

Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1986

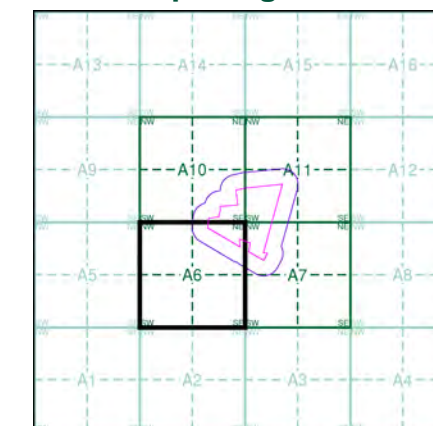
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

SP2476 1986 1:2,500	SP2576 1986 1:2,500
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Historical Map - Segment A6

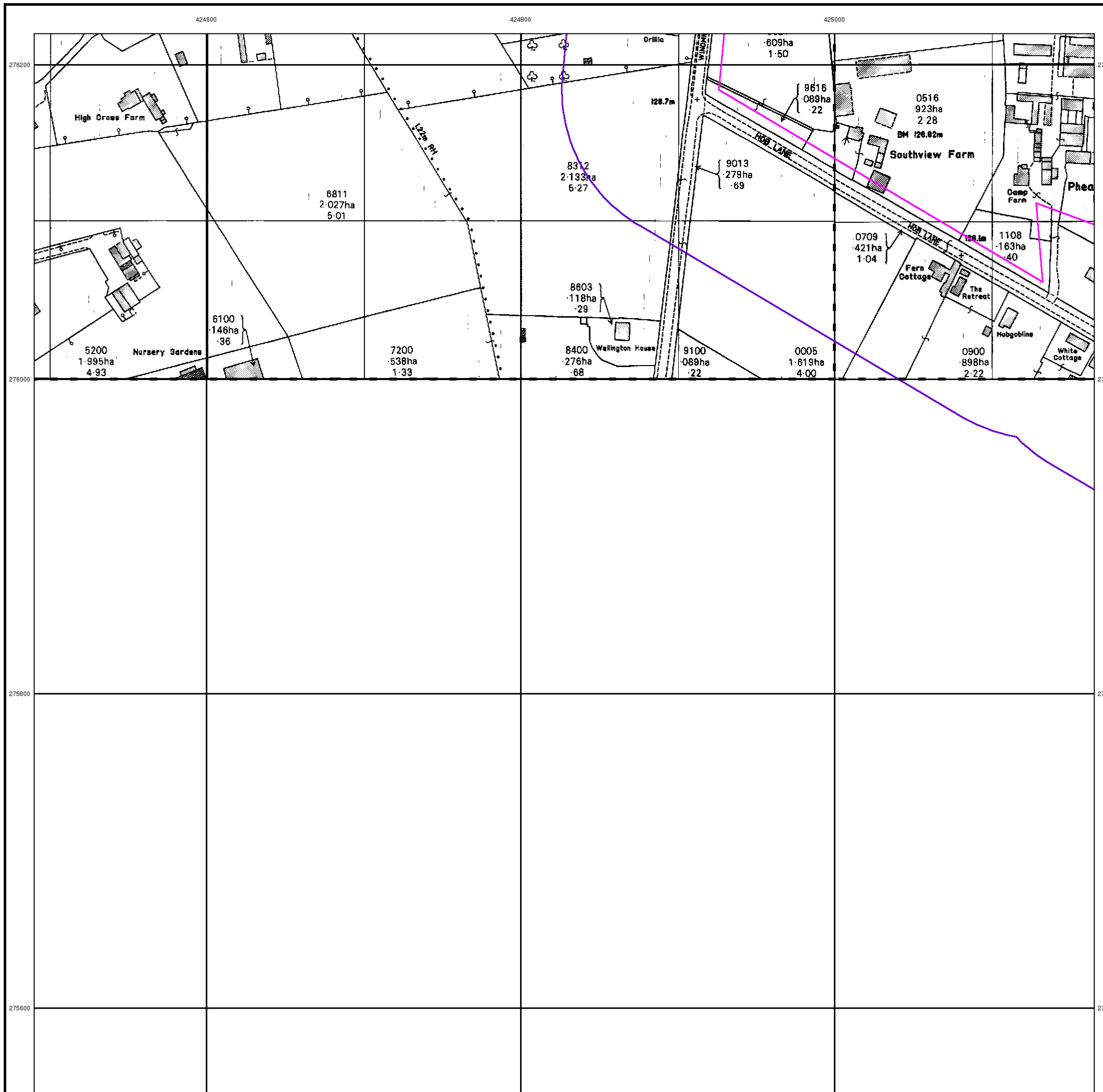


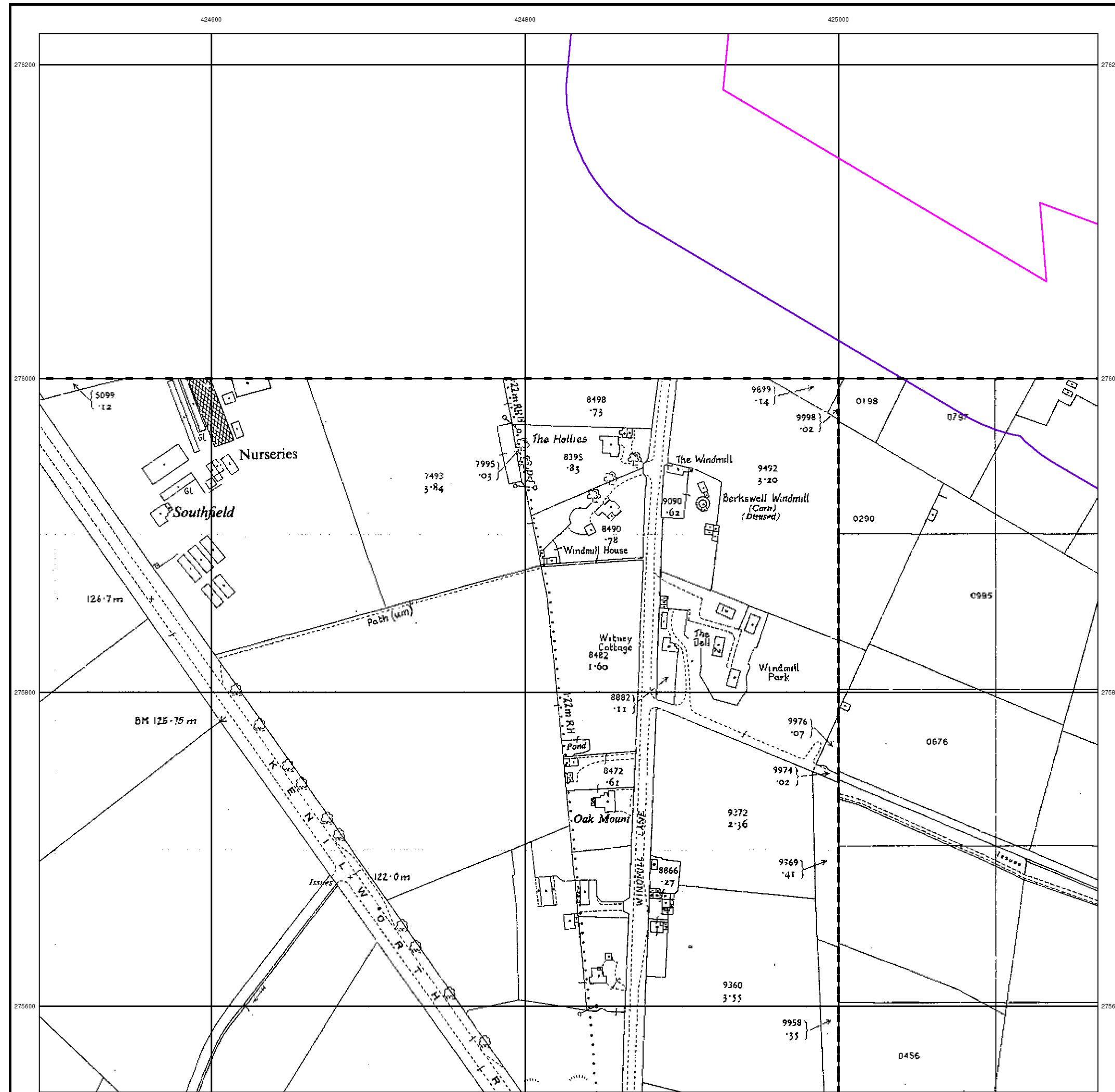
Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
 Customer Ref: 05655/C
 National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull





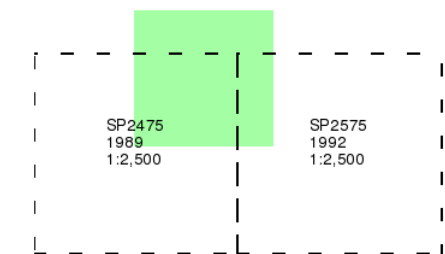
Additional SIMs

Published 1989 - 1992

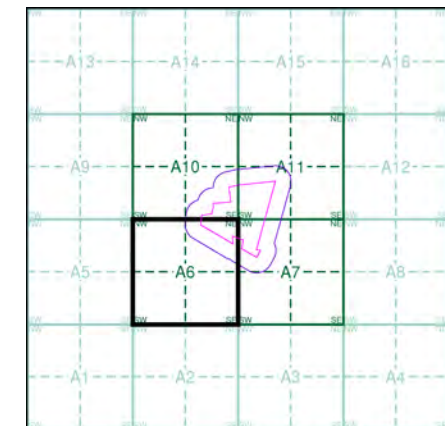
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') are further, minor editions of mapping which were produced and published in between the main editions as an area was updated. They date from 1947 to 1994, and contain detailed information on buildings, roads and land-use. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

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Historical Map - Segment A6



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Large-Scale National Grid Data

Published 1992

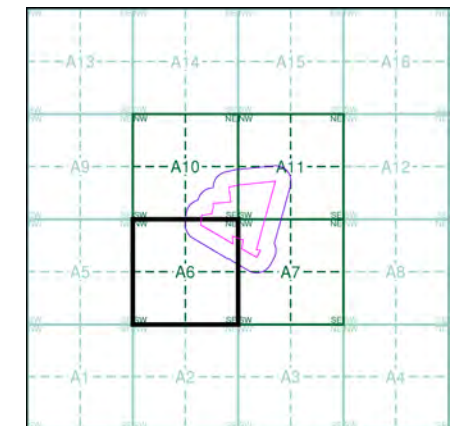
Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

SP2476	SP2576
1992	1992
12,500	12,500
SP2475	SP2575
1992	1992
12,500	12,500

Historical Map - Segment A6

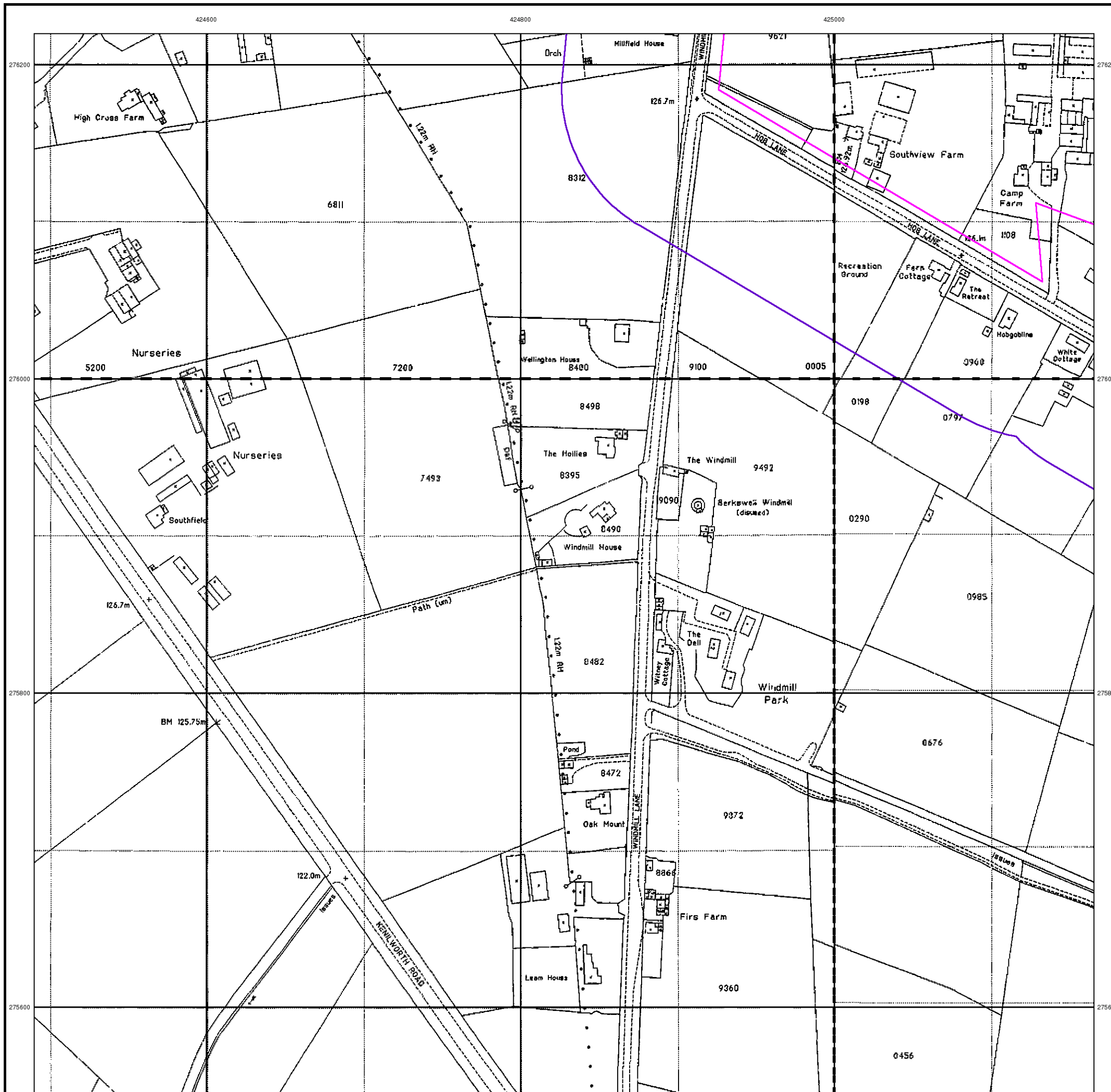


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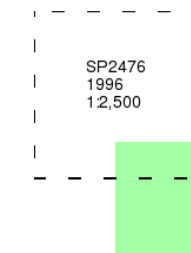
Large-Scale National Grid Data

Published 1996

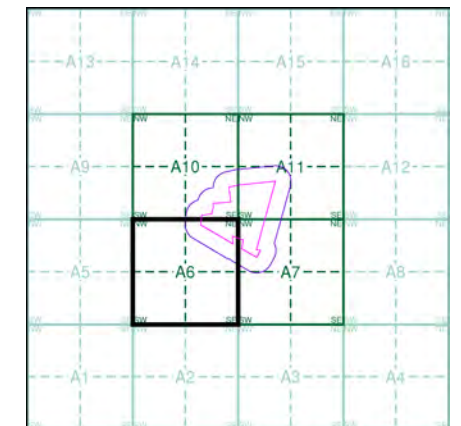
Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A6

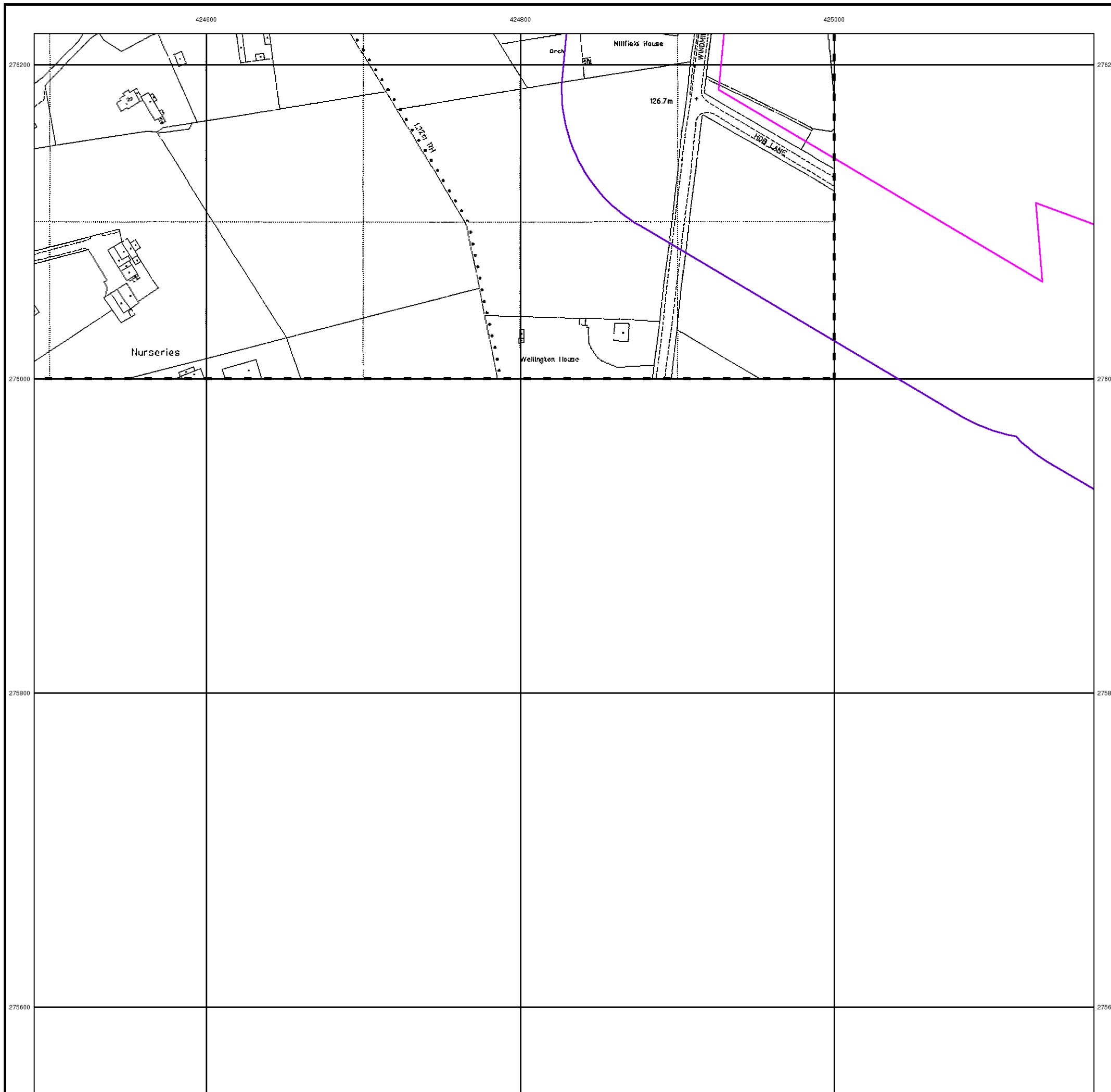


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Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull



424600

424800

425000

276200

276200

276000

276000

275800

275800

275600

275600



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0 100 m

Envirocheck®

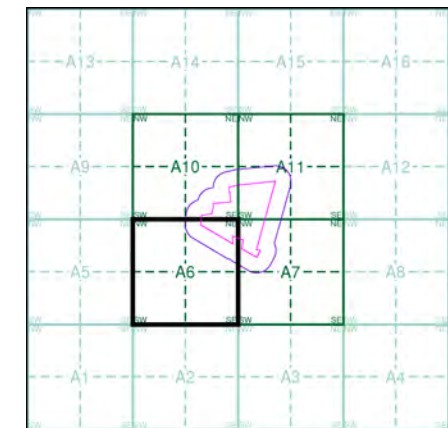
LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Historical Aerial Photography

Published 1999

This aerial photography was produced by Getmapping, these vertical aerial photographs provide a seamless, full colour survey of the whole of Great Britain

Historical Aerial Photography - Segment A6



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Landmark
 INFORMATION GROUP

Tel: 0844 844 9952
 Fax: 0844 844 9951
 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk

Historical Mapping Legends

Ordnance Survey County Series and Ordnance Survey Plan 1:2,500

Quarry **Gravel Pit** **Sand Pit**
Clay Pit **Shingle** **Refuse Heap**
Sloping Masonry **Flat Rock**
Marsh **Reeds** **Osiers**
Rough Pasture **Furze** **Wood**
Mixed Wood **Brushwood** **Orchard**
Fir **Ford** **Stepping Stones**
Ferry **Waterfall** **Lock**
Trig. Station **Altitude at Trig. Station**
B.M. 325.9 **Bench Mark** **Surface Level**
Arrow denotes flow of water **Antiquities (site of)**
Cutting **Embankment**
Railway crossing Road **Level Crossing** **Road crossing Railway**
Railway crossing River or Canal **Road over single stream** **Road over River or Canal**
County Boundary (Geographical)
County & Civil Parish Boundary
Administrative County & Civil Parish Boundary
County Borough Boundary (England)
Co. Boro. Bdy.
County Burgh Boundary (Scotland)
Boundary Post or Stone **Police Call Box**
B.R. **Bridle Road** **P** **Pump**
E.P. **Electricity Pylon** **S.P.** **Signal Post**
F.B. **Foot Bridge** **Sl.** **Sluice**
F.P. **Foot Path** **Sp.** **Spring**
G.P. **Guide Post or Board** **T.C.B.** **Telephone Call Box**
M.S. **Mile Stone** **Tr.** **Trough**
M.P. M.R. **Mooring Post or Ring** **W** **Well**

Ordnance Survey Plan, Additional SIMs and Supply of Unpublished Survey Information 1:2,500 and 1:1,250

Inactive Quarry, Chalk Pit or Clay Pit **Active Quarry, Chalk Pit or Clay Pit**
Rock **Boulders**
Cliff **Slopes** **Top**
Roofed Building **Glazed Roof Building**
Sloping Masonry **Archway**
Non-Coniferous Tree (surveyed) **Coniferous Tree (surveyed)**
Non-Coniferous Trees (not surveyed) **Coniferous Trees (not surveyed)**
Orchard Tree **Scrub** **Bracken**
Coppice, Osier **Reeds** **Marsh, Saltings**
Rough Grassland **Heath** **Culvert**
Direction of water flow **Bench Mark** **Antiquity (site of)**
Cave Entrance **Triangulation Station** **Electricity Pylon**
Electricity Transmission Line
County Boundary (Geographical)
County & Civil Parish Boundary
Civil Parish Boundary
Admin. County or County Bor. Boundary
London Borough Boundary
Symbol marking point where boundary mereing changes
BH **Beer House** **P** **Pillar, Pole or Post**
BP, BS **Boundary Post or Stone** **PO** **Post Office**
Cn, C **Capstan, Crane** **PC** **Public Convenience**
Chy **Chimney** **PH** **Public House**
D Fn **Drinking Fountain** **Pp** **Pump**
EI P **Electricity Pillar or Post** **SB, S Br** **Signal Box or Bridge**
FAP **Fire Alarm Pillar** **SP, SL** **Signal Post or Light**
FB **Foot Bridge** **Spr** **Spring**
GP **Guide Post** **Tk** **Tank or Track**
H **Hydrant or Hydraulic** **TCB** **Telephone Call Box**
LC **Level Crossing** **TCP** **Telephone Call Post**
MH **Manhole** **Tr** **Trough**
MP **Mile Post or Mooring Post** **Wr Pt, Wr T** **Water Point, Water Tap**
MS **Mile Stone** **W** **Well**
NTL **Normal Tidal Limit** **Wd Pp** **Wind Pump**

