

WINDMILL HOUSE, CREETING HILLS, CREETING ST MARY, IP6 8PY

Professional opinion

Addresses the Law Society practice notes on Contaminated Land and Flood risk.



ACTION REQUIRED



Contaminated Land Liability

Action Required

[page 9 >](#)



Flooding

Low

Further guidance



Ground Stability

Identified

[page 9 >](#)



Radon

Passed



Energy

Identified

[page 16 >](#)



Transportation

Not identified



Planning Constraints

Identified

[page 27 >](#)



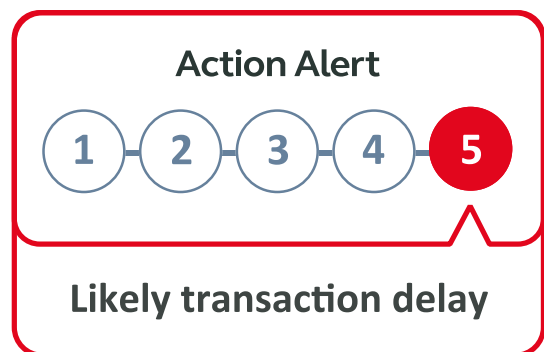
Planning Applications

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[page 27 >](#)

Next steps indicator

Based on time, costs and complexity of proposed next steps relating to all sections of the report.



ClimateIndex™

ClimateIndex™ projects changes in physical and transition risks from:



Flooding



Ground stability



Coastal erosion

5 years



No risk predicted

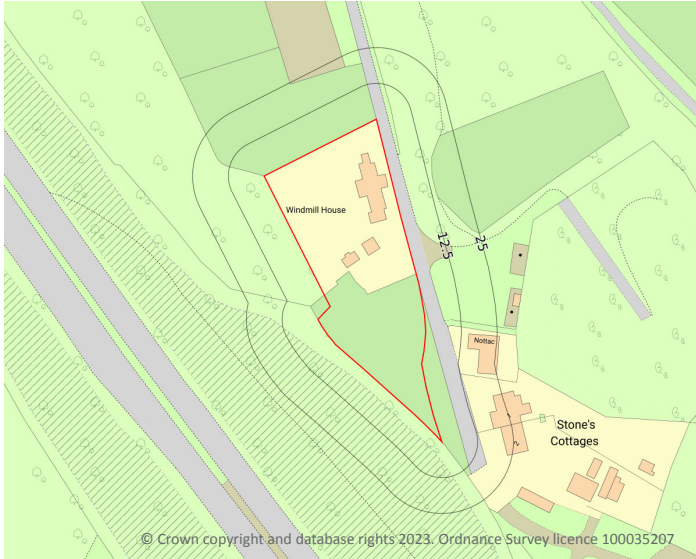
30 years



No risk predicted

Please refer to [page 6 >](#) for details and guidance

Site Plan



Useful contacts

Mid Suffolk District Council:
<http://www.midsuffolk.gov.uk/> ↗
customerservice@csduk.com ↗
03001 234 000

Environment Agency National Customer
Contact Centre (NCCC):
enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk ↗
03708 506 506

Action Alert

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Overview of findings and recommendations

To save you time when assessing the report, we only provide maps and data tables of features within the search radius that we have identified to be of note. These relate to environmental risks that may have liability implications, affect insurance premiums, property values and/or a lender's willingness to lend.

You can view the fully comprehensive library of information we have searched on [page 36](#) >.



Contaminated Land

One or a number of landfill sites were identified by this report. Landfill sites pose a risk to residential properties as some landfill sites can produce gas and leachate (a toxic liquid), which can move through soils, service conduits and some types of rock strata. Furthermore, if a landfill is located directly beneath a property, structural and subsidence problems can become apparent if such issues were not taken into consideration during site design and construction.

These sites are detailed as follows:

1. A historical landfill has been identified on site as having accepted inert and commercial waste with an initial input date circa 1989. However no further details are held with regards to the final input date,
2. A refuse tip has been identified 9m to the east of the site circa 1984. This has been identified from historical Ordnance Survey mapping.

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Your ref: Jo_Mitchell
Grid ref: 609738 255514

Next steps for consideration:

- if the property was built after 1999, you can find out if its NHBC Buildmark Certificate includes contaminated land cover by emailing a copy of the NHBC certificate to info@groundsure.com ↗, quoting your report reference. If so, our experts will review your report free of charge and, if appropriate, revise to a pass free of charge
- investigate the insurance on offer for the property to ensure any implications on premiums are fully understood before completion
- if the property was built after 1985, consider contacting the planning department of the relevant Local Authority to clarify any conditions placed in the original planning consent documentation regarding investigation/remediation (cleaning) of contamination on the site. Evidence that these conditions were complied with will also need to be obtained. Our experts will review any such conditions identified and if appropriate revise to a pass free of charge
- consider contacting the Contaminated Land Officer within the Environmental Health Department of the relevant Local Authority to ask about the previous land use of the area (as specified above), written details confirming whether the land has been designated 'Contaminated Land' (as defined under Part 2A of EPA 1990), and if the Local Authority plans to take any further action. If the Local Authority are considering further action the level of priority assigned to this site and timescale of potential investigation will also be required.
- if speed is a priority, or other methods have failed, insurance might be the best option. However, at this stage it may be expensive, and it is not always possible to get suitable insurance. Numerous companies offer environmental insurance. If you are considering this option you can get in touch with Groundsure who will be happy to provide further details



Flooding

Groundwater Flooding

A risk of groundwater flooding has been identified at the site. This will be more of an issue for properties with a basement or other section below ground. Further advice on groundwater flooding has been produced by the Environment Agency and the Local Government Association and can be found at

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment_data/file/297421/flho0911bugi-e-e.pdf ↗



Ground stability

The property is indicated to lie within an area that could be affected by natural ground cavities, infilled land. You should consider the following:



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Next steps for consideration:

- if a survey has been undertaken at the property that considers ground instability and no issues were found, no further action is required
- however, based on the findings of this report, the purchaser should be encouraged to consider potential instability in any future development or alteration of the ground including planting and removing trees, and regardless of the survey outcome
- if no survey has yet been undertaken, we recommend one is carried out by a suitably qualified and experienced person
- if ground instability issues have been or are subsequently identified in a survey we recommend following any advice given in the survey findings
- you should also check whether the property benefits from a current NHBC guarantee or other environmental warranty that often covers structural issues. Please note the presence of an NHBC guarantee wouldn't change the risk assessment of this report

Other considerations

These are next steps associated with non-environmental search returns on matters of energy facilities, transport infrastructure and planning constraints.

 **Energy****Wind**

Existing or proposed wind installations have been identified within 10km.

Next steps for consideration:

- use the details given in the report to find out more about the potential impacts on the property
- contact the operating company and the relevant Local Authority for further information
- visit the area in order to more accurately assess the impact this wind development would have on the property

Solar

Existing or proposed solar installations have been identified within 5km of the property.

Next steps for consideration:

- use the details given in the report to find out more about the potential impacts on the property by contacting the operating company and/or Local Authority
- visit the area in order to more accurately assess the impact this solar farm would have on the property

Projects

One or more nationally significant energy infrastructure projects has been identified within 5km of the property.

Next steps for consideration:

- visit the National Infrastructure Planning website at infrastructure.planninginspectorate.gov.uk/projects/ ↗, where further details on nationally significant infrastructure projects, including environmental impact assessments, can be found



Planning constraints

Environmental designations

The property lies within 50m of an environmentally protected site or area.

Next steps for consideration:

- seek further guidance from the local planning department on any likely restrictions if considering any property development



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ClimateIndex™ physical and transition risks - Breakdown



Our ClimateIndex™ provides a climate score for your property, and projects changes in physical and transition risks from flooding, natural ground instability and coastal erosion. Climate change could have a significant medium to longer term impact on your property, which may be increasingly considered by your lender if you are arranging a mortgage. ClimateIndex™ provides ratings that indicate potential **physical risks** (loss and damage to property) and how these give rise to **transition risks** such as having a material impact on the ability to insure or mortgage the property in the medium to long term. In turn, this could affect the future resale value of the property.

You can see how these relate to the individual calculated risks in the breakdown below.

5 years



No risk predicted

30 years



No risk predicted

ClimateIndex™

These ratings provide an overall illustration of the individual peril breakdowns below. For example, you may have three individual perils that have been flagged as presenting a moderate or high risk, and collectively they could generate a C rating due to the combined severity of risks present on the property site.

Surface water flooding

Negligible

Negligible

River flooding

Negligible

Negligible

Coastal flooding

Negligible

Negligible

Ground instability

Negligible

Negligible

Coastal erosion - defended

Negligible

Negligible

Coastal erosion - undefended

Negligible

Negligible

Coastal erosion - complex cliffs

Negligible

Negligible



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In 30 years time your property has a ClimateIndex™ rating of A: At present, climate change has very little to no impact on this property and no further actions are necessary at this time.

See [page 34](#) > for further details.



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ClimateIndex™ transition risks

Energy Performance Certificates (EPC)

All UK properties have an EPC rating that determines how energy efficient they are. To find out the rating for this property, you can visit gov.uk's [Find an energy certificate](#) ↗ service. EPC certificates are valid for 10 years. These will need to be renewed when you wish to sell a property or let to a new tenant.

The EPC certificate will provide property-specific information and guidance on potential options and costs around retrofitting for energy efficiency you may wish to explore either now or at a later date.

Landlords

Currently, the Minimum Energy Efficiency Standards (MEES) requires all rented properties being let in England and Wales to have a minimum EPC rating of 'E'.

By 2028, all rental properties must have an EPC rating of at least 'C'.

The penalty for not having a valid EPC will be raised from £5,000 to £30,000 in 2028.

If the property has an EPC rating of D or E it is important that you consider required or planned retrofit costs against any anticipated equity gain.

Conversely, if energy efficiency is improved at the property through investment in recommended measures, you may be able to unlock improved rates through the increasing number of green mortgages on the market from lenders. A number are now looking at incentivising landlords to invest in energy improvement measures, including reduced or tapered rates once works have been completed. This may have a beneficial effect on the annual profitability of the rental.



Environmental summary



Environmental searches are designed to ensure that significant hazards and risks associated with this property are identified and considered alongside the investment in or purchase of a property.

Please see the Action Alert on [page 2](#) > for further advice.



Contaminated Land

Our Contaminated Land searches have found some potentially significant contamination risks. These could include risks relating to industrial processes, petrol stations, or landfill.

Please see [page 10](#) > for details of the identified issues and [page 39](#) > for our assessment methodology.

Contaminated Land Liability	Action Required
Past Land Use	Passed
Waste and Landfill	Identified
Current and Recent Industrial	Passed



Flooding

Property's overall risk assessment for river, coastal, surface water and groundwater flooding is low.

Further explanation of flood risk assessment can be seen in the Flood information on [page 39](#) >.

