions.

Designed for new infrastructures and for the replacement or rehabilitation of existing pipelines, our pipe range is an innovative offering specifically engineered for the transportation and distribution of gas, water and wastewater. In addition, our PE pipes are the ideal solution for the protection of cables in the power and renewable energy sectors.

Polyethylene is lightweight, does not corrode and is the ideal material for the construction of all pipelines. Polyethylene is inert and offers excellent chemical resistance. It can be successfully combined with other materials such as polypropylene or aluminium to form multi-layer pipes designed for specialist installation techniques or for the protection of drinking water.

One of the other many benefits of polyethylene pipes is that they can be fused together to form a fully welded, one piece pipeline for maximum leak-tightness, with end load bearing properties, overcoming the need for
restraints, such as concrete anchor blocks. The longevity and outstanding properties of polyethylene, which include flexibility, durability, smooth internal bore which increases the hydraulic characteristics of pipes, have made it the material of choice for utility companies, specifiers and contractors.

Available in diameters 20 to 1,200 mm in PE80, PE100 or in a multilayer construction, our pipes are supplied in a wide range of SDRs and pressure ratings to suit your system's requirements and can be installed using open-cut or no-dig installation techniques. Our service and mains pipes are joined using industry standard butt-fusion or electrofusion welding techniques by trained installers.

Manufactured in our ISO 9001:2015 certified production facilities, our PE pipe solutions are approved to the most stringent national and international standards, to deliver a comprehensive service and mains pipe offering for all your pipeline network requirements.


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## POLYETHYLENE WATER PIPES

## ENGINEERED PIPE SOLUTIONS FOR MODERN WATER PIPELINE NETWORKS



As well as manufacturing solid wall PE pipes, Radius Systems have developed a state-of-the-art range of multi-layer pipes such as ProFuse ${ }^{\oplus}$, a unique peelable pipe specially designed for maximum jointing integrity and ideally suited for no-dig installation techniques, and our Puriton ${ }^{\oplus}$ barrier pipe, which is part of an exclusive pipe system designed to protect drinking water through contaminated land.

| Pipe type | Application and suitability |
| :---: | :---: |
| Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ Barrier pipe | - Barrier pipe for use in contaminated land for the protection of drinking water <br> - Below ground potable water use up to 16 bar <br> - A multi-layer pipe manufactured from PE80 or PE 100 with an aluminum barrier layer <br> - Used for new pipelines, network rehabilitation and pipe replacement <br> - Installed using open-cut or suitable no-dig installation techniques |
| ProFuse ${ }^{\oplus}$ Peelable pipe | - A multi-layer pipe with a peelable outer skin for maximum jointing integrity and installation cost savings <br> - Below ground potable water use up to 16 bar <br> - Used for new pipelines, network rehabilitation and pipe replacement <br> - Ideal for no-dig and open-cut installation techniques |
| CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ <br> Factory sealed coils | - Factory sealed coils to prevent pipe bore contamination <br> - Manufactured from ProFuse ${ }^{\text {e }}$ peelable pipe for maximum joint integrity <br> - Below ground potable water use up to 10 bar <br> - Ideal for no-dig and open-cut installation techniques |
| SC80 light blue Service water pipe | - Service pipe offering manufactured from PE80 with a black inner and a light blue outer <br> - Below ground potable water use up to 12.5 bar <br> - Used for new pipelines, network rehabilitation and pipe replacement <br> - Installed using open-cut or no-dig installation techniques |
| SC 100 dark blue Mains water pipe | - Mains pipe offering manufactured from PE100 with a black inner and a dark blue outer <br> - Below ground potable water use up to 16 bar <br> - Used for new pipelines, network rehabilitation and pipe replacement <br> - Installed using open-cut or no-dig installation techniques |



## Protecting your drinking water through contaminated land.

The barrier pipe system of choice for your new or replacement potable water supply, Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ is the cutting edge solution for the safe distribution of drinking water through contaminated land.

Designed to provide a high level of protection against soil contaminants commonly found in brownfield sites, Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ is a multi-layer composite structure pipe, combining the unique characteristics of polyethylene (PE) with the exceptional barrier properties of aluminium (Al).

Specifically designed to offer water companies and developers of new housing, warehouses and industrial buildings on brownfield sites an engineered pipe solution, Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ is lightweight, flexible, corrosion resistant and easy to install, without the need to post-wrap the finished joints. The pipe can be joined with our comprehensive range of approved electrofusion and mechanical fittings specifically developed for the Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe, to give you the assurance of a safe and durable system that protects your drinking water.

## Features and Benefits

- Multi-layer pipe construction PE-AI-PE.
- Brown stripes denote a multi-layer construction.
- Full barrier pipe system.
- Combines the flexibility of polyethylene with the barrier properties of aluminium.
- Safeguards drinking water quality.
- Easy to handle, flexible and lightweight.
- End load resistant system.
- Installation cost savings - no requirement for thrust blocks.
- No requirement to post-wrap the joints.
- Suitable for most installation techniques.
- Suitable for new and replacement drinking water supply systems.



## Approvals

- Approved under regulation 31 of the Water Supply (Water Quality) Regulations 2000 for pipe diameters 90 to 180 mm .
- WRAS approved PE80 material.
- BS 8588:2017 for 25 to 180 mm pipe.


KM 592372 KM 672956

- WIS $4-32-19^{*}$ for 25 to 180 mm pipe.


## Product Range



## Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ service pipe

A 'Type A' pipe, as defined in BS8588 and WIS 4-32-19*.
Available in diameters 25 to 63 mm in coils or in straight lengths, our Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ service pipe is manufactured from a black PE80 core, an aluminium barrier layer and a light blue PE80 outer. Quick and easy to join without pipe surface preparation, the Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ service pipe uses our range of cutting edge mechanical fittings and Redman ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ fittings for our 63 mm pipe.

| Nominal <br> diameter | SDR | Pressure <br> rating | Product code <br> straight pipe | Product code coiled pipe |  |  | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | Bar | 6 m | 25 m | 50 m | 100 m | $\mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}$ |
| 25 | 11 | 12.5 | - | - | XQ2528 | - | 0.3 |
| 32 | 11 | 12.5 | - | - | XQ2535 | - | 0.5 |
| 63 | 11 | 12.5 | XQ2568 | XQ2570 | XQ2571 | XQ2572 | 1.5 |



## Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ mains pipe

A 'Type A' pipe, as defined in BS8588 and WIS 4-32-19*.
Available in diameters 90 to 180 mm in coils or in straight lengths, our Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ mains pipe is manufactured from a black PE 100 core, an aluminium barrier layer and a dark blue PE 100 outer. Our Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ mains pipes are joined using our state-of-the-art range of Redman ${ }^{\text {M }}$ fittings and approved electrofusion fittings, or the butt-fusion jointing technique.

| Nominal <br> diameter | SDR | Pressure <br> rating | Product code <br> straight pipe |  |  | Product code coiled <br> pipe | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Bar | 6 m | $\mathbf{1 2 m}$ | 50 m | 100 m | $\mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}$ |
| $\mathbf{m m}$ |  | 11 | 16 | XQ0125 | XQ0126 | XQ0128 | XQ0129 |
| 90 | 11 | 16 | XQ0233 | XQ0235 | XQ0236 | XQ0237 | 3.9 |
| 110 | 11 | 16 | XQ0287 | XQ0289 | XQ0290 | XQ0291 | 5.0 |
| 125 | 11 | 16 | XQ0458 | XQ0460 | XQ0461 | XQ0462 | 8.0 |
| 160 | 11 | 16 | 16 | XQ0530 | XQ0532 | XQ0534 | XQ0535 |
| 180 | 11 | 9.9 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 90 | 17 | 10 | XQ0143 | XQ0145 | XQ0146 | XQ0147 | 2.1 |
| 110 | 17 | 10 | XQ0251 | XQ0253 | XQ0254 | XQ0255 | 2.9 |
| 125 | 17 | 10 | XQ0305 | XQ0307 | XQ0308 | XQ0309 | 3.6 |
| 160 | 17 | 10 | XQ0476 | XQ0478 | XQ0479 | XQ0480 | 5.7 |
| 180 | 17 | 10 | XQ0550 | XQ0552 | XQ0554 | XQ0555 | 7.1 |

Note: Pipe weights shown are for lifting and handling purposes. They are based on the maximum diameter and pipe wall thicknesses as specified in BS 8588.

[^2]* WIS 4-32-19 is now superseded by BS 8588:2017


# PROFUS: <br> PEELABLE 

 PIPE
## Maximum jointing integrity for asset longevity and installation cost savings.

ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ is a leading pipe innovation offering a high performance solution with optimum joint integrity, damage protection and reduced installation time and costs to asset owners.

Manufactured from high performance PE 100, ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ has been designed with a unique peelable polypropylene skin that offers excellent abrasion resistance and protects the pipe during handling, transportation and installation. The skin, which is applied to the core pipe during the manufacturing process using melt on melt technology, is easily removed using our specially designed pipe exposure tool (PET). Once the skin is removed, the pipe surface is ready to be joined, without the need for further pipe preparation, using electrofusion and butt-fusion welding techniques, as well as our innovative range of Redman ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ hydraulic compression fittings or other suitably approved mechanical fittings.

Ideal for open cut, slip lining, horizontal directional drilling and pipe bursting techniques, ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ is a superior pipe solution especially suited to no-dig installation methods, as its tough protective skin absorbs damage normally associated with those installation technologies.

Designed for maximum jointing integrity, ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ is the perfect solution for reduced installation costs, optimum installation quality, system reliability and longevity.

## Features and Benefits

- Optimum joint integrity

The peelable skin protects the pipe surface from contamination. Once removed, the pipe surface is in pristine condition, ready for jointing. This provides a high joint quality and maintains the integrity of your asset.

- Reduced installation time and cost

ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ offers reduced pipe preparation time, as the peelable skin is quick and easy to remove when a connection is required - it provides substantial installation time and cost benefits compared to hand scraping, specifically on large diameter pipes.

- Damage protection

Trenchless installation methods such as pipe bursting or directional drilling can often damage the surface of polyethylene pipes. The tough ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ skin protects the core of the pipe offering outstanding abrasion resistance during installation.

- Designer pipe

A variety of pipe sizes, SDRs, pressure ratings and lengths are available to meet your exact project requirements.


## Approvals

- Approved under regulation 31 of the Water Supply (Water Quality) Regulations 2000.
- BS EN 12201-2:2011+A1:2013.


## Product Range



SDR21 available on request

Note: Pipe weights shown are for lifting and handling purposes. They are based on the maximum diameter and pipe wall thickness as specified in BS EN 12201.

## Profuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe

Manufactured in diameters 75 to 630 mm in straight or coiled format, ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ is available in SDR 11 and SDR 17 as standard. For special projects requiring bespoke pipe diameters, SDRs and lengths, please contact Radius Systems.

| Nominal diameter | SDR | Pressure rating | Product code straight pipe |  | Product code coiled pipe |  | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | Bar | 6 m | 12m | 50 m | 100 m | kg/m |
| 90 | 11 | 16 | VE0125 | VE0127 | VE0128 | VE0129 | 2.7 |
| 110 | 11 | 16 | VE0233 | VE0235 | VE0236 | VE0237 | 3.8 |
| 125 | 11 | 16 | VE0287 | VE0289 | VE0290 | VE0291 | 4.9 |
| 160 | 11 | 16 | VE0458 | VE0460 | VE0461 | VE0462 | 7.7 |
| 180 | 11 | 16 | VE0530 | VE0532 | VE0534 | VE0535 | 9.7 |
| 200 | 11 | 16 | VE0607 | VE0609 | - | - | 11.8 |
| 225 | 11 | 16 | VE0711 | VE0713 | - | - | 14.9 |
| 250 | 11 | 16 | VE0766 | VE0769 | - | - | 18.1 |
| 280 | 11 | 16 | VE0879 | VE0881 | - | - | 22.6 |
| 315 | 11 | 16 | VE0985 | VE0988 | - | - | 28.4 |
| 355 | 11 | 16 | VE1044 | VE1047 | - | - | 35.9 |
| 400 | 11 | 16 | VE1104 | VE1107 | - | - | 45.3 |
| 450 | 11 | 16 | VE1219 | VE1221 | - | - | 57.1 |
| 500 | 11 | 16 | VE1327 | VE1329 | - | - | 70.2 |
| 560 | 11 | 16 | VE1383 | VE1385 | - | - | 87.5 |
| 75 | 17 | 10 | VE0108 | VE0109 | VE0110 | VEOIII | 1.4 |
| 90 | 17 | 10 | VE0143 | VE0145 | VE0146 | VE0147 | 2.0 |
| 110 | 17 | 10 | VE0251 | VE0253 | VE0254 | VE0255 | 2.8 |
| 125 | 17 | 10 | VE0305 | VE0307 | VE0308 | VE0309 | 3.5 |
| 140 | 17 | 10 | VE0359 | VE0361 | VE0362 | VE0363 | 4.3 |
| 160 | 17 | 10 | VE0476 | VE0478 | VE0479 | VE0480 | 5.5 |
| 180 | 17 | 10 | VE0550 | VE0552 | VE0554 | VE0555 | 6.8 |
| 200 | 17 | 10 | VE0621 | VE0623 | - | - | 8.3 |
| 225 | 17 | 10 | VE0725 | VE0727 | - | - | 10.4 |
| 250 | 17 | 10 | VE0784 | VE0787 | - | - | 12.7 |
| 280 | 17 | 10 | VE0895 | VE0897 | - | - | 15.7 |
| 315 | 17 | 10 | VE1003 | VE1006 | - | - | 19.8 |
| 355 | 17 | 10 | VE1062 | VE1065 | - | - | 25.0 |
| 400 | 17 | 10 | VE1122 | VE1125 | - | - | 31.3 |
| 450 | 17 | 10 | VE1235 | VE1237 | - | - | 39.4 |
| 500 | 17 | 10 | VE1343 | VE1345 | - | - | 48.4 |
| 560 | 17 | 10 | VE1399 | VE1401 | - | - | 60.4 |
| 630 | 17 | 10 | VE1455 | VE1457 | - | - | 76.1 |

## The Profuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ Pipe Exposure Tool (PET)

The only tool recommended for the quick, simple and safe removal of the ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ skin. The hardened steel blade cuts the ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ skin and lifts its edge to allow easy peeling from the pipe core.

- Single size tool for all sizes of ProFuse pipe
- Spring-loaded blade to minimise damage to the tip of the blade
- Direction marking for clear and simple operation
- Plastic body lightweight and durable
- Sculpted runners for blade protection and precise one handed control


Product code: FT0648

## CEANPIPE FACTORY SEALED

## Factory sealed coils for optimum cleanliness.

A leading-edge pipe innovation, CleanPipe ${ }^{T M}$ is Radius Systems' special range of factory sealed coils designed to reduce the risk of contaminants entering the drinking water network from manufacture to the connection point.

CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ is fitted with factory fused internal seals, which ensure that the pipe maintains its cleanliness from manufacture through to installation. The seals remove the need for chlorination before the pipe is installed, as they provide a tamper-proof, air and pressure-tight seal solution up to the pipe's point of connection.

CleanPipe ${ }^{T M}$ is ideal for no-dig installation techniques, as the recessed electrofusion seals inserted at both ends of the pipe and fused in place during the manufacturing process, facilitate the use of towing heads for trenchless installation techniques.

CleanPipe ${ }^{T M}$ is available in ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ peelable pipe in diameters 90 to 180 mm for maximum damage protection to the core of the pipe.

## Features and Benefits

- Factory welded internal electrofusion seals

Ensure the bore remains clean throughout storage, transportation, until the point of connection.

- Sealed until connection

CleanPipe ${ }^{\top M}$ reduces the risk of contamination entering the water network.

- Pressure and air-tight

CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ eliminates the need for pre-chlorination before installation.

- Sealed at both ends

The installer can pressure test the pipe directly after installation without the need for additional cappingoff.