Large-Scale National Grid Data 1:2,500 and 1:1,250

Cliff **Slopes** **Top**
Rock **Rock (scattered)**
Boulders **Boulders (scattered)**
Positioned Boulder **Scree**
Non-Coniferous Tree (surveyed) **Coniferous Tree (surveyed)**
Non-Coniferous Trees (not surveyed) **Coniferous Trees (not surveyed)**
Orchard Tree **Scrub** **Bracken**
Coppice, Osier **Reeds** **Marsh, Saltings**
Rough Grassland **Heath** **Culvert**
Direction of water flow **Triangulation Station** **Antiquity (site of)**
Electricity Transmission Line **Electricity Pylon**
B.M. 231.60m **Bench Mark** **Buildings with Building Seed**
Roofed Building **Glazed Roof Building**
Civil parish/community boundary
District boundary
County boundary
Boundary post/stone
Boundary mereing symbol (note: these always appear in opposed pairs or groups of three)
Bks **Barracks** **P** **Pillar, Pole or Post**
Bty **Battery** **PO** **Post Office**
Cemy **Cemetery** **PC** **Public Convenience**
Chy **Chimney** **Pp** **Pump**
Cis **Cistern** **Ppg Sta** **Pumping Station**
Dismtd Rly **Dismantled Railway** **PW** **Place of Worship**
EI Gen Sta **Electricity Generating Station** **Sewage Ppg Sta** **Sewage Pumping Station**
EI P **Electricity Pole, Pillar** **SB, S Br** **Signal Box or Bridge**
EI Sub Sta **Electricity Sub Station** **SP, SL** **Signal Post or Light**
FB **Filter Bed** **Spr** **Spring**
Fn / D Fn **Fountain / Drinking Ftn.** **Tk** **Tank or Track**
Gas Gov **Gas Valve Compound** **Tr** **Trough**
GVC **Gas Governor** **Wd Pp** **Wind Pump**
GP **Guide Post** **Wr Pt, Wr T** **Water Point, Water Tap**
MH **Manhole** **Wks** **Works (building or area)**
MP, MS **Mile Post or Mile Stone** **W** **Well**

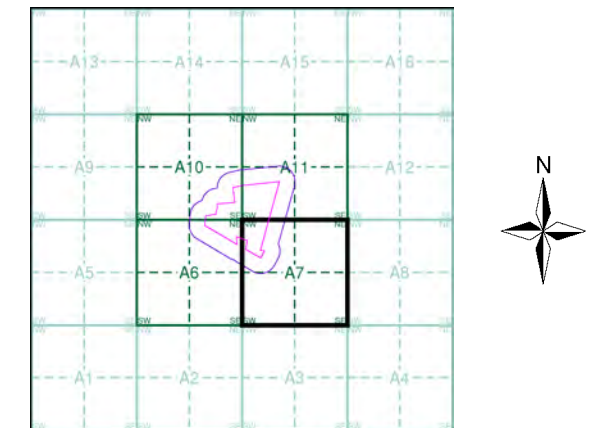
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Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1887	2
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1905	3
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1938	5
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1953 - 1954	6
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1965	7
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information	1:2,500	1975	8
Additional SIMs	1:2,500	1978	9
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1986	10
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1992	11
Additional SIMs	1:2,500	1992	12
Historical Aerial Photography	1:2,500	1999	13

Historical Map - Segment A7



Order Details

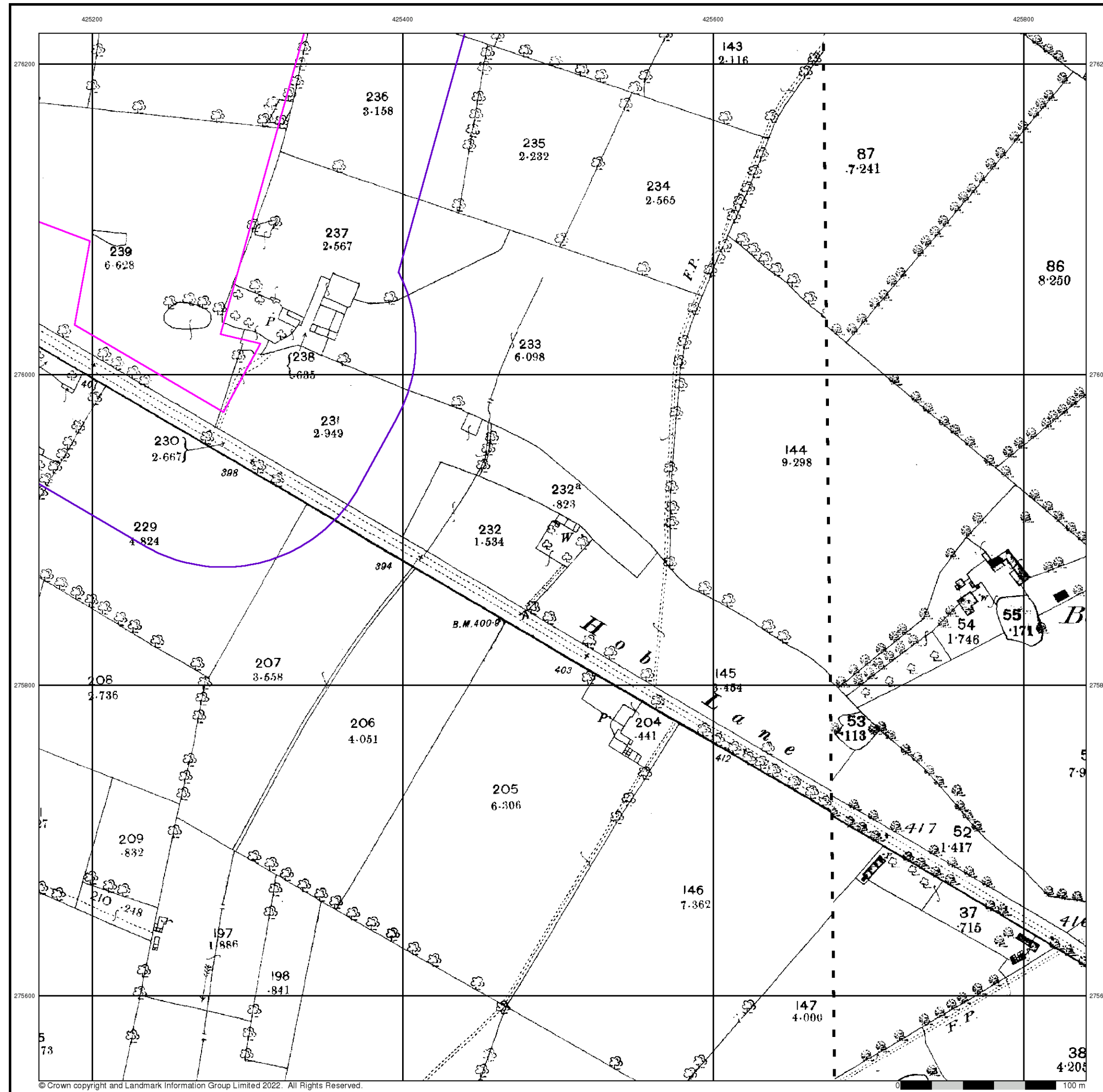
Order Number: 296951678_1_1
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Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

Landmark
 INFORMATION GROUP

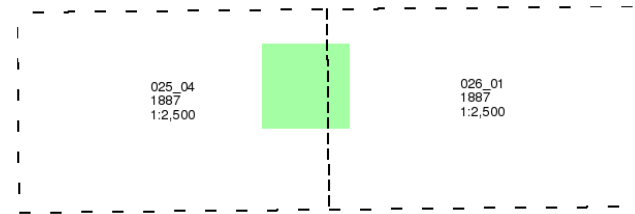
Tel: 0844 844 9952
 Fax: 0844 844 9951
 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



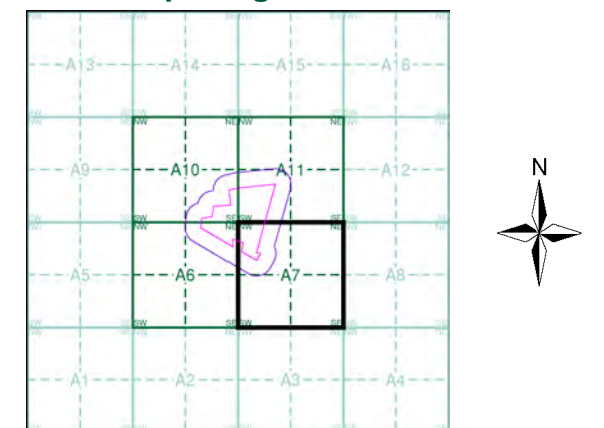
Warwickshire
Published 1887
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A7

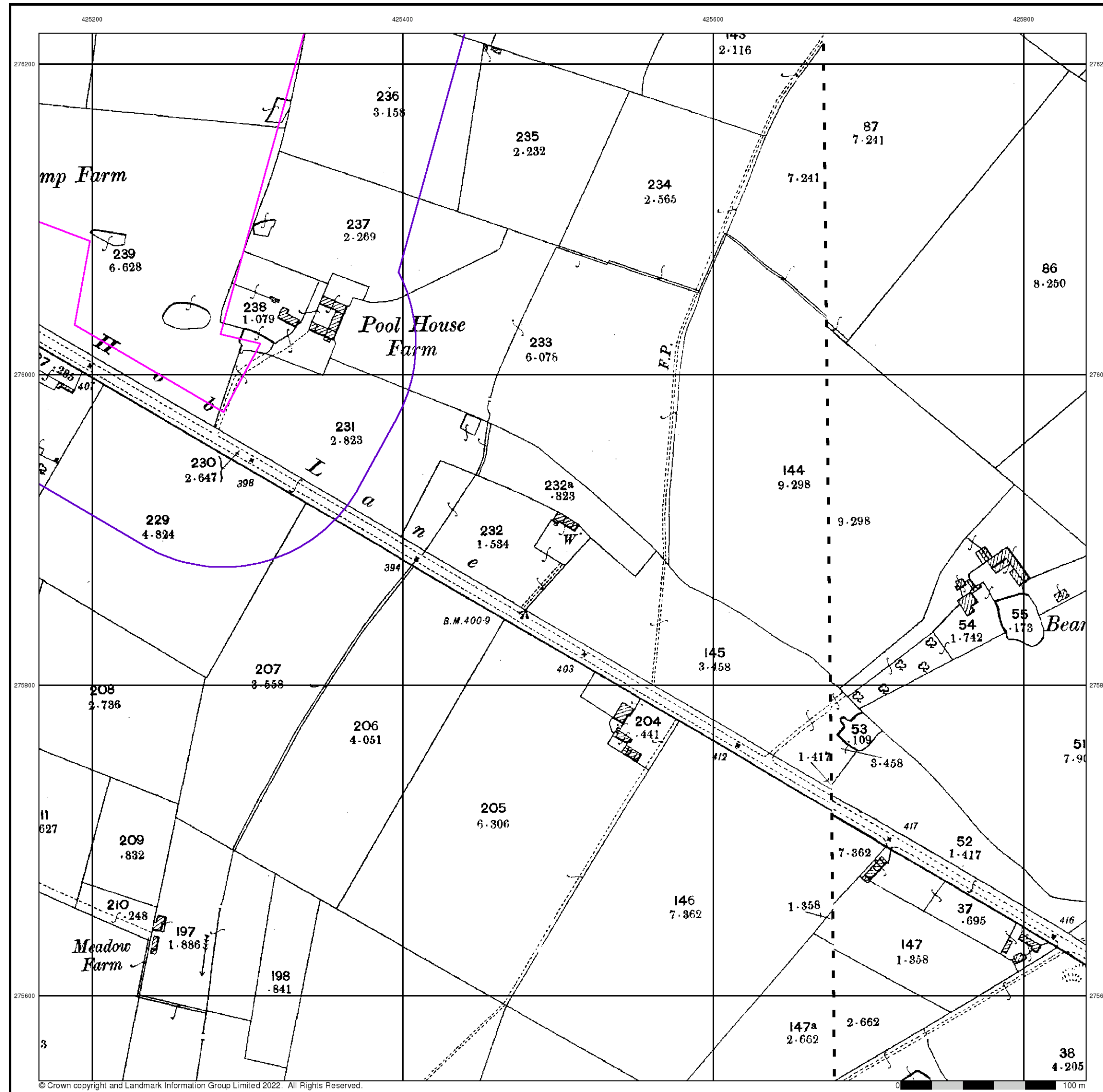


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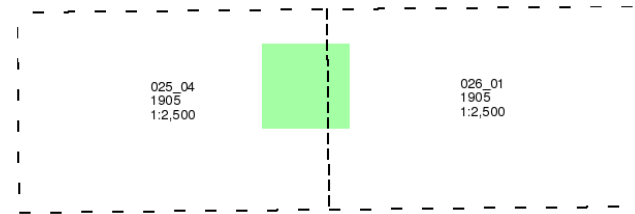
Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull



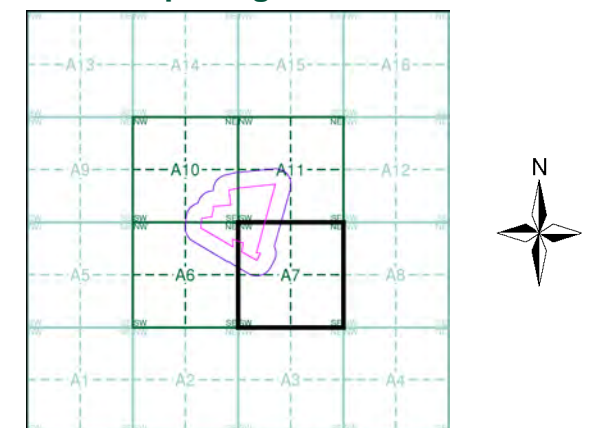
Warwickshire
Published 1905
Source map scale - 1:2,500

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Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A7



Order Details

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Site Area (Ha):	12.47
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Site Details
 Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

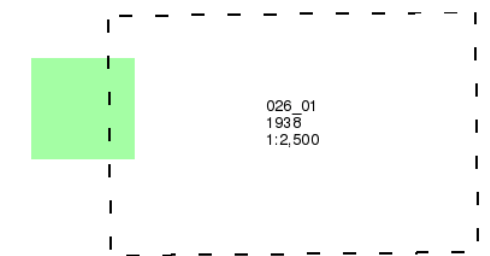
Warwickshire

Published 1938

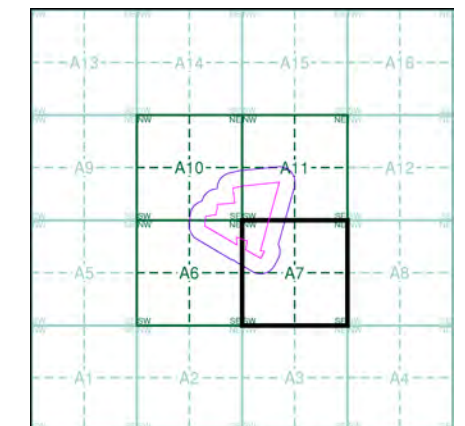
Source map scale - 1:2,500

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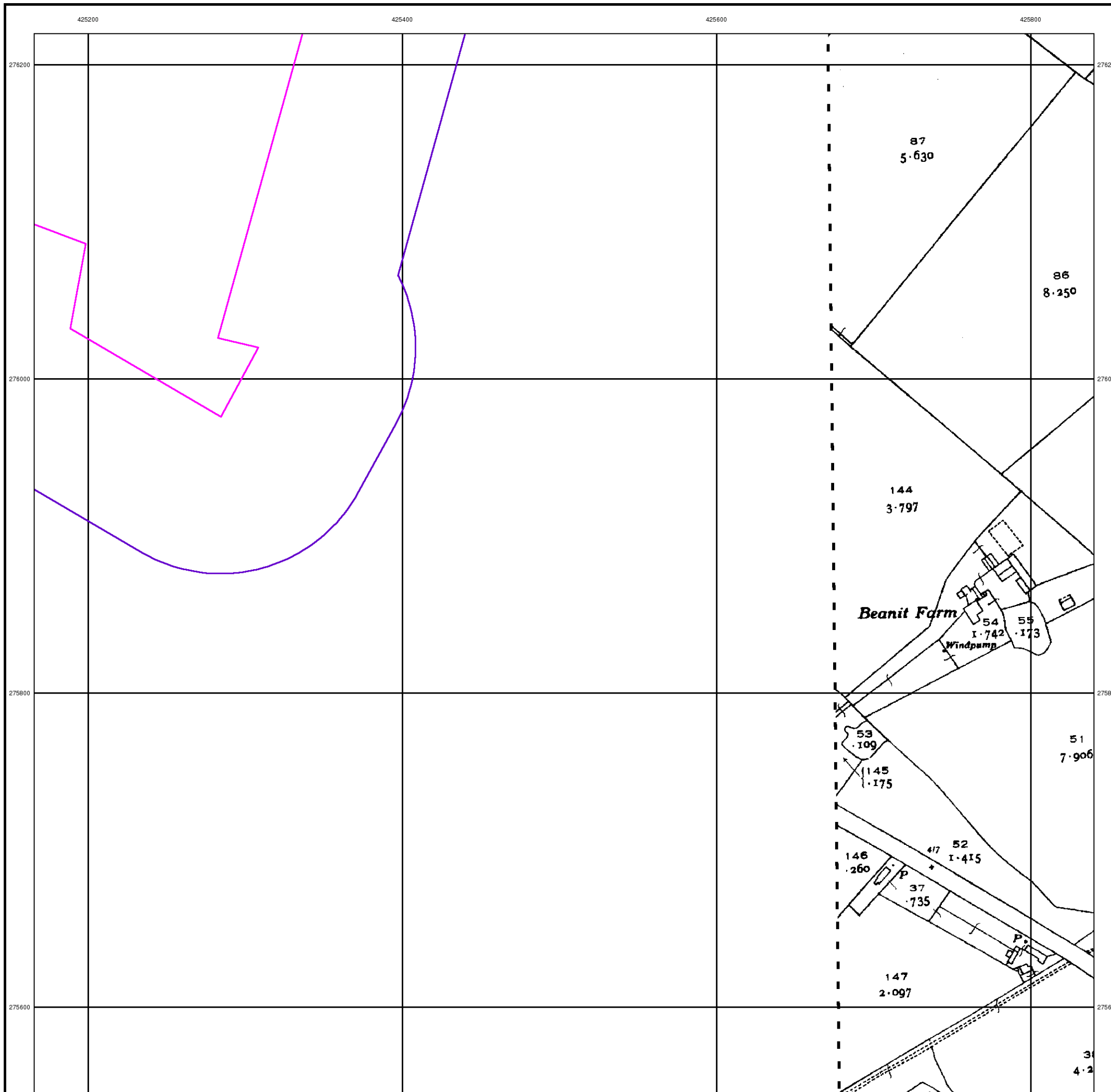


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Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1953 - 1954

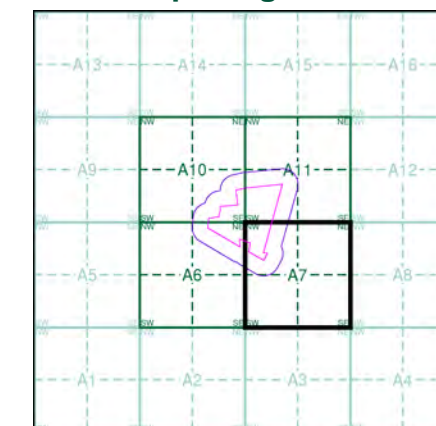
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

SP2576	1954	1:2,500
SP2575	1953	1:2,500

Historical Map - Segment A7

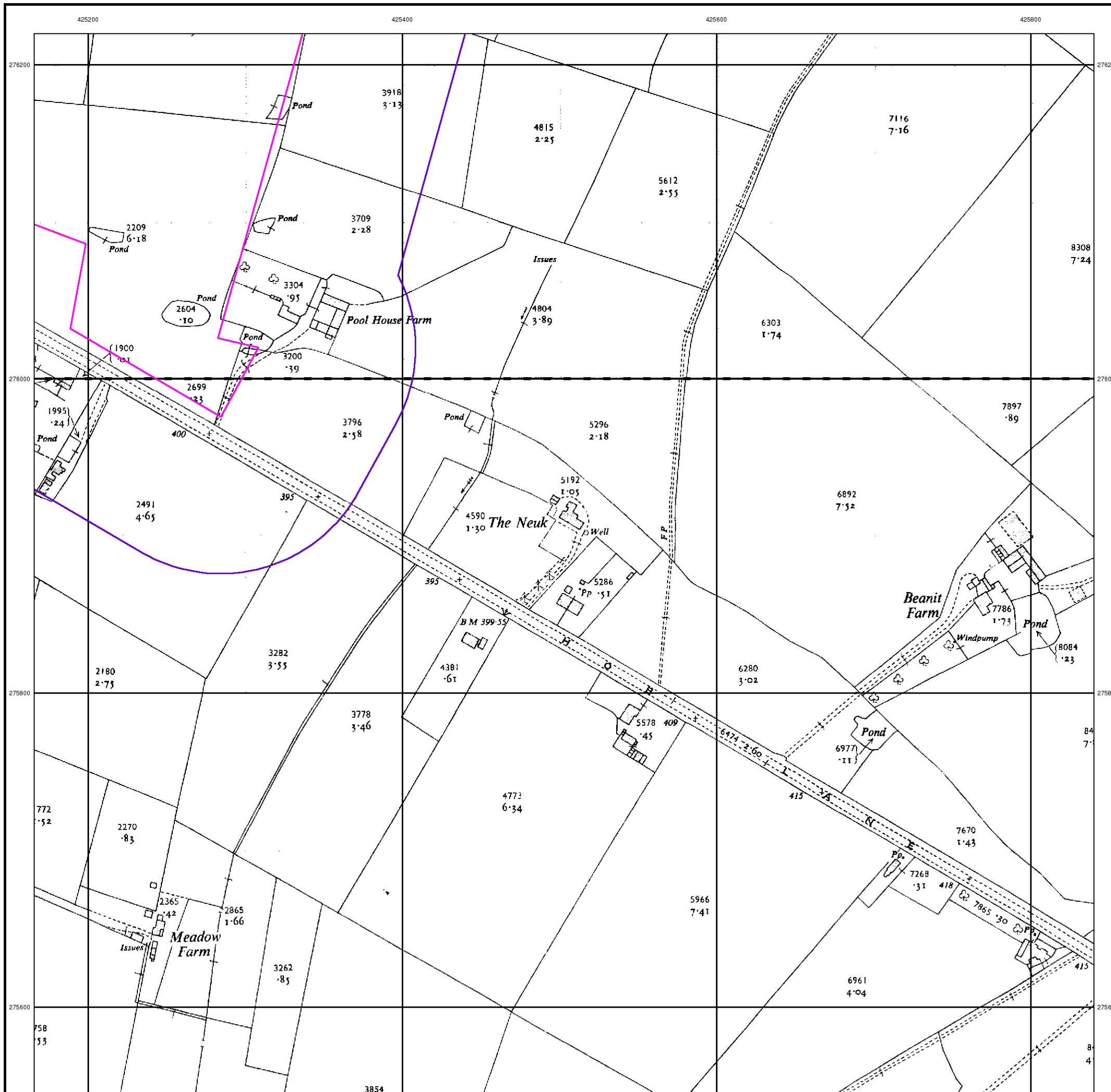


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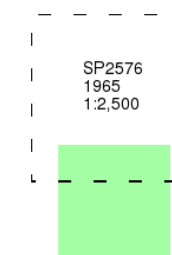
Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1965