River and Coastal Flooding	Very Low
Groundwater Flooding	Moderate
Surface Water Flooding	Negligible
Past Flooding	Not identified
Flood Storage Areas	Not identified

FloodScore™ insurance rating

Very Low

The rating is compiled by Ambiental, a leading flood risk analysis company. Please see [page 39](#) >



Ground stability

The property is assessed to have potential for natural or non-natural ground subsidence.

Please see [page 13](#) > for details of the identified issues.

Natural Ground Stability	Identified
Non-Natural Ground Stability	Identified



Radon

Local levels of radon are considered normal. However, if an underground room makes up part of the accommodation, the property should be tested regardless of radon Affected Area status.

Not in a radon affected area

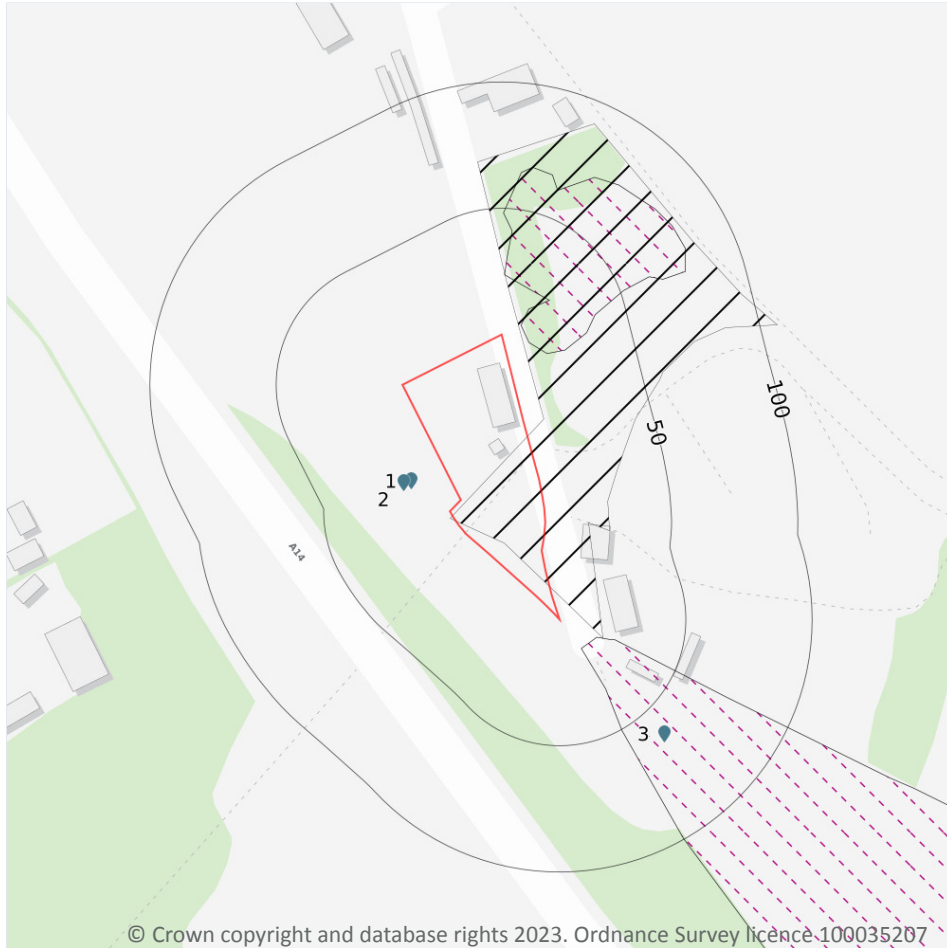


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Contaminated land / Waste and landfill



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Former Landfill (EA records)
- Landfill sites (Groundsure records)
- Active or recent licensed waste sites

Former landfill (from Local Authority and historical mapping records)

These are records of former areas of landfill. These areas of land may have been redeveloped for other uses since the landfill closed. Depending on the nature of the waste these landfill sites accepted, they may still pose a risk of contamination (including from landfill gases). Former landfill sites can also cause issues with ground instability.

Please see the Action Alert on [page 2 >](#) for further advice.

Distance	Direction	Site Address	Source	Data Type
9 m	N	Refuse Tip	1984 mapping	Polygon
14 m	SE	Refuse Tip	1984 mapping	Polygon

This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure/Local Authorities.

Former landfill (from Environment Agency Records)

These are records of former areas of landfill. These areas of land may have been redeveloped for other uses since the landfill closed. Depending on the nature of the waste these landfill sites accepted, they may still pose a risk of contamination (including from landfill gases). Former landfill sites can also cause issues with ground instability.

Please see the Action Alert on [page 2 >](#) for further advice.

Distance	Direction	Details		
0	on site	Site Address: Creeting Hills, Creeting Hills, Creeting St Mary Waste Licence: Yes Site Reference: 3500/0513 Waste Type: Inert, Commercial Environmental Permitting Regulations (Waste) Reference: AZ1/L/BRE001	Licence Issue: 28/07/1989 Licence Surrendered: 10/02/2004 Licence Holder Address: Flordon Road, Creeting St Mary, Ipswich	First Input: 28/07/1989 Last Input: - Control Measures: -

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales.

Active or recent licensed waste sites

These are records of waste sites that are operated under licence. Waste operations require an environmental permit (from Environment Agency or Natural Resources Wales) if the business uses, recycles, treats, stores or disposes of waste or mining waste. The permit can be for activities at one site or for a mobile plant used at many sites. Depending on the nature of waste being accepted by these facilities, there could be risk of ground contamination. Some waste sites can also cause nuisance problems due to noise, dust and odour.

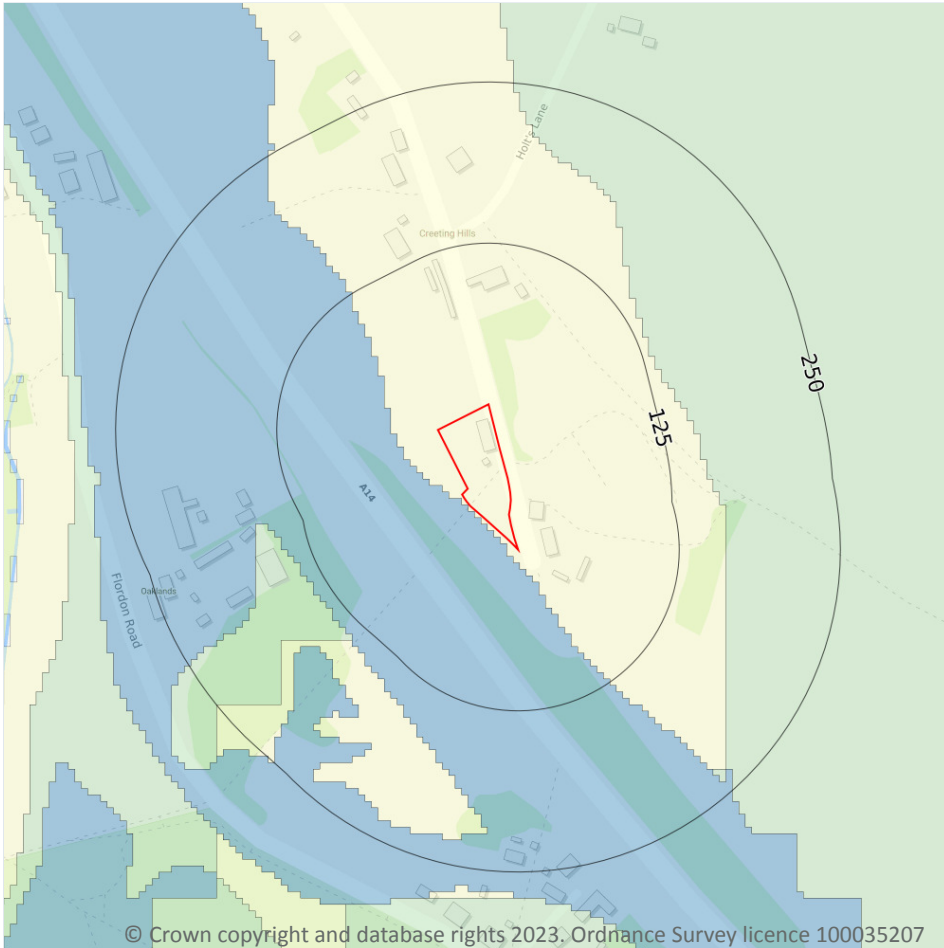
Please see the Action Alert on [page 2 >](#) for further advice.

ID	Distance	Direction	Address	Type	Size	Status
1	14 m	W	Creeting Hills, Creeting St Mary, Needham Market, Suffol	Landfill taking Non-Biodegradable Wastes	Small	Surrendered
2	14 m	W	Breheny Civil Engineering Limited, Creeting Hills, Creeting St Mary, Needham Market, Suffolk, IP6 8NH	Landfill taking Non-Biodegradable Wastes	Large	Surrendered
3	61 m	SE	Breheny Civil Engineering Limited, Land/Premises At, Sallywoods Lane, Creeting St Mary, Needham Market, Suffolk, IP6 8NH	Landfill taking Non-Biodegradable Wastes	Small	Closure

This data is sourced from the Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales.



Flooding / Groundwater flooding



— Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

- High
- Moderate - High
- Moderate
- Low
- Negligible

Ambiental data indicates that the property is in an area with a moderate risk of groundwater flooding. Should a 1 in 100-year groundwater flood event occur, groundwater levels may affect basement areas. Properties without basements are not considered to be at risk from this level of groundwater flooding.

Some of the responses contained in this report are based on data and information provided by the Natural Environment Research Council (NERC) or its component body British Geological Survey (BGS). Your use of any information contained in this report which is derived from or based upon such data and information is at your own risk. Neither NERC nor BGS gives any warranty, condition or representation as to the quality, accuracy or completeness of such information and all liability (including for negligence) arising from its use is excluded to the fullest extent permitted by law. Your use of the data/report/assessment constitutes your agreement to bring no claim against NERC or BGS in connection with it.



Ground stability / Natural geological cavities



There is a record of a naturally occurring geological cavity, or an area which may contain such cavities, within 250 metres of this property.

Geological cavities and holes may have the potential to cause ground stability problems such as subsidence, surface collapses, mass movement and landslides. However, this does not confirm whether the property will be directly affected.

If the Data type in the table below is classified as polygon, this indicates an area-based record, and that natural cavities are found somewhere within this area, but not necessarily beneath the property itself. The polygon areas can be large, so caution is advised in the interpretation of this data.

Groundsure may be able to obtain further information on the presence of these cavities from the data provider. Please contact us if further information is required.

