

# ARCHAEOLOGICAL EVALUATION

Swatlands Farm, Paddock Wood, Kent

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## Summary

Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by RPS Consulting Services, to undertake an archaeological evaluation of an 8.2 hectare parcel of land located in Swatlands Farm, Luck Lane, Paddock Wood, Kent, TN12 6QL, centred on NGR 567436 145913.

The evaluation was undertaken as part of a planning condition for the creation of an industrial estate to include employment floor space for Class E, B2 and B8 uses and associated internal access roads, landscaping, parking and associated works.

The evaluation comprised 66 trenches, each originally measuring 30m by 2m, with a further two trenches cancelled due to access issues. A total of five ditch segments, representing up to three ditches were identified during the evaluation, along with a number of tree throws and land drains. The identified ditches were believed to be late post-medieval or modern in date, with one ditch segment part of an extant drainage ditch clearly visible in the field, and another likely representing the original route of the same extant ditch.

A small quantity of 19th/20th century material was recovered from the ditches, as well as from the tree throws, which correlate with the sites former use as an orchard.

The evaluation was undertaken between 1<sup>st</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> May 2023.

## Acknowledgements

Wessex Archaeology would like to thank RPS Consulting Services, for commissioning the archaeological evaluation, in particular Edward Hawkins. Wessex Archaeology is also grateful for the advice of the County Archaeologist for Kent County Council, who monitored the project for Tunbridge Wells Borough Council, and to Gallagher for their cooperation and help on site.



# Swatlands Farm Paddock Wood, Kent

## Archaeological Evaluation

### 1 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Project and planning background

- 1.1.1 Wessex Archaeology was commissioned by RPS Consulting Services, to undertake an archaeological evaluation of a 8.2 ha parcel of land located in Swatlands Farm, Luck Lane, Paddock Wood, Kent, TN12 6QL, centred on NGR 567436 145913 (Fig. 1).
- 1.1.2 The proposed development comprises the creation of an industrial estate to include employment floor space for Class E, B2 and B8 uses and associated internal access roads, landscaping, parking and associated works. A planning application (22/01929/OUT) submitted to Tunbridge Wells Borough Council, was granted, subject to conditions, one of which relate to archaeological investigation.

#### Condition 21

*Prior to the commencement of development, the applicant, or their agents or successors in title, will secure:*

- i. archaeological field evaluation works in accordance with a specification and written timetable which has been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority; and
  - ii. further archaeological investigation, recording and reporting, determined by the results of the evaluation, in accordance with a specification and timetable which has been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority;
  - iii. programme of post excavation assessment and publication.
- 1.1.3 All works were undertaken in accordance with a written scheme of investigation (WSI) which detailed the aims, methodologies and standards to be employed in order to undertake the evaluation (Wessex Archaeology 2023). The County Archaeologist for Kent County Council (KCC) approved the WSI, on behalf of the Local Planning Authority (LPA), prior to fieldwork commencing.
- 1.1.4 The evaluation comprising 66 trial trenches (a 5 % sample) was undertaken between 1<sup>st</sup> and 11<sup>th</sup> May 2023.

#### 1.2 Scope of the report

- 1.2.1 The purpose of this report is to provide a detailed description of the results of the evaluation, to interpret the results within a local, regional or wider archaeological context and assess whether the aims of the evaluation have been met.
- 1.2.2 The presented results will provide further information on the archaeological resource that may be impacted by the proposed development and facilitate an informed decision with regard to the requirement for, and methods of, any further archaeological mitigation.



### **1.3 Location, topography and geology**

- 1.3.1 The evaluation area was located on the northern boundary of Paddock Wood, 500m northeast of Paddock Wood Station and 2.2km southwest of Laddingford. The site comprised two large irregular arable fields and a smaller irregular field with sporadic trees. The site was bounded to the north and east by Lucks Lane and undeveloped land, to the south and southwest by industrial development and to the northwest by Maidstone Road and industrial development.
- 1.3.2 Existing ground levels within the site were largely level at 15m OD.
- 1.3.3 The bedrock geology is mapped as mudstone of the Weald Clay Formation with superficial River Terrace Deposits of clay and silt (British Geological Survey 2023).