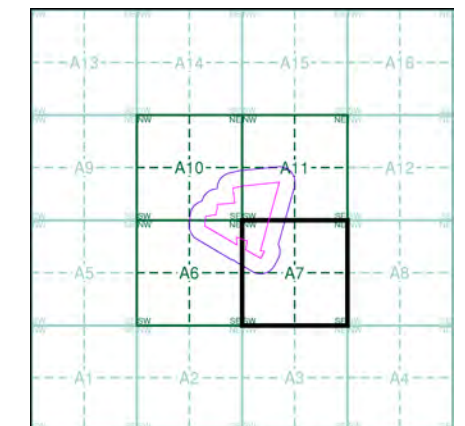
Source map scale - 1:2,500

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Historical Map - Segment A7

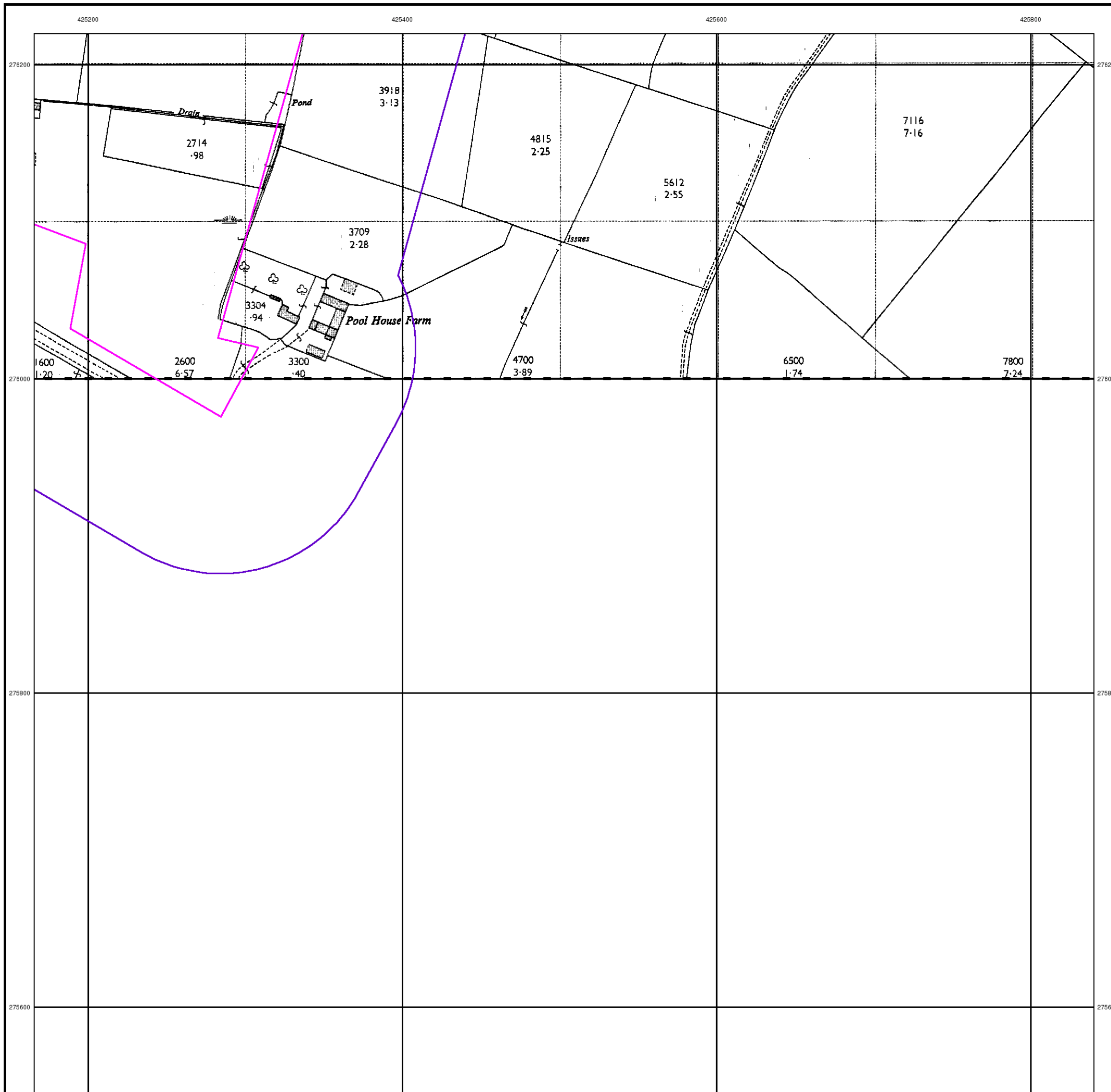


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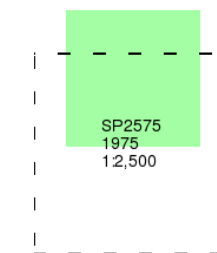
Supply of Unpublished Survey Information

Published 1975

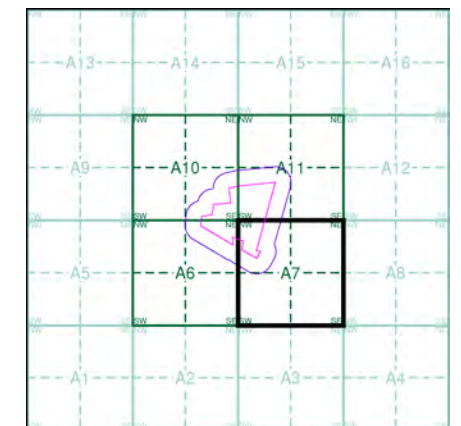
Source map scale - 1:2,500

SUSI maps (Supply of Unpublished Survey Information) were produced between 1972 and 1977, mainly for internal use at Ordnance Survey. These were more of a 'work-in-progress' plan as they showed updates of individual areas on a map. These maps were unpublished, and they do not represent a single moment in time. They were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



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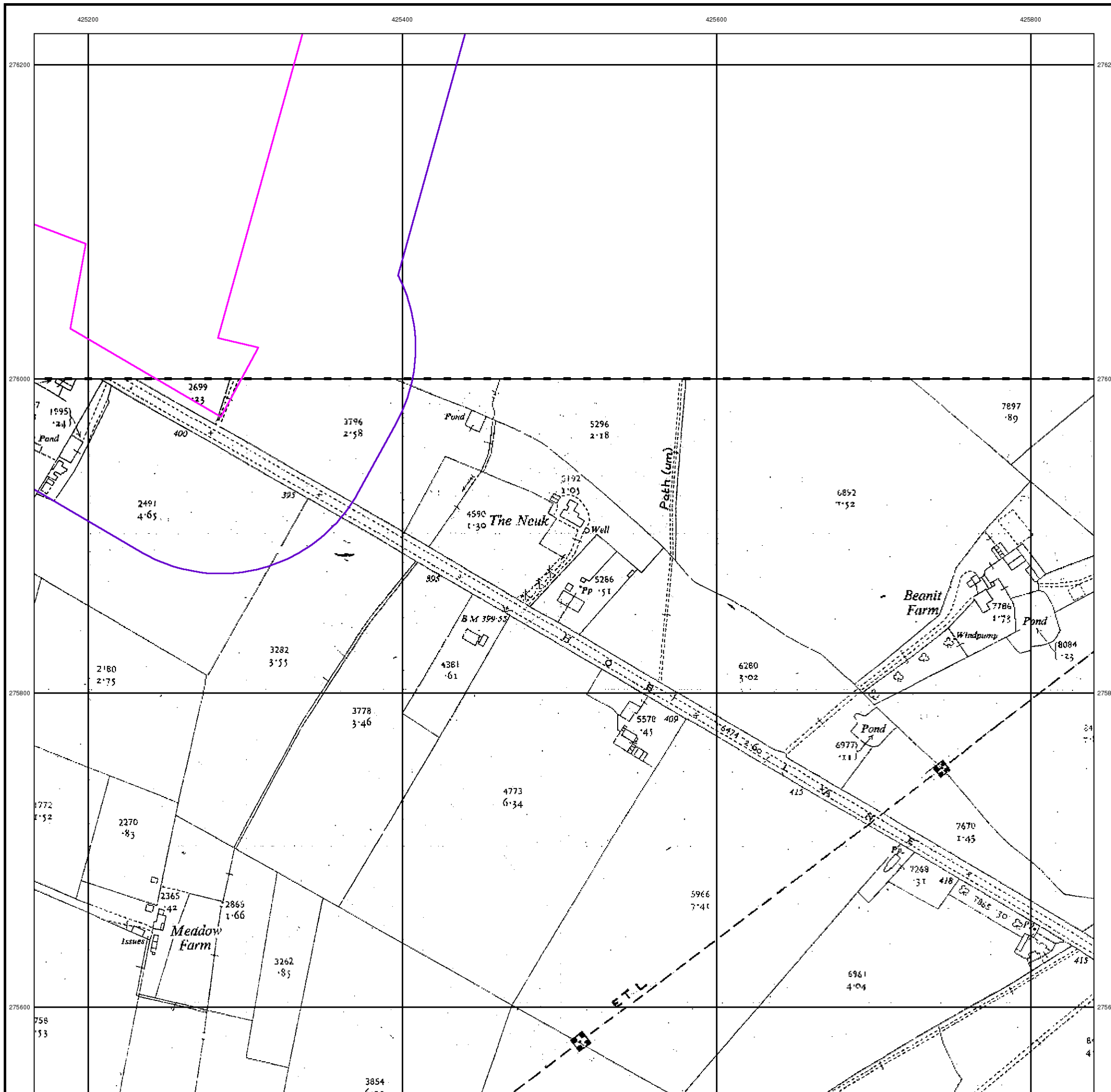


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Published 1978

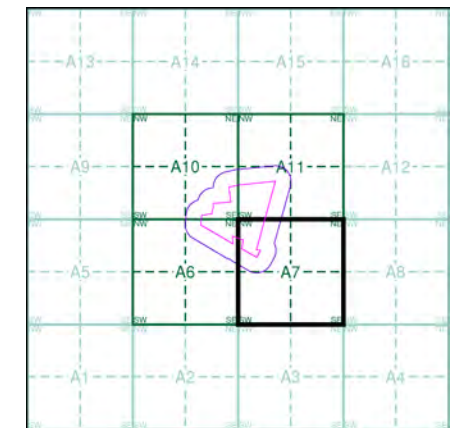
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Map Name(s) and Date(s)

SP2576	1978	1:2,500
SP2575	1978	1:2,500

Historical Map - Segment A7

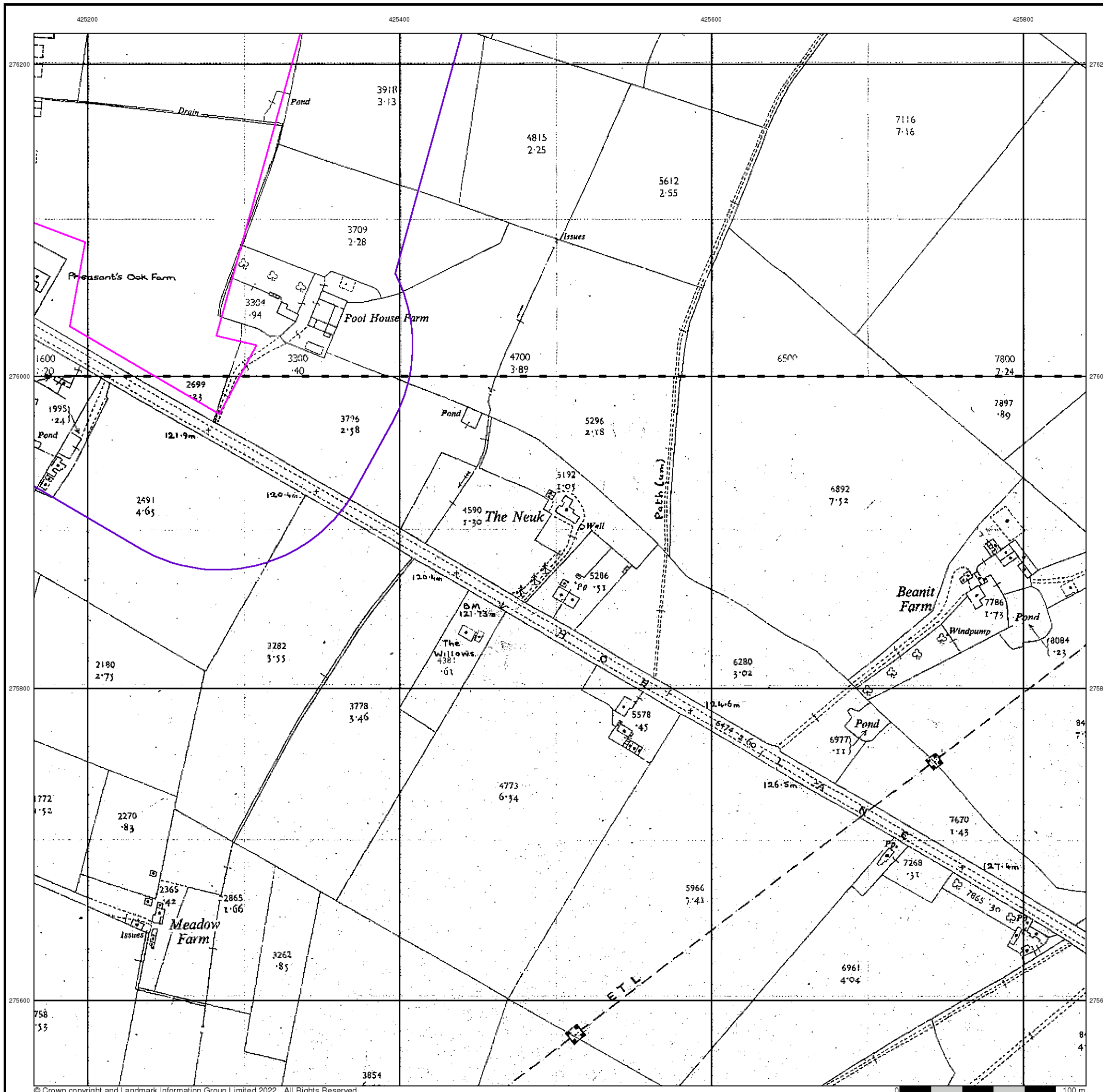


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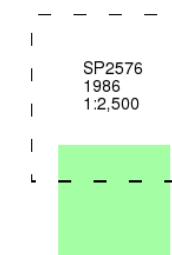
Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1986

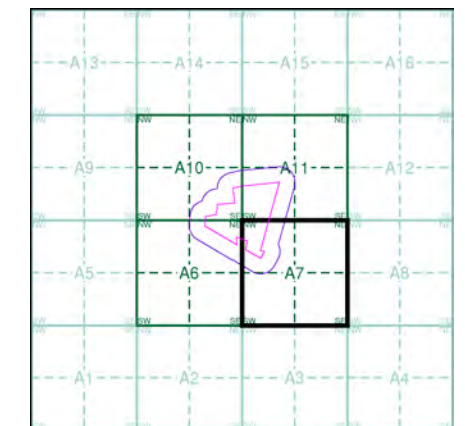
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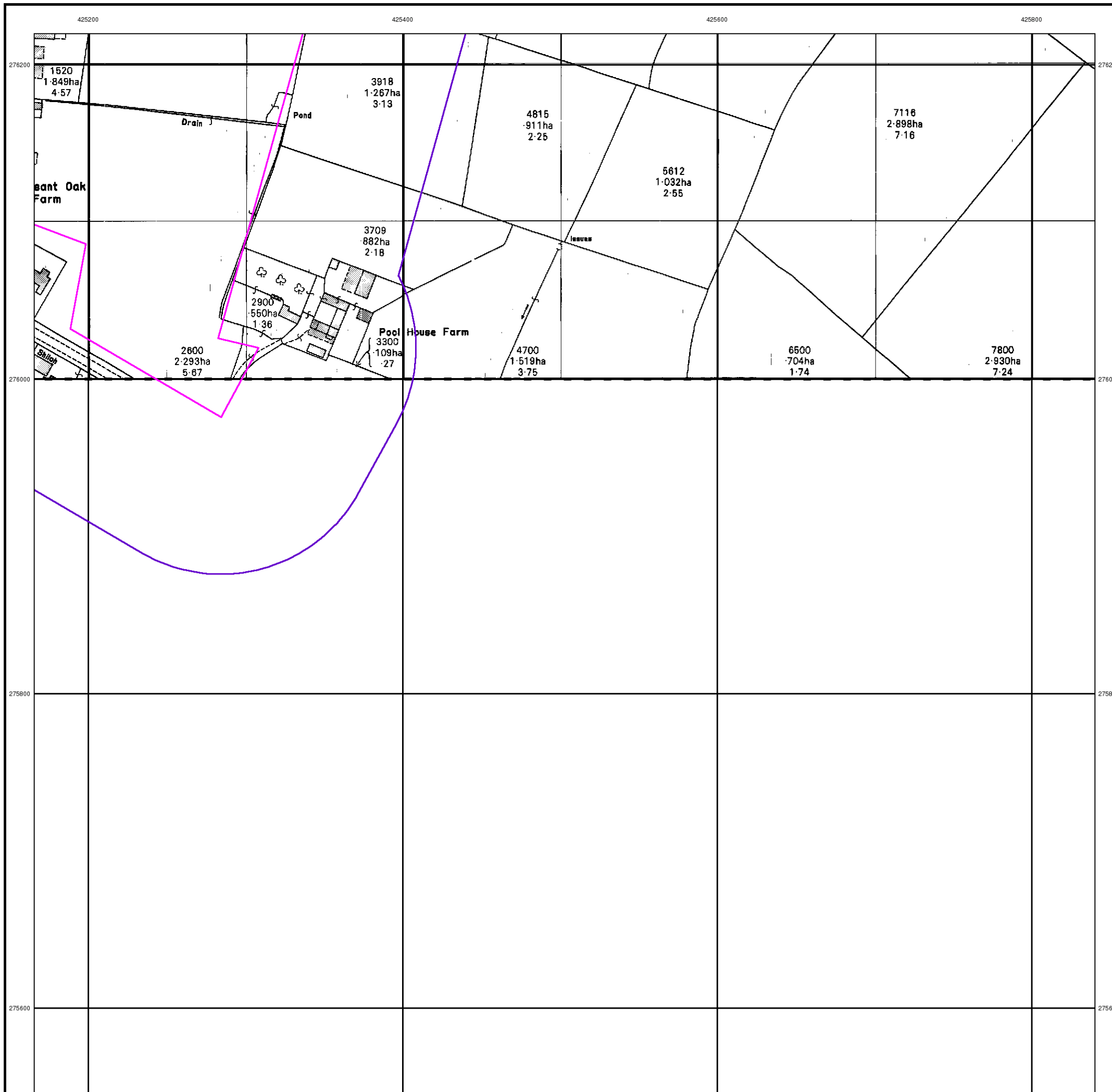


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Large-Scale National Grid Data

Published 1992

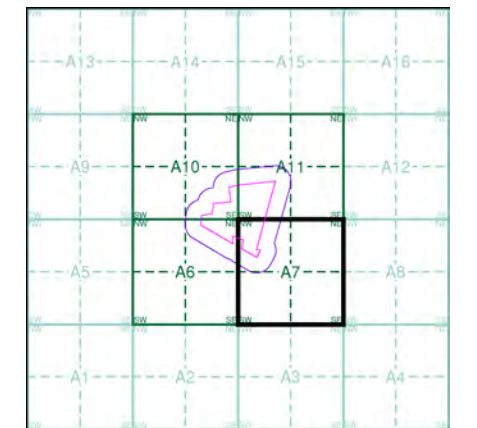
Source map scale - 1:2,500

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Map Name(s) and Date(s)

SP2576	1992	1:2,500
SP2575	1992	1:2,500

Historical Map - Segment A7

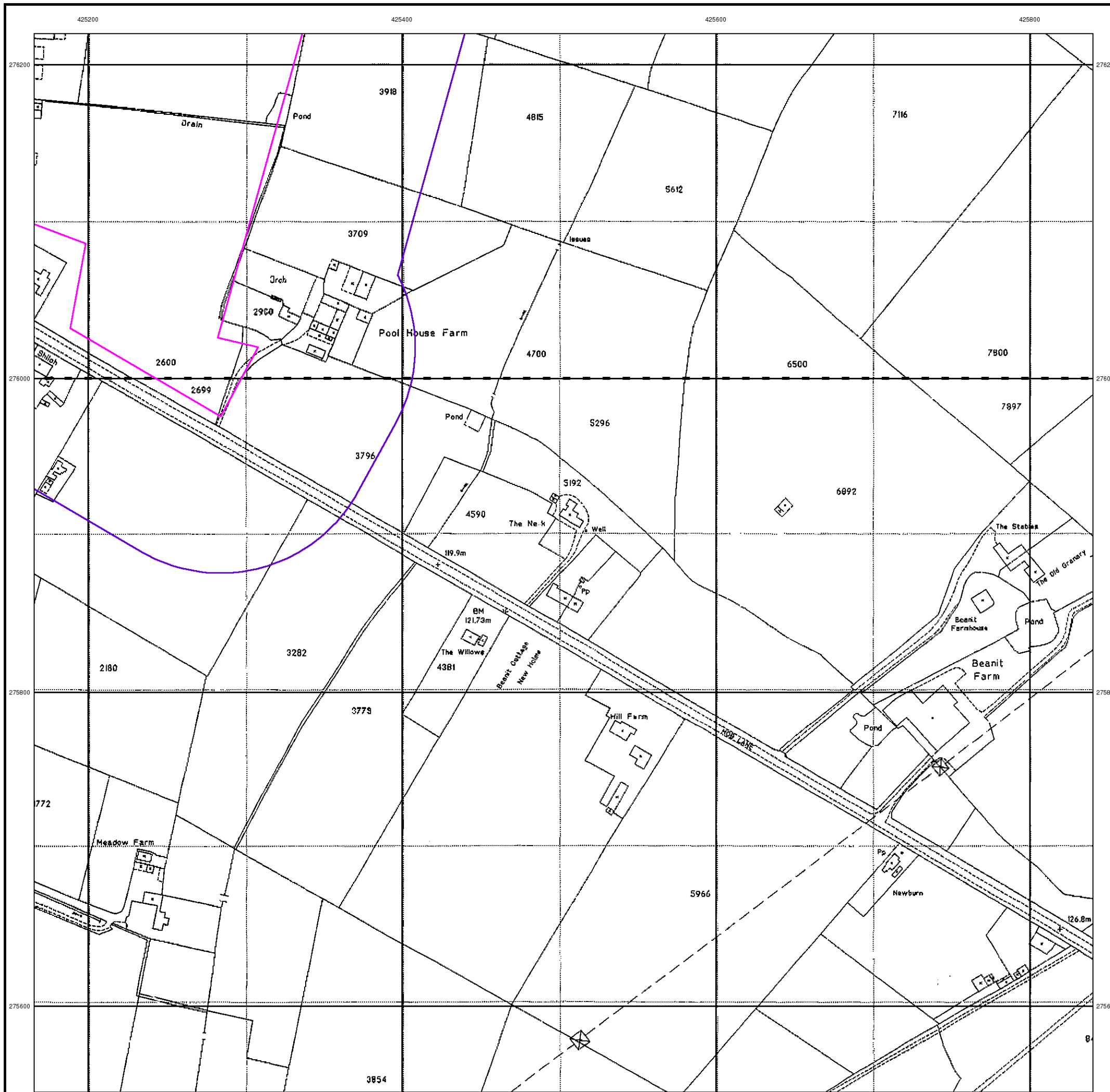


Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
 Customer Ref: 05655/C
 National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull