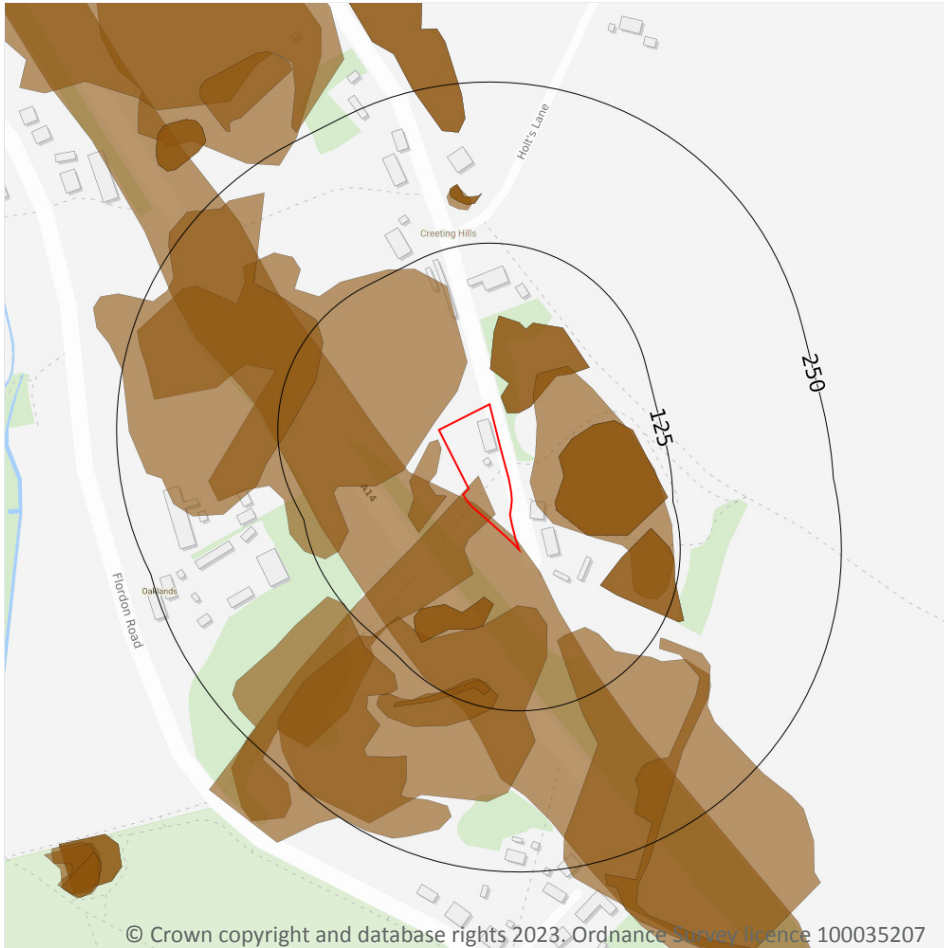
Please see the Action Alert on [page 2](#) > for further advice.

Distance	Direction	Data type	Superficial Deposits	Bedrock Deposits	Cavity Type and Number
157 m	S	Point	Glacial Sand	Chalk Group	Solution Pipe x 1

This information is obtained from the natural cavities dataset, which is supplied and digitally combined by Stantec UK Ltd.



Ground stability / Non-natural ground subsidence



— Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

■ Infilled Land

Mining hazards:

■ Highly likely

■ Likely

Infilled land

Maps suggest the property is located on a previous pond, quarry, mine, landfill or other hole in the land. These land cavities are often filled in with various materials and this can cause structural problems, although such events are rare. Groundsure's experts recommend that you check whether your structural surveys have taken this into account.

Please see the Action Alert on [page 2 >](#) for further advice.

Distance	Direction	Use	Date
0	on site	Cuttings	1976
0	on site	Gravel Pit	1957
4 m	NW	Unspecified Pits	1957
6 m	NW	Gravel Pits	1957



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Distance	Direction	Use	Date
10 m	N	Unspecified Pit	1976
10 m	N	Unspecified Pit	1969
16 m	E	Unspecified Pit	1957

Groundsure's experts systematically analyse historical maps, which can highlight areas that, over time, may have been filled with various materials. The materials used are usually safe, although in some cases contaminative materials may also have been used. Past ground workings have been identified at the site. These workings may be associated with railway cuttings or other ground engineering but may also indicate mining activity. Information is taken from features identified on Ordnance Survey historical maps, which do not indicate the distance or direction that mines extend beneath the surface. For example, features such as mine shafts only indicate the entrance to a mine. From this, we may infer the potential for underground features to extend outward from this point. Some features within this database may also relate to non-mining underground activities e.g. air shafts for underground railways.



Energy summary



Oil and gas

No historical, active or planned wells or extraction areas have been identified near the property.

Oil and gas areas
Oil and gas wells

Not identified
Not identified



Wind and Solar

Our search of existing and planned renewable wind and solar infrastructure has identified results.

Please see the Action Alert on [page 2](#) > for further advice. Additionally, see [page 17](#) > for details of the identified issues.

Planned Multiple Wind Turbines

Identified

Planned Single Wind Turbines

Identified

Existing Wind Turbines

Identified

Proposed Solar Farms

Identified

Existing Solar Farms

Identified



Energy

Our search of major energy transmission or generation infrastructure and nationally significant infrastructure projects has identified results.

Please see the Action Alert on [page 2](#) > for further advice. Additionally, see [page 24](#) > for details of the identified issues.

Power stations

Not identified

Energy Infrastructure Projects

Not identified

Identified

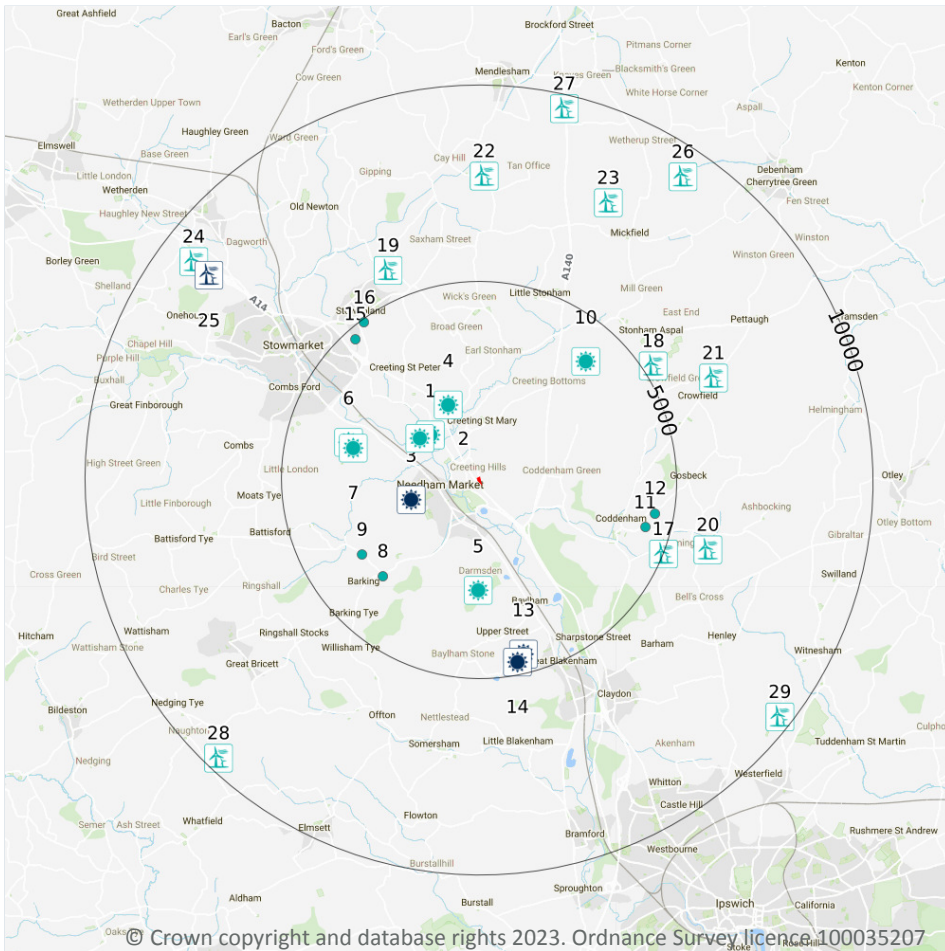


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Energy / Wind and solar



— Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

-  Wind farms
-  Proposed wind farms
-  Proposed wind turbines
-  Existing and agreed solar installations
-  Proposed solar installations

Wind farms

An active wind farm, group of turbines or individual wind turbine has been identified within 10,000m of the property. See below for details of the operating company, number of turbines, project and turbine capacity.

ID	Distance	Direction	Details	
25	9-10 km	NW	Site Name: Plashwood Estates, Gallows Lane, Harleston, East of England Operator Developer: Urban Wind Ltd Status of Project: Operational	Type of project: Onshore Number of Turbines: 1 Turbine Capacity: 0.1MW Total project capacity: 0.1 Approximate Grid Reference: 602462, 261064

This data is sourced from the UK Wind Energy Database supplied by Renewable UK. Groundsure recommends further independent research with Renewable UK of any sites of interest to determine exact locations and details of the projects.

Proposed wind farms

A wind farm or group of turbines or individual wind turbine has been proposed within 10,000m of the property. See below for details of the operating company, number of turbines, project and turbine capacity.

Please note some planning applications identified as having been refused, may have subsequently been granted on appeal without appearing as such within this report. Additionally, please be aware that as the identified records are taken from a planning record archive, the proposals identified may have already been undertaken.

ID	Distance	Direction	Details	
17	5-6 km	E	Site Name: Church Farm Church Lane, Hemingstone, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 9RG Planning Application Reference: 1013/11 Type of Project: 2 Wind Generators	Application Date: 2011-03-22 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detailed Plans Submitted Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of 2 wind generators 14.97m to hub and 5.5m rotor diameter. Approximate Grid Reference: 614424, 253618
18	5-6 km	NE	Site Name: Wood Farm Business Centre Stonham Road, Crowfield, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 9TH Planning Application Reference: 2452/12 Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2012-08-02 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detail Plans Refused Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of 2 wind turbines (14.97m to hub, 5.6m diameter blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 614162, 258407
19	5-6 km	NW	Site Name: Walnut Tree Farm Gipping Road, Stowupland, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 4BD Planning Application Reference: 2431/11 Type of Project: 3 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2011-07-15 Planning Stage: Plans Approved Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of three wind turbines (14.97m to hub, 5.5m diameter blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 607411, 260837
20	6-7 km	E	Site Name: Primrose Hill Farm Main Road, Hemingstone, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 9RL Planning Application Reference: 0671/12 Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2012-02-23 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detailed Plans Submitted Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of a two 4.9 kw wind turbines (14.97m to hub, 5.6m diameter blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 615553, 253724
21	6-7 km	NE	Site Name: Wind Turbines 1 Church Road, Crowfield, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 9TF Planning Application Reference: 2190/12 Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2012-07-06 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detail Plans Refused Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of two 5kw wind turbines (14.97m to hub, 5.5m radius blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 615697, 258098