- 12 month shelf life

The internal bore of the pipe remains sterile for 12 months.

- Ideal for trenchless techniques

The external peelable skin offers maximum pipe protection, with the recessed seals giving the ability to use conventional towing heads.


## Approvals

- Approved under regulation 31 of the Water Supply (Water Quality) Regulations 2000.
- BS EN 12201-2:2011+A1:2013.


## Product Range



## CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$

Manufactured using ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ SDR 17 pipe, CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ is available in diameters 90 to 180 mm as standard, in 100 m coils for longer, joint free pipeline installation.

| Nominal diameter | SDR | Pressure rating | Product code coiled pipe | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | Bar | 100 m | kg/m |
| 90 | 17 | 10 | VF0147 | 2.0 |
| 125 | 17 | 10 | VF0309 | 3.5 |
| 180 | 17 | 10 | VF0555 | 6.8 |

Note: Pipe weights shown are for lifting and handling purposes. They are based on the maximum diameter and pipe wall thickness as specified in BS EN 12201.


Guaranteed cleanliness

- CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ coils are sealed at both ends of the pipe.
- The internal electrofusion caps are fused during the pipe's manufacturing process in a factory environment.
- CleanPipe ${ }^{T M}$ remains contamination free until the point of connection.
- CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ is the ideal solution for use in trenchless pipe installations.


## CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ shelf life

- CleanPipe's internal bore remains sterile for 12 months from the date of manufacture.
- The coils are individually coded with a month dependent coloured tape to indicate their shelf life. Operators should always check the expiry date shown on the CleanPipe ${ }^{T M}$ label on the pipe coil end.
- If the expiry date passes, the CleanPipe ${ }^{T M}$ seals can be removed and the pipe used as a standard ProFuse ${ }^{\oplus}$ pipe.
- Dated stock encourages good stock rotation.

Example of shelf life coloured tape

| Ti) RADIUS Promesen in PI Pept thchnalogies | Example of shelf life coloured tape |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | ainarleatopern <br> JULY <br> Sce U.Ebth on Plpe Ends for Actual Expiry Date | CleanPipe |
| (i) RADIUS | AUGUST <br> see unbeb at Pipe Ehds For Actisil Gopiry Dote | CleanPipe |
| (4) RADIUS <br>  | thentinthontin <br> SEPTEMBER <br>  | CleanPipe |
| RADIUS <br>  | OCTOBER <br> s-atamelt on hee thoz Rer Astail tuang asar | CleanPipe |
| (i) RADIUS |  <br> NOVEMBER <br> Set Labels on Pipe Ends for Manial Eapiry Date | CleanPipe |
| ii) RADIUS poreen in Pa Wpe Technciories |  <br> DECEMBER <br> Ser Labels on Pipe Ends for Actual Expiry Date | CleanPipe |

## Sc80 SOLID WALI PE80 PIPE

## The flexible service pipe solution for the distribution of drinking water.

Our SC80 (PE80) service pipes are solid wall polyethylene pipes developed as part of Radius Systems' continuous product improvement process.

Manufactured using a specialist co-extrusion technique, the pipes are produced as a single layer pipe wall construction with a black inner and an integral colour coded light blue outer, denoting the pipe's material and application.

Available in diameters 20 to 63 mm in SDR9 and SDR 11, our SC80 pipes can be joined using standard electrofusion techniques as well as our unique and innovative range of Redman ${ }^{\top \mathrm{M}}$ hydraulic compression fittings and suitable mechanical fittings.

## Features and Benefits

- Colour coded surface to easily identify the material and its application:
- PE80 black inner
- PE80 light blue outer
- Joined using electrofusion and approved mechanical jointing techniques.
- Simple pipe preparation using rotary or hand scraping tools for electrofusion jointing.
- Fully compatible with approved electrofusion, spigot, mechanical and Redman ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ fittings.
- Standard and bespoke pipe sizes and SDRs available to meet your specific project requirements.
- Suitable for open-cut and no-dig installation techniques and for use in pipeline rehabilitation projects.
- All pipes supplied with end closures to protect the pipe from dust or rodent ingress from manufacturing to installation.



## Approvals

- WRAS approved PE80 materials.


## دWRAS

APPROVED MATERIAL


- Approved under regulation 31 of the Water Supply (Water Quality) Regulations 2000.
- BS EN 12201-2:2011+A1:2013.


## Product Range



## SC80 pipe

| Nominal <br> diameter | SDR | Pressure <br> rating | Product <br> code <br> straight <br> pipe | Product code coiled pipe |  |  |  | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | Bar | 6 m | 25 m | 50 m | 100 m | 150 m | $\mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{m}$ |
| 20 | 9 | 12.5 | - | VA0020 | VA0021 | VA0022 | VA0023 | 0.2 |
| 25 | 11 | 12.5 | - | VA0027 | VA0028 | VA0029 | VA0030 | 0.2 |
| 32 | 11 | 12.5 | - | VA0034 | VA0035 | VA0036 | VA0037 | 0.3 |
| 40 | 11 | 12.5 | - | - | - | VA0041 | - | 0.5 |
| 50 | 11 | 12.5 | VA0049 | VA0054 | VA0051 | VA0052 | VA0053 | 0.7 |
| 63 | 11 | 12.5 | VA0068 | VA0070 | VA0071 | VA0072 | VA0073 | 1.1 |

Note: Pipe weights shown are for lifting and handling purposes. They are based on the maximum diameter and pipe wall thickness as specified in BS EN 12201.


## The high performance polyethylene mains pipe offering by Radius.

Our SC100 mains pipes are solid wall polyethylene pipes developed as part of Radius Systems' continuous product improvement process.

Manufactured from high performance PE 100 materials using a specialist co-extrusion technique, the pipes are produced as a single layer pipe wall construction with a black inner and an integral colour coded dark blue outer, denoting the pipe's material and application.

Available in diameters 90 to 630 mm for water pipeline pressure up to 16 bar, our SC100 pipes can be joined using standard electrofusion and butt-fusion welding techniques as well as our unique and innovative range of Redman ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ hydraulic compression fittings and suitable mechanical fittings.

## Features and Benefits

- Manufactured from high performance PE 100 material.
- Colour coded surface to easily identify the material and its application:
- PE 100 black inner
- PE100 dark blue outer
- Joined using conventional electrofusion and butt-fusion techniques.
- Simple pipe preparation using rotary or hand scraping tools for electrofusion jointing.
- Fully compatible with approved electrofusion, spigot, mechanical and Redman ${ }^{\top M}$ fittings.
- Standard and bespoke pipe sizes and SDRs available to meet your specific project requirements.
- Suitable for open-cut and no-dig installation techniques and for use in pipeline rehabilitation projects.
- All pipes supplied with end closures to protect the pipe from dust or rodent ingress from manufacturing to installation.



## Approvals

- Approved under regulation 31 of the Water Supply (Water Quality) Regulations 2000.
- BS EN 12201-2:2011+A1:2013.
- DVGW - DW-8143CR0347


## Product Range



SDR 21 / 26 available on request

## SC 100 pipe

| Nominal diameter | SDR | Pressure rating | Product code straight pipe |  |  | Product code coiled pipe |  | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | Bar | 6 m | 12m | 13.5m | 50m | 100m | kg/m |
| 90 | 11 | 16 | VC0125 | VC0127 | - | VC0128 | VC0129 | 2.3 |
| 110 | 11 | 16 | VC0233 | VC0235 | - | VC0236 | VC0237 | 3.3 |
| 125 | 11 | 16 | VC0287 | VC0289 | - | VC0290 | VC0291 | 4.3 |
| 160 | 11 | 16 | VC0458 | VC0460 | - | VC0461 | VC0462 | 7.1 |
| 180 | 11 | 16 | VC0530 | VC0532 | - | VC0534 | VC0535 | 9.0 |
| 200 | 11 | 16 | VC0607 | VC0609 | VC0610 | - | - | 11.0 |
| 225 | 11 | 16 | VC0711 | VC0713 | VC0714 | - | - | 14.0 |
| 250 | 11 | 16 | VC0766 | VC0769 | VC0770 | - | - | 17.2 |
| 280 | 11 | 16 | VC0879 | VC0881 | VC0882 | - | - | 21.5 |
| 315 | 11 | 16 | VC0985 | VC0988 | VC0989 | - | - | 27.2 |
| 355 | 11 | 16 | VC1044 | VC1047 | VC1048 | - | - | 34.5 |
| 400 | 11 | 16 | VC1104 | VC1107 | VC1108 | - | - | 43.8 |
| 450 | 11 | 16 | VC1219 | VC1221 | VC1222 | - | - | 55.5 |
| 500 | 11 | 16 | VC1327 | VC1329 | VC1330 | - | - | 68.4 |
| 560 | 11 | 16 | VC1383 | VC1385 | - | - | - | 85.7 |
| 630 | 11 | 16 | VC1439 | VC1441 | - | - | - | 108.6 |
| 90 | 17 | 10 | VC0143 | VC0145 | - | VC0146 | VC0147 | 1.6 |
| 110 | 17 | 10 | VC0251 | VC0253 | - | VC0254 | VC0255 | 2.3 |
| 125 | 17 | 10 | VC0305 | VC0307 | - | VC0308 | VC0309 | 3.0 |
| 160 | 17 | 10 | VC0476 | VC0478 | - | VC0479 | VC0480 | 4.8 |
| 180 | 17 | 10 | VC0550 | VC0552 | VC0558 | VC0554 | VC0555 | 6.1 |
| 200 | 17 | 10 | VC0621 | VC0623 | VC0624 | - | - | 7.5 |
| 225 | 17 | 10 | VC0725 | VC0727 | VC0728 | - | - | 9.5 |
| 250 | 17 | 10 | VC0784 | VC0787 | VC0788 | - | - | 11.6 |
| 280 | 17 | 10 | VC0895 | VC0897 | VC0898 | - | - | 14.6 |
| 315 | 17 | 10 | VC1003 | VC1006 | VC1007 | - | - | 18.5 |
| 355 | 17 | 10 | VC1062 | VC1065 | VC1066 | - | - | 23.6 |
| 400 | 17 | 10 | VC1122 | VC1125 | VC1126 | - | - | 29.7 |
| 450 | 17 | 10 | VC1235 | VC1237 | VC1238 | - | - | 37.7 |
| 500 | 17 | 10 | VC1343 | VC1345 | VC1346 | - | - | 46.5 |
| 560 | 17 | 10 | VC1399 | VC1401 | VC1402 | - | - | 58.3 |
| 630 | 17 | 10 | VC1455 | VC1457 | - | - | - | 73.8 |

Note: Pipe weights shown are for lifting and handling purposes. They are based on the maximum diameter and pipe wall thickness as specified in BS EN 12201.


## Coil pack quantity and dimensions

## Coil pack quantity

## Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe



| Pipe nominal <br> diameter | Pack <br> quantity | Total pack <br> length | Pack <br> quantity | Total pack <br> length | Pack <br> quantity | Total pack <br> length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $m m$ | 25 m | $m$ | 50 m | $m$ | 100 m | m |
| 25 | - | - | 6 | 300 | - | - |
| 32 | - | - | 6 | 300 | - | - |
| 63 | 6 | 150 | 6 | 300 | 4 | 400 |

SC80 and universal black PE 100

| Pipe <br> nominal <br> diameter | Pack <br> quantity | Total <br> pack <br> length | Pack <br> quantity | Total <br> pack <br> length | Pack <br> quantity | Total <br> pack <br> length | Pack <br> quantity | Total <br> pack <br> length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathbf{m m}$ | $\mathbf{2 5} \mathbf{m}$ | m | 50 m | m | 100 m | m | $\mathbf{1 5 0} \mathrm{~m}$ | m |
| 20 | 9 | 225 | 9 | 450 | 9 | 900 | 7 | 1050 |
| 25 | 10 | 250 | 8 | 400 | 7 | 700 | 5 | 750 |
| 32 | 8 | 200 | 8 | 400 | 4 | 400 | 4 | 600 |
| 40 | - | - | - | - | 6 | 600 | 5 | 750 |
| 50 | 9 | 225 | 5 | 250 | 5 | 500 | 4 | 600 |
| 63 | 9 | 225 | 6 | 300 | 4 | 400 | 3 | 450 |

## Coil dimensions

|  | Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Pipe nominal diameter | SDR | Coil length | Coil outer diameter | Coil inner diameter | Coil width | Coil banding sequence | Coil weight |
| $\Varangle$ | mm |  | m | mm | mm | mm |  | kg |
|  | 25 | 11 | 50 | 965 | 785 | 175 | - | 14.5 |
|  | 32 | 11 | 50 | 1015 | 785 | 175 | - | 22.0 |
|  | 63 | 11 | 25 | 1510 | 1275 | 230 | - | 36.3 |
|  | 63 | 11 | 50 | 1815 | 1275 | 208 | - | 72.5 |
|  | 63 | 11 | 100 | 1815 | 1275 | 310 | - | 145.0 |
|  | 90 | 11 | 50 | 2220 | 1800 | 320 | - | 137.9 |
|  | 90 | 11 | 100 | 2440 | 1800 | 410 | - | 275.7 |
|  | 90 | 17 | 50 | 2930 | 2500 | 320 | - | 102.7 |
|  | 90 | 17 | 100 | 3000 | 2500 | 410 | - | 205.4 |
|  | 110 | 11 | 50 | 3000 | 2500 | 320 | - | 197.1 |
|  | 110 | 11 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 410 | - | 394.1 |
|  | 110 | 17 | 50 | 3000 | 2500 | 400 | - | 145.7 |
|  | 110 | 17 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 500 | - | 291.4 |
|  | 125 | 11 | 50 | 3000 | 2500 | 450 | - | 251.0 |
|  | 125 | 11 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 600 | - | 502.0 |
|  | 125 | 17 | 50 | 3000 | 2500 | 450 | - | 181.6 |
|  | 125 | 17 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 600 | - | 363.1 |
|  | 160 | 11 | 50 | 3590 | 3000 | 530 | - | 397.6 |
|  | 160 | 11 | 100 | 3850 | 3000 | 700 | - | 795.2 |
|  | 160 | 17 | 50 | 3590 | 3000 | 530 | - | 284.4 |
|  | 160 | 17 | 100 | 3850 | 3000 | 700 | - | 568.8 |
|  | 180 | 11 | 50 | 3800 | 3000 | 630 | - | 496.3 |
|  | 180 | 11 | 100 | 4000 | 3000 | 800 | - | 992.6 |
|  | 180 | 17 | 50 | 3800 | 3000 | 630 | - | 353.0 |
|  | 180 | 17 | 100 | 4000 | 3000 | 800 | - | 706.0 |