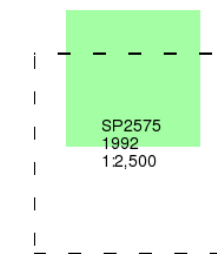
Additional SIMs

Published 1992

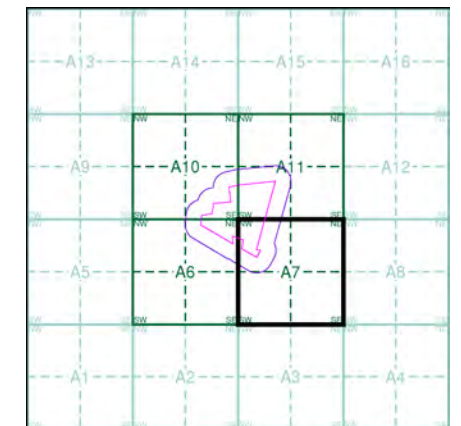
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') are further, minor editions of mapping which were produced and published in between the main editions as an area was updated. They date from 1947 to 1994, and contain detailed information on buildings, roads and land-use. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A7

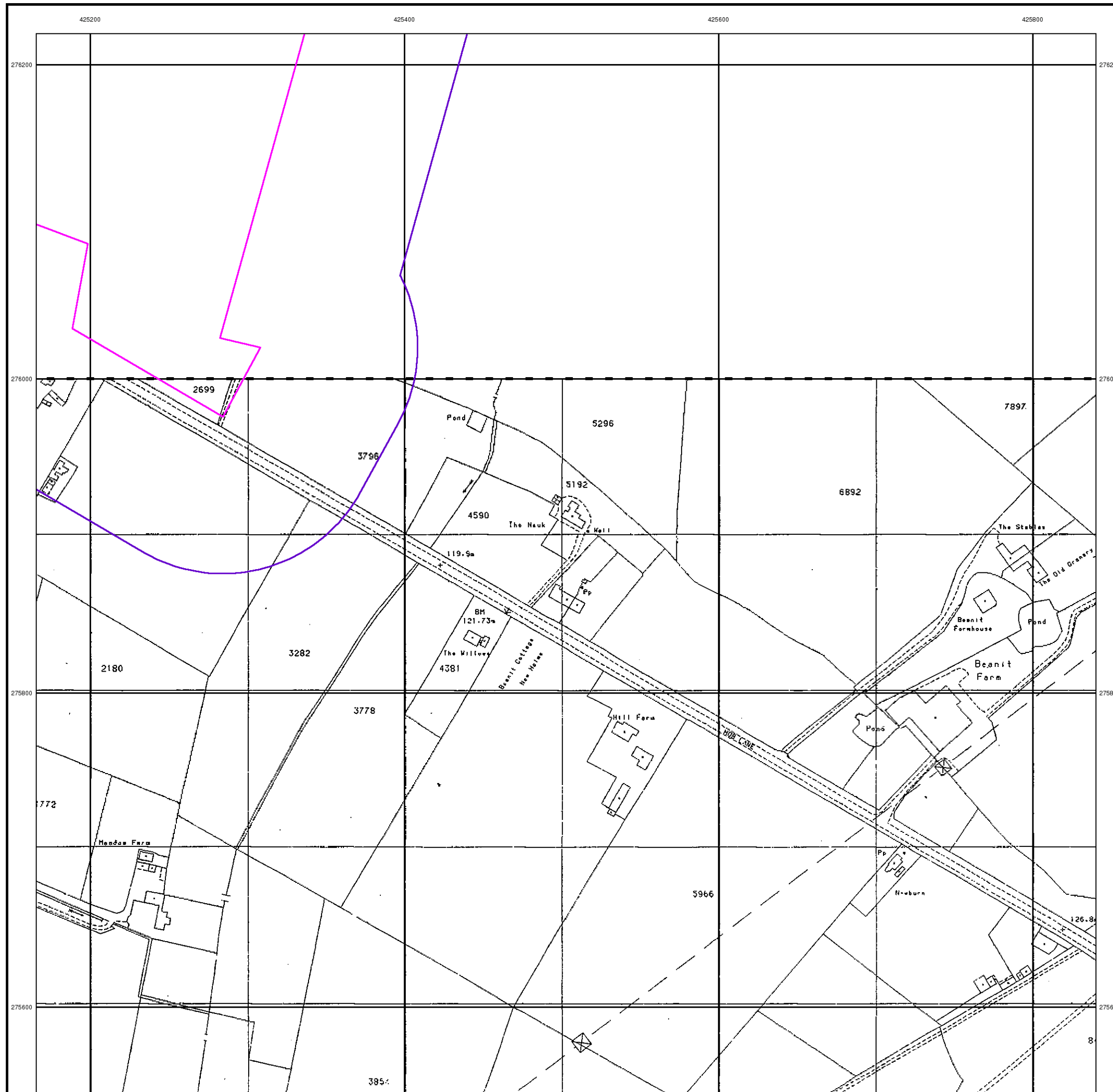


Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
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National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 12.47
Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

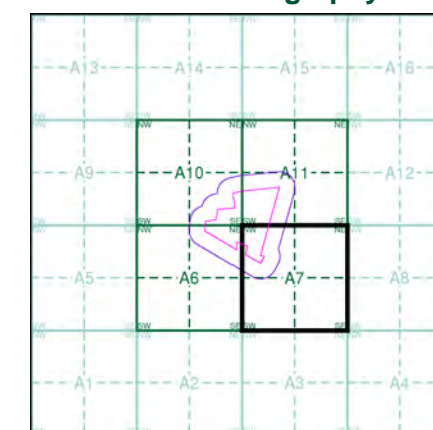


Historical Aerial Photography

Published 1999

This aerial photography was produced by Getmapping, these vertical aerial photographs provide a seamless, full colour survey of the whole of Great Britain

Historical Aerial Photography - Segment A7



Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
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National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 12.47
Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull



Historical Mapping Legends

Ordnance Survey County Series and Ordnance Survey Plan 1:2,500

Quarry **Gravel Pit** **Sand Pit**
Clay Pit **Shingle** **Refuse Heap**
Sloping Masonry **Flat Rock**
Marsh **Reeds** **Osiers**
Rough Pasture **Furze** **Wood**
Mixed Wood **Brushwood** **Orchard**
Fir **Ford** **Stepping Stones**
Ferry **Waterfall** **Lock**
Trig. Station **Altitude at Trig. Station**
B.M. 325.9 **Bench Mark** **Surface Level**
Arrow denotes flow of water **Antiquities (site of)**
Cutting **Embankment**
Railway crossing Road **Level Crossing** **Road crossing Railway**
Railway crossing River or Canal **Road over single stream** **Road over River or Canal**
County Boundary (Geographical)
County & Civil Parish Boundary
Administrative County & Civil Parish Boundary
County Borough Boundary (England)
Co. Boro. Bdy.
County Burgh Boundary (Scotland)
Co. Burgh Bdy.
BP BS Boundary Post or Stone **P.C.B** Police Call Box
B.R. Bridle Road **P** Pump
E.P Electricity Pylon **S.P** Signal Post
F.B. Foot Bridge **SL** Sluice
F.P. Foot Path **Sp.** Spring
G.P Guide Post or Board **T.C.B** Telephone Call Box
M.S Mile Stone **Tr.** Trough
M.P M.R Mooring Post or Ring **W** Well

Ordnance Survey Plan, Additional SIMs and Supply of Unpublished Survey Information 1:2,500 and 1:1,250

Inactive Quarry, Chalk Pit or Clay Pit **Active Quarry, Chalk Pit or Clay Pit**
Rock **Boulders**
Cliff **Slopes** **Top**
Roofed Building **Glazed Roof Building**
Sloping Masonry **Archway**
Non-Coniferous Tree (surveyed) **Coniferous Tree (surveyed)**
Non-Coniferous Trees (not surveyed) **Coniferous Trees (not surveyed)**
Orchard Tree **Scrub** **Bracken**
Coppice, Osier **Reeds** **Marsh, Saltings**
Rough Grassland **Heath** **Culvert**
Direction of water flow **Bench Mark** **Antiquity (site of)**
Cave Entrance **Triangulation Station** **Electricity Pylon**
Electricity Transmission Line
County Boundary (Geographical)
County & Civil Parish Boundary
Civil Parish Boundary
Admin. County or County Bor. Boundary
London Borough Boundary
Symbol marking point where boundary mereing changes
BH Beer House **P** Pillar, Pole or Post
BP, BS Boundary Post or Stone **PO** Post Office
Cn, C Capstan, Crane **PC** Public Convenience
Chy Chimney **PH** Public House
D Fn Drinking Fountain **Pp** Pump
EI P Electricity Pillar or Post **SB, S Br** Signal Box or Bridge
FAP Fire Alarm Pillar **SP, SL** Signal Post or Light
FB Foot Bridge **Spr** Spring
GP Guide Post **Tk** Tank or Track
H Hydrant or Hydraulic **TCB** Telephone Call Box
LC Level Crossing **TCP** Telephone Call Post
MH Manhole **Tr** Trough
MP Mile Post or Mooring Post **Wr Pt, Wr T** Water Point, Water Tap
MS Mile Stone **W** Well
NTL Normal Tidal Limit **Wd Pp** Wind Pump

Large-Scale National Grid Data 1:2,500 and 1:1,250

Cliff **Slopes** **Top**
Rock **Rock (scattered)**
Boulders **Boulders (scattered)**
Positioned Boulder **Scree**
Non-Coniferous Tree (surveyed) **Coniferous Tree (surveyed)**
Non-Coniferous Trees (not surveyed) **Coniferous Trees (not surveyed)**
Orchard Tree **Scrub** **Bracken**
Coppice, Osier **Reeds** **Marsh, Saltings**
Rough Grassland **Heath** **Culvert**
Direction of water flow **Triangulation Station** **Antiquity (site of)**
Electricity Transmission Line **Electricity Pylon**
B.M. 231.60m Bench Mark **Buildings with Building Seed**
Roofed Building **Glazed Roof Building**
Civil parish/community boundary
District boundary
County boundary
Boundary post/stone
Boundary mereing symbol (note: these always appear in opposed pairs or groups of three)
Bks Barracks **P** Pillar, Pole or Post
Bty Battery **PO** Post Office
Cemy Cemetery **PC** Public Convenience
Chy Chimney **Pp** Pump
Cis Cistern **Ppg Sta** Pumping Station
Dismtd Rly Dismantled Railway **PW** Place of Worship
EI Gen Sta Electricity Generating Station **Sewage Ppg Sta** Sewage Pumping Station
EI P Electricity Pole, Pillar **SB, S Br** Signal Box or Bridge
EI Sub Sta Electricity Sub Station **SP, SL** Signal Post or Light
FB Filter Bed **Spr** Spring
Fn / D Fn Fountain / Drinking Ftn. **Tk** Tank or Track
Gas Gov Gas Valve Compound **Tr** Trough
GVC Gas Governor **Wd Pp** Wind Pump
GP Guide Post **Wr Pt, Wr T** Water Point, Water Tap
MH Manhole **Wks** Works (building or area)
MP, MS Mile Post or Mile Stone **W** Well

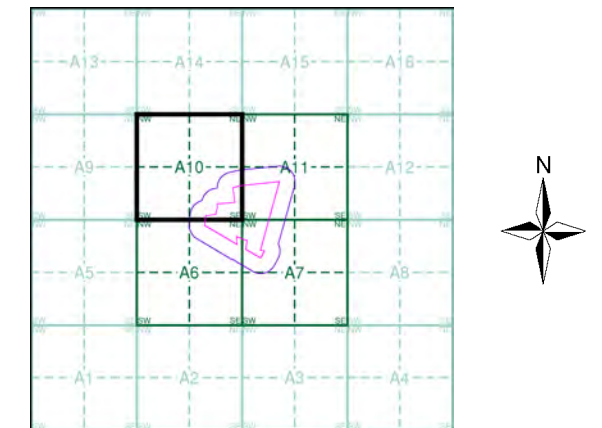
Envirocheck

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP

Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1887 - 1888	2
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1904 - 1905	3
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1937	5
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1954	6
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1965	7
Additional SIMs	1:2,500	1978	8
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1986	9
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1992	10
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1996	11
Historical Aerial Photography	1:2,500	1999	12

Historical Map - Segment A10



Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
 Customer Ref: 05655/C
 National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

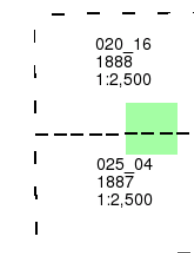
Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

Landmark
INFORMATION GROUP

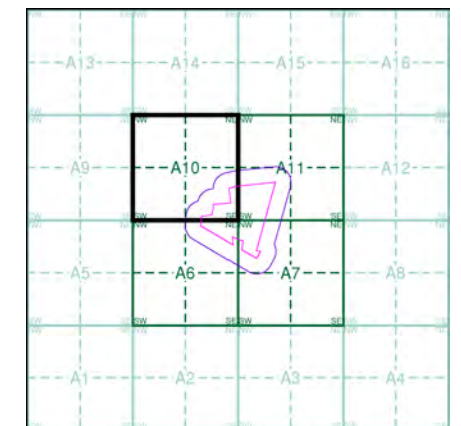
Tel: 0844 844 9952
 Fax: 0844 844 9951
 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A10

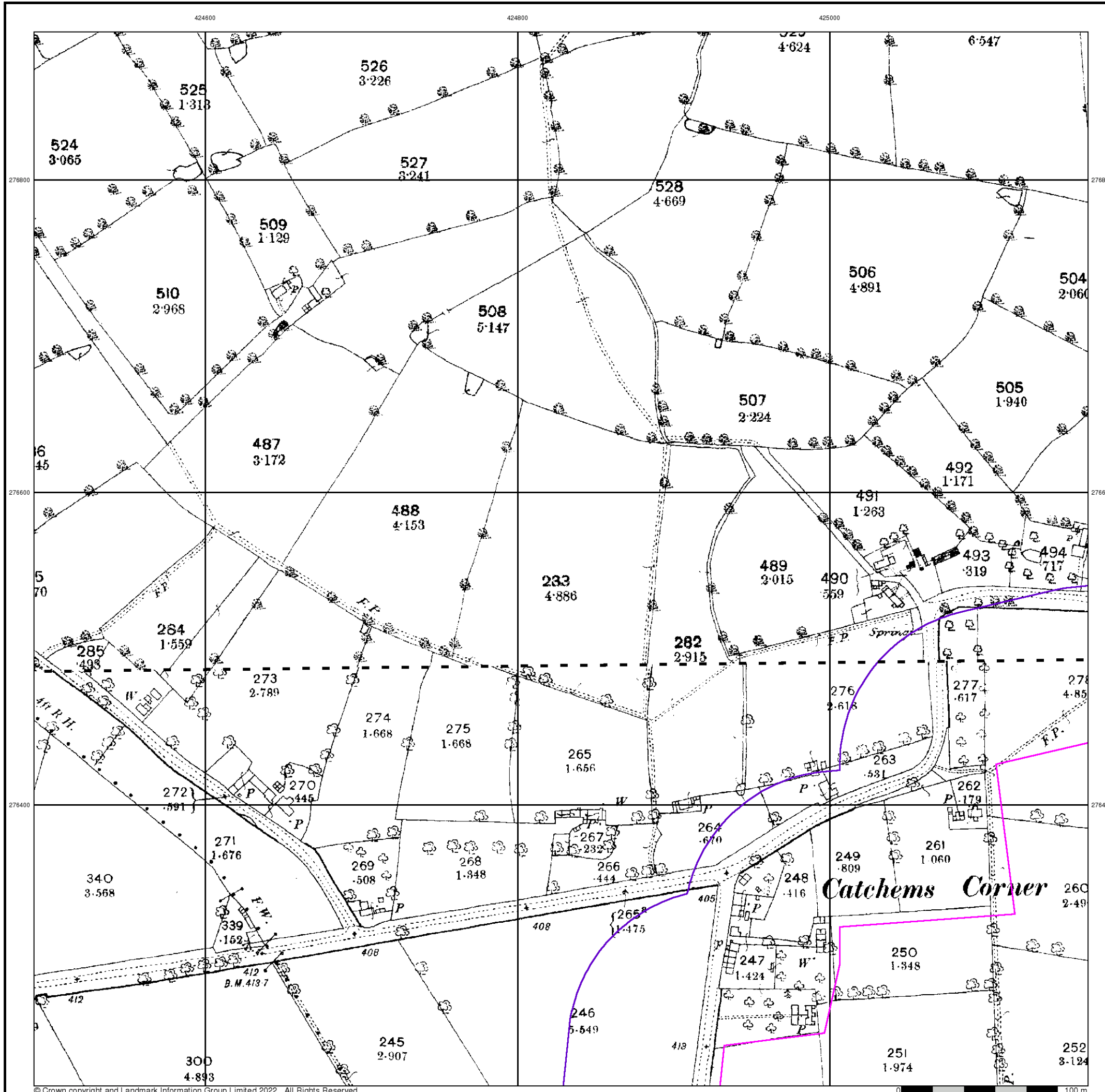


Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
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 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

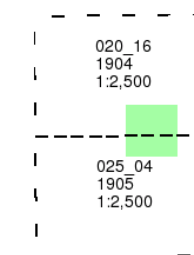
Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

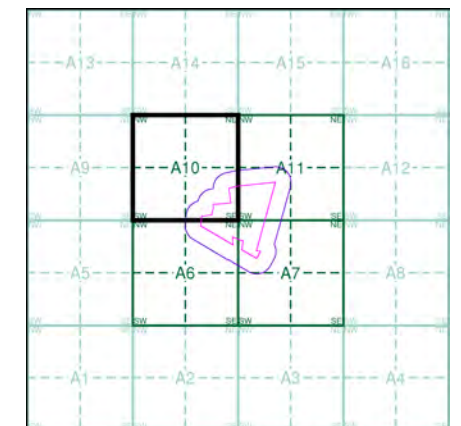


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Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A10

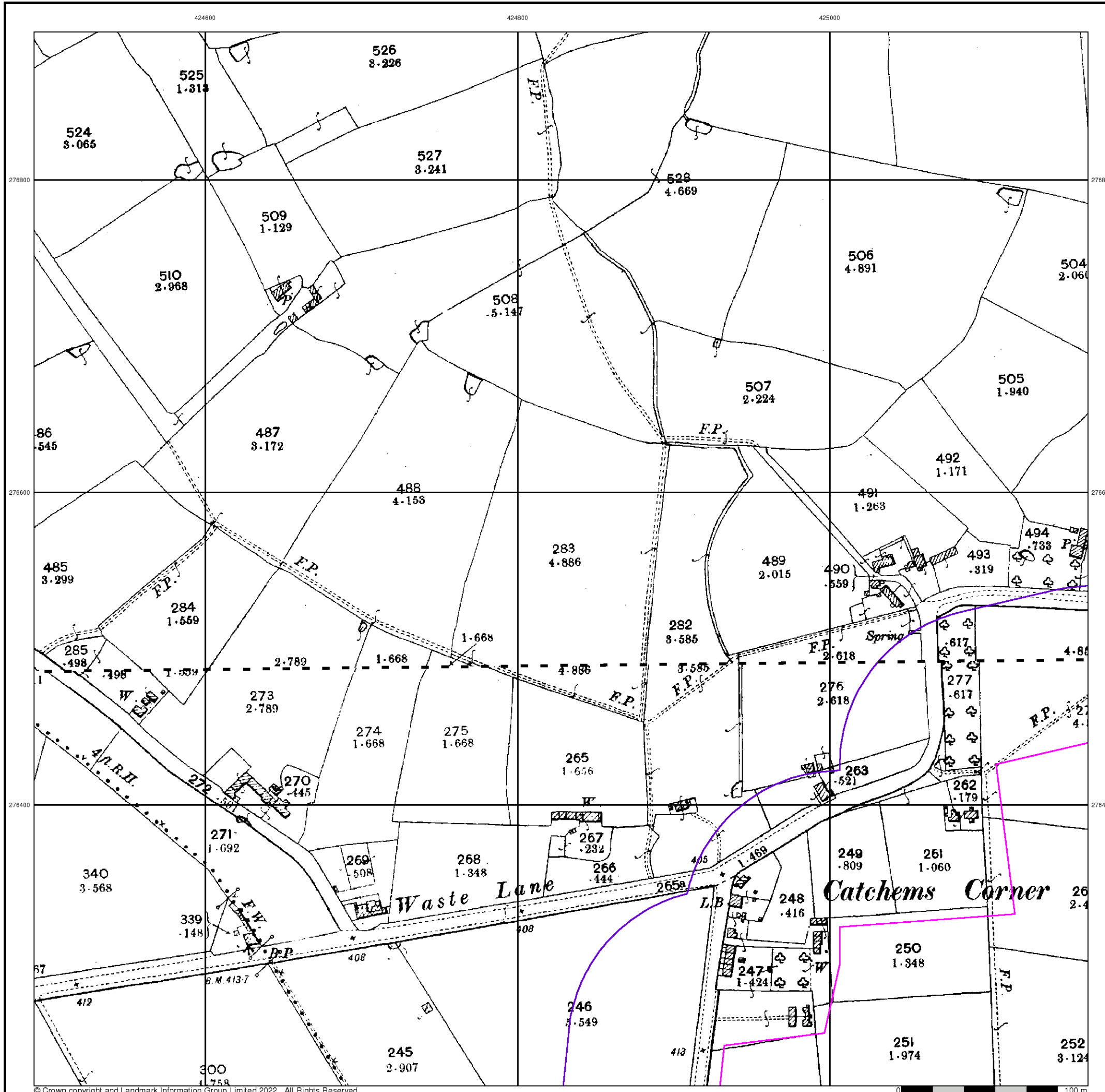


Order Details

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 Slice: A
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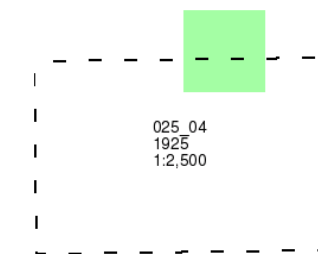
Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

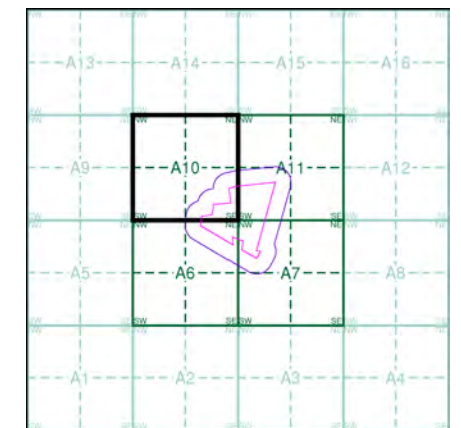


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Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A10