## **2 ARCHAEOLOGICAL AND HISTORICAL BACKGROUND**

### **2.1 Introduction**

- 2.1.1 The archaeological and historical background was assessed in a prior desk-based assessment (DBA: RPS 2022), which considered the recorded historic environment resource within a 1 km study area of the proposed development. A summary of the results is presented below, with relevant entry numbers from the Kent Historic Environment Record (HER) and the National Heritage List for England (NHLE) included. Additional sources of information are referenced, as appropriate.

### **2.2 Archaeological and historical context**

- 2.2.1 No archaeological records dating to the Prehistoric to medieval periods were recorded within the study area of the preceding DBA.
- 2.2.2 However, excavations undertaken by Wessex Archaeology at Church Farm, approximately 850m southeast of the site evidence of prehistoric and Romano-British activity, including two Iron Age/possible Iron Age curvilinear gullies which may represent partial remains of a roundhouse (Wessex Archaeology 2021). A large medieval enclosure ditch, possible medieval field system and a smaller medieval enclosure were identified, which corresponds with the assessment of the preceding DBA that the site area was likely in agricultural use since the medieval period. Evidence of ironworking on site was also recorded.
- 2.2.3 The area developed significantly during the post-medieval and modern periods. At least 14 farmsteads were recorded within the study area with two, Durnnats Farm (HER: MKE81862) and Nettlestead House (HER: MKE81863), close to the west of the site. The Grade II listed building 'Swatlands' (NHLE: 1254232) is located on the southeast boundary of the area and dates to the mid-17th century, with early 19th century extensions.
- 2.2.4 South Eastern Rail's first branch line opened in 1844 and passes 100m to the east of the site, with additional parts of the rail network to the south and a dismantled railway located 650m to the southeast (HER: TQ 73 NW 240, TQ 71797 38726 and TQ 74 SW 6, TQ 7179 3872). Paddock Wood station 500m south of the site opened in 1842. The settlement at Paddocks Wood itself developed in the latter half of the 19<sup>th</sup> century, in part due to the development of the local hop growing industry (Paddock Wood Town Council, Website).
- 2.2.5 The site has been at least partially comprised of agricultural fields since at least 1769 (Andrews and Drury Map of Kent), with parts of the site comprising woodland. The trees within the smallest field were planted at some point between 1940 and 1960, with the central field mostly covered by trees in 1960. The fields were largely in their present state by 1990.



### 3 AIMS AND OBJECTIVES

#### 3.1 General aims

3.1.1 The general aims of the evaluation, as stated in the WSI (Wessex Archaeology 2023) and in compliance with the ClfA *Standard and guidance for archaeological field evaluation* (ClfA 2014a), were to:

- provide information about the archaeological potential of the site; and
- inform either the scope and nature of any further archaeological work that may be required; or the formation of a mitigation strategy (to offset the impact of the development on the archaeological resource); or a management strategy.

#### 3.2 General objectives

3.2.1 In order to achieve the above aims, the general objectives of the evaluation were to:

- determine the presence or absence of archaeological features, deposits, structures, artefacts or ecofacts within the specified area;
- establish, within the constraints of the evaluation, the extent, character, date, condition and quality of any surviving archaeological remains;
- place any identified archaeological remains within a wider historical and archaeological context in order to assess their significance; and
- make available information about the archaeological resource within the site by reporting on the results of the evaluation.

### 4 METHODS

#### 4.1 Introduction

4.1.1 All works were undertaken in accordance with the detailed methods set out within the WSI (Wessex Archaeology 2023) and in general compliance with the standards outlined in ClfA guidance (ClfA 2014a). The methods employed are summarised below.