ID	Distance	Direction	Details	
22	7-8 km	N	Site Name: The Cedars, Mendlesham Green, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 5RN Planning Application Reference: 2427/11 Type of Project: 3 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2011-07-15 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detail Plans Refused Project Details: Scheme comprises construction of a three 5kw Wind Turbines (14.97m to hub, 5.5m diameter blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 609858, 263238
23	7-8 km	NE	Site Name: Wetheringsett Road, Mickfield, Stowmarket, Mid Suffolk, Suffolk, IP14 5LJ Planning Application Reference: 2590/07 Type of Project: Wind Farm	Application Date: 2007-08-29 Planning Stage: Early Planning Pre-Planning Project Details: Scheme comprises potential wind energy development. At this stage, the proposal is based upon 4 wind turbines of maximum generating capacity to 2.50 MW, with hub height up to 80m and a rotor diameter Approximate Grid Reference: 613019, 262559
24	9-10 km	NW	Site Name: Wind Turbines at, Gallows Lane, Plashwood Estates, Stowmarket, Mid Suffolk, Suffolk, IP14 Planning Application Reference: 2683/13 Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2013-09-26 Planning Stage: Plans Approved Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises construction of two 100 KW wind turbines (height 23m to hub, 12m radius blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 602465, 261062
26	9-10 km	NE	Site Name: Ulveston Hall Gracechurch Street, Debenham, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 6BW Planning Application Reference: 0878/11 Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2011-03-09 Planning Stage: Plans Approved Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises construction of two 5kW wind turbines on 15m masts (overall height 18m). Approximate Grid Reference: 614919, 263221
27	9-10 km	N	Site Name: Chilli Farm Norwich Road, Mendlesham, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 5NQ Planning Application Reference: 0592/12 Type of Project: 3 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2012-02-16 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detail Plans Refused Project Details: Scheme comprises construction of 3 x 5kw wind turbines (14.97m to hub, 5.6m diameter blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 611899, 264955
28	9-10 km	SW	Site Name: Ash Keys and Pigeon Hall Farm New Road, Naughton, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP7 7BX Planning Application Reference: B/12/01181 Type of Project: 2 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2012-09-27 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detail Plans Withdrawn Project Details: Scheme comprises construction of two 12.97m high micro scale wind turbines. Approximate Grid Reference: 603096, 248420



ID	Distance	Direction	Details	
29	9-10 km	SE	Site Name: Ash Barn Cockfield Hall Lane, Witnesham, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 9JB Planning Application Reference: C/12/2496 Type of Project: 3 Wind Turbines	Application Date: 2012-12-06 Planning Stage: Plans Approved Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of 3 micro scale wind turbines (14.97m to hub, 5.6m diameter blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 617386, 249470

This information is derived from planning data supplied by Glenigan, in some cases with further accuracy applied by Groundsure's experts. This search includes planning applications for wind farms with multiple turbines within 10,000m of the property. This data is updated on a quarterly basis.

If the existence of a planning application, passed or refused may have a material impact with regard to the decision to purchase the property, Groundsure recommends independent, thorough enquiries are made with the Local Authority. If any applications have been identified within this report, Groundsure have included the planning reference to enable further enquiries to be made.

Proposed wind turbines

Planning applications for individual wind turbines have been proposed within 5,000m of the property. See below for details of the operating company, number of turbines, project and turbine capacity.

Please note some planning applications identified as having been refused may have subsequently been granted on appeal without appearing as such within this report. Additionally, please be aware that as the identified records are taken from a planning record archive, the proposals identified may have already been undertaken.

ID	Distance	Direction	Details	
8	3-4 km	SW	Site Name: Alma Cottage, Needham Road, Barking, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8HJ Planning Application Reference: DC/22/04761 Type of Project: Wind Turbine	Application Date: 2022-09-27 Planning Stage: Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises householder application - installation of a roof mounted vertical axis wind turbine. Approximate Grid Reference: 607280, 253052
9	3-4 km	SW	Site Name: Reedland Hascot Hill, Battisford, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 2HL Planning Application Reference: 2336/12 Type of Project: Wind Turbine	Application Date: 2012-07-18 Planning Stage: Plans Approved Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises installation of a single wind turbine (14.97m to hub, 5.5m diameter blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 606750, 253604



ID	Distance	Direction	Details	
11	4-5 km	E	Site Name: Coddendam Hall Farm High Street, Coddendam, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 9QY Planning Application Reference: 0780/12 Type of Project: Wind Turbine	Application Date: 2012-03-02 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detail Plans Refused Project Details: Scheme comprises construction of one 15kw wind turbine (15.4m to hub, 13.1m diameter blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 613954, 254297
12	4-5 km	E	Site Name: Coddendam Hall Farm High Street, Coddendam, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 9QY Planning Application Reference: 2164/11 Type of Project: Wind Turbine	Application Date: 2011-06-24 Planning Stage: Early Planning Detail Plans Withdrawn Project Details: Scheme comprises construction of one 20kw wind turbine (height 20m to hub, 6m radius blades). Approximate Grid Reference: 613954, 254297
15	4-5 km	NW	Site Name: Mill Green Farmhouse, Mill Street, Stowupland, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 5BJ Planning Application Reference: DC/22/02390 Type of Project: Wind Turbine	Application Date: 2022-05-10 Planning Stage: Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises householder application - construction of wind turbine. Approximate Grid Reference: 606579, 259091
16	4-5 km	NW	Site Name: Mill Green Farmhouse, Mill Street, Stowupland, Stowmarket, Suffolk, IP14 5BJ Planning Application Reference: DC/22/04852 Type of Project: Wind Turbine	Application Date: 2022-09-30 Planning Stage: Detail Plans Granted Project Details: Scheme comprises householder Application - Installation of a wind turbine. Approximate Grid Reference: 606625, 259223

This information is derived from planning data supplied by Glenigan, in some cases with further accuracy applied by Groundsure's experts. This search includes planning applications for single wind turbines only, within 5,000m of the property. This data is updated on a quarterly basis.

If the existence of a planning application, passed or refused, may have a material impact with regard to the decision to purchase the property, Groundsure recommends independent, thorough enquiries are made with the Local Authority. If any applications have been identified within this report, Groundsure have included the planning reference to enable further enquiries to be made.



Existing and agreed solar installations

There is an operational or planned solar photovoltaic farm or smaller installation located near the property. Please note this will not include small domestic solar installations. See below for details on installed capacity, operating company and the status of the project on a given date.

ID	Distance	Direction	Address	Details	
3	1-2 km	W	Mid Suffolk Home Solar Scheme, Mid Suffolk	Contractor: Mid Suffolk District Council LPA Name: Mid Suffolk District Council Capacity (MW): 4.8	Application Date: - Pre Consent Status: Operational Post Consent Status: Operational Date Commenced: 30/01/2016
13	4-5 km	S	Hill Farm (Baylham), Land at Hill Farm, Upper Street, Baylham (in the Parish of Great Blakenham)	Contractor: Hive Energy LPA Name: Mid Suffolk District Council Capacity (MW): 10	Application Date: 20/01/2014 Pre Consent Status: Planning Application Withdrawn Post Consent Status: Application Withdrawn Date Commenced: -
14	4-5 km	S	Land at Hill Farm, Baylham, Suffolk	Contractor: Hive Energy LPA Name: Mid Suffolk District Council Capacity (MW): 10	Application Date: 19/02/2013 Pre Consent Status: Planning Application Withdrawn Post Consent Status: Application Withdrawn Date Commenced: -

The solar installation data is supplied by the Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy and is updated on a monthly basis.

Proposed solar installations

There is a planning permission application relating to a solar farm or smaller installation near to the property. Please note this will not include small domestic solar installations and that one site may have multiple applications for different aspects of their design and operation. Also note that the presence of an application for planning permission is not an indication of permission having been granted. Please be aware that as the identified records are taken from a planning record archive, the proposals identified may have already been undertaken. See below for details of the proposals.

ID	Distance	Direction	Address	Details	
1	1-2 km	NW	Land at Grove Farm, Mill Lane, Creeting St Peter	Applicant name: Chris Blake Application Status: Screening Opinion (EIA) Application Date: 21/02/2013 Application Number: 0507/13	Screening opinion for large scale solar photovoltaic panel installation.

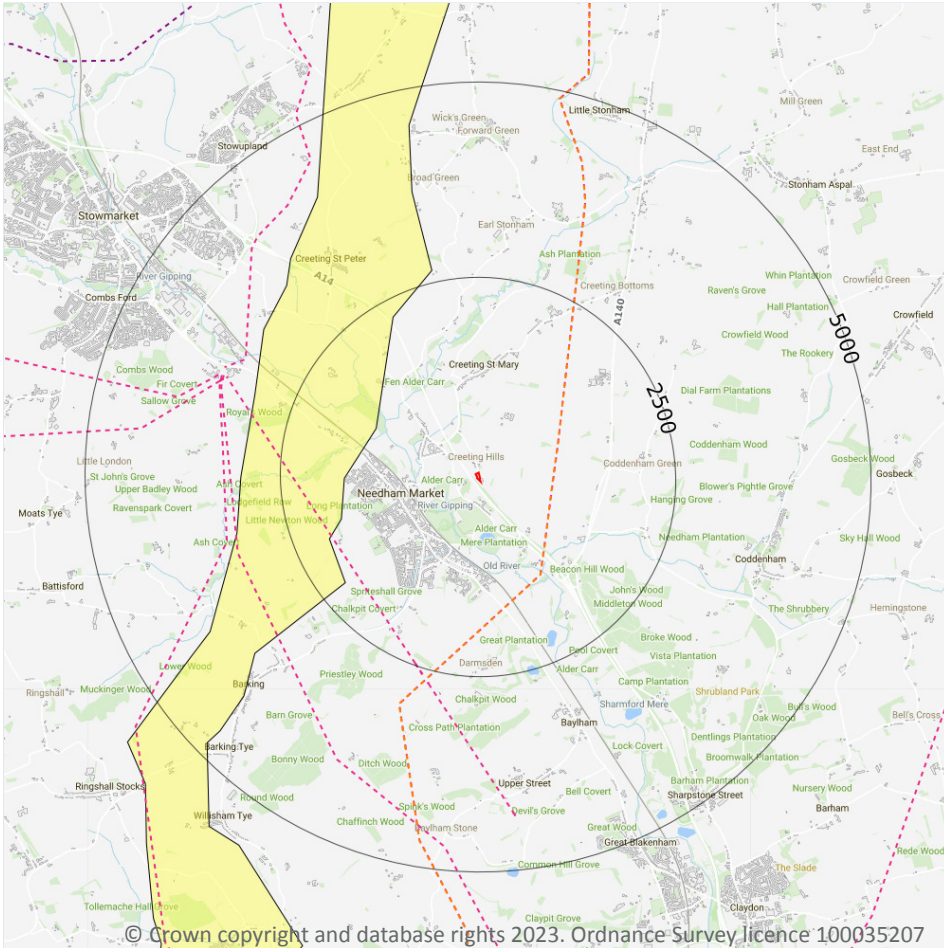


ID	Distance	Direction	Address	Details	
2	1-2 km	NW	Land at Grove Farm, Mill Lane, Creeting St Peter	Applicant name: Eleanor Simpson Application Status: Screening Opinion (EIA) Application Date: 22/04/2015 Application Number: 1540/15	EIA screening request for a 4.6MW solar farm on a 9.5Ha site
4	2-3 km	N	Land at Grove Farm, Mill Lane, Creeting St Peter	Applicant name: Chris Blake Application Status: Scoping Opinion (EIA) Application Date: 14/03/2013 Application Number: 1462/13	Request for scoping opinion for large scale solar photovoltaic panel installation
5	2-3 km	S	Roebuck Farm, Darmsden Hall Lane, Barking, Ipswich, IP6 8RA	Applicant name: Ms E Temple Application Status: Screening Opinion (EIA) Application Date: - Application Number: 0594/13	Screening Opinion - Proposed Solar Farm.
6	3-4 km	W	Land At Woodlands Farm, Stowmarket Road, Badley, Suffolk, IP6 8RP	Applicant name: Michelle Howley Application Status: Full Planning Application Application Date: 23/03/2022 Application Number: DC/22/01530	Full Planning Application - Installation of a solar array, associated infrastructure and construction of new vehicular access
7	3-4 km	W	Land South Of B1113, Woodlands, Badley	Applicant name: Elgin Energy Esco Ltd Application Status: Awaiting decision Application Date: 31/01/2022 Application Number: DC/22/00511	Application for a Formal Screening Opinion, pursuant to Regulation 6 of the Town and Country Planning (Environmental Impact Assessment) Regulations 2017- Woodlands ground mounted solar photovoltaic Solar Farm of circa 49.9 Megawatts, associated infrastructure, vehicular access, grid connection and landscaping.
10	4-5 km	NE	Broadacres, Green Lane, Creeting St Mary, Stowmarket, IP14 5DS	Applicant name: Mr P R Ling Application Status: Screening Opinion (EIA) Application Date: 29/10/2013 Application Number: 3175/13	Screening Opinion request for the development of proposed Solar Farm

The data is sourced from public registers of planning information and is updated every two weeks.