Polyethylene Pipes

SC80, SC 100, universal black PE 100 and ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ coil dimensions

|  | $\stackrel{\circ}{0}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \frac{5}{\overline{0}} \\ & \frac{0}{\overline{0}} \\ & \bar{\circ} \end{aligned}$ |  |  | $\bar{\circ} \mathrm{o}$ |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | m | mm | mm | mm |  | kg | kg | kg |
| 20 | 9 | 25 | 710 | 600 | 100 | - | 3.5 | 3.5 | - |
| 20 | 9 | 50 | 780 | 600 | 100 | - | 7.0 | 7.0 | - |
| 20 | 9 | 100 | 885 | 600 | 120 | - | 14.0 | 14.0 | - |
| 20 | 9 | 150 | 885 | 600 | 180 | - | 21.0 | 21.0 | - |
| 25 | 11 | 25 | 740 | 600 | 150 | - | 4.5 | 4.5 | - |
| 25 | 11 | 50 | 780 | 600 | 150 | - | 9.0 | 9.0 | - |
| 25 | 11 | 100 | 910 | 600 | 175 | - | 18.0 | 18.0 | - |
| 25 | 11 | 150 | 910 | 600 | 225 | - | 27.0 | 27.0 | - |
| 32 | 11 | 25 | 875 | 700 | 145 | - | 7.3 | 7.5 | - |
| 32 | 11 | 50 | 990 | 700 | 145 | - | 14.5 | 15.0 | - |
| 32 | 11 | 100 | 990 | 700 | 275 | - | 29.0 | 30.0 | - |
| 32 | 11 | 150 | 1100 | 700 | 275 | - | 43.5 | 45.0 | - |
| 40 | 11 | 100 | 1800 | 1275 | 170 | - | 45.0 | - | - |
| 40 | 11 | 150 | 1780 | 1275 | 220 | - | 67.5 | - | - |
| 50 | 11 | 25 | 1600 | 1275 | 160 | - | 17.5 | 17.8 | - |
| 50 | 11 | 50 | 1800 | 1275 | 220 | - | 35.0 | 35.6 | - |
| 50 | 11 | 100 | 1880 | 1275 | 210 | - | 70.0 | 71.2 | - |
| 50 | 11 | 150 | 1880 | 1275 | 270 | - | 105.0 | 106.8 | - |
| 63 | 11 | 25 | 1740 | 1275 | 130 | - | 27.5 | 28.0 | - |
| 63 | 11 | 50 | 1815 | 1275 | 195 | - | 55.0 | 56.0 | - |
| 63 | 11 | 100 | 1810 | 1275 | 300 | - | 110.0 | 112.0 | - |
| 63 | 11 | 150 | 2035 | 1275 | 345 | - | 165.0 | 168.0 | - |
| 75 | 17 | 50 | 2220 | 1800 | 255 | - | - | - | 70.0 |
| 75 | 17 | 100 | 2220 | 1800 | 350 | - | - | - | 140.0 |
| 90 | 11 | 50 | 2220 | 1800 | 320 | - | - | 113.0 | 135.0 |
| 90 | 11 | 100 | 2440 | 1800 | 410 | - | - | 226.0 | 270.0 |
| 90 | 17 | 50 | 2930 | 2500 | 320 | - | - | 77.5 | 100.0 |
| 90 | 17 | 100 | 3000 | 2500 | 410 | - | - | 145.0 | 200.0 |
| 110 | 11 | 50 | 3000 | 2500 | 400 | - | - | 166.5 | 190.0 |
| 110 | 11 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 500 | - | - | 333.0 | 380.0 |
| 110 | 17 | 50 | 3000 | 2500 | 400 | - | - | 115.5 | 140.0 |
| 110 | 17 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 550 | - | - | 131.0 | 280.0 |
| 125 | 11 | 50 | 3000 | 2500 | 450 | - | - | 216.5 | 245.0 |
| 125 | 11 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 600 | - | - | 433.0 | 490.0 |
| 125 | 17 | 50 | 3000 | 2500 | 450 | - | - | 147.0 | 175.0 |
| 125 | 17 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 600 | - | - | 294.0 | 350.0 |
| 140 | 17 | 50 | 3530 | 3000 | 420 | - | - | - | 215.0 |
| 140 | 17 | 100 | 3700 | 3000 | 690 | - | - | - | 430.0 |
| 160 | 11 | 50 | 3590 | 3000 | 530 | - | - | 354.0 | 385.0 |
| 160 | 11 | 100 | 3850 | 3000 | 700 | - | - | 708.0 | 870.0 |
| 160 | 17 | 50 | 3590 | 3000 | 530 | - | - | 241.0 | 275.0 |
| 160 | 17 | 100 | 3850 | 3000 | 700 | - | - | 482.0 | 550.0 |
| 180 | 11 | 50 | 3800 | 3000 | 630 | - | - | 447.0 | 485.0 |
| 180 | 11 | 100 | 4000 | 3000 | 800 | - | - | 894.0 | 970.0 |
| 180 | 17 | 50 | 3800 | 3000 | 630 | - | - | 304.0 | 340.0 |
| 180 | 17 | 100 | 4000 | 3000 | 800 | - | - | 608.0 | 780.0 |

Note: The coil banding sequence can be found within this brochure. As part of Radius Systems' commitment to ongoing product
development, pipe coil dimensions may be subject to change.

## Pipe dimensions



SC80, SC 100, universal black PE 100 and ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ * pipe dimensions

| Nominal diameter | SDR | Outside diameter |  | Wall thickness |  | Internal diameter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |
| mm |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| 20 | 9 | 20.0 | 20.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 14.6 | 15.7 |
| 25 | 11 | 25.0 | 25.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 19.6 | 20.7 |
| 32 | 11 | 32.0 | 32.3 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 25.2 | 26.3 |
| 40 | 11 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 31.6 | 33.0 |
| 50 | 11 | 50.0 | 50.4 | 4.6 | 5.2 | 39.6 | 41.2 |
| 63 | 11 | 63.0 | 63.4 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 50.0 | 51.8 |
| 75 | 11 | 75.0 | 75.5 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 59.8 | 61.9 |
| 90 | 11 | 90.0 | 90.6 | 8.2 | 9.2 | 71.6 | 74.2 |
| 110 | 11 | 11.0 | 110.7 | 10.0 | 11.1 | 87.8 | 90.7 |
| 125 | 11 | 125.0 | 125.8 | 11.4 | 12.7 | 99.6 | 103.0 |
| 140 | 11 | 140.0 | 140.9 | 12.7 | 14.1 | 111.8 | 115.5 |
| 160 | 11 | 160.0 | 161.0 | 14.6 | 16.2 | 127.6 | 131.8 |
| 180 | 11 | 180.0 | 181.1 | 16.4 | 18.2 | 143.6 | 148.3 |
| 200 | 11 | 200.0 | 201.2 | 18.2 | 20.2 | 159.6 | 164.8 |
| 225 | 11 | 225.0 | 226.4 | 20.5 | 22.7 | 179.6 | 185.4 |
| 250 | 11 | 250.0 | 251.5 | 22.7 | 25.1 | 199.8 | 206.1 |
| 280 | 11 | 280.0 | 281.7 | 25.4 | 28.1 | 223.8 | 230.9 |
| 315 | 11 | 315.0 | 316.9 | 28.6 | 31.6 | 251.8 | 259.7 |
| 355 | 11 | 355.0 | 357.2 | 32.2 | 35.6 | 283.8 | 292.8 |
| 400 | 11 | 400.0 | 402.4 | 36.3 | 40.1 | 319.8 | 329.8 |
| 450 | 11 | 450.0 | 452.7 | 40.9 | 45.1 | 359.8 | 370.9 |
| 500 | 11 | 500.0 | 503.0 | 45.4 | 50.1 | 399.8 | 412.2 |
| 560 | 11 | 560.0 | 563.4 | 50.8 | 56.0 | 448.0 | 461.8 |
| 75 | 17 | 75.0 | 75.5 | 4.5 | 5.1 | 64.8 | 66.5 |
| 90 | 17 | 90.0 | 90.6 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 77.8 | 79.8 |
| 110 | 17 | 110.0 | 110.7 | 6.6 | 7.4 | 95.2 | 97.5 |
| 125 | 17 | 125.0 | 125.8 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 108.4 | 111.0 |
| 140 | 17 | 140.0 | 140.9 | 8.3 | 9.3 | 121.4 | 124.3 |
| 160 | 17 | 160.0 | 161.0 | 9.5 | 10.6 | 138.8 | 142.0 |
| 180 | 17 | 180.0 | 181.1 | 10.7 | 11.9 | 156.2 | 159.7 |
| 200 | 17 | 200.0 | 201.2 | 11.9 | 13.2 | 173.6 | 177.4 |
| 225 | 17 | 225.0 | 226.4 | 13.4 | 14.9 | 195.2 | 199.6 |
| 250 | 17 | 250.0 | 251.5 | 14.8 | 16.4 | 217.2 | 221.9 |
| 280 | 17 | 280.0 | 281.7 | 16.6 | 18.4 | 243.2 | 248.5 |
| 315 | 17 | 315.0 | 316.9 | 18.7 | 20.7 | 273.6 | 279.5 |
| 355 | 17 | 355.0 | 357.2 | 21.1 | 23.4 | 308.2 | 315.0 |
| 400 | 17 | 400.0 | 402.4 | 23.7 | 26.2 | 347.6 | 355.0 |
| 450 | 17 | 450.0 | 452.7 | 26.7 | 29.5 | 391.0 | 399.3 |
| 500 | 17 | 500.0 | 503.0 | 29.7 | 32.8 | 434.4 | 443.6 |
| 560 | 17 | 560.0 | 563.4 | 33.2 | 36.7 | 486.6 | 497.0 |
| 630 | 17 | 630.0 | 633.8 | 37.4 | 41.3 | 547.4 | 559.0 |
| 710 | 17 | 710.0 | 716.4 | 42.1 | 46.5 | 617.0 | 632.2 |
| 800 | 17 | 800.0 | 807.2 | 47.4 | 52.3 | 695.4 | 712.4 |
| 225 | 21 | 225.0 | 226.4 | 10.8 | 12.0 | 201.0 | 204.8 |
| 250 | 21 | 250.0 | 251.5 | 11.9 | 13.2 | 223.6 | 227.7 |
| 280 | 21 | 280.0 | 281.7 | 13.4 | 14.9 | 250.2 | 254.9 |
| 315 | 21 | 315.0 | 316.9 | 15.0 | 16.6 | 281.8 | 286.9 |
| 355 | 21 | 355.0 | 357.2 | 16.9 | 18.7 | 317.6 | 323.4 |
| 400 | 21 | 400.0 | 402.4 | 19.1 | 21.2 | 357.6 | 364.2 |
| 450 | 21 | 450.0 | 452.7 | 21.5 | 23.8 | 402.4 | 409.7 |
| 500 | 21 | 500.0 | 503.0 | 23.9 | 26.4 | 447.2 | 455.2 |
| 560 | 21 | 560.0 | 563.4 | 26.7 | 29.5 | 501.0 | 510.0 |
| 630 | 21 | 630.0 | 633.8 | 30.0 | 33.1 | 563.8 | 573.8 |
| 710 | 21 | 710.0 | 716.4 | 33.9 | 37.4 | 635.2 | 648.6 |
| 800 | 21 | 800.0 | 807.2 | 38.1 | 42.1 | 715.8 | 731.0 |



SC80, SC 100, universal black PE 100 and ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ * pipe dimensions

| Nominal <br> diameter | SDR | Outside diameter |  | Wall thickness |  | Internal diameter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |
|  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |  |
| 900 | 21 | 900.0 | 908.1 | 42.9 | 47.3 | 805.4 | 822.3 |
| 1000 | 21 | 1000.0 | 1009.0 | 47.7 | 52.6 | 894.8 | 913.6 |
| 315 | 26 | 315.0 | 316.9 | 12.1 | 13.5 | 288.0 | 292.7 |
| 355 | 26 | 355.0 | 357.2 | 13.6 | 15.1 | 324.8 | 330.0 |
| 400 | 26 | 400.0 | 402.4 | 15.3 | 17.0 | 366.0 | 371.8 |
| 450 | 26 | 450.0 | 452.7 | 17.2 | 19.1 | 411.8 | 418.3 |
| 500 | 26 | 500.0 | 503.0 | 19.1 | 21.2 | 457.6 | 464.8 |
| 630 | 26 | 630.0 | 633.8 | 24.1 | 26.7 | 576.6 | 585.6 |
| 710 | 26 | 710.0 | 716.4 | 27.2 | 30.1 | 649.8 | 662.0 |
| 800 | 26 | 800.0 | 807.2 | 30.6 | 33.8 | 732.4 | 746.0 |
| 900 | 26 | 900.0 | 908.1 | 34.4 | 38.3 | 823.4 | 839.3 |
| 1000 | 26 | 1000.0 | 1009.0 | 38.2 | 42.2 | 915.6 | 932.6 |
| 1100 | 26 | 1100.0 | 1109.9 | 42.3 | 46.6 | 1006.6 | 1025.3 |
| 1200 | 26 | 1200.0 | 1210.8 | 45.9 | 50.6 | 1098.8 | 1119.0 |

Note: Pipe dimensions based on the PE water pipe specification BS EN 12201:2 are provided for guidance only.

* For ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe, the dimensions within the table only relate to the PE 100 core pipe and do not include the outer polypropylene skin. The thickness of the skin ranges between 0.6 and 1.2 mm across the range of pipe diameters.
${ }^{1}$ Dimensions based on in-house specification.



## Puriton® pipe dimensions

| Nominal diameter | SDR | Core pipe outside diameter |  | Core pipe wall thickness |  | Overall external diameter |  | Internal diameter |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |
| mm |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| 25 | 11 | 25.0 | 25.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 27.0 | 27.6 | 19.6 | 20.7 |
| 32 | 11 | 32.0 | 32.3 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 34.0 | 34.6 | 25.2 | 26.3 |
| 63 | 11 | 63.0 | 63.4 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 64.8 | 65.8 | 50.0 | 51.8 |
| 90 | 11 | 90.0 | 90.6 | 8.2 | 9.2 | 92.2 | 93.8 | 71.6 | 74.2 |
| 110 | 11 | 110.0 | 110.7 | 10.0 | 11.1 | 112.2 | 113.9 | 87.8 | 90.7 |
| 125 | 11 | 125.0 | 125.8 | 11.4 | 12.4 | 127.2 | 129.0 | 99.6 | 103.0 |
| 160 | 11 | 160.0 | 161.0 | 14.6 | 16.2 | 162.2 | 164.2 | 127.6 | 131.8 |
| 180 | 11 | 180.0 | 181.1 | 16.4 | 18.2 | 182.2 | 184.3 | 143.6 | 148.3 |
| 90 | 17 | 90.0 | 90.6 | 5.4 | 6.1 | 92.2 | 93.8 | 77.8 | 79.8 |
| 110 | 17 | 110.0 | 110.7 | 6.6 | 7.4 | 112.2 | 113.9 | 95.2 | 97.5 |
| 125 | 17 | 125.0 | 125.8 | 7.4 | 8.3 | 127.2 | 129.0 | 108.4 | 111.0 |
| 160 | 17 | 160.0 | 161.0 | 9.5 | 10.6 | 162.2 | 164.2 | 138.8 | 142.0 |
| 180 | 17 | 180.0 | 181.1 | 10.7 | 11.9 | 182.2 | 184.3 | 156.2 | 159.7 |

Note: The Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ core pipe dimensions are based on the PE water pipe specification BS EN 12201:2 and are provided for guidance only. They do not include the outer aluminium and PE layers.


## UNIVERSAL POLYETHYLENE PIPES

## ENGINEERED PIPE SOLUTION FOR MODERN PIPELINE NETWORKS



## The versatile pipe solution for water, power and renewable energy applications.

Radius Systems' universal black PE 100 pipes are the most versatile and widest pipe offering for non potable, potable water, power and renewable energy pipeline projects. Manufactured from high performance polyethylene, with a solid wall construction, our universal black pipes are available in diameters 20 to 1200 mm in a range of SDRs and pressure ratings, and can be tailored to fit the most challenging pipeline projects.

The versatility of our black pipes means that they can be used above ground for potable water ${ }^{(*)}$, and below ground in a diverse range of applications:

- Hydroelectricity schemes
- Geothermal pipework
- Buried fire protection ring mains

Sewerage systems
Rainwater drainage
Fish farming (cage frames)
Marine outfall
Irrigation systems
Ducting for electricity cabling in renewable energy projects

Our universal black pipes are easily joined using industry standard electrofusion and butt-fusion welding techniques, as well as our unique and innovative range of Redman ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ hydraulic compression fittings and suitable mechanical fittings.

## Features and Benefits

- A versatile black PE pipe offering suitable for a wide range of applications.
- Joined using conventional electrofusion and butt-fusion techniques.
- Simple pipe preparation using rotary or hand scraping tools for electrofusion jointing.
- Fully compatible with approved electrofusion, spigot, mechanical and Redman ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ fittings.
- Standard and bespoke pipe sizes and SDRs available to meet your specific project requirements.
- Suitable for open-cut and no-dig installation techniques and for use in pipeline rehabilitation projects.