#### 4.2 Fieldwork methods

##### *General*

4.2.1 The trench locations were set out using a Global Navigation Satellite System (GNSS), in the approximate positions proposed in the WSI, although Trenches 7, 12, 15, 20, 21, 38, 44-46, 50, 53-55, 57 and 63 had to be slightly moved because of on-site constraints and trenches 64 and 66 were cancelled due to access issues (Fig. 1).

4.2.2 66 trial trenches, each originally measuring 30 m in length and 2 m wide, were excavated in level spits using a 360° excavator equipped with a toothless bucket, under the constant supervision and instruction of the monitoring archaeologist. Machine excavation proceeded until either the archaeological horizon or the natural geology was exposed.

4.2.3 Where necessary, the base of the trench/surface of archaeological deposits were cleaned by hand. A sample of archaeological features and deposits was hand-excavated, sufficient to address the aims of the evaluation.





- 4.2.4 Spoil from machine stripping and hand-excavated archaeological deposits was visually scanned for the purposes of finds retrieval. Artefacts were collected and bagged by context. All artefacts from excavated contexts were retained.
- 4.2.5 Trenches completed to the satisfaction of the client and the County Archaeologist for KCC were backfilled using excavated materials in the order in which they were excavated, and left level on completion. No other reinstatement or surface treatment was undertaken.

#### *Recording*

- 4.2.6 All exposed archaeological deposits and features were recorded using Wessex Archaeology's pro forma recording system. A complete record of excavated features and deposits was made, including plans and sections drawn to appropriate scales (generally 1:20 or 1:50 for plans and 1:10 for sections) and tied to the Ordnance Survey (OS) National Grid.
- 4.2.7 A Leica GNSS connected to Leica's SmartNet service surveyed the location of archaeological features. All survey data is recorded in OS National Grid coordinates and heights above OD (Newlyn), as defined by OSTN15 and OSGM15, with a three-dimensional accuracy of at least 50 mm.
- 4.2.8 A full photographic record was made using digital cameras equipped with an image sensor of not less than 16 megapixels. Digital images have been subject to managed quality control and curation processes, which has embedded appropriate metadata within the image and will ensure long term accessibility of the image set.

### **4.3 Finds and environmental strategies**

- 4.3.1 Strategies for the recovery, processing and assessment of finds and environmental samples were in line with those detailed in the WSI (Wessex Archaeology 2023). The treatment of artefacts and environmental remains was in general accordance with: *Standard and guidance for the collection, documentation, conservation and research of archaeological materials* (ClfA 2014b), *Environmental Archaeology. A Guide to the Theory and Practice of Methods, from Sampling and Recovery to Post-excavation* (English Heritage 2011), and ClfA's *Toolkit for Specialist Reporting* (Type 2: Appraisal).

### **4.4 Monitoring**

- 4.4.1 The County Archaeologist for KCC monitored the evaluation on behalf of the LPA. Any variations to the WSI, if required to better address the project aims, were agreed in advance with the client and the County Archaeologist for KCC.

## **5 STRATIGRAPHIC EVIDENCE**

### **5.1 Introduction**

- 5.1.1 5 of the 66 excavated trial trenches contained archaeological features and deposits (Fig. 1).
- 5.1.2 The uncovered features comprising ditches represents a single period of activity dating to the late-post medieval and modern period.
- 5.1.3 The following section presents the results of the evaluation with archaeological features and deposits discussed by field and trench.



5.1.4 Detailed descriptions of individual contexts are provided in the trench summary tables (Appendix 1). Figure 1 the site location and trench layout and Figure 2 shows the archaeological results.

## **5.2 Soil sequence and natural deposits**

5.2.1 Two distinct stratigraphic sequences were recorded within the site.

5.2.2 In Field 1 a single layer of mid grey brown silty clay topsoil overlaid natural deposits at a depth of between 0.16 and 0.32m below ground level (bgl). The natural geology comprised variable light yellow brown and light blue grey silty clay.

5.2.3 In Field 2 the topsoil deposits overlaid a layer of mid grey/yellow brown silt clay subsoil at a depth of between 0.18 and 0.34m bgl, in all but Trenches 12 and 67. The subsoil deposits overlaid natural deposits at depths of between 0.32 and 0.48m bgl.