Energy / Energy infrastructure



Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

- Power stations
- Nuclear sites
- Gas sites
- Electricity substations
- Energy development projects
- Gas pipelines
- Electricity Lines
- Electricity Cable
- Electricity transmission lines and pylons

Large Energy Projects

Large scale energy generation or transmission infrastructure has been proposed on or near to the property. Plans have been submitted to the Planning Inspectorate (formerly known as the Infrastructure Planning Commission). See below for details of what is proposed.

Distance	Direction	Details	Summary
1-2 km	NW	Operator: National Grid Site Name: Norwich to Tilbury (formerly East Anglia Green Energy Enablement (GREEN) Project) Stage: Pre application	Proposal to reinforce the 400kV high voltage power network in East Anglia to include a new 400kV connection substation in the Tendring district

The information for this search is taken from a range of publicly available datasets. If the existence of a large scale infrastructure project may have a material impact with regard to the decision to purchase the property, Groundsure recommends making independent, thorough enquiries, starting with the National Infrastructure Planning website - infrastructure.planninginspectorate.gov.uk/projects/ ↗.



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Ref: GS-H8F-ACG-M6A-I75
Your ref: Jo_Mitchell
Grid ref: 609738 255514

Transportation summary




HS2

No results for Phase 1 or Phase 2 of the HS2 project (including the 2016 amendments) have been identified within 5km of the property. However, HS2 routes are still under consultation and exact alignments may change in the future.

Visual assessments are only provided by Groundsure if the property is within 2km of Phase 1 and 2a. Other assessments may be available from HS2.

HS2 Route	Not identified
HS2 Safeguarding	Not identified
HS2 Stations	Not identified
HS2 Depots	Not identified
HS2 Noise	Not assessed
HS2 Visual impact	Not assessed



Crossrail

The property is not within 250 metres of either the Crossrail 1 or Crossrail 2 project.

Crossrail 1 Route	Not identified
Crossrail 1 Stations	Not identified
Crossrail 2 Route	Not identified
Crossrail 2 Stations	Not identified
Crossrail 2 Worksites	Not identified
Crossrail 2 Safeguarding	Not identified
Crossrail 2 Headhouse	Not identified



Other Railways

The property is not within 250 metres of any active or former railways, subway lines, DLR lines, subway stations or railway stations.

Active Railways and Tunnels	Not identified
Historical Railways and Tunnels	Not identified
Railway and Tube Stations	Not identified
Underground	Not identified



Planning summary



Planning Applications

Using Local Authority planning information supplied and processed by Glenigan dating back 10 years, this information is designed to help you understand possible changes to the area around the property. Please note that even successful applications may not have been constructed and new applications for a site can be made if a previous one has failed. We advise that you use this information in conjunction with a visit to the property and seek further expert advice if you are concerned or considering development yourself.

8

Large Developments

searched to 750m

Please see [page 28](#) > for details of the proposed developments.**8**

Small Developments

searched to 500m

Please see [page 29](#) > for details of the proposed developments.**9**

House extensions or new builds

searched to 250m

Please see [page 31](#) > for details of the proposed developments.

Please note the links for planning records were extracted at the time the application was submitted therefore some links may no longer work. In these cases, the application details can be found by entering the application reference manually into the Authority's planning website.

In order to understand this planning data better together with its limitations you should read the full detailed limitations on [page 41](#) >.



Planning constraints

Protected areas have been identified within 50 metres of the property.

Please see [page 32](#) > for details of the identified issues.

Environmental Protected Areas **Identified**

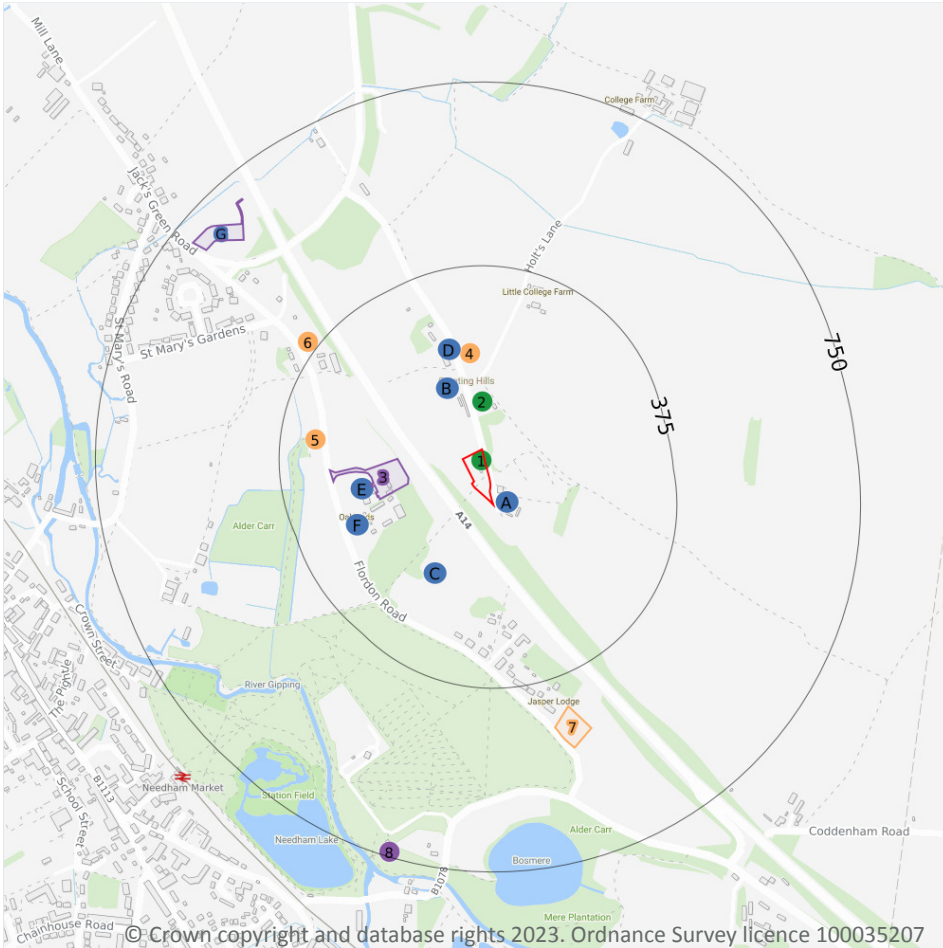
Visual and Cultural Protected Areas **Not identified**

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Planning Applications



Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

- Grouped applications
- Large Project planning application
- Large Project planning application (polygon)
- Small Project planning application
- Small Project planning application (polygon)
- House Extension planning application

Large projects searched to 750m

8 large developments within 750m from the property have been submitted for planning permission during the last ten years. Large developments are considered to be residential builds of 10 or more houses (or 1-9 units if value is greater than £1 million) and all other projects with a value of £250,000 or more. Please see below for details of the proposed developments.

ID	Details	Description	Online record
ID: 3 Distance: 117 m Direction: W	Application reference: DC/21/01747 Application date: 23/03/2021 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: J Breheny Contractors Ltd, Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NH Project: 12 Houses & 6 Flats Last known status: The application for detail approval has been withdrawn.	Link ↗

ID	Details	Description	Online record
ID: C Distance: 185 m Direction: SW	Application reference: DC/19/00301 Application date: 23/01/2019 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: Land On East Side, Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NH Project: 7 Industrial Units & 3 Houses Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗
ID: C Distance: 185 m Direction: SW	Application reference: DC/17/03147 Application date: 26/06/2017 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: Land On East Side, Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NH Project: 7 Industrial Units & 3 Houses Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗
ID: E Distance: 216 m Direction: W	Application reference: DC/18/05612 Application date: 27/12/2018 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NH Project: 48 Houses/4 Flats & 1 Training Facility/1 Workshop Last known status: Approval has been granted for reserved matters.	Link ↗
ID: E Distance: 216 m Direction: W	Application reference: 4188/15 Application date: 24/11/2015 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NH Project: 48 Houses/4 Flats & 1 Training Facility/1 Workshop Last known status: Approval has been granted for reserved matters.	Link ↗
ID: G Distance: 633 m Direction: NW	Application reference: DC/22/02924 Application date: 08/06/2022 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: Jacks Green Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NA Project: 41 Houses & 2 Bungalows Last known status: Approval has been granted for reserved matters.	Link ↗
ID: G Distance: 670 m Direction: NW	Application reference: DC/18/05621 Application date: 13/02/2019 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: Jacks Green Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NA Project: 41 Houses & 2 Bungalows Last known status: Approval has been granted for reserved matters.	Link ↗
ID: 8 Distance: 742 m Direction: S	Application reference: DC/19/05166 Application date: 04/11/2019 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: Needham Lake, Coddendam Road, Needham Market, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NU Project: Visitor Centre & Cafe Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗

Small projects searched to 500m

8 small developments within 500m from the property have been submitted for planning permission during the last ten years. Small developments are considered to be residential builds of 3-9 houses or other developments with a project value of less than £250,000. Please see below for details of the proposed developments.