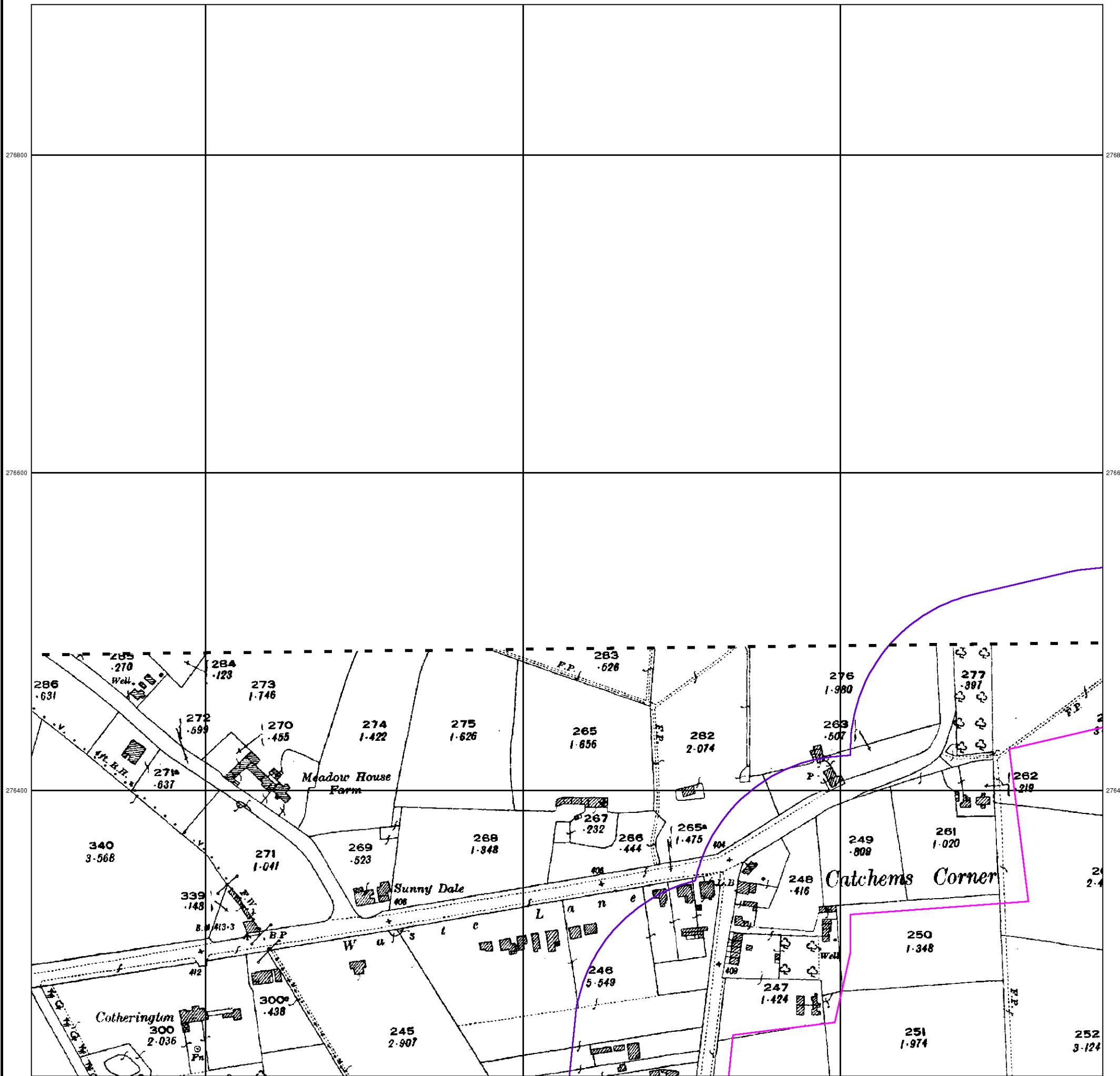


Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
Customer Ref: 05655/C
National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 12.47
Search Buffer (m): 100

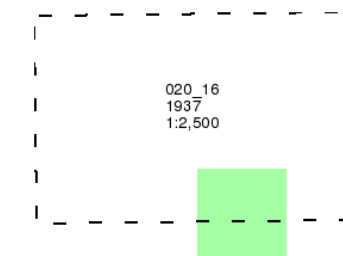
Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

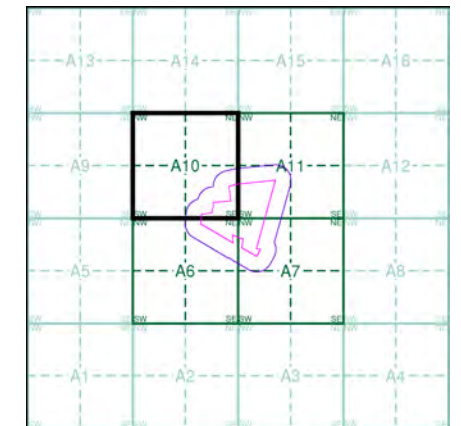


The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A10

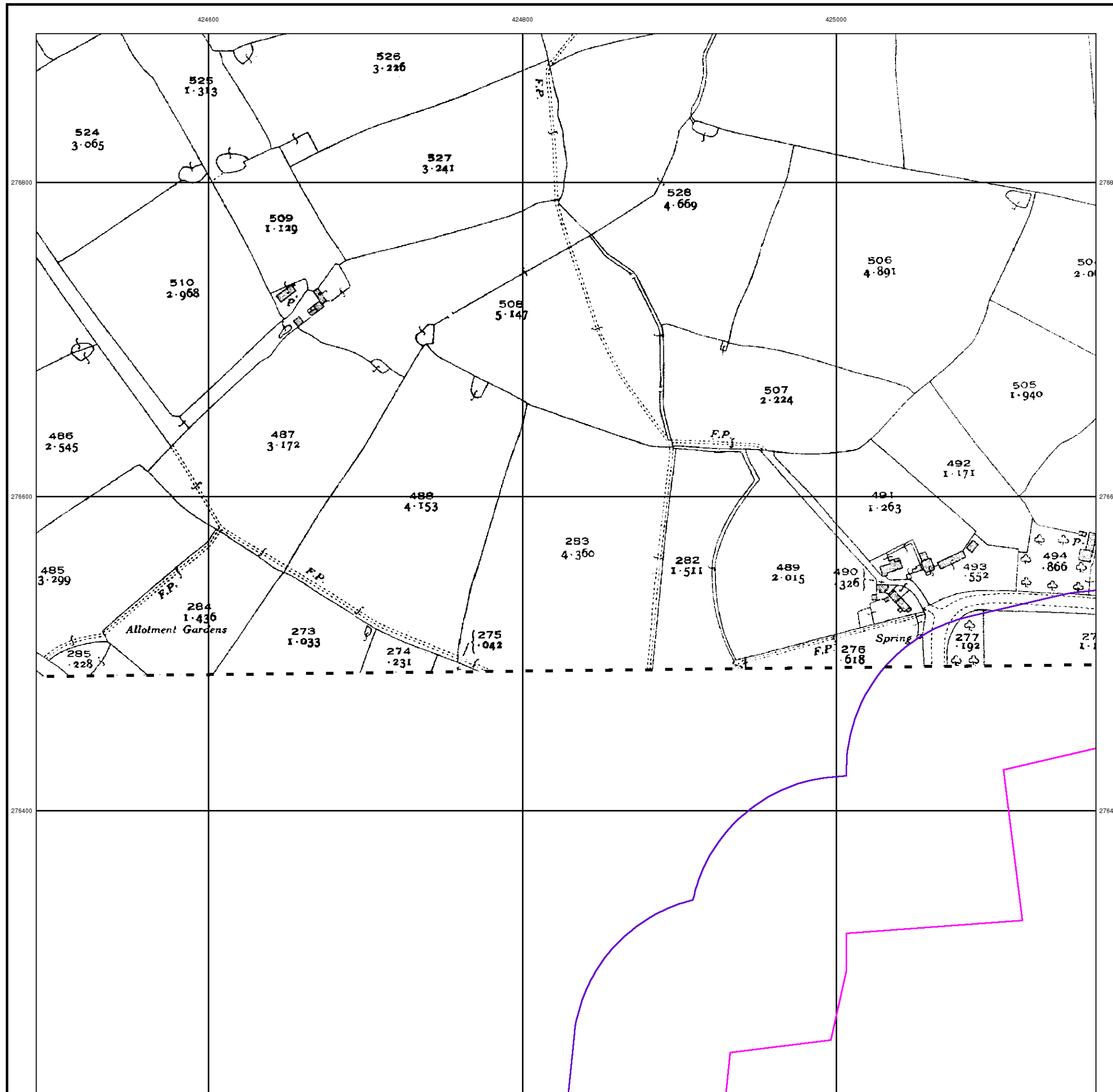


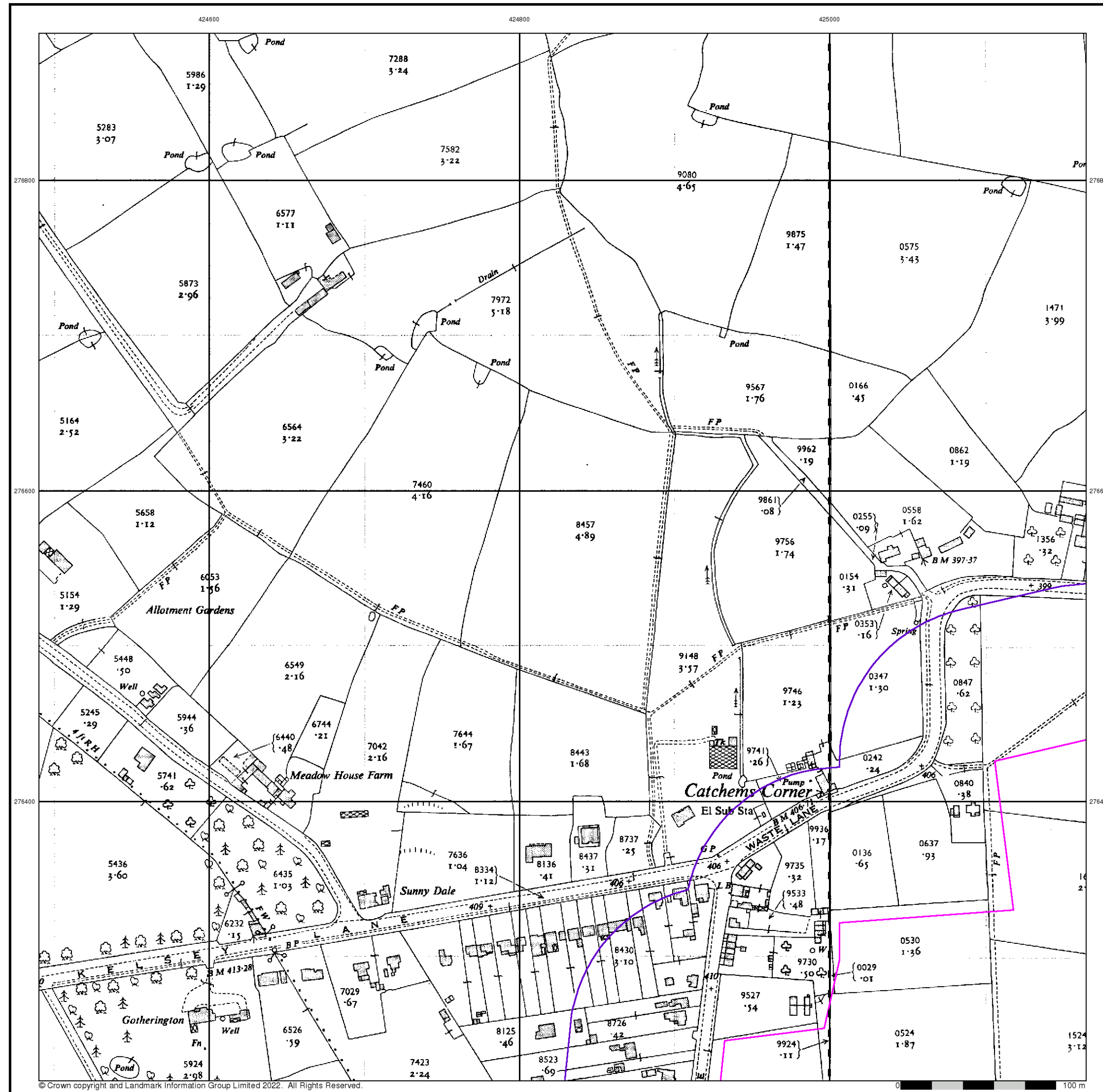
Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
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National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
Slice: A
Site Area (Ha): 12.47
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Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

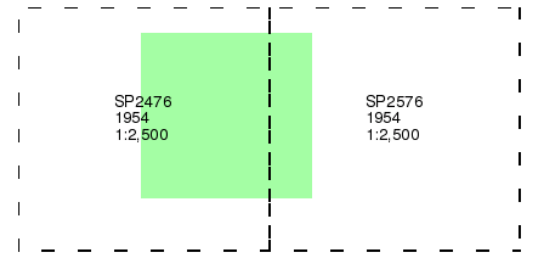




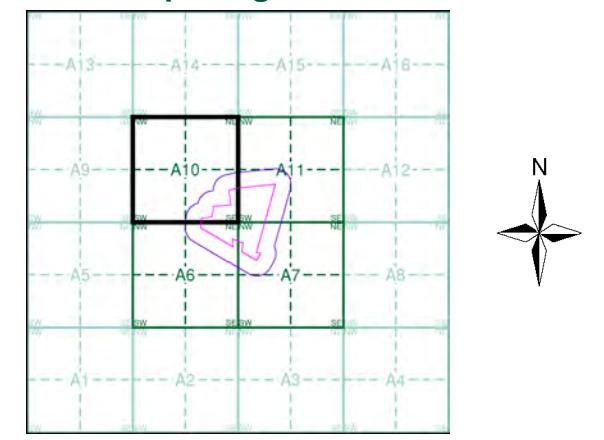
Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1954 Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A10

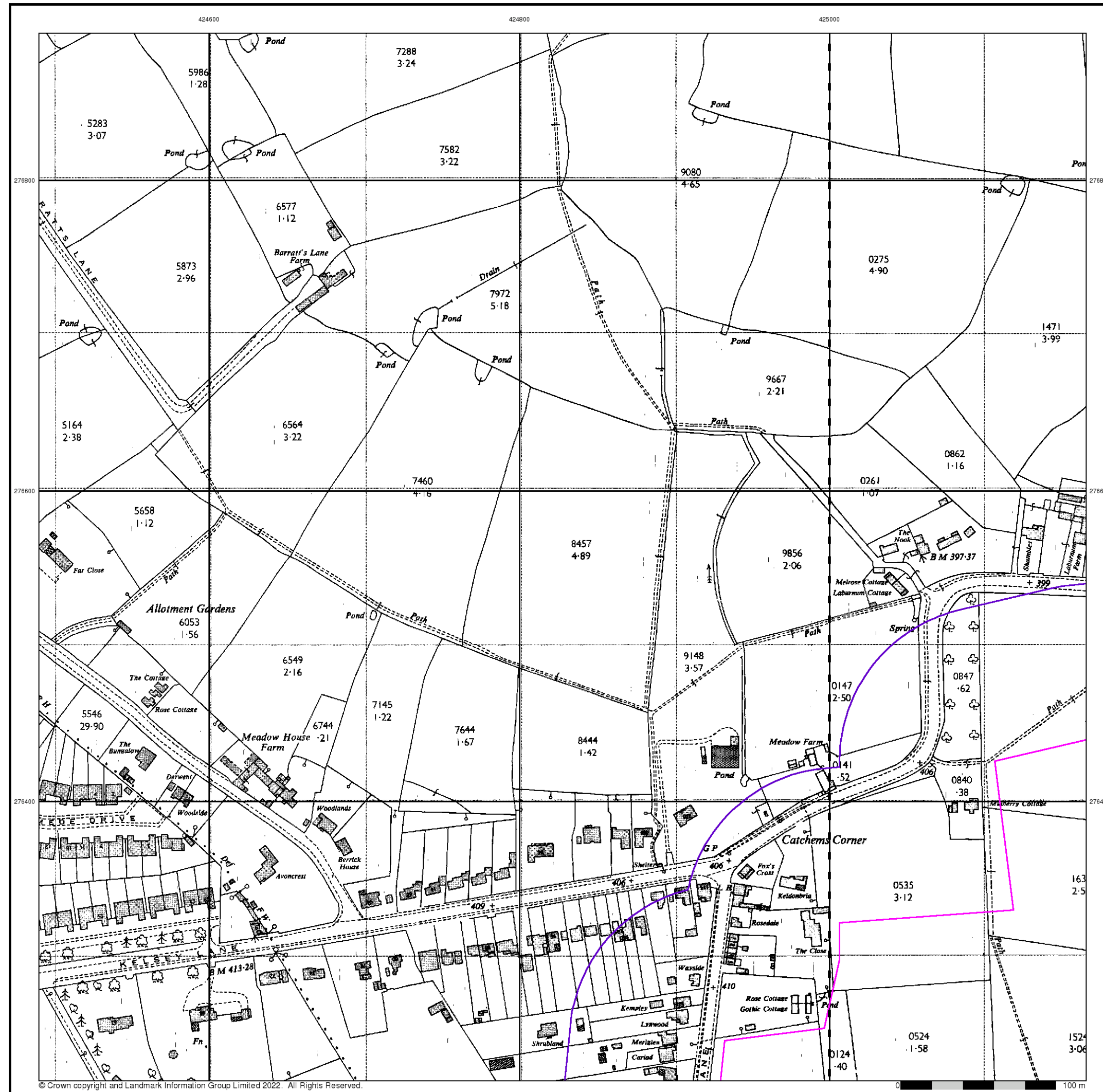


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Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull



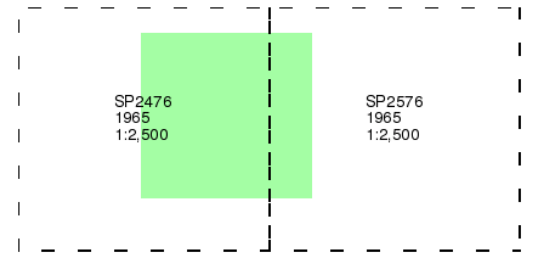
Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1965

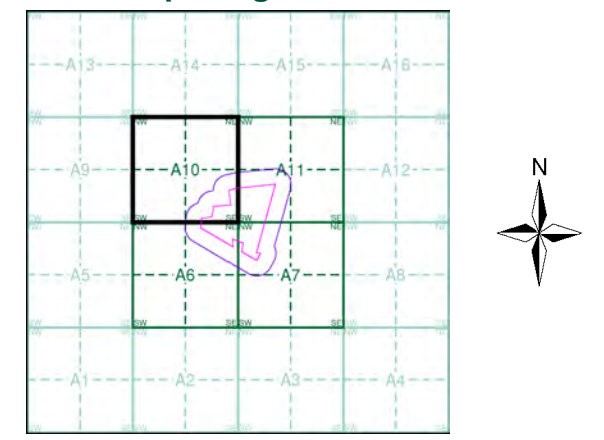
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A10



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Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

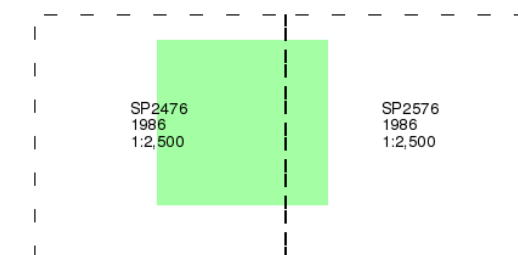
Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1986

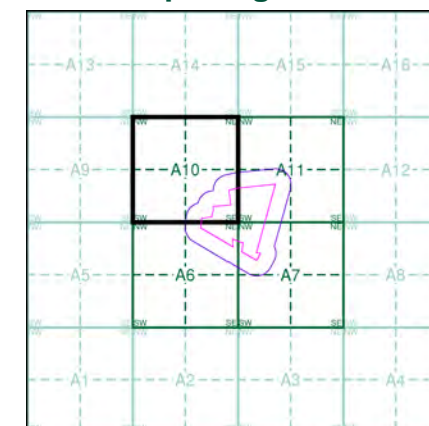
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A10

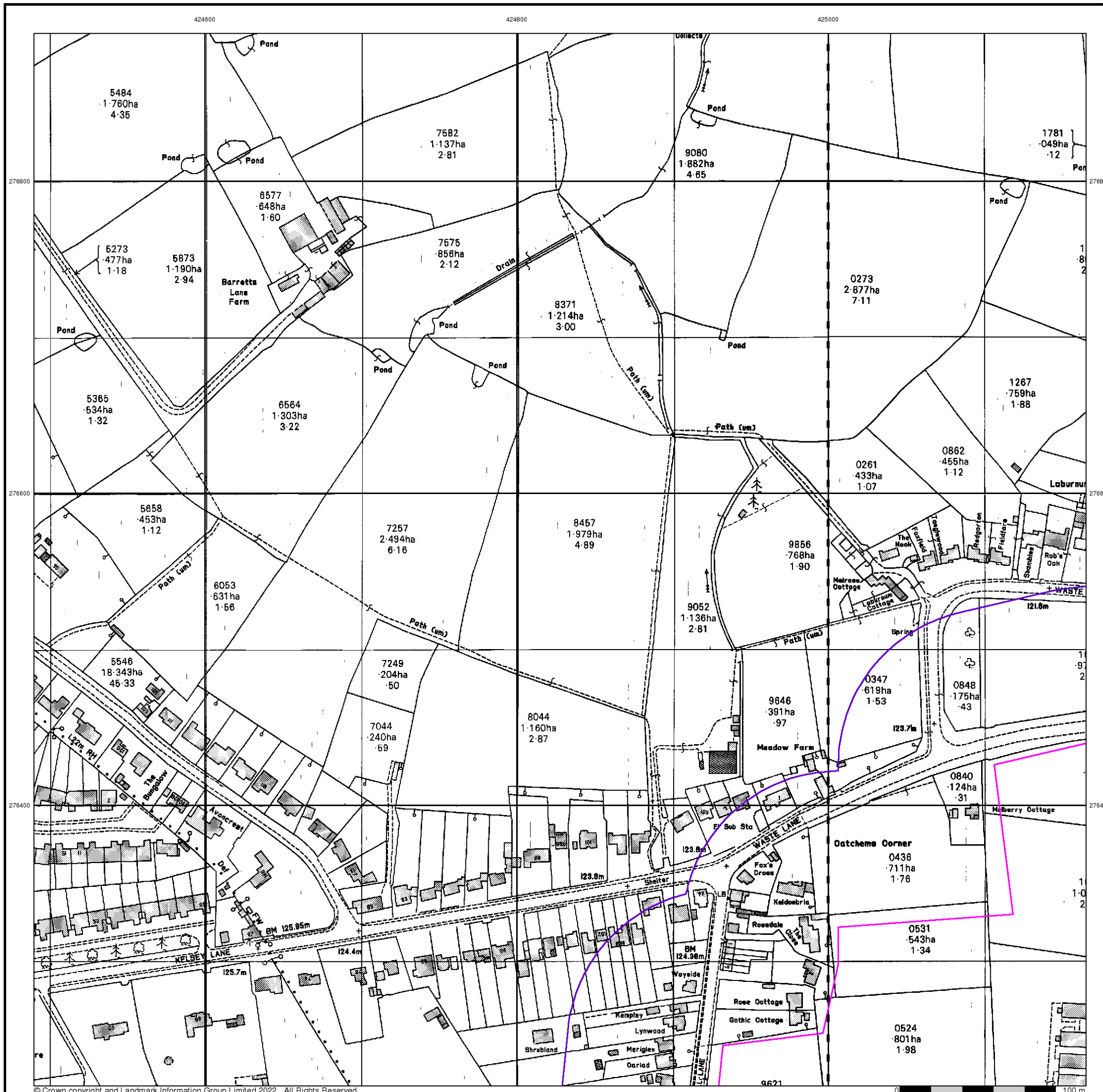


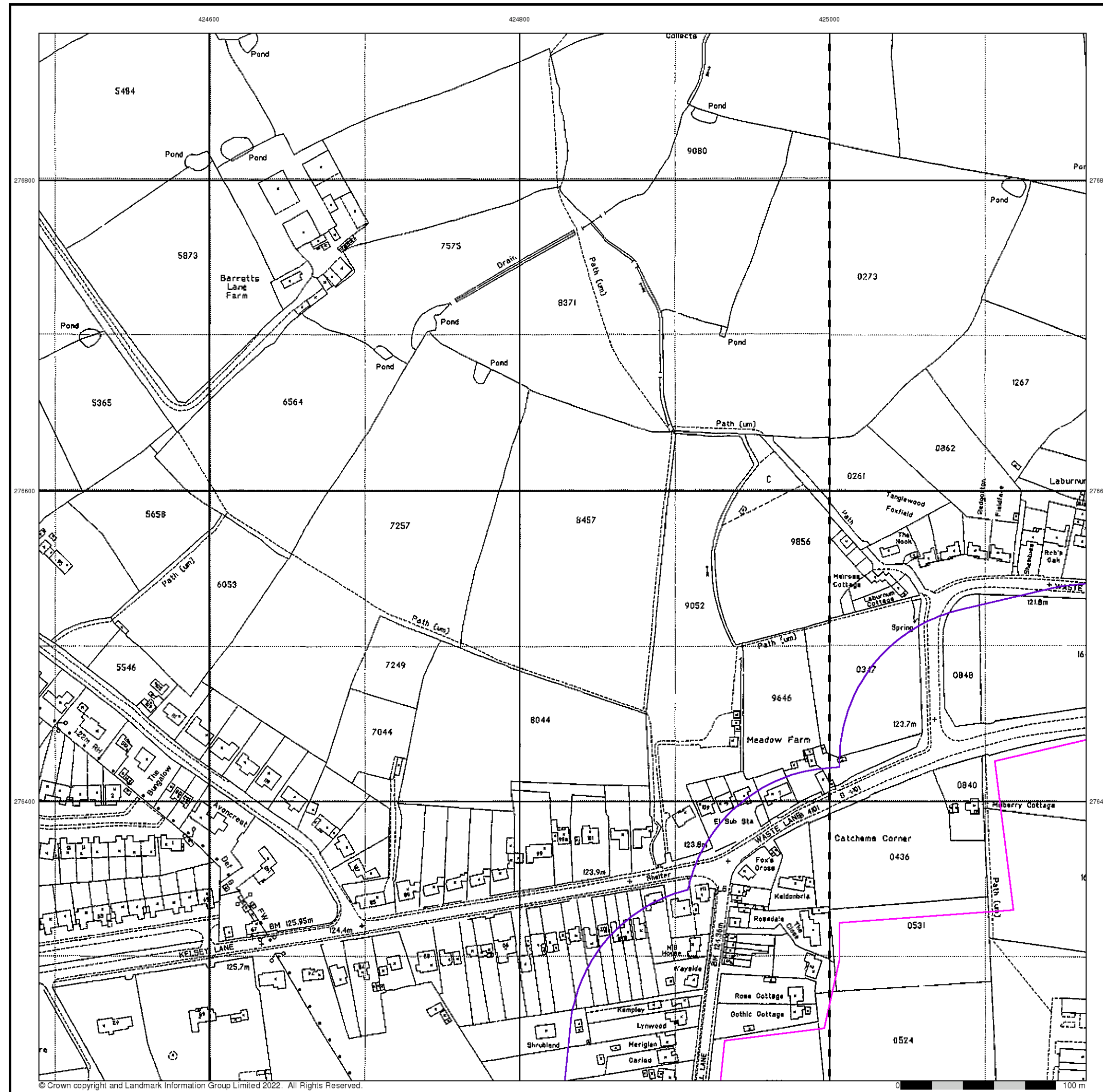
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Order Number: 296951678_1_1
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Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