5.2.4 Several sondages with dug through the natural horizon across the site and identified a second natural mottled light blue grey and light to mid orange brown clay.

### Field 1

5.2.5 Archaeological features were recorded in Trenches 4, 29 and 35. All other trenches did not contain archaeological material and are not discussed further.

### *Trench 4*

5.2.6 Trench 4 was located on the northeast boundary of the field on a northwest/southeast alignment and contained a single ditch. Northeast/southwest aligned ditch 404 was recorded in the southeast half of the trench and contained a single secondary fill. The ditch measured at least 1.86m long, 1.34m wide and 0.26m deep, with moderately sloped concave sides and a stepped, concave base. A single piece of CBM (16g) and fired clay (28g) were recovered from the fill.

### *Trench 29*

5.2.7 Trench 29 was located in the approximate centre of the field on a northwest/southeast alignment and contained a single ditch. Northeast/southwest aligned ditch 2903 was recorded in the southeast half of the trench and contained a single secondary fill. The ditch measured at least 1.8m long, 1.1m wide and 0.27m deep with moderately sloped concave sides and a concave base. A single sherd of 19th/20th century pottery (4g), a piece of CBM (14g) and a piece of oyster shell (13g) were recovered from the fill.

### *Trench 35*

5.2.8 Trench 35 was located in the southwest half of the field on a northwest/southeast alignment and contained a single undated ditch. Northeast/southwest aligned ditch 3503 was recorded in approximate centre of the trench and contained a single secondary fill. The ditch measured at least 1.8m long, 1.58m wide and 0.25m deep, with moderately sloped concave sides and a concave base. Due to the water level within the trench a box slot was dug across half the feature.

### Field 2

5.2.9 Archaeological features were recorded in Trenches 20 and 60. All other trenches did not contain archaeological material and are not discussed further. The ditch recorded in Trench 60 was clearly of 19th/20th century origin and a continuation of an extant drainage ditch observed in this area and is therefore not discussed further.



### Trench 20

- 5.2.10 Trench 20 was located on the northeast boundary of the field on a northwest/southeast alignment and contained a single ditch and a tree throw. Northeast/southwest aligned ditch 2004 was recorded at the southeast end of the trench and contained a single secondary fill. The ditch measured at least 1.8m long, 1.89m wide and 0.25m deep, with shallow to moderately sloped concave sides and a concave base. The ditch shared an alignment with an extant drainage ditch to the southwest and is likely to represent an earlier continuation of the ditch.
- 5.2.11 Tree throw 2006 was partially exposed directly adjacent to west of ditch 2004 and contained a single secondary fill. The feature measured at least 1.22m long, 1m wide and 0.25m deep with moderately sloped concave sides and a flat base.

## 6 FINDS EVIDENCE

### 6.1 Introduction

- 6.1.1 A small quantity (97 g), of finds were recovered from five features/deposits in four of the excavated trenches. All have been clean and quantified within each context. This information is summarized in Table 1.

**Table 1** All finds by context (number of pieces/weight in grammes shown)

			CBM		Fired clay		Pottery		Marine shell		Total	
Field	Feature	Context	No.	Wt.	No.	Wt.	No.	Wt.	No.	Wt.	No.	Wt.
1	Ditch 404	405	1	16	1	28					2	44
2	Tree Throw 1205						1	3			1	3
2	Tree Throw 2303		1	15							1	15
2	Tree throw 2305		1	4							1	4
1	Ditch 2903	2904	1	14			1	4	1	13	3	31
<b>Total:</b>			<b>4</b>	<b>49</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>28</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>13</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>97</b>

Nb.