## Approvals

- Approved under regulation 31 of the Water Supply (Water Quality) Regulations 2000.
- BS EN 12201-2: 2011+A1:2013.
${ }^{(*)}$ Approval should be sought from the water undertaker before installing PE black pipe above ground for potable water use.



## Universal black PE 100 pipe

|  | $\stackrel{\circ}{\circ}$ |  | Product code straight pipe |  |  | Product code coiled pipe |  |  |  | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | Bar | 6 m | 12 m | 13.5m | 25 m | 50m | 100m | 150 | kg/m |
| 20 | 9 | 16 | - | - | - | VC2520 | VC2521 | VC2522 | VC2523 | 0.2 |
| 25 | 11 | 16 | - | - | - | VC2527 | VC2528 | VC2529 | VC2530 | 0.2 |
| 32 | 11 | 16 | - | - | - | VC2534 | VC2535 | VC2536 | VC2537 | 0.3 |
| 50 | 11 | 16 | - | - | - | VC2554 | VC2551 | VC2552 | VC2553 | 0.7 |
| 63 | 11 | 16 | VC2568 | - | - | VC2570 | VC2571 | VC2572 | VC2573 | 1.1 |
| 90 | 11 | 16 | VC2625 | - | - | - | VC2628 | VC2629 | - | 2.3 |
| 110 | 11 | 16 | VC2733 | VC2735 | - | - | VC2736 | VC2737 | - | 3.3 |
| 125 | 11 | 16 | VC2787 | VC2789 | - | - | VC2790 | VC2791 | - | 4.3 |
| 140 | 11 | 16 | - | VC2843 | - | - | - | - | - | 5.4 |
| 160 | 11 | 16 | VC2958 | VC2960 | - | - | VC2961 | VC2962 | - | 7.1 |
| 180 | 11 | 16 | VC3030 | VC3032 | - | - | VC3034 | VC3035 | - | 9.0 |
| 200 | 11 | 16 | VC3107 | VC3109 | - | - |  | - | - | 11.0 |
| 225 | 11 | 16 | VC3211 | VC3213 | - | - | - | - | - | 14.0 |
| 250 | 11 | 16 | VC3266 | VC3269 | - | - | - | - | - | 17.1 |
| 315 | 11 | 16 | VC3485 | VC3488 | - | - | - | - | - | 27.2 |
| 355 | 11 | 16 | VC3544 | VC3547 | - | - | - | - | - | 34.5 |
| 400 | 11 | 16 | - | VC3607 | - | - | - | - | - | 43.8 |
| 450 | 11 | 16 | - | VC3721 | - | - | - | - | - | 55.5 |
| 500 | 11 | 16 | - | VC3829 | - | - | - | - | - | 68.4 |
| 560 | 11 | 16 | - | VC3885 | - | - | - | - | - | 85.7 |
| 90 | 17 | 10 | VC2643 | VC2645 | - | - | VC2646 | VC2647 | - | 1.6 |
| 110 | 17 | 10 | VC2751 | VC2753 | - | - | VC2754 | VC2755 | - | 2.3 |
| 125 | 17 | 10 | VC2805 | VC2807 | - | - | VC2808 | VC2809 | - | 3.0 |
| 160 | 17 | 10 | VC2976 | VC2978 | - | - | VC2979 | VC2980 | - | 4.8 |
| 180 | 17 | 10 | VC3050 | VC3052 | - | - | VC3054 | VC3055 | - | 6.1 |
| 200 | 17 | 10 | VC3121 | VC3123 | - | - | - | - | - | 7.5 |
| 225 | 17 | 10 | VC3225 | VC3227 | VC3228 | - | - | - | - | 9.5 |
| 250 | 17 | 10 | VC3284 | VC3287 | VC3288 | - | - | - | - | 11.6 |
| 280 | 17 | 10 | VC3395 | VC3397 | - | - | - | - | - | 14.6 |
| 315 | 17 | 10 | VC3503 | VC3506 | VC3507 | - | - | - | - | 18.5 |
| 355 | 17 | 10 | VC3562 | VC3565 | VC3566 | - | - | - | - | 23.6 |
| 400 | 17 | 10 | VC3622 | VC3625 | - | - | - | - | - | 29.7 |
| 450 | 17 | 10 | VC3735 | VC3737 | VC3738 | - | - | - | - | 37.7 |
| 500 | 17 | 10 | VC3843 | VC3845 | VC3846 | - | - | - | - | 46.5 |
| 560 | 17 | 10 | VC3899 | VC3901 | VC3902 | - | - | - | - | 58.3 |
| 630 | 17 | 10 | VC3955 | VC3957 | VC3902 | - | - | - | - | 73.8 |
| 315 | 21 | 8 | - | - | VC3524 | - | - | - | - | 15.0 |
| 400 | 21 | 8 | - | - | VC3644 | - | - | - | - | 24.4 |
| 450 | 21 | 8 | - | - | VC3754 | - | - | - | - | 30.8 |
| 500 | 21 | 8 | - | - | VC3862 | - | - | - | - | 38.0 |
| 560 | 21 | 8 | - | - | VC3918 | - | - | - | - | 47.5 |
| 630 | 21 | 8 | - | - | VC3974 | - | - | - | - | 60.0 |
| 710 | 21 | 8 | - | - | VC4030 | - | - | - | - | 72.8 |
| 800 | 21 | 8 | - | - | VC4086 | - | - | - | - | 97.1 |
| 900 | 21 | 8 | - | - | VC4142 | - | - | - | - | 122.8 |
| 1000 | 21 | 8 | - | - | VC4190 | - | - | - | - | 151.6 |



Universal black PE 100 pipe - continued

|  | \% |  | Product code straight pipe |  |  | Product code coiled pipe |  |  |  | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | Bar | 6m | 12m | 13.5m | 25 m | 50 m | 100m | 150 | kg/m |
| 315 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC3532 | - | - | - | - | 12.4 |
| 355 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC3592 | - | - | - | - | 15.6 |
| 400 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC3653 | - | - | - | - | 19.8 |
| 450 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC3762 | - | - | - | - | 25.0 |
| 500 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC3870 | - | - | - | - | 30.8 |
| 560 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC3926 | - | - | - | - | 38.6 |
| 630 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC3982 | - | - | - | - | 48.9 |
| 710 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC4038 | - | - | - | - | 62.3 |
| 800 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC4094 | - | - | - | - | 78.9 |
| 900 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC4150 | - | - | - | - | 100.5 |
| 1000 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC4198 | - | - | - | - | 128.0 |
| 1100 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC4254 | - | - | - | - | 148.0 |
| 1200 | 26 | 6 | - | - | VC4310 | - | - | - | - | 177.1 |

Note: Pipe weights shown are for liffing and handling purposes. They are based on the maximum diameter and pipe wall thicknesses as specified in BS EN 12201.

## PIPES FOR GAS

## POLYETHYLENE GAS PIPES

## ENGINEERED PIPE SOLUTIONS FOR MODERN GAS PIPELINE NETWORKS



As well as providing solid wall PE pipes for new installations and pipeline rehabilitation, Radius Systems have developed a range of solutions for metallic service pipe relining and a peelable pipe, ProFuse ${ }^{\oplus}$, specially designed for use in opencut and no-dig installations. Below is a summary of our pipe range with their key applications.

| Pipe type | Application and suitability |
| :---: | :---: |
| SC80 yellow | - A solid wall PE80 pipe with a black inner and a yellow outer. <br> - Approved to GIS/PL2-2 and BS EN 1555-2. <br> - Used for new pipelines, network rehabilitation and pipe replacement. <br> - Installed using open-cut or no-dig techniques. |
| SC100 orange | - A solid wall PE 100 pipe with a black inner and an orange outer. <br> - Approved to GIS/PL2-8 and BS EN 1555-2. <br> - Used for new pipelines, network rehabilitation and pipe replacement. <br> - Installed using open-cut or no-dig techniques. |
| ProFuse ${ }^{\oplus}$ | - A multi-layer pipe, manufactured from black PE100 and a yellow peelable polypropylene outer skin with stripes. <br> - Approved to GIS/PL2-2 and BS EN 1555-2. <br> - Used for new pipelines, network rehabilitation and pipe replacement. <br> - Ideally suited for no-dig and open-cut installation techniques. |
| HY100 | - A solid wall, single layer co-extruded pipe. <br> - Approved to the UK Gas Industry specification GIS/PL2-2. <br> - Manufactured from a PE 100 black core and a PE80 yellow outer <br> - For low and medium pressure gas pipeline projects with 2 bar MOP. |
| ServiFlex ${ }^{\oplus}$ | - A flexible twin-wall pipe manufactured from yellow PE80. <br> - MOP 75 millibar. <br> - Used for $1^{\prime \prime}$ steel pipe relining. <br> - Installed using the no-dig insertion technique. |
| 17.5 mm relining system | - Manufactured from PE80 with a black inner and a yellow outer. <br> - Approved to GIS/PL2-2 (PE80 pipe), GIS/PL3 (service head adaptor) and GIS/PL2-4 (electrofusion reducer). <br> - MOP 75 millibar. <br> - Used for $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ metallic pipe relining. <br> - Installed using the no-dig insertion technique. |
| MOP = Maximum For guidance on th | ating pressure. <br> OP for our range of gas pipes, please contact Radius Systems. |



## The flexible service pipe solution for gas distribution.

Our range of SC80 gas pipes are innovative solid wall polyethylene pipes developed as part of Radius Systems' continuous product improvement process and are the ideal solution for the construction of gas pipelines.

Manufactured using a specialist co-extrusion technology, the pipe is produced as a single pipe wall construction with a black inner and an integral colour coded yellow outer, denoting the pipe's material and application.

Available in diameters 20 to 315 mm in a range of SDRs and pressure ratings to suit your gas pipeline project, our SC80 gas pipes can be joined using industry standard electrofusion and butt-fusion welding techniques.

Ideally suited for new pipeline installations, close-fit legacy pipe rehabilitation and pipe replacement projects, our SC80 gas pipes can be used in open-cut or no-dig installation techniques.

## Features and Benefits

- Yellow colour coded outer to easily identify the pipe material and its application.
- Longer coil lengths reducing the number of joints in the pipeline.
- Flexible and easy to install.
- Corrosion free material for longer life.
- Fully compatible with approved electrofusion and spigot fittings.
- Joined using conventional electrofusion and butt-fusion techniques.
- Simple pipe surface preparation for electrofusion jointing using industry approved tooling.
- Suitable for open-cut and no-dig installation techniques.
- Ideal for use in pipe rehabilitation projects.



## Approvals

- GIS/PL2-2 (KM 513530)
- BS EN 1555-2 (KM 575728


## Product Range



## SC80 pipe

Our SC80 pipes are manufactured from PE80 materials and are easily identifiable by their yellow coloured outer surface. Manufactured in sizes 20 to 315 mm as standard, in straight or coiled pipe, SC80 pipe are available in SDR9, 11, 13.6 and 17.6. For special projects requiring bespoke pipe diameters, SDRs and lengths, please contact Radius Systems.

|  | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\circ}$ | Product code straight pipe |  | Product code coiled pipe |  |  |  |  | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | 6 m | 12 m | 50 m | 100m | 150m | 250m | 500m | kg/m |
| 20 | 9 | - | - | - | FA0022 | - | - | - | 0.1 |
| 25 | 11 | FA0026 | - | FA0028 | FA0029 | - | - | - | 0.2 |
| 32 | 11 | FA0033 | - | FA0035 | FA0036 | - | - | - | 0.3 |
| 40 | 11 | - | - | - | FA0041 | - | - | - | 0.5 |
| 63 | 11 | FA0068 | - | FA0071 | FA0072 | FA0073 | - | - | 1.1 |
| 75 | 11 | FA0092 | - | FA0094 | FA0096* | - | FA0098 | FA0091 | 1.5 |
| 90 | 11 | FA0125 | - | - | FA0129 | - | - | - | 2.2 |
| 125 | 11 | FA0287 | - | FA0290 | FA0291 | - | - | - | 4.3 |
| 180 | 11 | FA0530 | FA0532 | FA0534 | FA0535 | - | - | - | 8.8 |
| 63 | 13.6 | FA0076 | - | FA0079 | FA0080 | FA0081 | FA0082 | FA0083 | 0.9 |
| 75 | 13.6 | FA0100 | - | - | FA0104* | - | FA0106 | FA0107 | 1.3 |
| 90 | 17.6 | FA0152 | FA0154 | FA0155 | FA0156 | FA0157 | FA0158 | FA0159 | 1.5 |
| 125 | 17.6 | FA0314 | FA0316 | FA0317 | FA0318 | FA0319 | - | - | 2.8 |
| 140 | 17.6 | FA0368 | - | - | FA0372 | - | - | - | 3.5 |
| 180 | 17.6 | FA0560 | FA0562 | FA0564 | FA0565 | - | - | - | 5.8 |
| 250 | 17.6 | FA0793 | FA0796 | - | - | - | - | - | 11.1 |
| 315 | 17.6 | FA1012 | FA1014 | - | - | - | - | - | 17.5 |

## Note:

- *Supplied in 120 m coils.
- Pipe weights shown are for lifting and handling purposes. They are based on the gas industry specification's maximum pipe diameter and wall thickness.
- For guidance on maximum operating pressures, please contact Radius Systems.


## SCIOO SOID WALI PE100 PPES

## Product Range



## SC 100 pipe

Our SC100 pipes are manufactured from PE100 materials and are easily identifiable by their orange coloured outer surface. Manufactured in sizes 63 to 630 mm in straight or coiled pipe, SC100 pipes are available in SDR 11 and SDR17.6. For special projects requiring bespoke pipe diameters, SDRs and lengths, please contact Radius Systems.

|  | $\stackrel{\text { ® }}{\circ}$ | Product code straight pipe |  | Product code coiled pipe | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | 6 m | 12 m | 100 m | kg/m |
| 63 | 11 | - | FC0069 | FC0072 | 1.1 |
| 90 | 11 | - | FC0127 | FC0129 | 2.3 |
| 125 | 11 | - | FC0289 | FC0291 | 4.3 |
| 180 | 11 | - | FC0532 | FC0535 | 8.9 |
| 250 | 11 | - | FC0769 | - | 17.1 |
| 315 | 11 | - | FC0988 | - | 27.2 |
| 355 | 11 | - | FC1047 | - | 34.6 |
| 400 | 11 | FC1104 | FC1107 | - | 43.9 |
| 450 | 11 | FC1219 | FC1221 | - | 55.4 |
| 500 | 11 | FC1327 | FC1329 | - | 68.5 |
| 90 | 17.6 | - | FC0154 | FC0156 | 1.5 |
| 125 | 17.6 | - | FC0316 | - | 2.8 |
| 180 | 17.6 | - | FC0562 | - | 5.9 |
| 250 | 17.6 | - | FC0796 | - | 11.2 |
| 315 | 17.6 | - | FC1015 | - | 17.7 |
| 355 | 17.6 | - | FC1074 | - | 22.6 |

Note: Pipe weights shown are for lifting and handling purposes. They are based on the gas industry specification's maximum pipe diameter and wall thickness.


## Product Range



## ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe

|  | $\stackrel{\text { п̈ }}{\circ}$ | Product code straight pipe |  | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | 6 m | 12m | kg/m |
| 180 | 17.6 | - | FE0562 | 6.5 |
| 250 | 17.6 | - | FE0796 | 12.3 |
| 315 | 17.6 | - | FE1015 | 19.1 |
| 400 | 17.6 | - | FE1134 | 30.4 |
| 250 | 21 | FE0802 | FE0805 | 10.6 |
| 280 | 21 | FE0910 | FE0912 | 13.1 |
| 315 | 21 | FE1020 | FE1023 | 16.4 |
| 355 | 21 | FE1079 | FE1082 | 20.6 |
| 400 | 21 | FE1140 | FE1143 | 25.9 |
| 450 | 21 | FE1251 | FE1253 | 32.4 |
| 500 | 21 | FE1359 | FE1361 | 39.9 |
| 630 | 21 | FE1471 | FE1473 | 62.6 |

## Note:

- Pipe weights shown are for lifting and handling purposes. They are based on the gas industry specification's maximum pipe diameter and wall thickness.
- For special projects requiring bespoke pipe diameters, SDRs and lengths, please contact Radius Systems.
- For guidance on maximum operating pressures, please contact Radius Systems.