ID	Details	Description	Online record
ID: A Distance: 26 m Direction: SE	Application reference: 1245/14 Application date: 17/04/2014 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: Stone Cottages, 2 Creeting Hills, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8PZ Project: Storage Of Caravans Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗
ID: 4 Distance: 197 m Direction: N	Application reference: DC/19/00043 Application date: 05/01/2019 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: Little College Farm, Creeting Hills, Creeting St Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8PX Project: Agricultural Storage Building Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗
ID: F Distance: 250 m Direction: SW	Application reference: DC/23/03307 Application date: 14/07/2023 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: The Oaklands, Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NH Project: 3 Residential Units Last known status:	Link ↗
ID: F Distance: 250 m Direction: SW	Application reference: DC/23/00538 Application date: 08/02/2023 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: The Oaklands, Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NH Project: 3 Houses Last known status: The application for detail approval has been withdrawn.	Link ↗
ID: F Distance: 253 m Direction: SW	Application reference: DC/21/02618 Application date: 05/05/2021 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: Ashingdon, Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NH Project: 3 Houses Last known status: Outline approval has been refused.	Link ↗
ID: 5 Distance: 304 m Direction: W	Application reference: DC/20/03344 Application date: 08/08/2020 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: Eric's Field, Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NJ Project: Eco House Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗
ID: 6 Distance: 396 m Direction: NW	Application reference: DC/18/04782 Application date: 31/10/2018 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Proximity	Address: The Bungalow, Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NH Project: 4 Houses Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗
ID: 7 Distance: 439 m Direction: S	Application reference: DC/22/05116 Application date: 21/10/2022 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: Ashingdon, Flordon Road, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, IP6 8NH Project: 9 Houses Last known status: The application for detail approval has been refused.	Link ↗



House extensions and small new builds searched to 250m

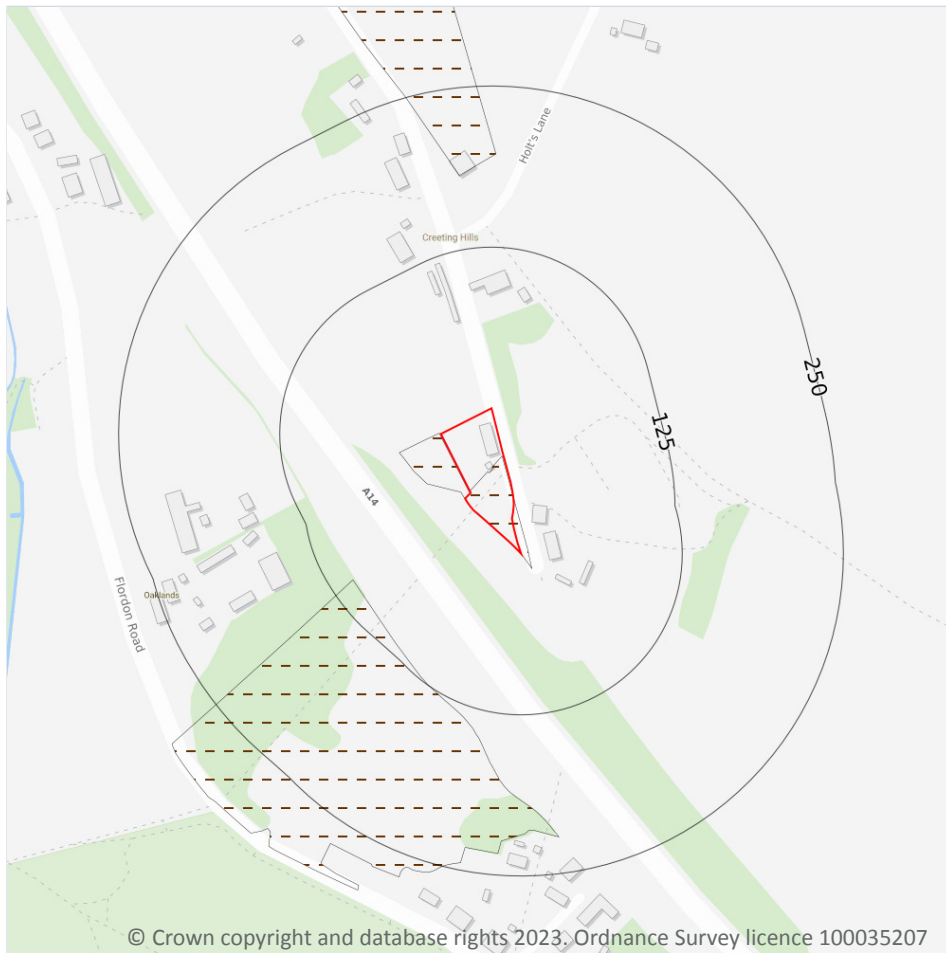
9 house extensions and small new builds within 250m from the property have been submitted for planning permission during the last ten years.

ID	Details	Description	Online record
ID: 1 Distance: 0 Direction: on site	Application reference: DC/23/03024 Application date: 13/09/2023 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: Windmill House, Creeting Hills, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, East of England, IP6 8PY Project: House (Extension) Last known status: An application has been submitted for detailed approval.	Link ↗
ID: A Distance: 26 m Direction: SE	Application reference: DC/20/03517 Application date: 18/08/2020 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: Land adjacent, 1 Stone Cottage, Creeting Hills, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, East of England, IP6 8PZ Project: House Last known status: Approval has been granted for reserved matters.	Link ↗
ID: A Distance: 30 m Direction: SE	Application reference: DC/18/01442 Application date: 05/04/2018 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: 1 Stone Cottages, Creeting Hills, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, East of England, IP6 8PZ Project: House (Outline) Last known status: Outline approval has been granted.	Link ↗
ID: 2 Distance: 96 m Direction: N	Application reference: DC/21/05649 Application date: 19/10/2021 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: Fourwinds, Sally Woods Lane, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, East of England, IP6 8PU Project: House (Extension) Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗
ID: B Distance: 144 m Direction: N	Application reference: DC/23/02399 Application date: 01/06/2023 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: Creeting Hills Farm, Creeting Hills, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, East of England, IP6 8PZ Project: House Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗
ID: B Distance: 144 m Direction: N	Application reference: DC/22/04777 Application date: 28/09/2022 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: Creeting Hills Farm, Creeting Hills, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, East of England, IP6 8PZ Project: House (Extension) Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗
ID: B Distance: 144 m Direction: N	Application reference: DC/21/04555 Application date: 17/08/2021 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: Land S of Creeting Hills Farm, Creeting Hills, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, East of England, IP6 8PZ Project: House Last known status: The application for detail approval has been refused.	Link ↗
ID: D Distance: 213 m Direction: N	Application reference: DC/20/05622 Application date: 09/12/2020 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: Kestrel Barn, Creeting Hills, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, East of England, IP6 8PT Project: Single Storey Rear Extension Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗



ID	Details	Description	Online record
ID: D Distance: 213 m Direction: N	Application reference: DC/20/05107 Application date: 13/11/2020 Council: Mid Suffolk Accuracy: Exact	Address: Kestrel Barn, Creeting Hills, Creeting St. Mary, Ipswich, Suffolk, East of England, IP6 8PT Project: House (Extension) Last known status: Detailed plans have been granted.	Link ↗

Planning constraints



Site Outline

Search buffers in metres (m)

- Listed buildings
- Certificates of immunity from listing
- Conservation areas
- National Parks
- Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty
- Registered parks and gardens
- Scheduled Monuments
- World Heritage Sites
- Internationally important wetland sites (Ramsar Sites)
- Sites of Special Scientific Interest
- Designated Ancient Woodland
- Green Belt
- Local Nature Reserves
- Special Areas of Conservation
- National Nature Reserves
- Special Protection Areas (for birds)



Sites of Special Scientific Interest

Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSIs) are nature conservation sites chosen because they are significantly important natural habitats for animals or plants or significant geologically. They are designated under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. This national network of sites are subject to strict regulations, protecting against any developments on them.

Distance	Direction	SSSI Name	Data Source
0	on site	Creeting St. Mary Pits	Natural England

This data is sourced from Natural England/Natural Resources Wales/Scottish Natural Heritage. For more information see <https://www.gov.uk/guidance/protected-areas-sites-of-special-scientific-interest> ↗



Climate change / Flood risk (5 and 30 Years)

Ambiental's FloodScore™ Climate data provides flood risk information from river, tidal and surface water flooding for a range of future time periods and emissions scenarios (Low emissions - RCP 2.6, medium and most likely emissions - RCP 4.5, and high emission - RCP 8.5). The temperature increases shown for each scenario are predicted increases by 2081-2100. The models are based on the UK Climate Projections 2018 (UKCP18). It is plausible that climate change will increase the severity and frequency of flood events in the future. FloodScore™ Climate has been designed to provide banks, building societies and insurers with future flood risk information for their long-term assets. The data within this report is based on the highest risk found within a buffer zone around the buildings. The 'Year' in the table represents the median of the date range used for each modelled timeframe.

Temp increase range	Year	Combined flood risk	River flooding	Coastal flooding	Surface water flooding
RCP 2.6 0.9-2.3°C	2027	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible
RCP 2.6 0.9-2.3°C	2055	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible

Temp increase range	Year	Combined flood risk	River flooding	Coastal flooding	Surface water flooding
RCP 4.5 1.7-3.2°C	2027	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible
RCP 4.5 1.7-3.2°C	2055	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible

Temp increase range	Year	Combined flood risk	River flooding	Coastal flooding	Surface water flooding
RCP 8.5 3.2-5.4°C	2027	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible
RCP 8.5 3.2-5.4°C	2055	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible	Negligible

This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.

Climate change / Natural ground instability (5 and 30 Years)

This data shows the increase in shrink swell subsidence hazards as a result of climate change. When certain soils take in water they can swell, causing heave. Conversely, when these soils dry out they can shrink and cause subsidence. Climate change will result in higher temperature and therefore likely cause periods of drought and an increase in shrink swell subsidence. This data has been produced using the Met Office local projections to accurately model predicted rainfall, it is only available for RCP8.5 (the 'worst case' climate scenario).

Temp increase range	Year	Wet scenario	Average rainfall	Dry scenario
RCP 8.5 3.2-5.4°C	2030s	Highly unlikely	Highly unlikely	Highly unlikely
RCP 8.5 3.2-5.4°C	2050s	Highly unlikely	Highly unlikely	Highly unlikely



This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.



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Datasets searched

This is a full list of the data searched in this report. If we have found results of note we will state "Identified". If no results of note are found, we will state "Not identified". Our intelligent filtering will hide "Not identified" sections to speed up your workflow.