CBM – ceramic building material

- 6.1.2 All the finds are of 19<sup>th</sup> or early 20<sup>th</sup> century date. The pottery consists of sherds of refined whiteware 'china' with blue and white transfer printed decoration. The sherd from unassigned context 1205 derives from a shallow plate or dish with a wide, flat rim, and that from ditch 2903 is from the rim of a straight-sided teacup or small bowl.
- 6.1.3 The ceramic building material includes pieces from peg-hole roof/wall tiles (ditches 404 and 2903), a type developed in the 12<sup>th</sup> century and continuing into the present with very little typological change. The two other pieces, both from Trench 23, are undiagnostic, probably but not demonstrably from bricks. All occur in slightly sandy, fully oxidized fabrics containing clay pellet and iron oxide inclusions.



- 6.1.4 The only other finds consist of an amorphous piece of fired clay (ditch 405) and a single oyster shell (ditch 2903). Neither of these can be dated, but the shell probably represents food remains and is perhaps indicative of the common practice, at least from the medieval period onwards, of manuring agricultural fields with domestic refuse.

## **7 ENVIRONMENTAL EVIDENCE**

- 7.1.1 No archaeological features or deposits suitable for environmental sampling were identified during the evaluation.

## **8 CONCLUSIONS**

### **8.1 Summary**

- 8.1.1 The evaluation has been successful in fulfilling the aims and objectives as set out in the WSI (Wessex Archaeology 2023). The evaluation identified a total of five sections of ditch, representing up to three features, along with a number of tree throws and land drains. The ditches represent drainage or boundary features, while the identified tree throws are likely related to the sites former use as an orchard. A stratigraphic variance was noted within the site, with no subsoil deposits recorded in the northwest field.

### **8.2 Discussion**

- 8.2.1 The ditch segments can be divided into two distinct groups. The three ditch segments recorded in the northwest field likely form part of drainage ditch within the existing field boundary and is of late post-medieval or modern date.
- 8.2.2 In the southeast field two ditch segments were recorded. The segment in Trench in Trench 60 was clearly modern in date, a silted up continuation of the extant drainage ditch running through the field which is shown on modern mapping. This ditch marks a former boundary between two land parcels which are now combined into the current field.
- 8.2.3 The fill of ditch segment 2004 was comprised of significantly less recent deposition than the segment in Trench 60, but the alignment of the segment is consistent with the predominant alignment of the drainage ditch, which turns just before Trench 20, suggesting it may be a previous alignment to the ditch, possibly prior to the construction of the small residential property directly to the northeast. However, it should be noted that the available historic maps do not show a boundary along this alignment, with the field division itself not shown on the 1797 Ordnance Survey drawing, and both the boundary and the property shown on the 1840s Tithe Maps.
- 8.2.4 The tree throws identified in the southeast field are likely related to the sites former use as an orchard prior to a storm in the latter half of the 20th century. This is especially clear in Trenches 12 and 23 where lines of tree throws are clearly visible which appear consistent with the 1940's aerial photography of the site.
- 8.2.5 The stratigraphic variance could indicate that the field had been subject to previous truncation. However, any truncation is likely to relate to previous ploughing, with evidence of plough scars noted intermittently across the evaluation. It was also noted that in the southeast field the edge of the field is bounded by a slight bank alongside the stream, which could mitigate the erosion of subsoil deposits seen in the northern field.



## 9 ARCHIVE STORAGE AND CURATION

### 9.1 Museum

9.1.1 The archive resulting from the evaluation is currently held at the offices of Wessex Archaeology in Meopham and Salisbury. The site falls within the collecting area of Royal Tunbridge Wells Museum & Gallery. The museum is not currently accepting archaeological archives. Every effort will be made to identify a suitable repository for the archive resulting from the fieldwork, and if this is not possible, Wessex Archaeology will initiate discussions with the local planning authority in an attempt to resolve the issue. If no suitable repository is identified, Wessex Archaeology will continue to store the archive, but may institute a charge to the client for ongoing storage beyond a set period.

### 9.2 Preparation of the archive

#### *Physical archive*

9.2.1 The archive, which includes paper records, graphics and artefacts, will be prepared following the standard conditions for the acceptance of excavated archaeological material by Royal Tunbridge Wells Museum & Gallery, and in general following nationally recommended guidelines (Brown 2011; ClfA 2014c; SMA 1995).