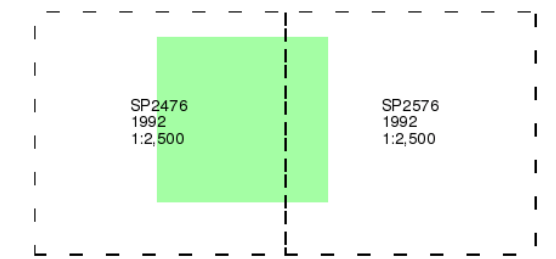




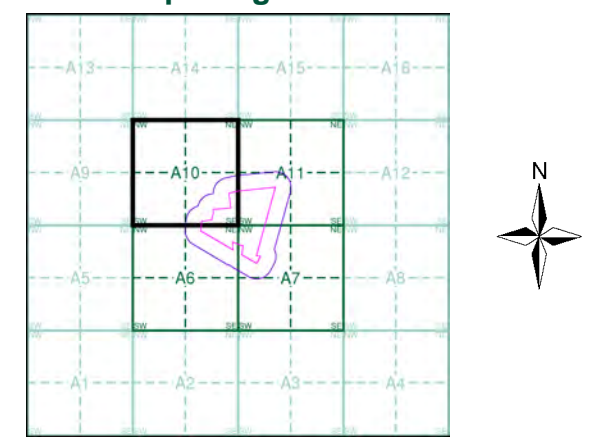
Large-Scale National Grid Data Published 1992 Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A10

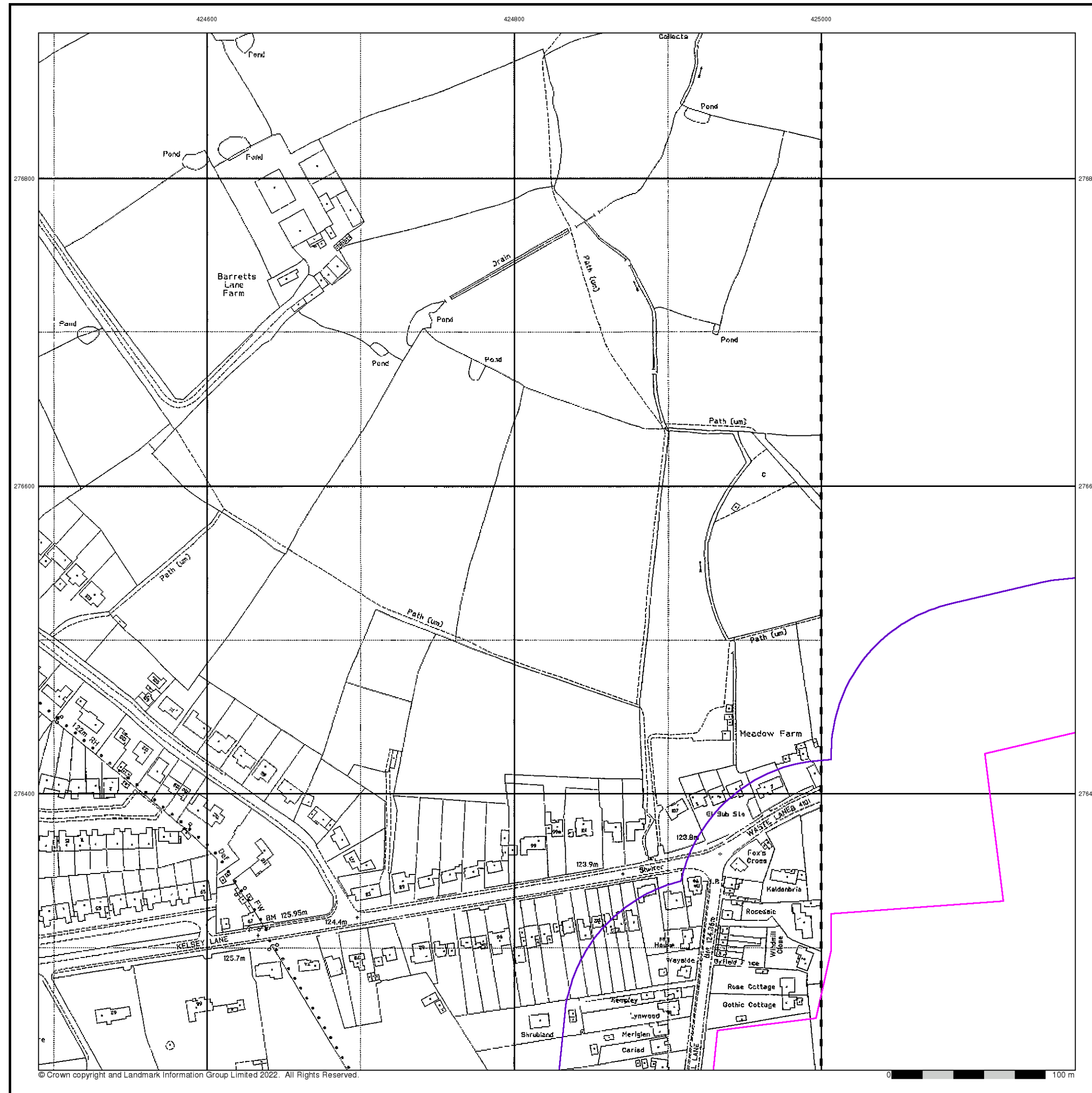


Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
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 National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull



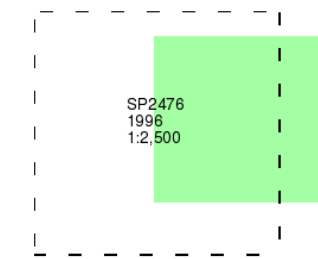
Large-Scale National Grid Data

Published 1996

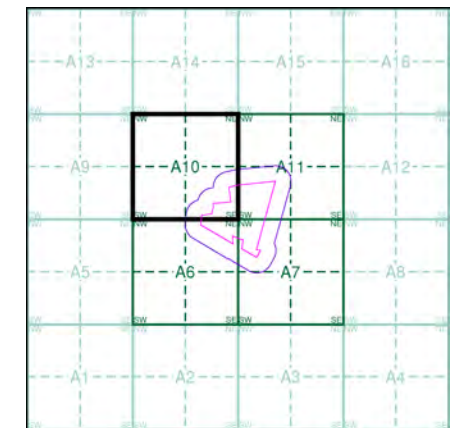
Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A10



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Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

424600

424800

425000

Envirocheck®

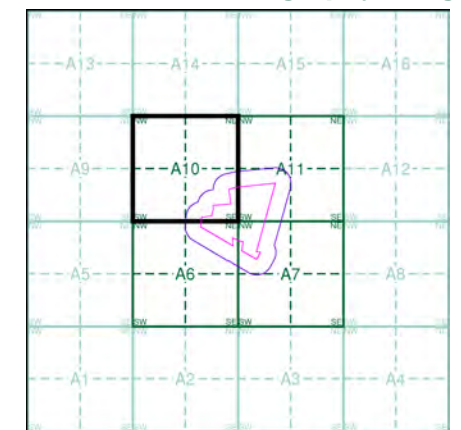
LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP®

Historical Aerial Photography

Published 1999

This aerial photography was produced by Getmapping, these vertical aerial photographs provide a seamless, full colour survey of the whole of Great Britain

Historical Aerial Photography - Segment A10



Order Details

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 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

Landmark
 INFORMATION GROUP

Tel: 0844 844 9952
 Fax: 0844 844 9951
 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



Historical Mapping Legends

Ordnance Survey County Series and Ordnance Survey Plan 1:2,500

Quarry **Gravel Pit** **Sand Pit**
Clay Pit **Shingle** **Refuse Heap**
Sloping Masonry **Flat Rock**
Marsh **Reeds** **Osiers**
Rough Pasture **Furze** **Wood**
Mixed Wood **Brushwood** **Orchard**
Fir **Ford** **Stepping Stones**
Ferry **Waterfall** **Lock**
Trig. Station **Altitude at Trig. Station**
B.M. 325.9 **Bench Mark** **Surface Level**
Arrow denotes flow of water **Antiquities (site of)**
Cutting **Embankment**
Railway crossing Road **Level Crossing** **Road crossing Railway**
Railway crossing River or Canal **Road over single stream** **Road over River or Canal**
County Boundary (Geographical)
County & Civil Parish Boundary
Administrative County & Civil Parish Boundary
County Borough Boundary (England)
Co. Boro. Bdy.
County Burgh Boundary (Scotland)
Boundary Post or Stone **Police Call Box**
B.R. **Bridle Road** **P** **Pump**
E.P. **Electricity Pylon** **S.P.** **Signal Post**
F.B. **Foot Bridge** **Sl.** **Sluice**
F.P. **Foot Path** **Sp.** **Spring**
G.P. **Guide Post or Board** **T.C.B.** **Telephone Call Box**
M.S. **Mile Stone** **Tr.** **Trough**
M.P. M.R. **Mooring Post or Ring** **W** **Well**

Ordnance Survey Plan, Additional SIMs and Supply of Unpublished Survey Information 1:2,500 and 1:1,250

Inactive Quarry, Chalk Pit or Clay Pit **Active Quarry, Chalk Pit or Clay Pit**
Rock **Boulders**
Cliff **Slopes** **Top**
Roofed Building **Glazed Roof Building**
Sloping Masonry **Archway**
Non-Coniferous Tree (surveyed) **Coniferous Tree (surveyed)**
Non-Coniferous Trees (not surveyed) **Coniferous Trees (not surveyed)**
Orchard Tree **Scrub** **Bracken**
Coppice, Osier **Reeds** **Marsh, Saltings**
Rough Grassland **Heath** **Culvert**
Direction of water flow **Bench Mark** **Antiquity (site of)**
Cave Entrance **Triangulation Station** **Electricity Pylon**
Electricity Transmission Line
County Boundary (Geographical)
County & Civil Parish Boundary
Civil Parish Boundary
Admin. County or County Bor. Boundary
London Borough Boundary
Symbol marking point where boundary mereing changes
BH **Beer House** **P** **Pillar, Pole or Post**
BP, BS **Boundary Post or Stone** **PO** **Post Office**
Cn, C **Capstan, Crane** **PC** **Public Convenience**
Chy **Chimney** **PH** **Public House**
D Fn **Drinking Fountain** **Pp** **Pump**
EI P **Electricity Pillar or Post** **SB, S Br** **Signal Box or Bridge**
FAP **Fire Alarm Pillar** **SP, SL** **Signal Post or Light**
FB **Foot Bridge** **Spr** **Spring**
GP **Guide Post** **Tk** **Tank or Track**
H **Hydrant or Hydraulic** **TCB** **Telephone Call Box**
LC **Level Crossing** **TCP** **Telephone Call Post**
MH **Manhole** **Tr** **Trough**
MP **Mile Post or Mooring Post** **Wr Pt, Wr T** **Water Point, Water Tap**
MS **Mile Stone** **W** **Well**
NTL **Normal Tidal Limit** **Wd Pp** **Wind Pump**

Large-Scale National Grid Data 1:2,500 and 1:1,250

Cliff **Slopes** **Top**
Rock **Rock (scattered)**
Boulders **Boulders (scattered)**
Positioned Boulder **Scree**
Non-Coniferous Tree (surveyed) **Coniferous Tree (surveyed)**
Non-Coniferous Trees (not surveyed) **Coniferous Trees (not surveyed)**
Orchard Tree **Scrub** **Bracken**
Coppice, Osier **Reeds** **Marsh, Saltings**
Rough Grassland **Heath** **Culvert**
Direction of water flow **Triangulation Station** **Antiquity (site of)**
Electricity Transmission Line **Electricity Pylon**
B.M. 231.60m **Bench Mark** **Buildings with Building Seed**
Roofed Building **Glazed Roof Building**
Civil parish/community boundary
District boundary
County boundary
Boundary post/stone
Boundary mereing symbol (note: these always appear in opposed pairs or groups of three)
Bks **Barracks** **P** **Pillar, Pole or Post**
Bty **Battery** **PO** **Post Office**
Cemy **Cemetery** **PC** **Public Convenience**
Chy **Chimney** **Pp** **Pump**
Cis **Cistern** **Ppg Sta** **Pumping Station**
Dismtd Rly **Dismantled Railway** **PW** **Place of Worship**
EI Gen Sta **Electricity Generating Station** **Sewage Ppg Sta** **Sewage Pumping Station**
EI P **Electricity Pole, Pillar** **SB, S Br** **Signal Box or Bridge**
EI Sub Sta **Electricity Sub Station** **SP, SL** **Signal Post or Light**
FB **Filter Bed** **Spr** **Spring**
Fn / D Fn **Fountain / Drinking Ftn.** **Tk** **Tank or Track**
Gas Gov **Gas Valve Compound** **Tr** **Trough**
GVC **Gas Governor** **Wd Pp** **Wind Pump**
GP **Guide Post** **Wr Pt, Wr T** **Water Point, Water Tap**
MH **Manhole** **Wks** **Works (building or area)**
MP, MS **Mile Post or Mile Stone** **W** **Well**

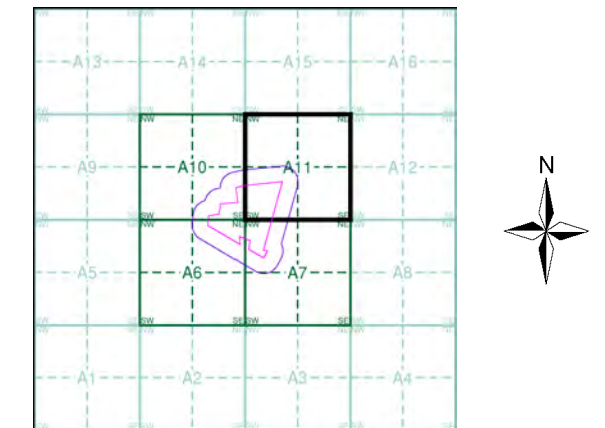
Envirocheck

LANDMARK INFORMATION GROUP

Historical Mapping & Photography included:

Mapping Type	Scale	Date	Pg
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1887 - 1888	2
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1904 - 1905	3
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1925	4
Warwickshire	1:2,500	1937 - 1938	5
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1954	6
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1965	7
Additional SIMs	1:2,500	1978	8
Ordnance Survey Plan	1:2,500	1986	9
Large-Scale National Grid Data	1:2,500	1992	10
Historical Aerial Photography	1:2,500	1999	11

Historical Map - Segment A11



Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
 Customer Ref: 05655/C
 National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

Landmark
 INFORMATION GROUP

Tel: 0844 844 9952
 Fax: 0844 844 9951
 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk

Warwickshire

Published 1887 - 1888

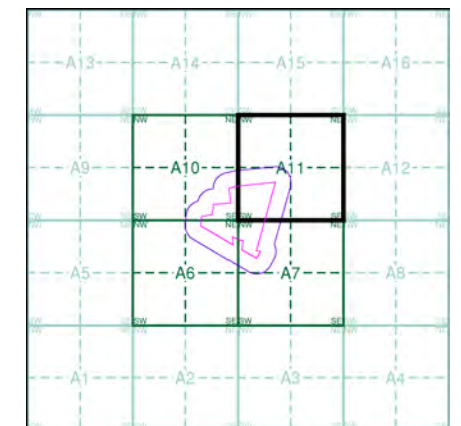
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The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

020_16 1888 1:2,500	021_13 1888 1:2,500
025_04 1887 1:2,500	026_01 1887 1:2,500

Historical Map - Segment A11

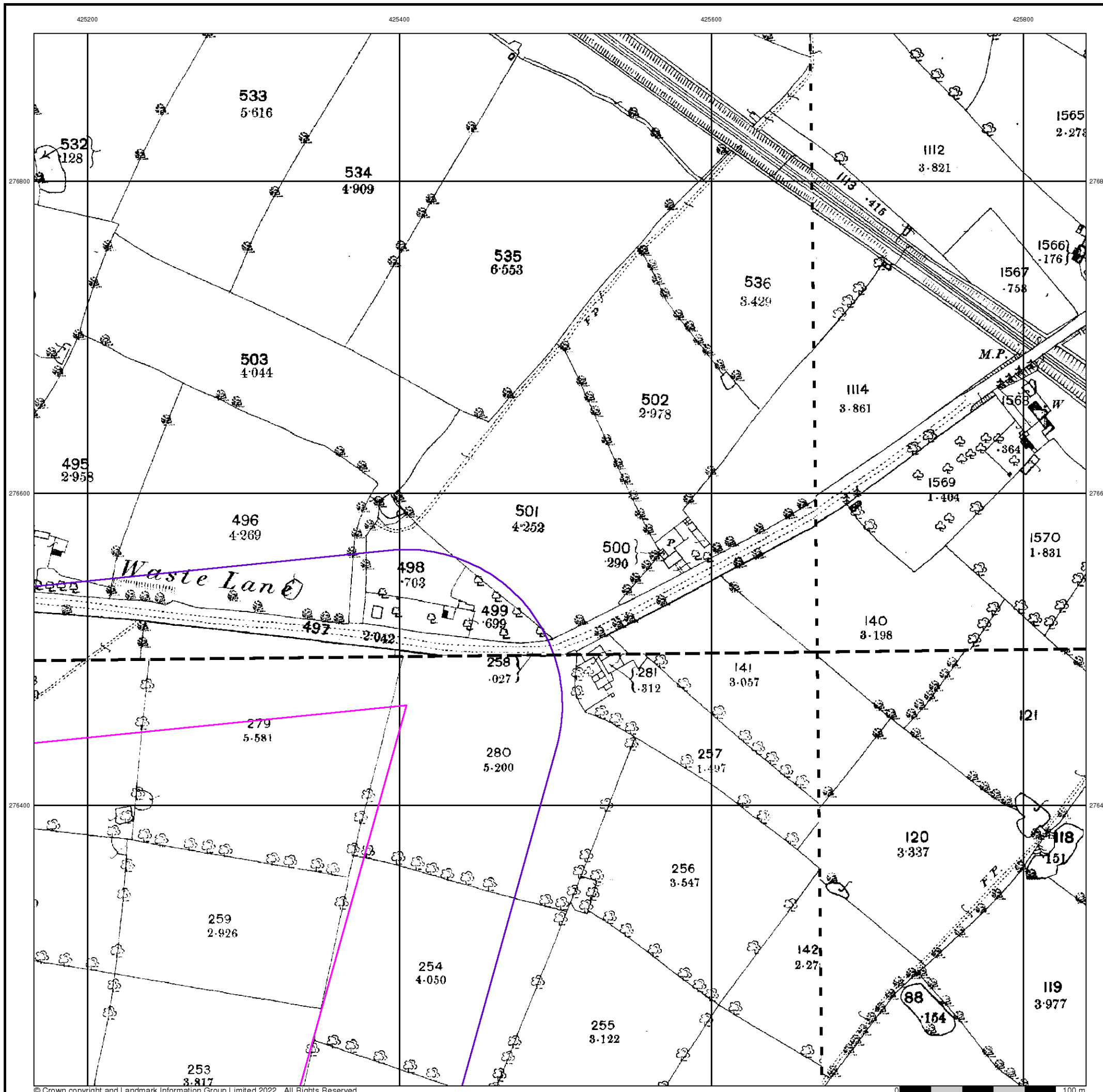


Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
 Customer Ref: 05655/C
 National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull



Warwickshire

Published 1904 - 1905

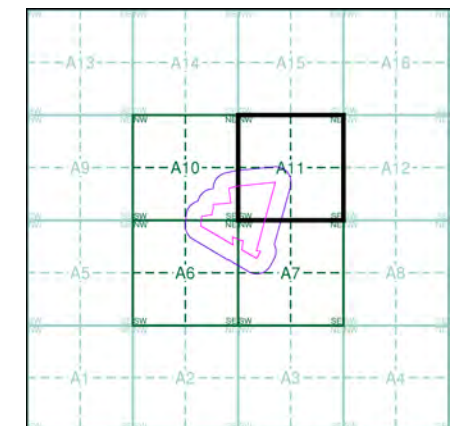
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Map Name(s) and Date(s)

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025_04 1905 1:2,500	026_01 1905 1:2,500