## The ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ Pipe Exposure Tool (PET)

The only tool recommended for the quick, simple and safe removal of the ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ skin. The hardened steel blade cuts the ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ skin and lifts its edge to allow easy peeling from the pipe core.

- Single size tool for all sizes of ProFuse pipe
- Spring-loaded blade to minimise damage to the tip of the blade
- Direction marking for clear and simple operation
- Plastic body lightweight and durable

- Sculpted runners for blade protection and precise one handed control



## HY100im HIGHPERFORMANCE PEPIPE

## A modern, high performance polyethylene pipe for twenty-first century gas pipeline networks.

Radius Systems' new HY 100™ gas pipes have been specifically designed to deliver a complete high performance pipe offering for the construction of below ground low and medium pressure gas pipeline networks.

HY $100^{\text {TM }}$ is a pioneering class of co-extruded solid wall polyethylene (PE) pipes which combine the strength of PE 100 at its core with a yellow PE80 outer for pipe identification and application recognition. The pipe range has been specifically developed to extend our gas pipe offering and provide our customers with a wider choice of high performance pipe solutions for the construction of gas distribution pipelines.

Our new $\mathrm{HY} 100^{\text {TM }}$ pipes are manufactured using a specialist co-extrusion technique, where the PE 100 and PE80 materials are combined using melt-on-melt technology.

The use of PE 100 high performance material in the production of HY 100 ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ enables Radius Systems to offer a specially engineered SDR21 pipe solution, with a larger bore for greater gas carrying capacity. In addition, PE100 is a tough material, giving the confidence in a robust gas pipe solution that will last a lifetime.

Joined using industry standard electrofusion and butt-fusion welding techniques, $\mathrm{HY} 100^{\text {TM }}$ pipes are ideally suited for new pipeline installations, closefit legacy pipe rehabilitation and pipe replacement projects and can be installed using open-cut or no-dig installation techniques.

The $\mathrm{HY} 100^{\text {TM }}$ pipe range is available in diameters 250 to 450 mm and is approved to the UK gas industry specification
GIS/PL2-2:2016.


## HY100 at a glance

- A solid wall, single layer co-extruded pipe.
- Manufactured from a PE100 black core and a PE80 yellow outer.
- For low and medium pressure gas pipeline projects with 2 bar MOP.
- Diameter range 250 to 450 mm .
- Approved to the UK Gas Industry specification GIS/PL2-2.
- Used for new pipelines, network rehabilitation and pipe replacement.
- Installed using open-cut or no-dig techniques
- Complemented by a range of approved electrofusion and spigot fittings.



## Identifying HY $100^{\text {TM }}$

Manufactured from black PE 100 and yellow PE80 materials, the pipes are easily identified by the markings on the pipe's outer surface, repeated every meter along its length.

## Features and Benefits

- A high performance pipe offering robustness and longevity.
- SDR21 pipe with a larger bore for greater gas carrying capacity
- Flexible and easy to install.
- Corrosion free material for longer life.
- Joined using conventional electrofusion and butt-fusion techniques.
- Simple pipe preparation for electrofusion jointing using rotary or hand scraping tools.
- Fully compatible with approved electrofusion and spigot fittings.
- Suitable for open-cut and no-dig installation techniques.
- Ideal for use in pipeline insertion and rehabilitation schemes.


## Approvals

- Manufactured in ISO 9001:2015 approved manufacturing facilities.
- GIS/PL2-2:2016 (KM 513530).




## HY $100^{\text {TM }}$ pipe

| Nominal diameter | SDR | $\begin{aligned} & \text { MOP } \\ & \text { CIS/PL2:2 } \end{aligned}$ | Product code |  | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | bar | 6 m | 12 m | kg/m |
| 250 | 21 | 2 | FB0802 | FB0805 | 9.5 |
| 280 | 21 | 2 | FB0910 | FB0912 | 11.9 |
| 315 | 21 | 2 | FB1020 | FB1023 | 15.0 |
| 355 | 21 | 2 | FB1079 | FB1082 | 19.1 |
| 400 | 21 | 2 | FB 1140 | FB 1143 | 24.1 |
| 450 | 21 | 2 | FB 1251 | FB1253 | 30.6 |

Note: Pipe weights are for lifting and handling purposes. They are based on the pipe maximum diameter and wall thickness as specified in GIS/PL2-2.

## Joining and making connections to HY $100^{\text {™ }}$

HY $100^{\text {TM }}$ are conventional solid wall PE pipes that are joined using industry standard electrofusion or butt-fusion welding techniques.

To comply with manufacturers' guidance and the gas industry best practice, butt-fusion jointing in the field is only permitted between pipes of the same diameter, SDR, polyethylene classification and colour. When using the butt-fusion jointing technique, $\mathrm{HY} 100^{\text {TM }}$ should only be joined to HY 100 pipes. When connecting HY 100 ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ pipes to other polyethylene pipes, Radius Systems recommend the use of approved electrofusion fittings.

Before making an electrofusion joint, the surface of $\mathrm{HY} 100^{\text {TM }}$ pipe must be prepared using industry approved tooling and techniques to ensure that the pipe is clean and free from contamination.

For pipe preparation when using socket electrofusion fittings, Radius Systems recommend the use of rotary pipe preparation tools as they remove a uniform layer of PE from the pipe's surface.

Welding equipment must be calibrated and in good working condition to ensure maximum joint integrity.


Pipe compatibility for butt fusion jointing



## ERVICE PIPE

## RELINING

## A no-dig pipe relining solutions for minimal disruption.

Conventional PE pipes have been routinely used by utility companies as a relining solution to address their ageing metallic mains. Service pipes, often installed under footpaths and gardens have been a challenge to reline, due to the complexity of their layout, the changes in the pipe direction from the main to the gas meter and the numerous fittings used in the service pipe.

Working closely with our utility customers, we have developed a range of advanced PE pipeline solutions for the rehabilitation of 1 " and $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ metallic services using pipe insertion techniques. Unique to Radius Systems, our 20 mm ServiFlex ${ }^{\circledR}$ and 17.5 mm systems are innovative pipe relining solutions specifically engineered to maintain the leak-tightness of the service and at the same time, limiting the pipe pressure loss from the main to the meter.

Installed using no-dig pipe insertion techniques for minimal disruption to customers, our ServiFlex ${ }^{\circledR}$ and 17.5 mm kits are quick and easy to install and combined with our PE mains pipe offering, deliver a smart pipe rehabilitation alternative to traditional pipeline replacement from main to meter.

## Features and Benefits

- Cutting-edge offering

Unique engineered metallic service pipe relining solutions to maintain the integrity of the service pipe.

- Optimum leak-tightness

The host pipe provides structural stability, whilst the PE liner provides leak-tightness.

- Reduced number of joints in the system

The PE pipes are flexible and can accommodate changes in direction of the original service pipe without the need for additional fittings. ServiFlex ${ }^{\circledR}$ easily passes through 1 " short radius bends and our 17.5 mm system can negotiate $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ long radius bends.

- Reduced disruption to customers

The pipe lining solutions are installed using no-dig insertion techniques, reducing disruption to utility customers.

- Designer pipe solutions

Specifically designed to be inserted into $1^{\prime \prime}$ and $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ metallic service pipes and negotiate bends without the need for additional fittings.

## Approvals

- $\quad 17.5 \mathrm{~mm}$ system
- 17.5 mm pipe GIS/PL2-2 (KM 513530)
- Service head adaptor GIS/PL3 (KM 539621)
- Electrofusion reducer GIS/PL2-4 (KM 538462)



## ServiFlex ${ }^{\circledR}$ relining system

Unique to Radius Systems, ServiFlex ${ }^{\circledR}$ is a leading edge innovation consisting of a PE80 twin wall corrugated flexible pipe liner system specifically designed for the relining of 1 " steel service pipes.

Quick and easy to install using pipe insertion techniques, ServiFlex ${ }^{\circledR}$ is a cost effective solution compared to pipe replacement, as excavations are kept to a minimum size, with little disruption to customers. Lightweight and flexible, ServiFlex ${ }^{\circledR}$ can be easily pushed through short radius bends during relining operations.

| Nominal diameter | MOP | Product code | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | millibar | 6 m | $\mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{coil}$ |
| 20 | 75 | FA0017 | 2.5 |

Installation requirements: Radius Systems' ServiFlex® pipe relining system is installed using a pipe pushing technique. Specialist tooling is required to carry out the installation.

Training must be undertaken before carrying out the installation of ServiFlex®. Please contact Radius Systems for more information. t: +44 (0) 1773811112 or e: sales@radius-systems.com.


## 17.5 mm relining system

Specially manufactured by Radius Systems, the 17.5 mm system has been designed to offer a smart and easy solution for relining $3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ metallic service pipes with long radius bends. Our House Entry Kits are ideal for relining service pipes under gardens and footpaths, as they minimise the requirement for service relays and are supplied with all the appropriate electrofusion fittings and service head adaptors for inside the property. Flexible and easy to install, our 17.5 mm relining kits reduce excavation requirements and the need for meter relocation.

| Nominal <br> diameter | Description | SDR | MOP | Coil <br> length | Product code | Weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | millibar | m | 6 m | $\mathrm{~kg} / \mathrm{coil}$ |  |  |
| 17.5 | House entry <br> kit | 9.7 | 75 | 8.4 | GZOO37 | 0.1 |

- House entry kit: 8.4 m of 17.5 mm pipe coil with wire cable, one $17.5 \mathrm{~mm} \times 3 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ service head adaptor for inside the property, one $17.5 \times 32 \mathrm{~mm}$ reducer for the garden connection.

[^3]
## Coil pack quantity and dimensions

## Coil pack quantity

SC80 solid wall PE80 pipes


| Pipe nominal diameter | Pack | Total pack tength | Pack | Total pack tength | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { Pack } \\ \text { quantity } \end{array}$ | Total pack tength | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \text { Pack } \\ \text { quantity } \end{array}$ | Total pack length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 50 m | m | 100 m | m | 150 m | m | 250 m | m |
| 25 | 8 | 400 | 7 | 700 | - | - | - | - |
| 32 | 8 | 400 | 4 | 400 | - | - | - |  |
| 40 | - | - | 6 | 600 | - | - | - | - |
| 63 | 6 | 300 | 4 | 400 | 3 | 450 | 2 | 500 |

SC100 solid wall PE 100 pipes


| Pipe <br> nominal <br> diameter | Pack <br> quantity | Total <br> pack <br> length | Pack <br> quantity | Total <br> pack <br> length | Pack <br> quantity | Total <br> pack <br> length | Pack <br> quantity | Total pack <br> length |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm | 50 m | m | 100 m | m | 150 m | m | 250 m | m |
| 63 | - | - | 4 | 400 | - | - | - | - |

## Coil dimensions



## SC80 solid wall PE80 pipes

| Pipe nominal diameter | SDR | Coil length | Coil outer diameter | Coil inner diameter | Coil width | Coil banding sequence | Coil weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | m | mm | mm | mm |  | kg |
| 20 | 9 | 50 | 780 | 600 | 100 | - | 7.1 |
| 20 | 9 | 100 | 885 | 600 | 120 | - | 14.2 |
| 25 | 11 | 50 | 780 | 600 | 150 | - | 9.1 |
| 25 | 11 | 100 | 910 | 600 | 175 | - | 18.2 |
| 32 | 11 | 50 | 990 | 700 | 145 | - | 14.7 |
| 32 | 11 | 100 | 990 | 700 | 275 | - | 29.3 |
| 40 | 11 | 100 | 1800 | 1275 | 170 | - | 45.3 |
| 63 | 11 | 50 | 1815 | 1275 | 195 | - | 55.1 |
| 63 | 11 | 100 | 1810 | 1275 | 300 | - | 110.3 |
| 63 | 11 | 150 | 2035 | 1275 | 345 | - | 165.4 |
| 63 | 11 | 250 | 2100 | 1275 | 470 | - | 275.7 |
| 63 | 11 | 500 | 2800 | 1800 | 570 | - | 551.3 |
| 75 | 11 | 50 | 2220 | 1800 | 255 | - | 76.9 |
| 75 | 11 | 120 | 2350 | 1800 | 340 | - | 184.6 |
| 75 | 11 | 250 | 2475 | 1800 | 535 | - | 384.6 |
| 75 | 11 | 500 | 3120 | 1800 | 565 | - | 769.3 |
| 90 | 11 | 50 | 2220 | 1800 | 320 | - | 11.6 |



SC80 solid wall PE80 pipes - continued

| Pipe nominal diameter | SDR | Coil length | Coil outer diameter | Coil inner diameter | Coil width | Coil banding sequence | Coil weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | m | mm | mm | mm |  | kg |
| 90 | 11 | 100 | 2440 | 1800 | 410 | - | 223.3 |
| 125 | 11 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 570 | - | 428.2 |
| 180 | 11 | 100 | 4000 | 3000 | 800 | - | 883.9 |
| 63 | 13.6 | 50 | 1815 | 1275 | 195 | - | 46.7 |
| 63 | 13.6 | 100 | 1810 | 1275 | 300 | - | 93.4 |
| 63 | 13.6 | 150 | 2035 | 1275 | 345 | - | 140.1 |
| 63 | 13.6 | 250 | 2100 | 1275 | 470 | - | 233.4 |
| 63 | 13.6 | 500 | 2800 | 1800 | 570 | - | 466.9 |
| 75 | 13.6 | 120 | 2350 | 1800 | 340 | - | 158.2 |
| 75 | 13.6 | 250 | 2475 | 1800 | 535 | - | 329.6 |
| 75 | 13.6 | 500 | 3120 | 1800 | 565 | - | 659.2 |
| 90 | 17.6 | 50 | 2220 | 1800 | 320 | - | 74.5 |
| 90 | 17.6 | 100 | 2440 | 1800 | 450 | - | 149 |
| 90 | 17.6 | 150 | 2400 | 1800 | 625 | - | 223.5 |
| 90 | 17.6 | 250 | 2600 | 1800 | 620 | - | 372.5 |
| 90 | 17.6 | 500 | 3075 | 1800 | 855 | - | 744.9 |
| 125 | 17.6 | 50 | 3000 | 2500 | 450 | - | 140.5 |
| 125 | 17.6 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 570 | - | 281 |
| 125 | 17.6 | 150 | 3200 | 2500 | 820 | - | 421.5 |
| 140 | 17.6 | 100 | 3765 | 3000 | 630 | - | 350.3 |
| 180 | 17.6 | 50 | 3800 | 3000 | 600 | - | 290.7 |
| 180 | 17.6 | 100 | 4000 | 3000 | 800 | - | 581.5 |

## SC 100 solid wall PE 100 pipes



| Pipe nominal diameter | SDR | Coil length | Coil outer diameter | Coil inner diameter | Coil widith | Coil banding sequence | Coil weight |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | m | mm | mm | mm |  | kg |
| 63 | 11 | 100 | 1810 | 1275 | 300 | - | 111.43 |
| 90 | 11 | 100 | 2440 | 1800 | 410 | - | 225.6 |
| 125 | 11 | 100 | 3200 | 2500 | 570 | - | 432.8 |
| 180 | 11 | 100 | 4000 | 3000 | 800 | - | 893.2 |
| 90 | 17.6 | 100 | 2440 | 1800 | 450 | - | 150.6 |