Contaminated Land		Contaminated Land	
Former industrial land use (1:10,560 and 1:10,000 scale)	Not identified	Dangerous industrial substances (D.S.I. List 2)	Not identified
Former tanks	Not identified	Pollution incidents	Not identified
Former energy features	Not identified	Flooding	
Former petrol stations	Not identified	Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea	Not identified
Former garages	Not identified	Flood storage areas: part of floodplain	Not identified
Former military land	Not identified	Historical flood areas	Not identified
Former landfill (from Local Authority and historical mapping records)	Identified	Areas benefiting from flood defences	Not identified
Waste site no longer in use	Not identified	Flood defences	Not identified
Active or recent landfill	Not identified	Proposed flood defences	Not identified
Former landfill (from Environment Agency Records)	Identified	Surface water flood risk	Not identified
Active or recent licensed waste sites	Identified	Groundwater flooding	Identified
Recent industrial land uses	Not identified	Natural ground subsidence	
Current or recent petrol stations	Not identified	Natural ground subsidence	Not identified
Hazardous substance storage/usage	Not identified	Natural geological cavities	Identified
Sites designated as Contaminated Land	Not identified	Non-natural ground subsidence	
Historical licensed industrial activities	Not identified	Coal mining	Not identified
Current or recent licensed industrial activities	Not identified	Non-coal mining	Not identified
Local Authority licensed pollutant release	Not identified	Mining cavities	Not identified
Pollutant release to surface waters	Not identified	Infilled land	Identified
Pollutant release to public sewer	Not identified	Radon	
Dangerous industrial substances (D.S.I. List 1)	Not identified	Radon	Not identified



Oil and gas

Oil or gas drilling well	Not identified
Proposed oil or gas drilling well	Not identified
Licensed blocks	Not identified
Potential future exploration areas	Not identified

Wind and solar

Wind farms	Identified
Proposed wind farms	Identified
Proposed wind turbines	Identified
Existing and agreed solar installations	Identified
Proposed solar installations	Identified

Energy

Electricity transmission lines and pylons	Not identified
National Grid energy infrastructure	Not identified
Power stations	Not identified
Nuclear installations	Not identified

Large Energy Projects	Identified
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Transportation

HS2 route: nearest centre point of track	Not identified
HS2 route: nearest overground section	Not identified
HS2 surface safeguarding	Not identified
HS2 subsurface safeguarding	Not identified
HS2 Homeowner Payment Zone	Not identified
HS2 Extended Homeowner Protection Zone	Not identified
HS2 stations	Not identified
HS2 depots	Not identified
HS2 noise and visual assessment	Not identified

Transportation

Crossrail 1 route	Not identified
Crossrail 1 stations	Not identified
Crossrail 2 route	Not identified
Crossrail 2 stations	Not identified
Crossrail 2 worksites	Not identified
Crossrail 2 headhouses	Not identified
Crossrail 2 safeguarding area	Not identified
Active railways	Not identified
Railway tunnels	Not identified
Active railway stations	Not identified
Historical railway infrastructure	Not identified
Abandoned railways	Not identified
London Underground and DLR lines	Not identified
London Underground and DLR stations	Not identified
Underground	Not identified
Underground stations	Not identified

Planning

Large projects searched to 750m	Identified
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Small projects searched to 500m	Identified
--	-------------------

House extensions and small new builds searched to 250m	Identified
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Planning constraints

Sites of Special Scientific Interest	Identified
Internationally important wetland sites (Ramsar Sites)	Not identified
Special Areas of Conservation	Not identified
Special Protection Areas (for birds)	Not identified
National Nature Reserves	Not identified



Planning constraints

Local Nature Reserves	Not identified
Designated Ancient Woodland	Not identified
Green Belt	Not identified
World Heritage Sites	Not identified
Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty	Not identified
National Parks	Not identified
Conservation Areas	Not identified
Listed Buildings	Not identified
Certificates of Immunity from Listing	Not identified
Scheduled Monuments	Not identified
Registered Parks and Gardens	Not identified

Climate change

Flood risk (5 and 30 Years) **Identified**

Natural ground instability (5 and 30 Years) **Identified**

Coastal Erosion

Complex cliffs	Not identified
Projections with intervention measures in place	Not identified
Projections with no active intervention	Not identified



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Contaminated land liability assessment methodology

As part of this report Groundsure provide a professional assessment of the risks posed by key environmental information which could lead to the property being designated as 'Contaminated Land' as defined under Part 2A of the Environmental Protection Act 1990. This assessment is based on the following data:

- historical land use (compiled from 1:10,000 and 1:10,560 maps)
- petrol stations, garages, energy features and tanks (compiled from 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 maps) – for selected areas.
- historic military / ordnance sites
- landfill and waste transfer/treatment or disposal sites (including scrap yards)
- current and recent industrial uses (as defined by PointX data)
- Catalyst petrol station
- Part A(1), Part A(2) and Part B Authorisations
- sites determined as Contaminated Land under Part 2A EPA 1990
- Planning Hazardous Substance Consents
- Environment Agency Recorded Pollution Incidents
- Dangerous Substances Inventory Releases (DSI)
- Red List Discharge Consent

The level of risk associated with the property is either Passed or Action Required. If the report result is Action Required it does not necessarily mean that the site is unsuitable for purchase, but only that further assessment of the risk associated with the site is required.

Method Statement

In assessing specific site risk, Groundsure follows principles used extensively throughout the environmental consultancy sector. Our system looks at the potential for specific industries to have generated residual contamination and for this contamination to remain at a site, or to have migrated to neighbouring sites. Sites are scored based on this system and if a site scores highly it indicates a high level of risk.

Limitations of the Study

This report has been prepared with the assumption that the site is in residential use and that no significant (re)development is planned. The screening process reviews historical mapping and a range of current databases. The historical land use database reviewed for this study does NOT include 1:2,500 or 1:1,250 scale maps except for Groundsure's additional information database of selected features namely tanks, energy features, petrol filling stations and garages. This additional information database covers the majority of the UK, but not all. Where 1:2500 or 1:1250 scale maps are utilised all relevant and available map epochs to Groundsure are used. Additionally, this review does NOT include specific enquiries to the Local Authority who may hold additional information and it does NOT include a site visit/inspection. Your attention is drawn to the Terms and Conditions of Groundsure Limited under which this service is provided.

Flood information

The Flood Risk Assessment section is based on datasets covering a variety of different flooding types. No inspection of the property or of the surrounding area has been undertaken by Groundsure or the data providers. The modelling of flood hazards is extremely complex and in creating a national dataset certain assumptions have been made and all such datasets will have limitations. These datasets should be used to give an indication of relative flood risk rather than a definitive answer. Local actions and minor variations, such as blocked drains or streams etc. can greatly alter the effect of flooding. A low or negligible modelled flood risk does not guarantee that flooding will not occur. Nor will a high risk mean that flooding definitely will occur. Groundsure's overall flood risk assessment takes account of the cumulative risk of river and coastal data, historic flood events and areas benefiting from flood defences provided by the Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales (in England and Wales) and surface water (pluvial) and groundwater flooding provided by Ambient Risk Analytics. In Scotland the river and coastal flood models are also provided by Ambient Risk Analytics.



Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea

This is an assessment of flood risk for England and Wales produced using local data and expertise, provided by the Environment Agency (RoFRaS model) and Natural Resources Wales (FRAW model). It shows the chance of flooding from rivers or the sea presented in categories taking account of flood defences and the condition those defences are in. The model uses local water level and flood defence data to model flood risk.

The categories associated with the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales models are as follows:

RoFRaS (rivers and sea) and FRAW (rivers):

Very Low - The chance of flooding from rivers or the sea is considered to be less than 1 in 1000 (0.1%) in any given year.

Low - The chance of flooding from rivers or the sea is considered to be less than 1 in 100 (1%) but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 (0.1%) in any given year.

Medium - The chance of flooding from rivers or the sea is considered to be less than 1 in 30 (3.3%) but greater than 1 in 100 (1%) in any given year.

High - The chance of flooding from rivers or the sea is considered to be greater than or equal to 1 in 30 (3.3%) in any given year.

FRAW (sea):

Very Low - The chance of flooding from the sea is considered to be less than 1 in 1000 (0.1%) in any given year.

Low - The chance of flooding from the sea is considered to be less than 1 in 200 (0.5%) but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 (0.1%) in any given year.

Medium - The chance of flooding from the sea is considered to be less than 1 in 30 (3.3%) but greater than 1 in 200 (0.5%) in any given year.

High - The chance of flooding from the sea is considered to be greater than or equal to 1 in 30 (3.3%) in any given year.

Historic flood events

Over 86,000 events are recorded within this database. This data is used to understand where flooding has occurred in the past and provides details as available. Absence of a historic flood event for an area does not mean that the area has never flooded, but only that Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales do not currently have records of flooding within the area. Equally, a record of a flood footprint in previous years does not mean that an area will flood again, and this information does not take account of flood management schemes and improved flood defences.

Surface water flooding

Ambiental Risk Analytics surface water flood map identifies areas likely to flood following extreme rainfall events, i.e. land naturally vulnerable to surface water or "pluvial" flooding. This data set was produced by simulating 1 in 30 year, 1 in 100 year, 1 in 250 year and 1 in 1000 year rainfall events. The flood risks for these rainfall events are reported where the depth would be greater than the threshold for a standard property to modern building standards. Modern urban drainage systems are typically built to cope with rainfall events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 30 years, though older ones may even flood in a 1 in 5 year rainstorm event.

Proposed flood defences

The data includes all Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales's projects over £100K that will change or sustain the standards of flood defence in England and Wales over the next 5 years. It also includes the equivalent schemes for all Local Authority and Internal Drainage Boards.

Flood storage areas

Flood Storage Areas may also act as flood defences. A flood storage area may also be referred to as a balancing reservoir, storage basin or balancing pond. Its purpose is to attenuate an incoming flood peak to a flow level that can be accepted by the downstream channel. It may also delay the timing of a flood peak so that its volume is discharged over a longer time interval. These areas are also referred to as Zone 3b or 'the functional floodplain' and has a 5% or greater chance of flooding in any given year, or is designed to flood in the event of an extreme (0.1%) flood or another probability which may be agreed between the Local Planning Authority and Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales, including water conveyance routes. Development within Flood Storage Areas is severely restricted.

Groundwater flooding



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Groundwater flooding is flooding caused by unusually high groundwater levels. It occurs as excess water emerging at the ground surface or within underground structures such as basements. Groundwater flooding tends to be more persistent than surface water flooding, in some cases lasting for weeks or months, and it can result in significant damage to property. This risk assessment is based on a 5m Digital Terrain Model (DTM) and 1 in 100 year and 1 in 250 year return periods.

Ambiental FloodScore™ insurance rating

The property has been rated as **Very Low** risk.

Ambiental's FloodScore™ risk rating gives an indicative assessment of the potential insurance risk classification from flooding, which can provide an indication of how likely it is that a property's policy will be ceded to Flood Re. The assessment is based on Ambiental's river, tidal and surface water flood data and other factors which some insurers may use in their assessment are not included.

Flood Re is a re-insurance scheme that makes flood cover more widely available and affordable as part of your residential property home insurance. Properties at higher risk of flooding may have the flood part of their policy ceded to Flood Re by their insurer. It is important to understand that Flood Re does not apply to all situations. Exclusions from Flood Re includes properties constructed after 1 January 2009; properties not within domestic Council Tax bands A to H (or equivalent); commercial properties, certain buy to let scenarios and buildings comprising four or more residential units. A full list of the exemptions can be found on the Flood Re website (<https://www.floodre.co.uk/can-flood-re-help-me/eligibility-criteria/>) ↗.

The Ambiental FloodScore™ insurance rating is classified into six different bandings:

Very High indicates a level of risk that may make it more likely that standard insurance premiums will be higher, or additional terms may apply to the provision of flood cover. There is a very high possibility that the cover for flooding at the property will be ceded into the Flood Re scheme, particularly if the property has flooded in the past.