Historical Map - Segment A11

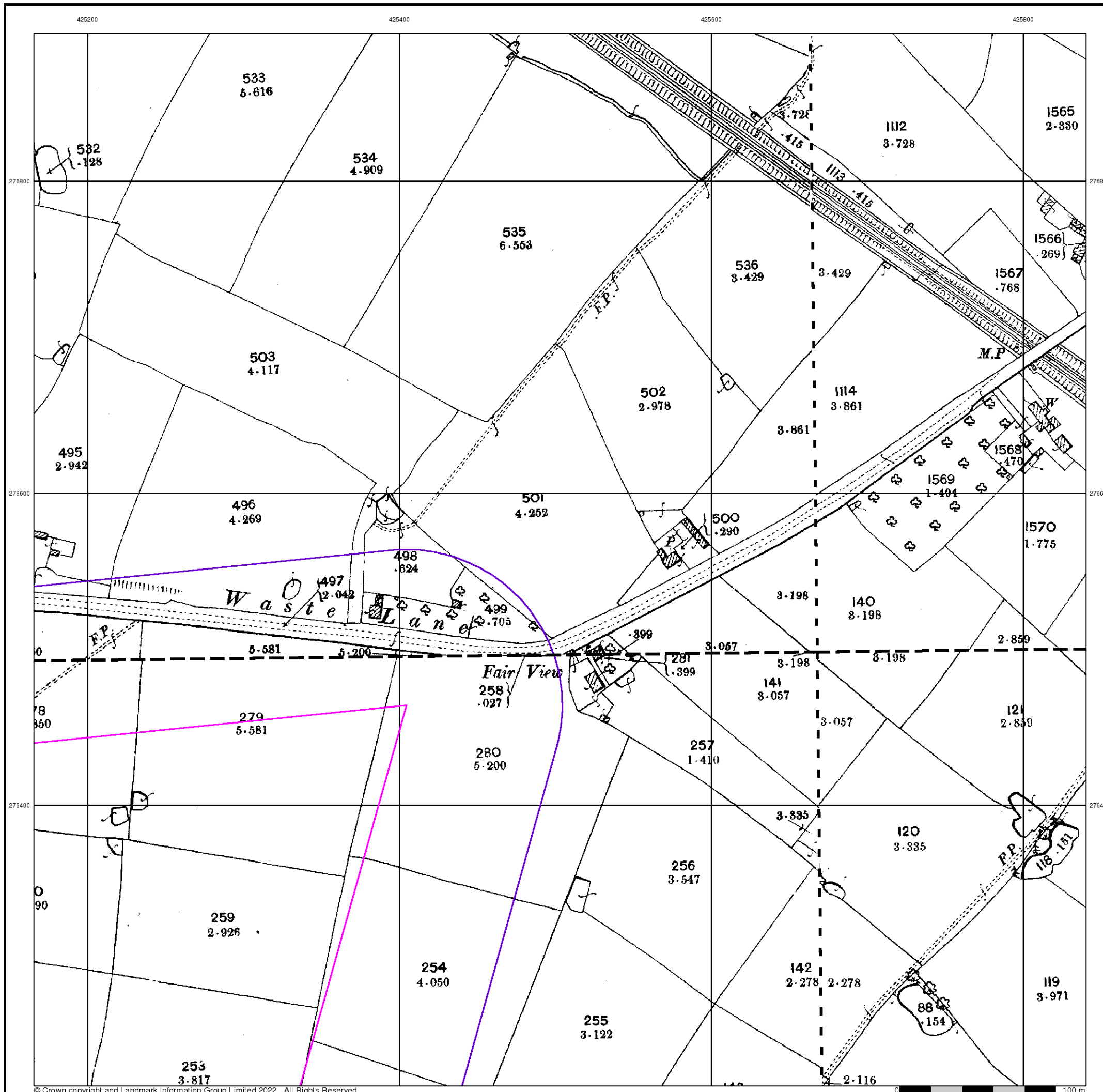


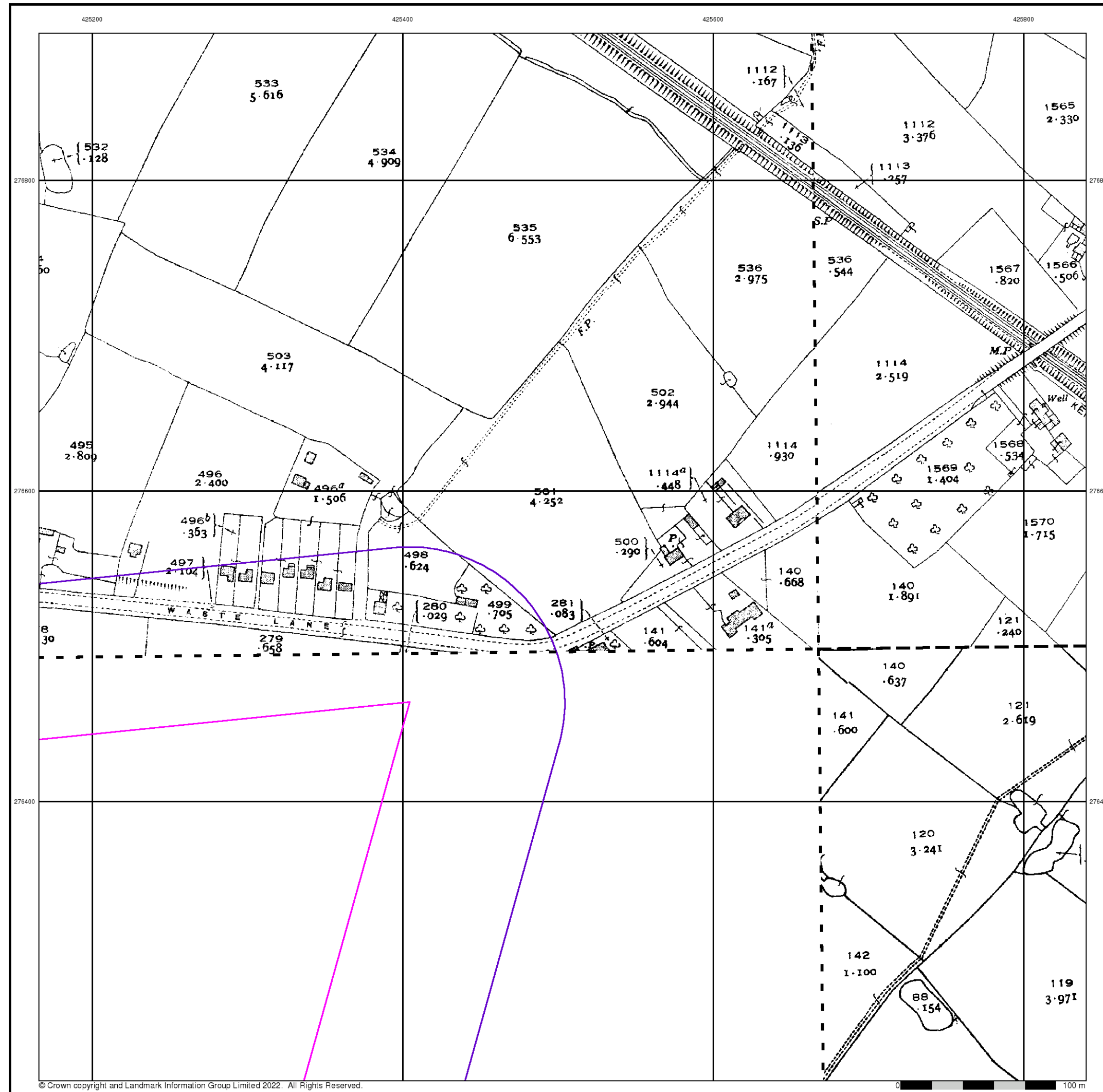
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 Customer Ref: 05655/C
 National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull





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Warwickshire

Published 1937 - 1938

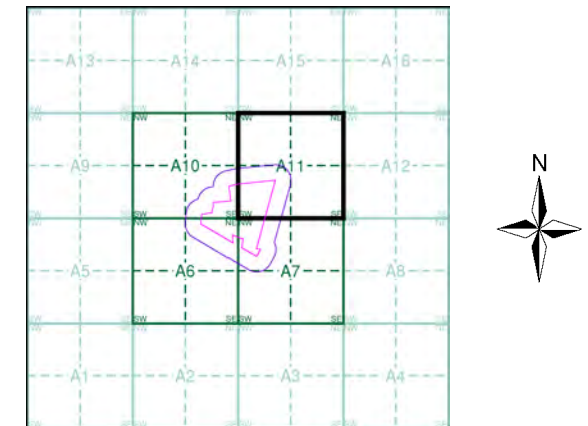
Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)

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L	
026_01 1938 1:2,500	

Historical Map - Segment A11



Order Details

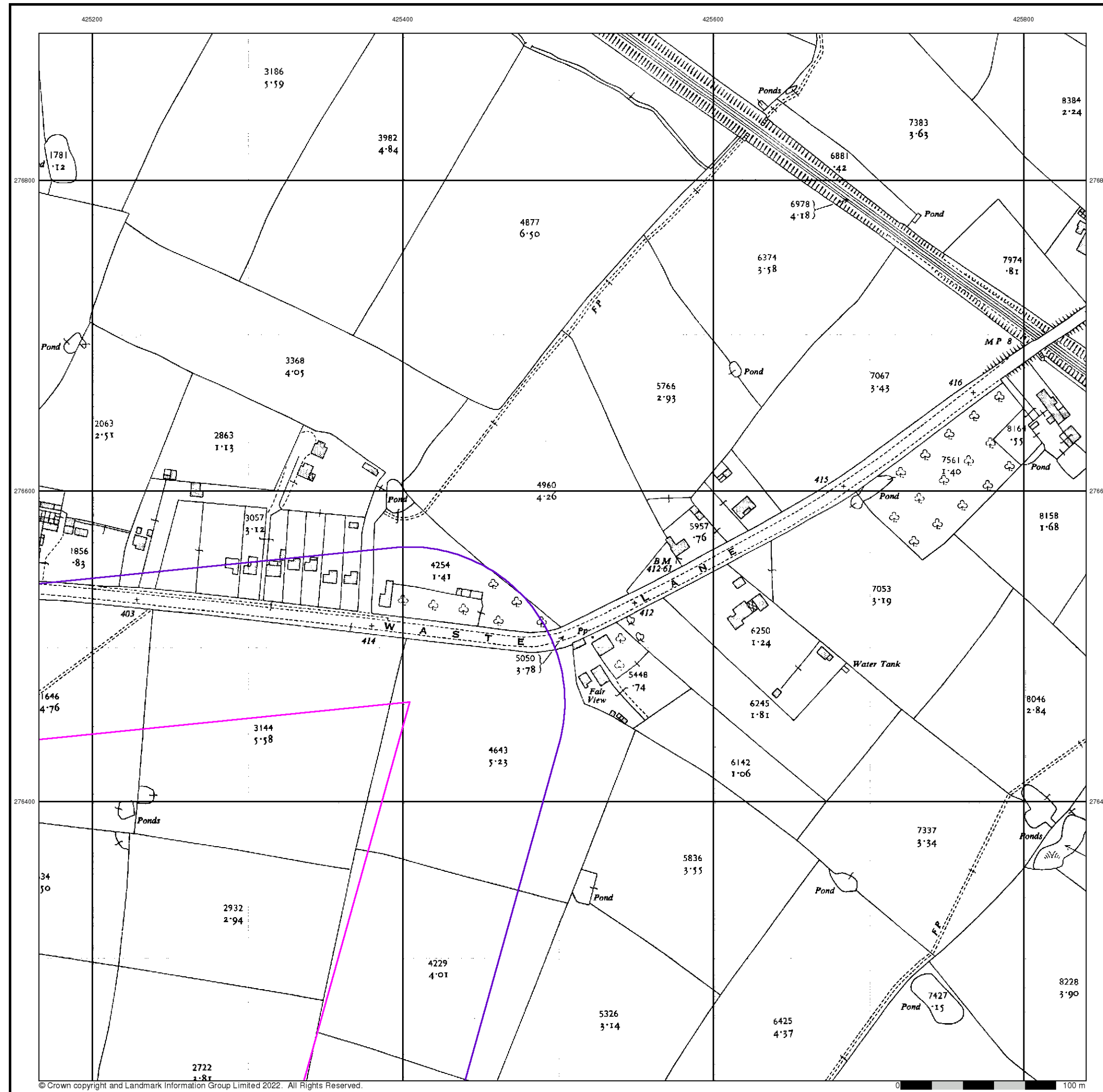
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 Customer Ref: 05655/C
 National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

Landmark
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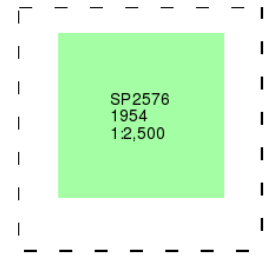
Tel: 0844 844 9952
 Fax: 0844 844 9951
 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk



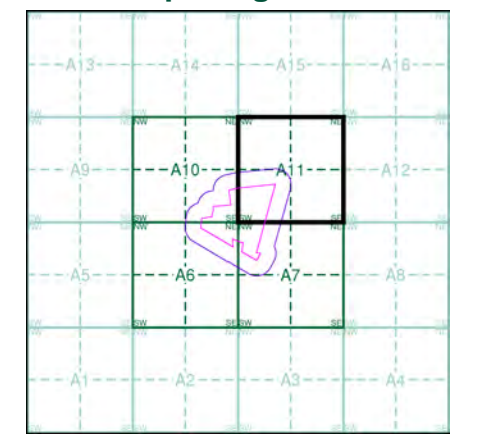
Ordnance Survey Plan Published 1954 Source map scale - 1:2,500

The historical maps shown were reproduced from maps predominantly held at the scale adopted for England, Wales and Scotland in the 1840's. In 1854 the 1:2,500 scale was adopted for mapping urban areas and by 1896 it covered the whole of what were considered to be the cultivated parts of Great Britain. The published date given below is often some years later than the surveyed date. Before 1938, all OS maps were based on the Cassini Projection, with independent surveys of a single county or group of counties, giving rise to significant inaccuracies in outlying areas.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A11

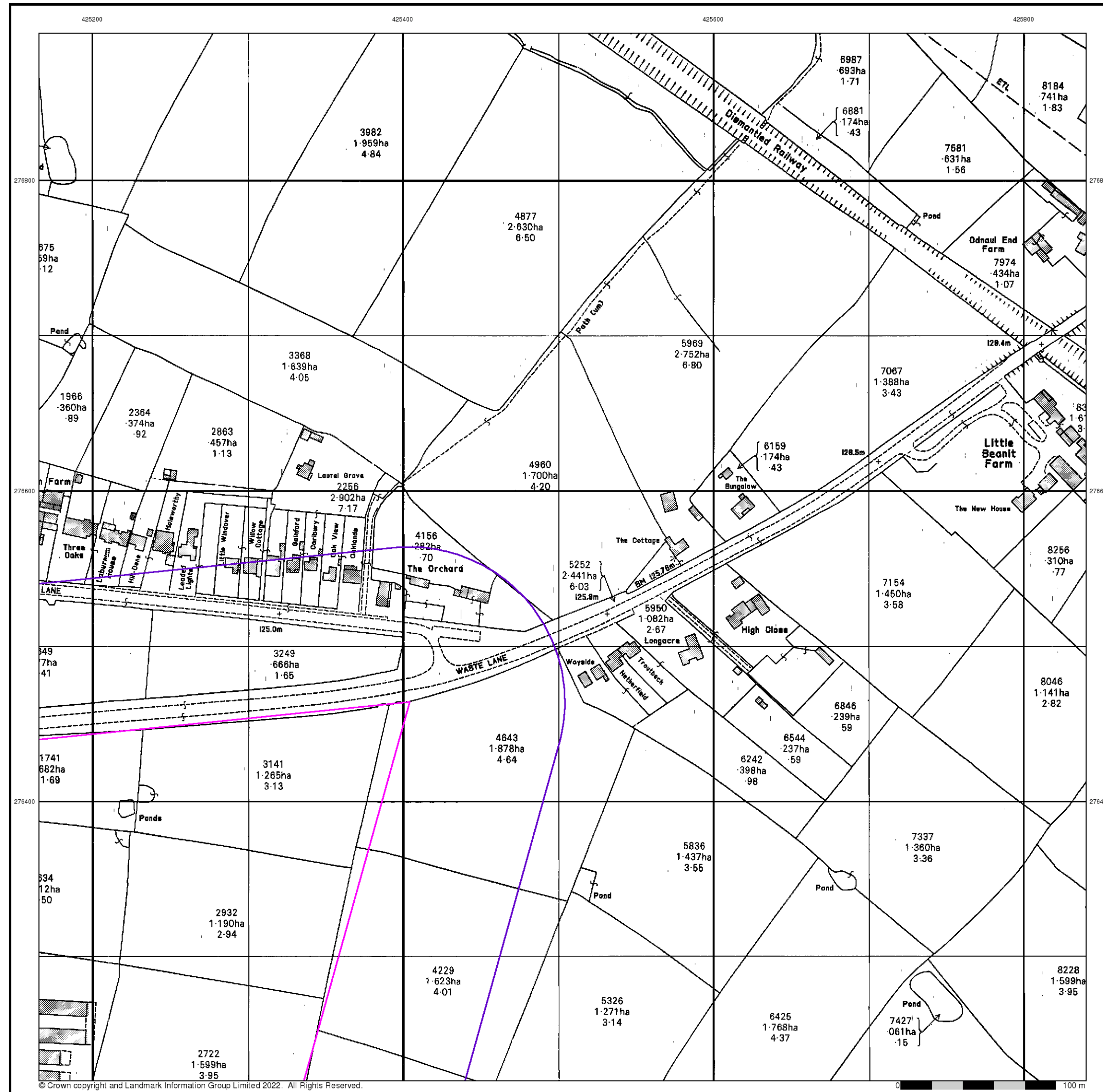


Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
 Customer Ref: 05655/C
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 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull



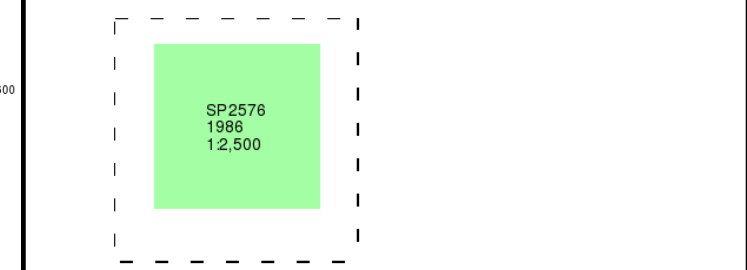
Ordnance Survey Plan

Published 1986

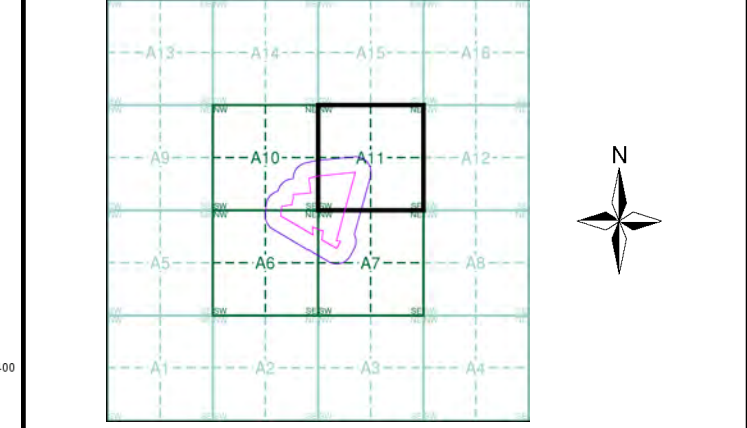
Source map scale - 1:2,500

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Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A11

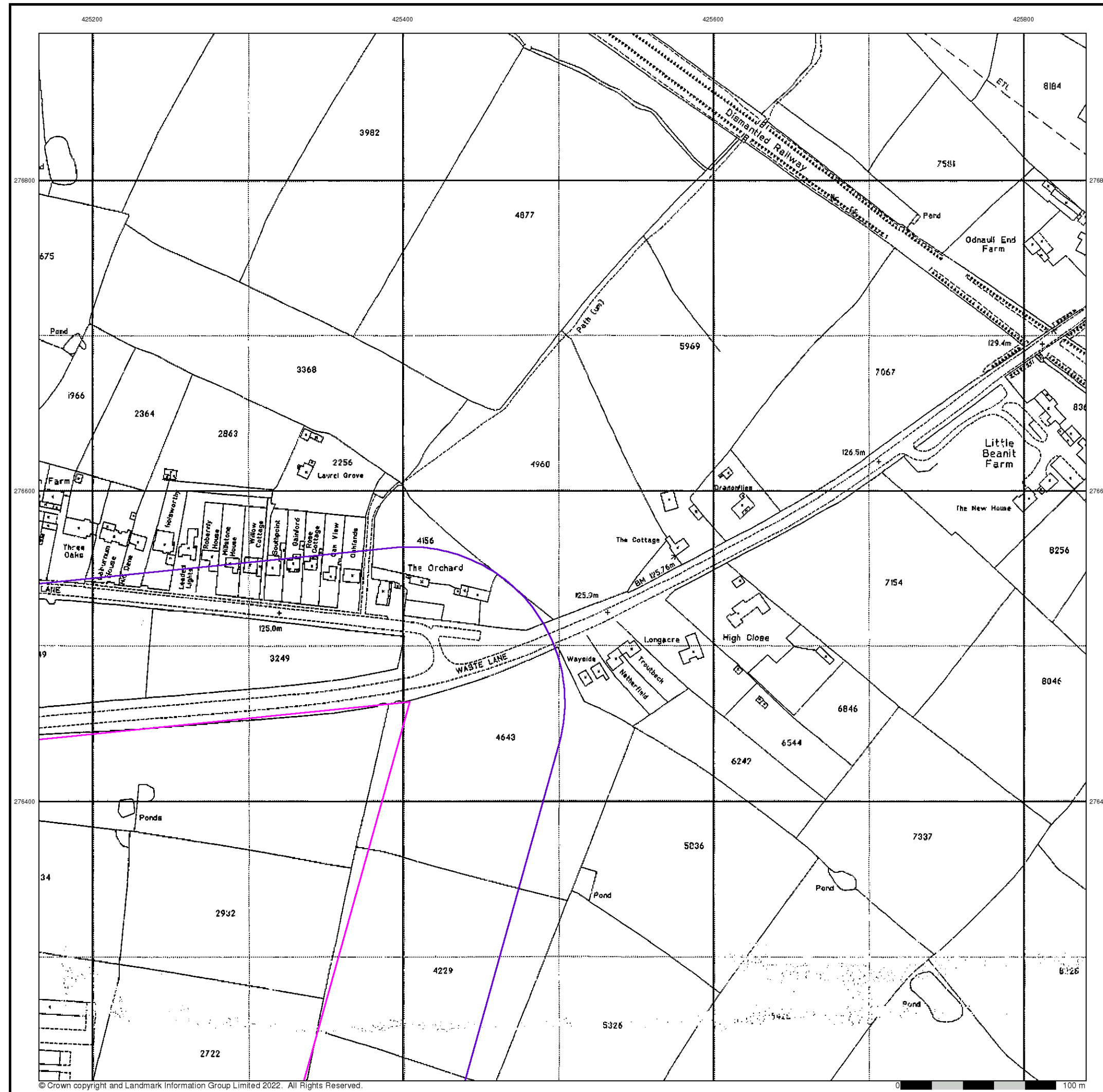


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Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull



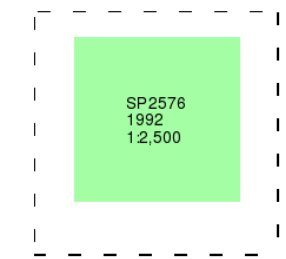
Large-Scale National Grid Data

Published 1992

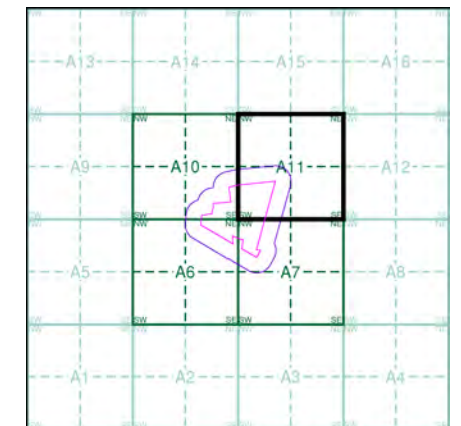
Source map scale - 1:2,500

'Large Scale National Grid Data' superseded SIM cards (Ordnance Survey's 'Survey of Information on Microfilm') in 1992, and continued to be produced until 1999. These maps were the fore-runners of digital mapping and so provide detailed information on houses and roads, but tend to show less topographic features such as vegetation. These maps were produced at both 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scales.