9.2.2 All archive elements are marked with the **site code 276620**, and a full index will be prepared. The physical archive currently comprises the following:

- 01 cardboard boxes or airtight plastic boxes of artefacts and ecofacts, ordered by material type
- 01 files/document cases of paper records

#### *Digital archive*

9.2.3 The digital archive generated by the project, which comprises born-digital data (e.g., site records, survey data, databases and spreadsheets, photographs and reports), will be deposited with a Trusted Digital Repository, in this instance the Archaeology Data Service (ADS), to ensure its long-term curation. Digital data will be prepared following ADS guidelines (ADS 2013 and online guidance) and accompanied by metadata.

### 9.3 Selection strategy

9.3.1 It is widely accepted that not all the records and materials (artefacts and ecofacts) collected or created during the course of an archaeological project require preservation in perpetuity. These records and materials will be subject to selection in order to establish what will be retained for long-term curation, with the aim of ensuring that all elements selected to be retained are appropriate to establish the significance of the project and support future research, outreach, engagement, display and learning activities, i.e., the retained archive should fulfil the requirements of both future researchers and the receiving Museum.

9.3.2 The selection strategy, which details the project-specific selection process, is underpinned by national guidelines on selection and retention (Brown 2011, section 4) and generic selection policies (SMA 1993; Wessex Archaeology's internal selection policy) and follows ClfA's *Toolkit for Selecting Archaeological Archives*. It should be agreed by all stakeholders (Wessex Archaeology's internal specialists, external specialists, local authority, museum) and fully documented in the project archive.



9.3.3 In this instance, given the relatively low level of finds recovery, the selection process has been deferred until after the fieldwork stage was completed. Project-specific proposals for selection are presented below. These proposals are based on recommendations by Wessex Archaeology's internal specialists and will be updated in line with any further comment by other stakeholders (museum, local authority). The selection strategy will be fully documented in the project archive.

9.3.4 Any material not selected for retention may be used for teaching or reference collections by Wessex Archaeology.

#### *Finds*

9.3.5 The finds assemblage consists of small fragments from common items (e.g. 'china' tablewares, bricks and tiles) of post-medieval/modern date and as such has no further research potential. Discard all.

#### *Documentary records*

9.3.6 Paper records comprise site registers (other pro-forma site records are digital), drawings and reports (written scheme of investigation, client report). All will be retained and deposited with the project archive.

#### *Digital data*

9.3.7 The digital data comprise site records (tablet-recorded on site) in spreadsheet format; finds records in spreadsheet format; survey data; photographs; reports. All will be deposited, although site photographs will be subject to selection to eliminate poor quality and duplicated images, and any others not considered directly relevant to the archaeology of the site.

### **9.4 Security copy**

9.4.1 In line with current best practice (e.g., Brown 2011), on completion of the project a security copy of the written records will be prepared, in the form of a digital PDF/A file. PDF/A is an ISO-standardised version of the Portable Document Format (PDF) designed for the digital preservation of electronic documents through omission of features ill-suited to long-term archiving.

### **9.5 OASIS**

9.5.1 An OASIS (online access to the index of archaeological investigations) record (<http://oasis.ac.uk>) has been initiated, with key fields completed (Appendix 3). A .pdf version of the final report will be submitted following approval by the County Archaeologist for KCC on behalf of the LPA. Subject to any contractual requirements on confidentiality, copies of the OASIS record will be integrated into the relevant local and national records and published through the Archaeology Data Service (ADS) ArchSearch catalogue.

## **10 COPYRIGHT**

### **10.1 Archive and report copyright**

10.1.1 The full copyright of the written/illustrative/digital archive relating to the project will be retained by Wessex Archaeology under the *Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988* with all rights reserved. The client will be licenced to use each report for the purposes that it was produced in relation to the project as described in the specification. The museum, however, will be granted an exclusive licence for the use of the archive for educational purposes,



including academic research, providing that such use conforms to the *Copyright and Related Rights Regulations 2003*.