[^4]
## Pipe dimensions



SC80 solid wall PE80 pipes

| Nominal diameter | SDR | Mean outside diameter |  | Wall thickness |  | Mean internal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max | Diameter |
| mm |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| 20 | 9 | 20.0 | 20.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 15.2 |
| 25 | 11 | 25.0 | 25.3 | 2.3 | 2.7 | 20.2 |
| 32 | 11 | 32.0 | 32.3 | 3.0 | 3.4 | 25.8 |
| 40 | 11 | 40.0 | 40.4 | 3.7 | 4.2 | 32.3 |
| 63 | 11 | 63.0 | 63.4 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 50.9 |
| 75 | 11 | 75.0 | 75.5 | 6.8 | 7.6 | 60.9 |
| 90 | 11 | 90.0 | 90.6 | 8.2 | 9.2 | 72.9 |
| 125 | 11 | 125.0 | 125.8 | 11.4 | 12.7 | 101.3 |
| 180 | 11 | 180.0 | 181.1 | 16.4 | 18.2 | 146.0 |
| 63 | 13.6 | 63.0 | 63.4 | 4.7 | 5.4 | 53.1 |
| 75 | 13.6 | 75.0 | 75.5 | 5.6 | 6.4 | 63.3 |
| 90 | 17.6 | 90.0 | 90.6 | 5.2 | 5.9 | 79.2 |
| 125 | 17.6 | 125.0 | 125.8 | 7.1 | 8.0 | 110.3 |
| 140 | 17.6 | 140.0 | 140.9 | 8.0 | 8.9 | 123.6 |
| 180 | 17.6 | 180.0 | 181.1 | 10.3 | 11.5 | 158.8 |
| 250 | 17.6 | 250.0 | 251.5 | 14.2 | 15.8 | 220.8 |
| 315 | 17.6 | 315.0 | 316.9 | 17.9 | 19.8 | 278.3 |

## SC100 solid wall PE 100 pipes

| Nominal <br> diameter | SDR | Mean outside diameter |  | Wall thickness |  | Mean internal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| mm |  | mm | max | Min | Max | Diameter |
| 63 | 11 | 63.0 | 63.4 | 5.8 | 6.5 | 50.9 |
| 90 | 11 | 90.0 | 90.6 | 8.2 | 9.2 | 72.9 |
| 125 | 11 | 125.0 | 125.8 | 11.4 | 12.7 | 101.3 |
| 180 | 11 | 180.0 | 181.1 | 16.4 | 18.2 | 146.0 |
| 250 | 11 | 250.0 | 251.5 | 22.7 | 25.1 | 203.0 |
| 315 | 11 | 315.0 | 316.9 | 28.6 | 31.6 | 255.8 |
| 355 | 11 | 355.0 | 357.2 | 32.3 | 35.7 | 288.1 |
| 400 | 11 | 400.0 | 402.4 | 36.4 | 40.2 | 324.6 |
| 450 | 11 | 450.0 | 452.7 | 40.9 | 45.1 | 365.4 |
| 500 | 11 | 500.0 | 503.0 | 45.5 | 50.2 | 405.8 |
| 90 | 17.6 | 90.0 | 90.6 | 5.2 | 5.9 | 79.2 |
| 125 | 17.6 | 125.0 | 125.8 | 7.1 | 8.0 | 110.3 |
| 180 | 17.6 | 180.0 | 181.1 | 10.3 | 11.5 | 158.8 |
| 250 | 17.6 | 250.0 | 251.5 | 14.2 | 15.8 | 220.8 |
| 315 | 17.6 | 315.0 | 316.9 | 17.9 | 19.8 | 278.3 |
| 355 | 17.6 | 355.0 | 357.2 | 20.2 | 22.4 | 313.5 |



## HY 100 pipes

| Nominal diameter | SDR | Mean outside diameter |  | Wall thickness |  | Mean internal |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max | Diameter |
| mm |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| 250 | 21 | 250 | 251.5 | 11.9 | 13.2 | 225.7 |
| 280 | 21 | 280 | 281.7 | 13.3 | 14.8 | 252.8 |
| 315 | 21 | 315 | 316.9 | 15.0 | 16.6 | 284.4 |
| 355 | 21 | 355 | 357.2 | 16.9 | 18.7 | 320.5 |
| 400 | 21 | 400 | 402.4 | 19.0 | 21.0 | 361.2 |
| 450 | 21 | 450 | 452.7 | 21.4 | 23.7 | 406.3 |



ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipes

|  | $\stackrel{\sim}{6}$ | Mean outside diameter |  |  |  | Skin thickness |  | Wall thickness |  | Mean internal diameter |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Without skin |  | With skin |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max | Min | Max |  |
| mm |  | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm | mm |
| 180 | 17.6 | 180.0 | 181.1 | 181.2 | 183.5 | 0.6 | 1.2 | 10.3 | 11.5 | 158.8 |
| 250 | 17.6 | 250.0 | 251.5 | 251.2 | 254.5 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 14.2 | 15.8 | 220.8 |
| 315 | 17.6 | 315.0 | 316.9 | 316.2 | 319.9 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 17.9 | 19.8 | 278.3 |
| 400 | 17.6 | 400.0 | 402.4 | 401.2 | 405.4 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 22.8 | 25.2 | 353.2 |
| 250 | 21 | 250.0 | 251.5 | 251.2 | 254.5 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 11.9 | 13.2 | 225.7 |
| 280 | 21 | 280.0 | 281.7 | 281.2 | 284.7 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 13.3 | 14.8 | 252.8 |
| 315 | 21 | 315.0 | 316.9 | 316.2 | 319.9 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 15.0 | 16.6 | 284.4 |
| 355 | 21 | 355.0 | 357.2 | 356.2 | 360.2 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 16.9 | 18.7 | 320.5 |
| 400 | 21 | 400.0 | 402.4 | 401.2 | 405.4 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 19.0 | 21.0 | 361.2 |
| 450 | 21 | 450.0 | 452.7 | 451.2 | 455.7 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 21.4 | 23.7 | 406.3 |
| 500 | 21 | 500.0 | 503.0 | 501.2 | 506.0 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 23.8 | 26.3 | 451.4 |
| 630 | 21 | 630.0 | 633.8 | 631.2 | 636.8 | 0.6 | 1.5 | 30.0 | 33.1 | 568.8 |

Note: The mean internal diameter is based on the gas industry specification and is provided for guidance only.
Mean internal diameter $=$ [mean external diameter] - [ $2 \times$ mean pipe wall thickness].



## Coil banding for safe handling \& dispensing

When pipes are packaged into coils, Radius Systems use restraining straps around the pipe to retain the pipe's coil shape. Coils in diameters 75 to 180 mm contain a considerable amount of stored energy, which could potentially cause injury to personnel, if the coils are not handled and dispensed correctly. To allow the safe handling and dispensing of coils, Radius Systems use specialist straps, fitted at different positions around the turns and layers of pipe that form the coils. When the coil is ready to be dispensed, the straps are removed in sequence, ensuring that the energy contained in the coil is release in a controlled and safe manner. (See diagrams below and opposite).

To ensure a safe working environment during the installation of pipe coils, these should only be dispensed from specially designed coil dispensers, supplied by a reputable manufacturer.

Radius Systems recommend that personnel involved in the handing and dispensing of pipe coils are adequately trained for this operation. Courses in the safe and correct handling and dispensing of pipe coils are available from industry bodies.

- For coils with inner diameter $\leq 1.8 \mathrm{~m}$



Minimum
recommended
personal protection equipment (PPE)

- Always wear the minimum PPE or the recommended PPE as identified by the risk assessment.
- Restrict the work area to essential personnel only.
- Always dispense coils from a coil dispenser.
- Take care when cutting the straps to release the pipe.
- Always ensure the tail ends of the coil are released in a restrained and controlled manner.
- Only use a suitable round-nosed cutting tool to cut the strap to prevent the pipe from being damaged.
- Never cut all of the restraining straps at once. Only cut the number of straps to allow the required pipe length to be dispensed.
- Ensure the tail ends of a part used coil are secured before transporting it from the site.
- Do not transport coiled pipes containing water.
- For coils with inner diameter $\geq 2.5 \mathrm{~m}$




## Coil banding

## Banding position for coils $\mathbf{5 0}$ to $\mathbf{1 8 0} \mathbf{~ m m}$

Coils will consist of a minimum of 2 layers and the number of layers and turns in a coil will depend on its length and may exceed the ones shown below. If the coil consists of only 2 layers, the banding sequence for the 'Final layer' applies to the coil.

## Layer 1 (LI)



## - Coil internal diameter $\leq 1.8$ m

Steel security band* and length \& caution tape are applied around turns Tl
\& T2 of layer 1 (LI)
Position 1

- Coil internal diameter $\geq \mathbf{2 . 5} \mathbf{~ m}$

Steel security band* and length \& caution tape are applied around turns T1 \& T2 of layer 1 (LI)
Position 1

Polyester strap around turns T 1 \& T 2 of L 1 Positions $1,3 \& 5$

Polyester strap
Around turns T1, T2 \& T3 of L1
Positions 1 \& 4

Polyester strap around turns $\mathrm{T} 1, \mathrm{~T} 2 \& \mathrm{~T} 3$ of LI
Positions 1, 3 \& 5

Additional turns on L1 follow the same banding sequence as above

## Additional layers



Once layer 2 (L2) is completed Polyester straps are applied around L1 and L2
Positions 2 \& 5

Once layer 2 (L2) is completed
Polyester straps are applied around L1 and L2
Positions 2, 4 \& 6


Additional layers follow the same banding sequence as above

Additional layers follow the same banding sequence as above

## Final layer



Steel security band* and coil length \& caution tape are applied to the coil end. Polyester straps are applied at all positions.

Steel security band* and coil length \& caution tape are applied to the coil end. Polyester straps are applied at all positions.

[^5]
## Electrofusion on SC80 and SC100 pipe

For gas and water

## SC80 and SC 100 pipe preparation for electrofusion jointing



Ensure the pipes to be joined are free from damage and are cut square. Using an approved marker pen, mark the fitting's insertion depth +25 mm .


Mark the pipe surface area to prepare.
...Using a rotary scraper or a hand scrapper


Rotary scrapper


## Hand scrapper



## Electrofusion on ProFuse ${ }^{\oplus}$ pipe

For gas and water

ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ peelable pipe preparation for electrofusion jointing


Ensure the pipes to be joined are free from damage and are cut square. Using an approved marker pen, mark the fitting's insertion depth
+25 mm .


Remove the skin carefully in one continuous process.


Using the ProFuse pipe exposure tool (PET ${ }^{\top M}$ ), score the external skin around the circumference of the pipe.


Rotate the PET ${ }^{\text {TM }} 90^{\circ}$ and score the external skin longitudinally towards the pipe end.

4


Lift the edge of the skin as shown above and peel the skin away from the core pipe.

ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ PET - Product code: FT0648

- The only tool recommended for the quick, simple and safe removal of the ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ skin
- The minimum recommended skin removal is the fittings socket depth plus 25 mm
- For butt-fusion jointing, a minimum of 25 mm should be removed, to ensure enough of the core polyethylene material is exposed for the jointing process.



## Using saddle fittings



## Butt-fusion overview

For gas and water

## Solid wall PE pipe butt-fusion jointing overview

- Only use approved fully automatic butt-fusion equipment and follow industry best practice when joining SC80, SC100 and universal black PE 100 pipes.

0000

Minimum
recommended
personal prołection equipment (PPE)

- Ensure that the print-line on the two pipes are in line to minimise pipe misalignment.
- To minimise contamination of the joint, the butt-fusion operation should be carried out in a suitable welding shelter.



## Butt-fusion on ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe

For gas and water

## ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ peelable pipe preparation for butt-fusion jointing

When welding ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe using the butt-fusion technique, a minimum 25 mm wide strip of skin must be removed from the pipe ends to ensure the polypropylene skin does not come into contact with the heater plate and that the bead can be correctly removed. The width of the strip will depend on the de-beading tool being used.


Ensure the pipes to be joined are free from damage and are cut square. Using an approved marker pen, mark a minimum of 25 mm around the pipe's circumference.


Using the ProFuse pipe exposure tool (PET ${ }^{\top M}$ ), score the external skin around the circumference of the pipe.


Rotate the PET ${ }^{\text {TM }} 90^{\circ}$ and score the external skin longitudinally towards the pipe end.


Lift the edge of the skin as shown above and peel the skin away from the core pipe.


Skin removed. Repeat steps 1 to 4 for the second pipe to be joined. Follow industry best practice when making the butt-fusion joint.


## CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ jointing guidance

## Using CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ in trenchless installations



Attach the towing head directly to the leading end of the pipe coil. This operation is undertaken without removing the CleanPipe ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ seals, located internally, a short distance from the pipe ends.


The pipe remains sealed throughout the whole installation procedure. Contamination from the installation process remains outside the factory seal.


After the installation is complete, CleanPipe ${ }^{T M}$ can be pressure tested without the need to fit end caps. De-pressurise the pipeline before cutting the pipe ends.


Cut the pipe ends beyond the arrows which identify the cutting position on the label. This removes the seals, ready for the pipe to be joined using Radius Systems' fittings.


Prepare the pipe ends following the ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe preparation for electrofusion jointing above. Follow industry best practice and water industry procedures to make the joint and cleanse and test the pipeline.


Are SC80 and SC100 multi-layer pipes and should they have external stripes to identify their multi-layer construction?

SC80 and SC100 pipes are single layer solid wall pipes. They are therefore not multi-layer pipes and do not require external longitudinal stripes.

Should I completely remove the coloured outer when preparing SC80 and SC100 pipes for electrofusion jointing?

No. The coloured PE outer is not a 'scrape to' guide and should not be completely removed. Removing too much pipe material may lead to joint failure.

What equipment is recommended to prepare SC80 and SC100 pipe surface for electrofusion jointing?

For socket fittings, use a hand scrapper or an industry approved mechanical rotary tool as this removes a continuous and uniform ribbon of material. For saddle fittings, industry approved hand scraping tools should be used.

What is the thickness of SC8O outer and SC100 outer and does it differ for each pipe diameter?

The coloured PE outer thickness ranges from 0.7 to 1.2 mm . It does not differ through the pipe diameter range.

Why do ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipes have external stripes?

Stripes identify the pipe as multi-layer. ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ is manufactured from a PE 100 core and an outer polypropylene skin.

## Does the ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ skin add to the pipe's pressure rating?

The external polypropylene skin applied to the ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe does not add to the pipe's pressure rating. It is a sacrificial layer and identifies the pipe's application and structure and is specifically designed to protect the core pipe from potential damage during handling, transportation and installation.

## Should I remove the external skin when joining ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe using mechanical fittings?

Yes, the external polypropylene skin must be locally removed when joining ProFuse ${ }^{\text {® }}$ using mechanical fittings, electrofusion fittings or the butt-fusion welding technique. Follow the pipe preparation overview within this brochure.

What should I do if the ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe surface becomes contaminated after removing the peelable skin in preparation for electrofusion jointing?

If the ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipe surface becomes contaminated after removing the peelable skin, prepare the pipe surface in the same way as a conventional PE pipe, using industry approved pipe surface preparation tools (rotary or hand scraping tools).

## Sales:

Technical support:
t: +44 (0) 1773811112
t: +44 (0) 1773811112
e: Sales@radius-systems.com

## Water specific

## Why do the pipe dimensions for ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ and Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ only cover the black core of the pipes?

ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ and Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ are classed as multi-layer pipes and are manufactured in accordance with the PE water pipe specification BS EN 12201. The specification only provides dimensions for the pressure bearing structure of PE pipes. For ProFuse ${ }^{\circledR}$ and Puriton ${ }^{\circledR}$ pipes, the black PE core is the only pressure bearing structure within the pipe construction. The dimensions for the outer layers are therefore not included within the water specification.

How should I prepare the pipe surface for solid wall SC80 and SC100 pipes when using Redman ${ }^{\text {TM }}$ mechanical fittings?

There is no requirement for any pipe surface preparation when joining SC80 or SC100 pipes. The pipe should be cut square and free from damage before making a joint.