Map Name(s) and Date(s)



Historical Map - Segment A11



Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
 Customer Ref: 05655/C
 National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

425200

425400

425600

425800

276800

276800

276600

276600

276400

276400



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0 100 m

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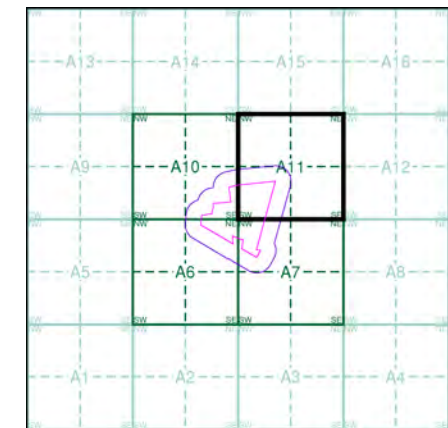
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Historical Aerial Photography

Published 1999

This aerial photography was produced by Getmapping, these vertical aerial photographs provide a seamless, full colour survey of the whole of Great Britain

Historical Aerial Photography - Segment A11



Order Details

Order Number: 296951678_1_1
 Customer Ref: 05655/C
 National Grid Reference: 425200, 276240
 Slice: A
 Site Area (Ha): 12.47
 Search Buffer (m): 100

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

Landmark
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 Fax: 0844 844 9951
 Web: www.envirocheck.co.uk

Index Map

For ease of identification, your site and buffer have been split into Slices, Segments and Quadrants. These are illustrated on the Index Map opposite and explained further below.

Slice

Each slice represents a 1:10,000 plot area (2.7km x 2.7km) for your site and buffer. A large site and buffer may be made up of several slices (represented by a red outline), that are referenced by letters of the alphabet, starting from the bottom left corner of the slice "grid". This grid does not relate to National Grid lines but is designed to give best fit over the site and buffer.

Segment

A segment represents a 1:2,500 plot area. Segments that have plot files associated with them are shown in dark green, others in light blue. These are numbered from the bottom left hand corner within each slice.

Quadrant

A quadrant is a quarter of a segment. These are labelled as NW, NE, SW, SE and are referenced in the datasheet to allow features to be quickly located on plots. Therefore a feature that has a quadrant reference of A7NW will be in Slice A, Segment 7 and the NW Quadrant.

A selection of organisations who provide data within this report:



Envirocheck reports are compiled from 136 different sources of data.

Client Details

Mr C Oliver, PJA Civil Engineering Ltd, Seven House, High Street, Longbridge, Birmingham, B31 2UQ

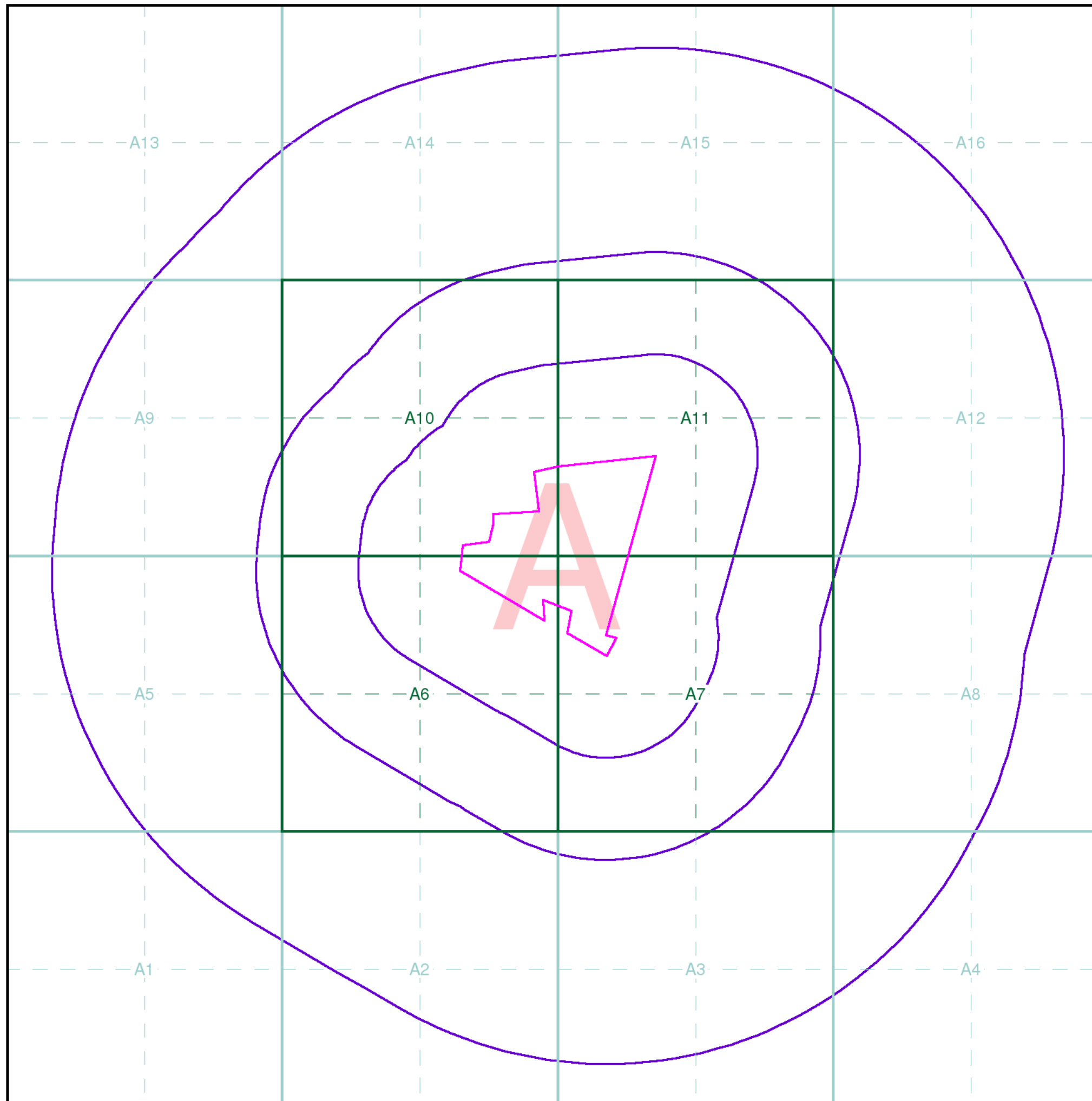
Order Details

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Customer Ref: 05655/C
National Grid Reference: 425190, 276250
Site Area (Ha): 12.47
Search Buffer (m): 1000

Site Details

Site at, Balsall Common, Solihull

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<http://www.landmarkinfo.co.uk/Terms/Show/515>





Appendix D Coal Authority Consultants Mining Report



The Coal
Authority

CON29M

coal mining report

SITE AT, BALSALL COMMON, SOLIHULL, WEST MIDLANDS



Known or potential coal mining risks

Future underground coal mining

Page 3



Further action

No further reports from the Coal Authority are required. Further information on any next steps can be found in our Professional opinion.

For more information on our reports please visit
www.groundstability.com



Professional opinion

According to the official mining information records held by the Coal Authority at the time of this search, evidence of, or the potential for, coal mining related features have been identified. It is unlikely that these features will impact on the stability of the enquiry boundary.

Your reference: **297628468_1**
Our reference: **51003214428001**
Date: **29 June 2022**

Client name:
NLIS Hub

If you require any further assistance please
contact our experts on:
0345 762 6848
groundstability@coal.gov.uk

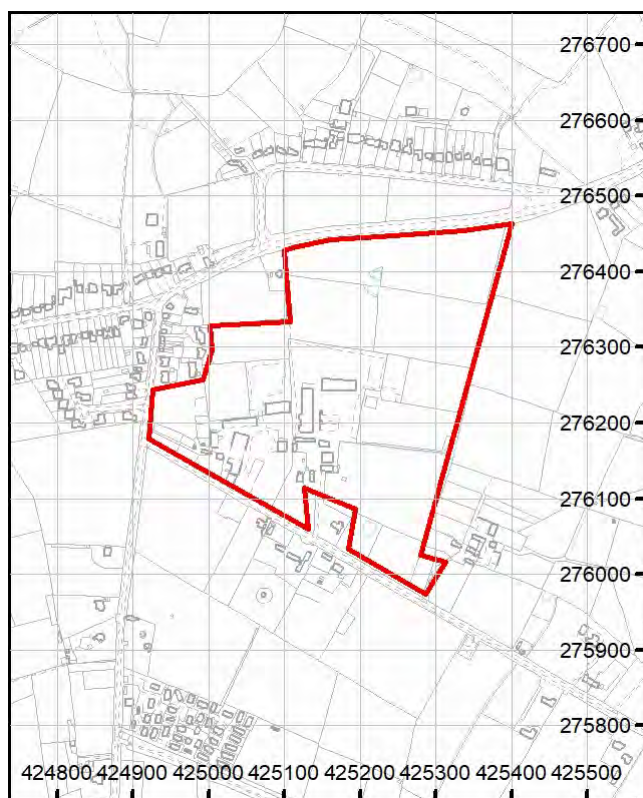


The Law
Society

Enquiry boundary

Key

Approximate position of enquiry boundary shown



We can confirm that the location is
on the coalfield



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This report is prepared in accordance with the latest Law Society's Guidance Notes 2018, the User Guide 2018 and the Coal Authority's Terms and Conditions applicable at the time the report was produced.



Accessibility

If you would like this information in an alternative format, please contact our communications team on 0345 762 6848 or email communications@coal.gov.uk.

Your reference: **297628468_1**
Our reference: **51003214428001**
Date: **29 June 2022**

Client name:
NLIS Hub

If you require any further assistance please
contact our experts on:
0345 762 6848
groundstability@coal.gov.uk

Detailed findings

Information provided by the Coal Authority in this report is compiled in response to the Law Society's CON29M Coal Mining enquiries. The said enquiries are protected by copyright owned by the Law Society of 113 Chancery Lane, London WC2A 1PL.

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1 Past underground coal mining

The property is not within a surface area that could be affected by any past recorded underground coal mining.

2 Present underground coal mining

The property is not within a surface area that could be affected by present underground mining.

3 Future underground coal mining

The property is not in an area where the Coal Authority has received an application for, and is currently considering whether to grant a licence to remove or work coal by underground methods.

The property is not in an area where a licence has been granted to remove or otherwise work coal using underground methods.

The property is not in an area likely to be affected from any planned future underground coal mining.

However, reserves of coal exist in the local area which could be worked at some time in the future.

No notices have been given, under section 46 of the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991, stating that the land is at risk of subsidence.

4 Mine entries

There are no recorded coal mine entries known to the Coal Authority within, or within 20 metres, of the boundary of the property.

5 Coal mining geology

The Coal Authority is not aware of any damage due to geological faults or other lines of weakness that have been affected by coal mining.

6 Past opencast coal mining

The property is not within the boundary of an opencast site from which coal has been removed by opencast methods.

7 Present opencast coal mining

The property does not lie within 200 metres of the boundary of an opencast site from which coal is being removed by opencast methods.

8 Future opencast coal mining

There are no licence requests outstanding to remove coal by opencast methods within 800 metres of the boundary.

The property is not within 800 metres of the boundary of an opencast site for which a licence to remove coal by opencast methods has been granted.

9 Coal mining subsidence

The Coal Authority has not received a damage notice or claim for the subject property, or any property within 50 metres of the enquiry boundary, since 31 October 1994.

There is no current Stop Notice delaying the start of remedial works or repairs to the property.

The Coal Authority is not aware of any request having been made to carry out preventive works before coal is worked under section 33 of the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991.

10 Mine gas

The Coal Authority has no record of a mine gas emission requiring action.

11 Hazards related to coal mining

The property has not been subject to remedial works, by or on behalf of the Coal Authority, under its Emergency Surface Hazard Call Out procedures.

12 Withdrawal of support

The property is not in an area where a notice to withdraw support has been given.

The property is not in an area where a notice has been given under section 41 of the Coal Industry Act 1994, cancelling the entitlement to withdraw support.

13 Working facilities order

The property is not in an area where an order has been made, under the provisions of the Mines (Working Facilities and Support) Acts 1923 and 1966 or any statutory modification or amendment thereof.

14 Payments to owners of former copyhold land

The property is not in an area where a relevant notice has been published under the Coal Industry Act 1975/Coal Industry Act 1994.

Statutory cover



Coal mining subsidence

In the unlikely event of any coal mining related subsidence damage, the Coal Authority or the mine operator has a duty to take remedial action in respect of subsidence caused by the withdrawal of support from land or property in connection with lawful coal mining operations.

When the works are the responsibility of the Coal Authority, our dedicated public safety and subsidence team will manage the claim. The house or land owner ("the owner") is covered for these works under the terms of the Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991 (as amended by the Coal Industry Act 1994). Please note, this Act does not apply where coal was worked or gotten by virtue of the grant of a gale in the Forest of Dean, or any other part of the Hundred of St. Briavels in the county of Gloucester.

If you believe your land or property is suffering from coal mining subsidence damage and you need more information on what to do next, please use the following link to our website which sets out what your rights are and what you need to consider before making a claim.

www.gov.uk/government/publications/coal-mining-subsidence-damage-notice-form



Coal mining hazards

Our public safety and subsidence team provide a 24 hour a day, 7 days a week hazard reporting service, to help protect the public from hazards caused by past coal workings, such as a mine shaft or shallow working collapse. To report any hazards please call **0800 288 4242**. Further information can be found on our website: www.gov.uk/coalauthority.

Glossary



Key terms

adit - horizontal or sloped entrance to a mine

coal mining subsidence - ground movement caused by the removal of coal by underground mining

Coal Mining Subsidence Act 1991 - the Act setting out the duties of the Coal Authority to repair damage caused by coal mining subsidence

coal mining subsidence damage - damage to land, buildings or structures caused by the removal of coal by underground mining

coal seams - bed of coal of varying thickness

future opencast coal mining - a licence granted, or licence application received, by the Coal Authority to excavate coal from the surface

future underground coal mining - a licence granted, or licence application received, by the Coal Authority to excavate coal underground. Although it is unlikely, remaining coal reserves could create a possibility for future mining, which would be licensed by the Coal Authority

mine entries - collective name for shafts and adits

payments to owners of former copyhold land - historically, copyhold land gave rights to coal to the copyholder. Legislation was set up to allow others to work this coal, but they had to issue a notice and pay compensation if a copyholder came forward

shaft - vertical entry into a mine

site investigation - investigations of coal mining risks carried out with the Coal Authority's permission

stop notice - a delay to repairs because further coal mining subsidence damage may occur and it would be unwise to carry out permanent repairs

subsidence claim - a formal notice of subsidence damage to the Coal Authority since it was established on 31 October 1994

withdrawal of support - a historic notice informing landowners that the coal beneath their property was going to be worked

working facilities orders - a court order which gave permission, restricted or prevented coal mine workings



Appendix E Zetica UXO Map and Preliminary Risk Assessment

Pre-Desk Study Assessment

Site:	Pheasant Oak Farm/Hob Lane, Coventry, West Midlands
Client:	PJA
Contact:	Chris Oliver
Date:	22 nd June 2022
Pre-WWI Military Activity on or Affecting the Site	None identified.
WWI Military Activity on or Affecting the Site	None identified.
WWI Strategic Targets (within 5km of Site)	The following strategic targets were located in the vicinity of the Site: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Transport infrastructure and public utilities.
WWI Bombing	None identified on the Site.
Interwar Military Activity on or Affecting the Site	None identified.
WWII Military Activity on or Affecting the Site	None identified.
WWII Strategic Targets (within 5km of Site)	The following strategic targets were located in the vicinity of the Site: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Transport infrastructure and public utilities. ■ Industries important to the war effort, including aircraft manufacturing and engineering works. ■ Royal Air Force (RAF) Honiley. ■ Anti-Aircraft (AA) and anti-invasion defences.
WWII Bombing Decoys (within 5km of Site)	1No. located approximately 3.7km west of the Site.
WWII Bombing	During WWII the Site was located in the Rural District (RD) of Meriden, which officially recorded 801No. High Explosive (HE) bombs with a bombing density of 13.0 bombs per 405 hectares (ha). No readily available records have been found to indicate that the Site was bombed.
Post-WWII Military Activity on or Affecting the Site	None identified.
Recommendation	A detailed desk study, whilst always prudent, is not considered essential in this instance.

This summary is based on a cursory review of readily available records. Caution is advised if you plan to action work based on this summary.

It should be noted that where a potentially significant source of UXO hazard has been identified on the Site, the requirement for a detailed desk study and risk assessment has been confirmed and no further research will be undertaken at this stage. It is possible that further in-depth research as part of a detailed UXO desk study and risk assessment may identify other potential sources of UXO hazard on the Site.

Appendix F Risk Matrix

The approach to risk evaluation is a qualitative method in general accordance with the CIRIA C552 2001 document. It involves the classification of the potential consequence of risk occurring and the probability of the risk occurring.

Classification of Consequence

The terms and definitions relating to the classification of consequence are summarised in Table F1:

Table F1: Classification of Consequence

Classification	Definition	Example
Severe	Short term (acute) risk to human health likely to result in “significant harm” as defined by the Environment Protection Act 1990, Part IIA. Short term risk of pollution (note: Water Resources Act contains no scope for considering significance of pollution) of sensitive water resource. Catastrophic damage to buildings/property. A short-term risk to a particular ecosystem, or organism forming part of such ecosystem (note: the definitions of ecological systems within the Circular on Contaminated Land, DETR, 2000).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - High concentrations of cyanide on the surface of an informal recreation area. - Major spillage of contaminants from site into controlled water. - Explosion, causing building collapse (can also equate to a short term human health risk if buildings are occupied).
Medium	Chronic damage to Human Health (“significant harm” as defined in the DETR, 2000). Pollution of sensitive water resources (note: Water Resources Act contains no scope for considering significance of pollution). A significant change in a particular ecosystem, or organism forming part of such ecosystem. (note: the definitions of ecological systems within Circular on Contaminated Land, DETR, 2000).	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Concentrations of a contaminant from site exceed the generic, or site-specific assessment criteria. - Leaching of contaminants from a site to a major or minor aquifer (renamed principal, secondary and significant drift under the Water Framework Directive). - Death of a species within a designated nature reserve.
Mild	Pollution of non-sensitive water resources. Significant damage to buildings/structures and crops (“significant harm” as defined in the Circular on Contaminated Land, DETR, 2000). Damage to sensitive buildings/structures or the environment.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Pollution of non-classified groundwater. - Damage to building rendering it unsafe to occupy (e.g. foundation damage resulting in instability).
Minor	Harm, although not necessarily significant harm, which may result in a financial loss, or expenditure to resolve. Non-permanent health effects to human health (easily prevented by means such as Personal Protective Clothing, etc.). Easily repairable effects of damage to buildings/structures.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - The presence of contaminants at such concentrations that protective equipment is required during site works. - The loss of plants in a landscaping scheme. - Discolouration of concrete.

Classification of Probability

Probability is classified based on the following terms and definitions:

Table F2: Classification of Probability

Classification	Definition
High Likelihood	There is a pollution linkage and an event which would either appear very likely in the short term and almost inevitable over the long term, or, there is evidence at the receptor of harm or pollution.

Classification	Definition
Moderate Likelihood	There is a pollution linkage and all the elements are present and in the right place which means that it is probable that an event will occur. Circumstances are such that an event is not inevitable, but possible in the short term and likely over the long term.
Low Likelihood	There is a pollution linkage and circumstances are possible under which an event could occur. However, it is by no means certain that even over a longer period such event would take place and is less likely in the shorter term.
Unlikely	There is a pollution linkage, but circumstances are such that it is improbable that an event would occur even in the very long term.

Risk Matrix

The risk matrix based on probability and consequence is presented in Table F3:

Table F3: Risk Matrix

		Consequences			
		Severe	Medium	Mild	Minor
Probability	High Likelihood	Very high	High	Moderate	Moderate / Low
	Moderate Likelihood	High	Moderate	Moderate / Low	Low
	Low likelihood	Moderate	Moderate / Low	Low	Very Low
	Unlikely	Moderate / Low	Low	Very Low	Very Low

Risk Descriptions

Definitions of the risk categories are presented in Table F4:

Table F4: Description of the classified risks and likely action required

Classification	Definition
Very High Risk	There is a high probability that severe harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard, or there is evidence that severe harm to a designated receptor is currently happening. This risk, if realised, is likely to result in a substantial liability. Urgent investigation (if not undertaken already) and remediation are likely to be required.
High Risk	Harm is likely to arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard. Realisation of the risk is likely to present a substantial liability. Urgent investigation (if not undertaken already) is required and remedial works may be necessary in the short term and are likely over the longer term.
Moderate Risk	It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard. However, it is either relatively unlikely that any such harm would be severe, or if any harm were to occur it is more likely that the harm would be relatively mild. Investigation (if not already undertaken) is normally required to clarify the risk and to determine the potential liability. Some remedial works may be required in the longer term.
Low Risk	It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard, but it is likely that this harm, if realised, would at worst normally be mild.
Very Low Risk	There is a low probability that harm could arise to a receptor. In the event of such harm being realised it is not likely to be severe.

Appendix G Report Limitations

All conclusions and recommendations made within this report are based upon and limited to the factual information obtained as part of this study. PJA will state where it has utilised and relied upon information obtained by others. It has been assumed that all third-party information provided is true and accurate. No responsibility is accepted by PJA for the accuracy or completeness of such information.

There is a possibility that there may exist on site conditions that could not be identified within the scope of the assessment, or which were not reasonably identifiable from the available information. The conclusions drawn in the report are considered correct, although any subsequent additional information may allow refinement of the conclusions.

The findings of this report represent the professional opinion of experienced environmental scientists and contaminated land specialists. All advice, opinions, assessments and views set out in this Phase 1 report are based on relevant UK standards, codes, construction practices and legislation understood to be current and applicable at the date of this report. Further assessment and a revision of the report may be required should new information come to light or legislation/changes to best practice be introduced after the date of issue of the report.

PJA confirms it offers no duty to update the report in the light of any such information or changes to regulation and / or guidance. PJA does not provide legal advice and the advice of solicitors may also be required.

PJA has prepared the report for the sole use and reliance of the Client. The report may not be used or relied upon by any unauthorised third party without the explicit written agreement of PJA.

The interpretative work undertaken within this report remains the intellectual property of PJA. This information must not be divulged to any other commercial third party without prior written agreement from PJA.