- 10.1.2 Information relating to the project will be deposited with the Historic Environment Record (HER) where it can be freely copied without reference to Wessex Archaeology for the purposes of archaeological research or development control within the planning process.

## **10.2 Third party data copyright**

- 10.2.1 This document and the project archive may contain material that is non-Wessex Archaeology copyright (e.g., Ordnance Survey, British Geological Survey, Crown Copyright), or the intellectual property of third parties, which Wessex Archaeology are able to provide for limited reproduction under the terms of our own copyright licences, but for which copyright itself is non-transferable by Wessex Archaeology. Users remain bound by the conditions of the *Copyright, Designs and Patents Act 1988* with regard to multiple copying and electronic dissemination of such material.





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## APPENDICES

### Appendix 1 Trench summaries

#### Field 1

Trench No 1		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.32 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
101		Topsoil	Silty clay. light greyish brown.	0–0.25
102		Natural	Silty clay. light yellowish brown.	0.25+

Trench No 2		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.39 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
201		Topsoil	Light greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare sub-rounded stones.	0–0.28
202		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.28–0.39+

Trench No 3		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.18 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
301		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.16
302		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay	0.16+

Trench No 4		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.34 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
401		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown and mid greyish blue. Silty clay.	0–0.32
402		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.32–0.66
403		Natural	Dark yellowish red. Silty clay.	0.66–0.94+
404	405	Ditch	Curvilinear ditch aligned SE to NW with moderate, concave sides and a convex base. Length: >1.86 m. Width: 1.34 m. Depth: 0.26 m.	0.66–0.92
405	404	Secondary fill	Light yellowish grey silty clay	

Trench No 5		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.36 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
501		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare sub-rounded stones and rare glass.	0–0.28
502		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.28–0.36+



Trench No 6		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.26 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
601		Topsoil	Mid greyish blue. Silty clay. Rare sub-rounded stones.	0–0.14
602		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay. Evidence of redoxymorphism.	0.14–0.26+

Trench No 7		Length 20 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.30 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
701		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.22
702		Natural	Light yellowish brown and light greyish blue. Silty clay.	0.22–0.30+

Trench No 8		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.32 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
801		Topsoil	Light greyish brown and light greyish blue. Silty clay. Rare sub-angular stones.	0–0.24
802		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.24–0.32+

Trench No 9		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.42 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
901		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown and mid greyish blue. Silty clay. Sparse chalk and rare charcoal.	0–0.32
902		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.32–0.42+

Trench No 10		Length 24 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.34 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
1001		Topsoil	Light greyish brown. silty clay.	0–9.28
1002		Natural	Light yellowish brown. silty clay.	0.28+

Trench No 11		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.29 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
1101		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.24
1102		Natural	Light yellowish brown and light greyish blue. Silty clay. Evidence of redoxymorphism.	0.24–0.29+



Trench No 13		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.28 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
1301		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay.	0–0.22
1302		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.22–0.28

Trench No 14		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.24 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
1401		Topsoil	Mid greyish blue. Silty clay.	0–0.18
1402		Natural	Light yellowish brown and light greyish blue. Silty clay.	0.18–0.24+

Trench No 15		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.30 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
1501		Topsoil	Light greyish brown. silty clay.	0–0.24
1502		Natural	Light yellowish brown. silty clay.	0.24+

Trench No 16		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.36 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
1601		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay.	0–0.24
1602		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.24–0.36

Trench No 17		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.39 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
1701		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.20
1702		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.20–0.39+

Trench No 18		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.32 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
1801		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown and mid greyish blue. Silty clay.	0–0.26
1802		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare chalk.	0.26–0.32+

Trench No 19		Length 28 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.34 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
1901		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay.	0.00–0.25
1902		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.25–0.34+



Trench No 22		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.32 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
2201		Topsoil	Light greyish blue. Silty clay. Evidence of redoxymorphism.	0–0.24
2202		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.24–0.32+