## Gas specific

## What are the maximum pressure ratings for Radius Systems' gas pipes?

The maximum operating pressure for polyethylene pipes for gas application varies as it is dependent on the following:

- Pipe material
- Pipe diameter and wall thickness
- Operational temperature
- Applied safety factor or service design coefficient.

Values for the pipe safety factor or service design coefficient are quoted within the product manufacturing specifications, namely the Gas Industry Specification (GIS) PL2:2 \& PL2:8 and the European gas specification BS EN 1555-2.

The reference specifications identify values for the pipe design stress with applicable operational temperature range and subzero temperature limitations to satisfy rapid crack considerations. In addition, where pipes are intended for use above the $20^{\circ}$ C reference temperature, the pipe material design stress and calculated pressure rating must be de-rated to account for the material's reduction in tensile strength.

For guidance on the MOP of pipes for gas application manufactured in accordance with the above specifications please contact Radius Systems.

## Reference specifications

- GIS/PL2 'Specification for Polyethylene pipes and fittings for natural gas and suitable manufactured gas'.
- Part 2: Pipes for use at pressures up to 5.5 bar.
- Part 8: Pipes for use at pressures up to 7.0 bar.
- BS EN- 1555 'Plastic piping systems for the supply of gaseous fuels' - Part 2: Polyethylene (PE) pipes.


## Sales:

Technical support:
t: +44 (0) 1773811112
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t: +44 (0) 1773811112
e: Sales@radius-systems.com

## How do I identify Radius Systems' HY 100 pipes?

Unlike other Radius Systems' solid wall pipes, HY 100 have a dual material construction: black PE100 at its core and yellow PE80 for the outer. The PE materials PE100/PE80, together with the manufacturer's name are identified on the ink-jet and indented markings on the pipe surface. These markings are repeated every metre along the length of the pipe.

## Why is HY 100 not approved to EN 1555-2?

The scope of the EN 1555-2 specification does not allow the combination of different material classifications in the manufacture of co-extruded pipes. Therefore, HY100 pipes are only approved to the UK gas industry specification GIS/PL2-2.

## Are HY 100 multi-layer pipes and

 should they have external stripes to identify their multi-layer construction?HY 100 pipes are single layer solid wall pipes. They are therefore not multilayer pipes and do not require external longitudinal stripes.

Why are HY 100 pipes manufactured from two different material classifications of PE?

PE 100 materials are increasingly becoming the norm, especially in larger pipe diameters and Radius Systems have developed their HY 100 pipe range to meet with current customer and industry requirements.

GIS/PL2-2 stipulates that the outer surface of the pipe should be yellow to identify pipes for gas applications, and since there are currently no commercially available approved PE 100 materials in yellow, Radius Systems have combined a PE80 yellow material with a PE 100 black material to manufacture their HY 100 pipes.

## How should I join HY100 to alternative PE gas pipes?

To join HY100 to alternative PE gas pipes, Radius Systems recommend the use of approved electrofusion fittings. The buttfusion technique is not recommended to join HY 100 to alternative PE pipes.

Should I completely remove the yellow outer when preparing HY 100 pipe for electrofusion jointing?

No. The yellow PE outer is not a 'scrape to' guide and should not be completely removed. Removing too much pipe material may lead to joint failure.

Can I join HY 100 to HY 100 pipes using the butt-fusion welding technique and do I need specialist equipment?

HY100 pipes can be joined together using the butt-fusion welding technique. HY 100 pipes are conventional solid wall PE pipes and as such, there is no requirement for specialist equipment to join the pipes.

Pipe compatibility for butt-fusion jointing:

What is the thickness of HY 100 yellow outer and does it differ for each diameter?

The PE80 yellow outer thickness ranges from 0.7 to 1.2 mm . It does not differ through the pipe diameter range.

## Radius Systems HY100 and SC80 pipes

 are identical in appearance. How do I differentiate them?The differences between SC80 and HY100 pipes are identified on the ink-jet and indented markings applied to the surface of the pipes. SC80 is identified as a PE80/PE80 pipe approved to GIS/PL2-2 and EN 1555-2, whilst HY 100 is identified as a PE 100/PE80 pipe approved to GIS/PL2-2 only.


Correct pipe preparation for electrofusion


Incorrect pipe preparation for electrofusion


## Radius Systems

Radius Systems are a market leader in the innovation and manufacture of plastic pipe systems for the utilities and construction industries. With extensive research and development at the heart of our products and systems, we take care of the entire pipe life cycle - from design and manufacture through to installation, repair and rehabilitation. We strive to improve industry practices, with good health and safety policies at the forefront of our philosophy of 'getting it right first time'. Our continuous customer inspired research and development, combined with successful customer partnerships represent our total dedication to the plastic piping industry.

## - Manufacturing facilities

With 2 production sites in the UK, we have complete control over quality and the ability to meet our customers' expectations.

## - Innovative approach

We are leaders in our field with a history of research and new product development. Practicality, durability and adaptability are all high on our agenda to meet our clients' needs.

## - Flexible product and service provision

Our comprehensive range of services is designed to fit the variable demands of our clients' developments in pipes, fittings, training and support services.

## - Reliability and safety

With 50 years experience in pipe design and manufacture, our clients know that they can count on us to meet not just their product and service needs, but also their delivery and safety requirements.

## - Great customer service

We have a dedicated Customer Services team to answer queries from our customers in the UK and overseas. Our service is not just about the delivery of products - contact our team if you have a product or installation enquiry or a post-delivery query.

For more information please visit our website. www.radius-systems.com


## Northern Ireland and Republic of Ireland sales

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** END OF REPORT **
Construction Testing Solutions Ltd - Company No. 05998333

** END OF REPORT **
Construction Testing Solutions Ltd - Company No. 05998333

Lenham Heath
Kent ME17 2JN

01622851176

## TEST REPORT OF PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION \& WATER CONTENT OF AGGREGATES

Method: Particle Size Distribution: BS EN 933-1:2012.
Method: Water Content: BS EN 1097-5:2008

CLIENT Thanet Waste Services Ltd SITE Sandwich TYPE OF MATERIAL Reclaimed AGGREGATE TYPE Fine Sand

NOMINAL SIZE $0 / 2 \mathrm{~mm}$
SPECIFICATION PD6682-1 BS EN 12620:2002+A1 Table C. 1 SUPPLIER/SOURCE Thanet Waste/Screened onsite SAMPLING LOCATION Stockpiles

SAMPLING METHOD SAMPLED BY DATE SAMPLED DATE RECEIVED

DIHM 2.1
Xtratec
03 March 2023
03 March 2023
DATE TESTED 06 March 2023
(washing \& sieving)

| XTRATEC SAMPLE REF | XTE 6767 |
| ---: | :---: |
| USTOMER/SITE SAMPLE REF | GM5 |



| TEST RESULTS |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sieve Size | Percent. | Specified <br> lower | upper |
| 125 | 100 |  |  |
| 80 | 100 |  |  |
| 63 | 100 |  |  |
| 40 | 100 |  |  |
| 31.5 | 100 |  |  |
| 20 | 100 |  |  |
| 16 | 100 |  |  |
| 14 | 100 |  |  |
| 10 | 100 |  |  |
| 8 | 100 |  |  |
| 6.3 | 100 |  |  |
| 4 | 100 | 100 |  |
| 2 | 98 | 85 | 99 |
| 1 | 90 |  |  |
| 0.5 | 75 | 55 | 100 |
| 0.25 | 45 |  |  |
| 0.125 | 14 |  |  |
| 0.063 | 4 |  |  |


| Water Content (\%) | 16.3 |
| :--- | :--- |



REMARKS: A certificate of sampling is available

ISSUE TO: Thanet Waste Services Ltd
Richborough Hall
Ramsgate Road Sandwich, Kent CT13 9NW


The results reported represents only the material tested supplied to the laboratory or if
the material has been sampled by Xtratec the quantity of the material represented by the sample.
This report shall not be reproduced except in full without approval of the laboratory

01622851176

TEST REPORT OF PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION \& MOISTURE CONTENT OF SOILS

Method: Particle Size Distribution: BS 1377-2:1990.
Method: Moisture Content: BS 1377-2:1990
XTRATEC SAMPLE REF |XTE 67673 CUSTOMER/SITE SAMPLE REF GM7

CLIENT|Thanet Waste Services Ltd SITE Sandwich
TYPE OF MATERIAL 6F2
SOIL DESCRIPTION Reclaimed Aggregate
SPECIFICATION SHW Series 600 Table 6/2
SUPPLIER/SOURCE Thanet Waste/Screened onsite
SAMPLING LOCATION

SAMPLING METHOD
SAMPLED BY
TYPE OF SAMPLE
DATE SAMPLED
DATE RECEIVED
DATE TESTED
PREPARATION METHOD $\mid$ BS 1377-1. 7.3.5.2 (Sub dividing)
(Method 9.2, wet sieving)
(Method 3.2.3.3, oven drying)

| TEST RESULTS |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\begin{array}{\|\|c\|} \hline \text { Sieve Size } \\ (\mathrm{mm}) \end{array}$ | Percent. | Specified Limits (\%) |  |
|  | Passing | lower | upper |
| 125 | 100 | 100 |  |
| 90 | 100 | 80 | 100 |
| 75 | 90 | 65 | 100 |
| 37.5 | 56 | 45 | 100 |
| 20 | 35 |  |  |
| 10 | 28 | 15 | 60 |
| 6.3 | 24 |  |  |
| 5 | 21 | 10 | 45 |
| 3.35 | 18 |  |  |
| 2 | 16 |  |  |
| 1.18 | 14 |  |  |
| 0.6 | 12 | 0 | 25 |
| 0.3 | 8 |  |  |
| 0.15 | 5 |  |  |
| 0.063 | 3 | 0 | 12 |
| Moisture Content (\%) |  | 5.6 |  |



REMARKS: A certificate of sampling is available

ISSUE TO: Thanet Waste Services Ltd
Richborough Hall
Ramsgate Road
Sandwich, Kent
CT13 9NW

| DATE: 25 March 2023 |
| :---: |
| AUTHORISED BY: A Schofield Quality <br> Manager |

The results reported represents only the material tested supplied to the laboratory or if
the material has been sampled by Xtratec the quantity of the material represented by the sample.
This report shall not be reproduced except in full without approval of the laboratory

Lenham Heath
Kent ME17 2JN

01622851176

TEST REPORT OF PARTICLE SIZE DISTRIBUTION \& WATER CONTENT OF AGGREGATES

Method: Particle Size Distribution: BS EN 933-1:2012.
Method: Water Content: BS EN 1097-5:2008

CLIENT|Thanet Waste Services Ltd SITE Sandwich TYPE OF MATERIAL Reclaimed AGGREGATE TYPE Aggregate
XTRATEC S
CUSTOMER/SITE S
CLIENT
SITE
TYPE OF MATERILL
AGGREGATE TYPE
NOMINAL SIZE
SPECIFICATION
SUPPLIER/SOURCE
SAMPLING LOCATION
XTRATEC S
CUSTOMER/SITE S
CLIENT
SITE
TYPE OF MATERILL
AGGREGATE TYPE
NOMINAL SIZE
SPECIFICATION
SUPPLIER/SOURCE
SAMPLING LOCATION
XTRATEC S
CUSTOMER/SITE S
CLIENT
SITE
TYPE OF MATERILL
AGGREGATE TYPE
NOMINAL SIZE
SPECIFICATION
SUPPLIER/SOURCE
SAMPLING LOCATION
XTRATEC S
CUSTOMER/SITE S
CLIENT
SITE
TYPE OF MATERILL
AGGREGATE TYPE
NOMINAL SIZE
SPECIFICATION
SUPPLIER/SOURCE
SAMPLING LOCATION
20/40mm
PD6682-1 BS EN 12620:2002+A1 Table C. 1 Thanet Waste/Screened onsite Stockpiles
XTRATEC S
CUSTOMER/SITE S
CLIENT
SITE
TYPE OF MATERILL
AGGREGATE TYPE
NOMINAL SIZE
SPECIFICATION
SUPPLIER/SOURCE
SAMPLING LOCATION
XTRATEC S
CUSTOMER/SITE S
CLIENT
SITE
TYPE OF MATERILL
AGGREGATE TYPE
NOMINAL SIZE
SPECIFICATION
SUPPLIER/SOURCE
SAMPLING LOCATION
XTRATEC S
CUSTOMER/SITE S
CLIENT
SITE
TYPE OF MATERILL
AGGREGATE TYPE
NOMINAL SIZE
SPECIFICATION
SUPPLIER/SOURCE
SAMPLING LOCATION
XTRATEC S
CUSTOMER/SITE S
CLIENT
SITE
TYPE OF MATERILL
AGGREGATE TYPE
NOMINAL SIZE
SPECIFICATION
SUPPLIER/SOURCE
SAMPLING LOCATION
DIHM 2.1
Xtratec
03 March 2023
03 March 2023
DATE TESTED 06 March 2023
(dry sieving)

| TEST RESULTS |  |  |  |
| ---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sieve Size | Percent. | Specified <br> lower | upper |
| 125 | 100 |  |  |
| 80 | 100 | 100 |  |
| 63 | 100 | 98 | 100 |
| 40 | 100 | 85 | 99 |
| 31.5 | 92 |  |  |
| 20 | 6 | 0 | 20 |
| 16 | 1 |  |  |
| 14 | 1 |  |  |
| 10 | 1 | 0 | 5 |
| 8 | 1 |  |  |
| 6.3 | 1 |  |  |
| 4 | 1 |  |  |
| 2 | 1 |  |  |
| 1 | 0 |  |  |
| 0.5 | 0 |  |  |
| 0.25 | 0 |  |  |
| 0.125 | 0 |  |  |
| 0.063 | 0 |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |


| Water Content (\%) | 3.9 |
| :--- | :--- |



REMARKS: A certificate of sampling is available

ISSUE TO: Thanet Waste Services Ltd
Richborough Hall
Ramsgate Road Sandwich, Kent CT13 9NW


The results reported represents only the material tested supplied to the laboratory or if
the material has been sampled by Xtratec the quantity of the material represented by the sample.
This report shall not be reproduced except in full without approval of the laboratory

## TEST REPORT OF Testing For Constituent Materials

Method: BS EN 933-11:2009

| XTRATEC SAMPLE REF | XTE 67674 |
| ---: | :---: |
| CUSTOMER/SITE SAMPLE REF | GM8 |


| CLIENT | Thanet Waste Services Ltd |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| SITE | Sandwich |
| MATERIAL | Recycled Type 1 |
| SOURCE | Insitu |
| SAMPLING METHOD | DIHM 2.1 |
| SAMPLED BY | Xtratec |
| DATE SAMPLED | 03 March 2023 |
| DATE RECEIVED | 03 March 2023 |
| DATE TESTED | 06 March 2023 |
| DRYING TEMPERATURE | $(40 \pm 5)^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |


| Class | Material |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| FL | Floating Particles | $1.4 \mathrm{~cm}^{3} / \mathrm{kg}$ |
| Rc | Concrete/concrete products; mortar and Concrete masonry units | $29 \%$ |
| Ru | Unbound Aggregate, natural stone, Hydraulically bound aggregate | $12 \%$ |
| Rb | Clay masonry units, Calcium silicate masonry units, Aerated non-floating concrete | $19 \%$ |
| Ra | Bituminous materials | $39 \%$ |
| Rg | Glass | $0.7 \%$ |
| X | Other clay \& soil, metals,non floating wood,plastic rubber, Gypsum plaster | $0.4 \%$ |


| REMARKS: |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| ISSUE TO: | Thanet Waste Services Ltd <br>  <br> Richborough Hall <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Ramsgate Road <br>  <br>  <br> CT13 9NW | DATE: |