High indicates a level of risk that may make it more likely that standard insurance premiums will be higher, or additional terms may apply to the provision of flood cover. There is a high possibility that the cover for flooding at the property will be ceded into the Flood Re scheme, particularly if the property has flooded in the past.

Moderate-High indicates a level of risk that may make it more likely that standard insurance premiums will be higher, or additional terms may apply to the provision of flood cover. There is a moderate possibility that the cover for flooding at the property will be ceded into the Flood Re scheme, particularly if the property has flooded in the past.

Moderate indicates a level of risk that may make it more likely that standard insurance premiums will be higher, or additional terms may apply to the provision of flood cover. There is a low possibility that the cover for flooding at the property will be ceded into the Flood Re scheme, unless the property has flooded in the past.

Low indicates a level of risk that is likely to mean standard cover and premiums are available for flood cover. There is a low possibility the cover for flooding at the property will be ceded into the Flood Re scheme, unless the property has flooded in the past.

Very Low indicates a level of flood risk that should not have any impact on the provision of flood cover for the property.

Planning data limitations

The planning applications section of this report contains data provided under licence from Glenigan, who are widely recognised in the industry as the market leaders in the collection and distribution of planning information in the UK. Glenigan collects on average 4,000 planning applications per day. As such, neither Groundsure or Glenigan are able to check the accuracy of the information that has been submitted by the applicant. All application information is based on the information submitted at the time of application and due to the volumes and the automated processes involved it is not possible to undertake additional checks to confirm its accuracy. As with any dataset of this size and complexity there are limitations, which are highlighted below.

The planning section in our report is fully automated and Groundsure does not undertake visits to the Local Authority or manually search for planning records against other sources as this would be cost-prohibitive to most clients. With each report, Glenigan provides Groundsure with the location detail for each planning application, which is then published within our report. The method for deriving the location detail depends on the type of planning application.

The location of applications are represented in this report as single points for house extensions and small new builds, small developments and points or polygons for large developments. If an application associated with a small development is shown on the map as a polygon it is because it was once classified as a large development and has since been downgraded. The location of



applications is derived from either the grid references provided by the applicant on the planning application form or by address finding software using the site address. If the application is represented by a point, it may not represent the nearest border of the development and may fall outside of the development boundary. If the application is represented by a polygon, we only map the outer extents of proposed developments. Some developments are comprised of multiple areas and in these cases we will show all polygons on the map but only label the one closest to the property. The information contained within this report should be used in conjunction with a visit to the relevant local authority's website to determine the exact location of the development, determine any possible distinctions within the development area, and how this may impact the subject property.

Groundsure has incorporated a dynamic search radius to ensure the most relevant data is presented. This variable search distance is based on House of Commons Library data which categorises areas according to the size of the settlement. Groundsure has distilled these into three core categories. These categories are mega urban, urban and rural and the following search distances apply:

- Mega urban: 250m for large developments, 75m for small developments and 50m for house extensions and small new builds
- Urban: 500m for large developments, 125m for small developments and 50m for house extensions and small new builds
- Rural: 750m for large development, 500m for small development and 250m for house extensions and small new builds

Please note, the search radius assigned to this property is detailed within the planning section of the report.

Due to differing methodologies adopted by Local Authorities, some planning applications identified as having been refused may have subsequently been granted on appeal without appearing as such within this report. As such, if any refused applications are identified within this report, or should the existence or absence of a planning application, consent or similar have a material impact with regard to the decision to purchase a property, the client or beneficiary should make independent thorough enquiries of the Local Authority. Groundsure has excluded certain records of the publicly available data from this report which may have created duplications of reference to the same application. This includes, but is not limited to, data relating to applications such as amendments or variations of planning applications, discharge of conditions, or other associated applications. The report does not contain information on Lawful Development Certificates, Permitted Developments, Prior Approvals, Tree Preservation Orders, and other applications that are considered minor in terms of the level of construction. Additionally, an area of land may be identified for development within the local authority development plan, but for which no formal planning application exists. As such these are not included within the search.

Groundsure provides a web link to individual planning records in this report, but over time Local Authorities may have altered their website structure or record storage and so not all links may still be active. In the case of broken links, customers can use the planning application reference to search the Local Authority planning website manually. Due to data collection methods and processing time, there may be a period of up to 10 days between the application being published on the local authority website and appearing within the Groundsure report.

It is important to note the terms and conditions under which the report was sold, and in particular, whilst Groundsure makes every effort to ensure that data is sourced from reliable providers, it is unable to guarantee that the information is accurate, complete or up to date. Groundsure shall not be liable for any losses or damages incurred by the client or beneficiary, including but not limited to any losses or damages that arise as a result of any error, omission or inaccuracy in any part of the Groundsure Materials where such part is based on any Third Party Content or any reasonable interpretation of Third Party Content. We recommend checking the contents of the TA6 Property Information Form completed by the seller to determine if any planning applications were revealed. If they were not and you believe this should have been included we recommend discussing this with your conveyancer.

Conservation Area data limitations

Please note the Conservation Area data is provided by Historic England and individual Local Authorities. Due to different methodologies used by different Local Authorities the data may be incomplete. We recommend reviewing your local search for confirmation.



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Underground data limitations

This database was created by Groundsure using publicly available open data and data from OpenStreetMap. The data is not provided by or endorsed by Transport for London (TfL) and minor differences between TfL's official data and Groundsure's data may occur in relation to the London Underground. Please note that the London Underground, Merseyrail, and Tyne and Wear Metro operate both underground and above ground.

Subsidence data limitations

The natural ground subsidence assessment is based on the British Geological Survey's GeoSure data. GeoSure is a natural ground stability hazard susceptibility dataset, based on the characteristics of the underlying geology, rather than an assessment of risk. A hazard is defined as a potentially damaging event or phenomenon, whereas a risk is defined as the likelihood of the hazard impacting people, property or capital. The GeoSure dataset consists of six data layers for each type of natural ground subsidence hazard. These are shrink-swell clay, landslide, compressible ground, collapsible ground, dissolution of soluble rock and running sand. Each hazard is then provided with a rating on its potential to cause natural ground subsidence. This rating goes from A-E, with A being the lowest hazard, E being the highest. Groundsure represent full GeoSure data as either Negligible (ratings of A), Very Low (ratings of B), Low (C), Moderate (D) or High (E). Where GeoSure Basic is instead used, ratings are displayed as Negligible-Very Low (A or B ratings), Low (C) or Moderate-High (D or E). The GeoSure data only takes into account the geological characteristics at a site. It does not take into account any additional factors such as the characteristics of buildings, local vegetation including trees or seasonal changes in the soil moisture content which can be related to local factors such as rainfall and local drainage. These factors should be considered as part of a structural survey of the property carried out by a competent structural surveyor. For more information on the "typical safe distance" trees should be from a property please see this guide:

www.abi.org.uk/globalassets/sitecore/files/documents/publications/public/migrated/home/protecting-your-home-from-subsidence-damage.pdf ↗

ClimateIndex™ data and limitations

Groundsure's ClimateIndex™ is an assessment of the physical risk to the property from hazards which may be exacerbated by climate change. It considers the following hazards only:

- River flooding
- Flooding from the sea and tidal waters
- Surface water flooding
- Shrink swell subsidence
- Coastal erosion

These hazards are assessed using a weighted sum model, which allows for the consistent comparison of hazards between different time periods, emissions scenarios and the relative severity of predicted impacts. All flood and subsidence impacts have been produced using the latest UKCP18 climate prediction models. Assessments are provided for the short term (c.5 years) and medium term (c.30 years) only. A range of [Representative Concentration Pathways \(RCPs\)](#) ↗ have been used depending on the source dataset and its derivation. For example, flood data has been provided for RCP2.6, 4.5 and 8.5, whereas subsidence data has been derived using local projections only available for RCP8.5. Each RCP variance has been assigned an appropriate weighting in the calculator to reflect the relative likelihood of that scenario and where a full range of RCP scenarios is not available Groundsure have extrapolated to give equivalent values.

The banding applied to a property reflects its current and future risk from the hazards identified above. If a property's banding does not change from the present day to the medium term, the property's risk profile is not considered likely to be affected by climate change, though risks may still be present. Any increase in the banding of a property indicates that the property has the potential to be affected by climate change.



Band	Description	Short term (c.5 year)	Medium term (c.30 year)
A	No risks of concern predicted	76%	75%
B	Minor risks e.g. low level surface water flooding	15%	15%
C	Minor to moderate risks e.g. river flood event above property threshold	4%	4%
D	Moderate risks e.g. above threshold flood events and significant increase in subsidence potential	2%	2%
E	Significant risks e.g. multiple flood risks above property threshold	2%	2%
F	Severe risks to property e.g. coastal erosion risk	1%	2%

Approximate percentage of properties falling into each band. The figures have been calculated based on an assessment of residential properties only.



Conveyancing Information Executive and our terms & conditions

IMPORTANT CONSUMER PROTECTION INFORMATION

This search has been produced by Groundsure Ltd, Nile House, Nile Street, Brighton, BN1 1HW. Tel: 01273 257 755. Email: info@groundsure.com ↗. Groundsure adheres to the Conveyancing Information Executive Standards.

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- Compliance with the Conveyancing Information Executive Standards will be a condition within the Conveyancing Information Executive Member's Terms and Conditions.
- Conveyancing Information Executive Members will promote the benefits of and deliver the Search to the agreed standards and in the best interests of the customer and associated parties.

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If you have a query or complaint about your search, you should raise it directly with the search firm, and if appropriate ask for any complaint to be considered under their formal internal complaints procedure.

If you remain dissatisfied with the firm's final response, after your complaint has been formally considered, or if the firm has exceeded the response timescales, you may refer your complaint for consideration under The Property Ombudsman scheme (TPOs). The Ombudsman can award up to £5,000 to you if the Ombudsman finds that you have suffered actual financial loss and/or aggravation, distress or inconvenience as a result of your search provider failing to keep to the Standards.

Please note that all queries or complaints regarding your search should be directed to your search provider in the first instance, not to TPOs.

COMPLAINTS PROCEDURE: If you want to make a complaint, we will:

- acknowledge it within 5 working days of receipt
- normally deal with it fully and provide a final response, in writing, within 20 working days of receipt
- liaise, at your request, with anyone acting formally on your behalf

Complaints should be sent to:

Operations Director, Groundsure Ltd, Nile House, Nile Street, Brighton, BN1 1HW. Tel: 01273 257 755. Email: info@groundsure.com ↗ If you are not satisfied with our final response, or if we exceed the response timescales, you may refer the complaint to The Property Ombudsman scheme (TPOs): Tel: 01722 333306, E-mail: admin@tpos.co.uk ↗ We will co-operate fully with the Ombudsman during an investigation and comply with their final decision.

Groundsure's Terms and Conditions can be viewed online at this link: www.groundsure.com/terms-and-conditions-april-2023/ ↗

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Data providers

Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information in your Homebuyers report. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see www.groundsure.com/sources-reference ↗.



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