## Geogrid

## Secugrid® Q (PP)

## Product description:

Laid geogrid made of stretched, monolithic polypropylene (PP) flat bars with welded junctions used for the reinforcement in many fields of civil engineering including landfill engineering, road construction and hydraulic engineering

| Property | Test method* | Unit | 20/20 Q1 | 30/30 Q1 | 40/40 Q1 | 60/60 Q1 | 80/80 Q1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw material | - | - | polypropylene (PP), white |  |  |  |  |
| Mass per unit area | EN ISO 9864 | $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 155 | 200 | 240 | 360 | 440 |
| Max. tensile strength, md/ cmd** | EN ISO 10319 | kN/m | $\geq 20 / \geq 20$ | $\geq 30 / \geq 30$ | $\geq 40 / \geq 40$ | $\geq 60 / \geq 60$ | $\geq 80 / \geq 80$ |
| Elongation at nominal strength, md / cmd** | EN ISO 10319 | \% | $\leq 71 \leq 7$ |  |  |  |  |
| Tensile strength at $1 \%$ elongation, md / cmd** | EN ISO 10319 | kN/m | 4 / 4 | $6 / 6$ | $8 / 8$ | 12 / 12 | 16 / 16 |
| Tensile strength at $2 \%$ elongation, md / cmd** | EN ISO 10319 | kN/m | $8 / 8$ | 12 / 12 | 16 / 16 | 22 / 22 | $25 / 25$ |
| Tensile strength at 5\% elongation, md/cmd** | EN ISO 10319 | kN/m | 16/16 | 24 / 24 | 32 / 32 | $48 / 48$ | $50 / 50$ |
| Aperture size, mdx cmd** | - | $\mathrm{mm} \times \mathrm{mm}$ | approx. $33 \times 33$ | approx. $32 \times 32$ | approx. $31 \times 31$ | approx. $31 \times 31$ | approx. $31 \times 30$ |
| UV-resistance (remaining tensile strength) | EN 12224 | \% | 95.0 |  |  |  |  |
| Weather resistance | FGSV | class | high |  |  |  |  |
| Production specific elongation | - | \% | 0 |  |  |  |  |
| Roll dimensions, width x length | - | $\mathrm{m} \times \mathrm{m}$ | $4.75 \times 100$ |  |  |  |  |

*based on, "*md = machine direction, cmd = cross machine direction

[^6]Geotextiles for filtration and separation

## Secutex® HT

Product description:
Single layeres, needle punched and calendered nonwoven filter and separation geotextiles

NAUE GmbH \& Co. KG
Gewerbestrasse 2
32339 Espelkamp-Fiestel
Germany
Phone:+49 5743 41-0 Fax: :+49 5743 41-240 E-Mail: info@naue.com Internet: www.naue.com

| Property | Test method* | Unit | HT 3 | HT 4 | HT 5 | HT 6 | HT 7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Raw material | - | - | polypropylene (PP), white |  |  |  |  |
| Mass per unit area | EN ISO 9864 | $\mathrm{g} / \mathrm{m}^{2}$ | 150 | 165 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| Thickness | EN ISO 9863-1 | mm | 1.0 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 |
| Max. tensile strength, md/ cmd** | EN ISO 10319 | kN/m | 11.0 / 11.0 | 12.0 / 12.0 | 16.0 / 16.0 | 20.0 / 20.0 | 25.0 / 25.0 |
| Elongation at max. tensile strength, md / cmd** | EN ISO 10319 | \% | 45 / 50 | 45 / 50 | 45 / 50 | 45 / 50 | 45 / 50 |
| Puncture force | EN ISO 12236 | N | 1,800 | 2,000 | 2,700 | 3,300 | 4,200 |
| Displacement at static puncture strength | EN ISO 12236 | mm | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Dynamic perforation resistance | EN ISO 13433 | mm | 24 | 22 | 16 | 13 | 10 |
| Characteristic opening size | EN ISO 12956 | $\mu \mathrm{m}$ | 90 | 90 | 80 | 80 | 70 |
| Water permeability <br> - $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{H} 50}$-Index <br> - Flow rate ${ }_{\text {н50 }}$ | EN ISO 11058 | $\begin{gathered} \mathrm{m} / \mathrm{s} \\ \mathrm{l} /\left(\mathrm{m}^{2} \mathrm{~s}\right) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.0 \times 10^{-1} \\ 100 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9.0 \times 10^{-2} \\ 90 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 7.5 \times 10^{-2} \\ 75 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 6.0 \times 10^{-2} \\ 60 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 5.0 \times 10^{-2} \\ 50 \end{gathered}$ |
| Detector tested | - | - | yes | yes | yes | yes | yes |

*based on, **md = machine direction, cmd = cross machine direction


#### Abstract

INTRODUCTION BioDisc systems offer a cost effective and flexible solution to a wide range of domestic sewage treatment applications. The range employs Klargester's patented Managed Flow Technology to enhance the effectiveness and consistency of the treatment system. At the core of the BioDisc lies the Rotating Biological Contactor (RBC) Technology, which Klargester has developed and refined over a period of 25 years. BioDisc units are designed and engineered to offer the highest level of reliability combined with the lowest possible running costs.


## APPLICATIONS

Single Dwellings
Housing Estates
Golf Clubs
Schools
Hotels
Caravan Parks

## DISCHARGES

BioDisc is designed to conform to the British Standard Code of Practice BS6297 relating to the design of small sewage treatment works.
Treated effluent from BioDisc units may be discharged directly to a watercourse where a consent has been obtained from the relevant authority; EA (England \& Wales), SEPA (Scotland) Local Authority Public Health Department (N Ireland \& Eire).
The units are configured to produce a final effluent quality of 20 $\mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l} \mathrm{BOD}_{5}$ (ATU), Biochemical Oxygen Demand, $30 \mathrm{mg} / \mathrm{l}$ Suspended Solids. If a more stringent quality effluent is required, or if an Ammonianical Nitrogen level is specified, the BioDisc may be reconfigured to meet the required specification. Details on application.

## DESCRIPTION

The BioDisc unit utilises a series of connected reactors and chambers.
BioDisc units BA-BG are self contained, single piece units: BioDisc units BA-BE are available with varying inlet depths to suit site levels (see the table overleaf).
The main structure of the BioDisc unit is constructed from Glass Reinforced Plastic (GRP).
Biological treatment occurs on the Rotating Biological Contactor, or Rotor, in the BioDisc. The Rotor comprises banks of polypropylene discs (media) attached to a horizontal, zinc coated, steel shaft and is slowly rotated by an electric motor and gearbox.
The BioDisc has a low profile GRP cover, arranged in sections to facilitate access. A free-standing, weatherproof, local Control Panel is supplied with the BioDisc.

## PROCESS

1. Primary Settlement Tank - Incoming sewage is received in the PST where settleable solids are separated and retained for periodic removal. The liquid level in the PST is allowed to fluctuate, to absorb incoming flow surges.
2. First Stage Biozone - The settled liquor passes from the PST into the first stage Biozone where it comes into close contact with natural micro-organisms (biomass) which colonise the surface of the media.
This first stage of the biological treatment acts as a roughing stage, absorbing fluctuations in the Biochemical Oxygen Demand ( $\mathrm{BOD}_{5}$ ) and detergent levels which would otherwise inhibit biological action in the second stage.
The patented managed flow system transfers the liquor to the second stage Biozone at a steady rate.
3. Second Stage Biozone - Treatment conditions in this stage are optimised, as the liquid level is constant. The media is partially submerged and, as it rotates, the biomass is alternately immersed in the liquor for adsorption and digestion of waste matter and exposed to the atmosphere for oxygenation.
4. Final Settlement Tank (FST) - Liquor containing excess biomass as fine settleable solids (humus) enters the FST through a submerged transfer pipe. Humus is settled out and retained for periodic removal at the same time as the sludge in the PST. The final discharge from the FST is by a dip-pipe (excepting units with integral discharge pump - see below).

## DISCHARGE PUMPING

Effluent pumping stations are available (single or twin pump) for applications where the discharge has to be lifted to a higher level or pumped to remote discharge point. Details on request.
BA and BB BioDisc units can be supplied with an optional integral discharge pump.

## ALARMS

Alarms are available to signal loss of rotation and failure of the discharge pump (where applicable). Details on request.

## EQUIPMENT SELECTION

Maximum daily hydraulic and organic loads shown overleaf are for general guidance only. Please consult Klargester for site specific selection.
All applications are individually assessed, considering a number of factors, including the expected hydraulic flow, organic load, ammonia levels and treatability.

## DELIVERY \& INSTALLATION

Units are normally delivered by flat bed vehicle and the installer should provide lifting facilities for off-loading. BioDisc units are installed on a concrete base and surrounded with concrete. BA \& BB units can be surrounded in pea shingle if ground conditions allow. Installation Guidelines are supplied with each unit.

## MAINTENANCE

BioDisc units should be de-sludged as required (see table). Mechanical maintenance is minimal, but should not be neglected. Klargester offers a range of maintenance packages to support a long and trouble free service life.

## GREASE SEPARATION

Klargester offer a range of grease traps and separators. These are required on sites with commercial catering facilities, to prevent excessive concentrations of fats, oils and greases interfering with the biological processes within the BioDisc.

## SAMPLE CHAMBERS

Pre-fabricated sample chambers are available to meet Environment Agency requirements.



SINGLE-PIECE BIODISC SPECIFICATION BA-BG (Carbonaceous)
The sizing of Sewage Treatment Plant requires specialised knowledge and experience. Please consult Klargester for an assessment of your application

| UNIT SIZE | BA <br> 1 House | BB <br> 2 Houses | BC <br> 3-4 Houses | BD |  | BF | BG |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Max BOD (kg) per day <br> Max $\mathrm{NH}_{4} \mathrm{~N}$ (kg) per day <br> Design Flow Rate - DWF ( $\mathrm{m}^{3} /$ day ) <br> Peak Flow Rate ( $\mathrm{m}^{3} / \mathrm{hr}$ ) ( $1 / 2 \mathrm{hr} / 2 \mathrm{hr}$ period) | $\begin{gathered} 0.36 \\ 0.048 \\ 1.2 \\ 0.15 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 0.72 \\ 0.096 \\ 2.4 \\ 0.30 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.08 \\ 0.144 \\ 3.6 \\ 0.45 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1.5 \\ 0.2 \\ 5 \\ 0.63 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2.1 \\ 0.28 \\ 7 \\ 0.88 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 3.0 \\ 0.4 \\ 10 \\ 1.25 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4.2 \\ 0.56 \\ 14 \\ 1.75 \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { A } & \text { Length } \mathrm{mm} \\ \text { B } & \text { Width } \mathrm{mm} \\ \text { C } & \text { Below Inlet Depth } \mathrm{mm}\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1995 \\ & 1400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 1995 \\ & 1400 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2450 \\ 1820 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3340 \\ & 2450 \\ & 1825 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3340 \\ & 2450 \\ & 1825 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4345 \\ & 2450 \\ & 1820 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 5235 \\ & 2450 \\ & 1820 \end{aligned}$ |
| D Inlet Invert Depth - Shallow Invert Standard Invert Europe Invert Deep Invert | $\begin{gathered} 450 \\ 750 \\ - \\ 1250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 450 \\ 750 \\ - \\ 1250 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} - \\ 600 \\ 900 \\ 1100 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} - \\ 600 \\ - \\ 1100 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 600 \\ - \\ 1100 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | - 60 | $600$ |
| E Outlet Invert Depth -Shallow Invert <br> Standard Invert <br> Europe Invert <br> Deep Invert | $\begin{gathered} 535 \\ 838 \\ - \\ 1335 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 535 \\ 835 \\ - \\ 1335 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} - \\ 685 \\ 985 \\ 1185 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 685 \\ - \\ 1185 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 685 \\ - \\ 1185 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 700 | $700$ |
| F $\quad$ Depth Below G.L. -Shallow Invert <br> Standard Invert <br> Europe Invert <br> Deep Invert | $\begin{gathered} 1850 \\ 2150 \\ - \\ 2650 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1850 \\ 2150 \\ - \\ 2650 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2420 \\ & 2720 \\ & 2920 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $2425$ $2925$ | $\begin{array}{r} - \\ 2425 \\ - \\ 2925 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $2420$ | $2420$ |
| G Overall Height -Shallow Invert <br>  <br>  <br>  <br>  <br> Standard Invert <br> Europe Invert <br> Deep Invert | $\begin{gathered} 2160 \\ 2460 \\ - \\ 2960 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2160 \\ 2460 \\ - \\ 2960 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2825 \\ & 3125 \\ & 3325 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2830 \\ - \\ 3330 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2830 \\ - \\ 3330 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | 2825 | 2825 |
| H Height Above Ground Level Ground Clearance <br> J Drain Offset <br> K Inlet Position <br> L Outlet Position | $\begin{gathered} 310 \\ 95 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 310 \\ 95 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 405 \\ 65 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 405 \\ 65 \\ 855 \\ 1225 \\ 1260 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 405 \\ 65 \\ 855 \\ 1225 \\ 1370 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 405 \\ 65 \\ 1070 \\ 2170 \\ 1105 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline 405 \\ 65 \\ 890 \\ 3120 \\ 1225 \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ |
| Desludge Period (approx.) <br> Motor Rating 1phase/3phase (Watts) <br> Full load current 1 phase (Amps) <br> Full load current 3 phase (Amps) <br> Weight (kg) - <br> Shallow Invert <br> Standard Invert <br> Europe Invert <br> Deep Invert | 12 months 50 0.51 0.21 310 325 - 380 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 6 \text { months } \\ 50 \\ 0.51 \\ 0.21 \\ 335 \\ 350 \\ - \\ 405 \end{gathered}$ | 7 months $75 / 60$ 1.00 0.34 - 650 700 750 | 6 months $75 / 60$ 1.00 0.34 - 1100 - 1200 | 4 months $75 / 90$ 1.00 0.43 - 1200 - 1300 | $\begin{gathered} \hline 4 \text { months } \\ 120 \\ 1.30 \\ 0.46 \\ - \\ 1315 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 \text { months } \\ 180 \\ 1.57 \\ 0.67 \\ - \\ 1660 \end{gathered}$ |

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BioDisc® is the registered trademark of Klargester Environmental Limited


[^0]:    Available in Blue, Red \& Brown Brindle

[^1]:    Conform to BS EN 771-1: 2011+A1:2015
    Class A.
    Solid or Perforated.
    Uniformly high crushing strength.
    Low water absorption.
    Resistant to acids, alkalis and abrasion.
    Sizes:
    $215 \times 102.5 \times 50 \mathrm{~mm} \quad 215 \times 102.5 \times 65 \mathrm{~mm} \quad 215 \times 102.5 \times 73 \mathrm{~mm}$

[^2]:    To ensure that the barrier properties of the Puriton ${ }^{\oplus}$ system are maintained, approved Puriton ${ }^{\oplus}$ fittings must be used with Puriton ${ }^{\oplus}$ pipe. The use of non Puriton ${ }^{\oplus}$ fittings may compromise the contamination resistance of the system. Please refer to our Puriton ${ }^{\oplus}$ brochure on how to join Puriton ${ }^{\ominus}$ pipe using our approved fittings. For more details, please contact our customer services team. e: sales@radius-systems.com or visit our website www.radius-systems.com.

[^3]:    Installation requirements: Radius Systems' 17.5 mm pipe relining system is installed using a pipe pushing technique. Specialist tooling is required to carry out the installation.

    Training must be undertaken before carrying out the installation of the system. Please contact Radius Systems for more information. t: +44(0)1773811112 or e: sales@radius-systems.com.

[^4]:    Note: The coil banding sequence can be found within this brochure. As part of Radius Systems' commitment to ongoing product development, pipe coil dimensions may be subject to change.

[^5]:    * Steel security bands are applied to coils 75 mm and above.

    Coil length + caution tape applied to $75 \mathrm{~mm}+$

[^6]:    The listed technical values are guiding values, achieved in our laboratories and/or independent testing institutes. Our products are subject to changes without prior notice.