Trench No 24		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.26 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
2401		Topsoil	Dark reddish brown. Gravel. Very common rounded and sub-rounded stones.	0–0.03
2402		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay. Rare sub-angular stones.	0.03–0.19
2403		Natural	Light brownish yellow. Silty clay.	0.19–0.53
2404		Natural	Light greyish blue. Clay. Evidence of redoxymorphism.	0.53–0.72+

Trench No 25		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.38 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
2501		Topsoil	Light greyish brown. Silty clay.	0–0.28
2502		Natural	Light yellowish brown or light greyish blue. Silty clay. Rare glass. Evidence of redoxymorphism.	0.28–0.38+

Trench No 26		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.35 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
2601		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Rare sub-angular stones.	0–0.25
2602		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.25–0.35+

Trench No 28		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.32 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
2801		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare CBM.	0–0.23
2802		Natural	Light yellowish brown and light greyish blue. Silty clay.	0.23–0.32+



Trench No 29		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.36 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
2901		Topsoil	Light blueish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.28
2902		Natural	Light yellowish brown and light greyish blue. Evidence of redoxymorphism.	0.28–0.36+
2903	2904	Ditch	Curvilinear ditch with moderate, concave sides and a concave base. Length: >1.80 m. Width: 1.10 m. Depth: 0.27 m.	0.36–0.63
2904	2903	Secondary fill	Light yellowish grey silty clay	

Trench No 30		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.33 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
3001		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.25
3002		Natural	Light brownish yellow. Silty clay.	0.25+

Trench No 31		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.30 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
3101		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay.	0–0.26
3102		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.26–0.30+

Trench No 33		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.32 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
3301		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay. Rare sub-angular stones.	0–0.24
3302		Natural	Light brownish yellow. Silty clay.	0.24–0.32+

Trench No 35		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.32 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
3501		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.24
3502		Natural	Light brownish yellow. Silty clay.	0.24 +
3503	3504	Ditch	Curvilinear ditch aligned SE to NW with moderate, concave sides and a concave base. Length: >1.80 m. Width: 1.58 m. Depth: 0.55 m.	0.24–0.79
3504	3503	Secondary fill	Light yellowish grey silty clay	



Trench No 36		Length 30 m	Width 15 m	Depth 0.31 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
3601		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare sub-rounded stones.	0–0.26
3602		Natural	Light yellowish brown and light greyish blue. Silty clay.	0.26–0.31+

Trench No 37		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.31 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
3701		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.21
3702		Natural	Light brownish yellow. Silty clay.	0.21+

Trench No 38		Length 25 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.43 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
3801		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay. Rare sub-angular stones.	0–0.29
3802		Natural	Light brownish yellow. Silty clay. Evidence of redoxymorphism.	0.29–0.43+

Trench No 43		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.29 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
4301		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.22
4302		Natural	Light brownish yellow. Silty clay.	0.22–0.29+

Trench No 44		Length 20 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.36 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
4401		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.27
4402		Natural	Light brownish red. Silty clay.	0.27+

Trench No 47		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.35 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
4701		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.29
4702		Natural	Light brownish yellow. Silty clay.	0.29–0.84
4703		Natural	Light greyish blue. Clay. Evidence of redoxymorphism.	0.84–1.02+



Trench No 49		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.38 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
4901		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay. Rare sub-rounded stones.	0–0.32
4902		Natural	Light brownish yellow. Silty clay.	0.32–0.38+

Trench No 53		Length 25 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.40 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
5301		Topsoil	Light brownish grey. Silty clay.	0–0.28
5302		Natural	Light brownish yellow. Silty clay.	0.28–0.40+

## Field 2

Trench No 12		Length 15 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.42 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
1201		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting, rare charcoal, rare CBM.	0–0.28
1202		Natural	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Common rooting.	0.28–0.42+
1203		Tree Throw		
1204		Tree Throw		
1205		Tree Throw		

Trench No 20		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.38 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
2001		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. moderate sized Peds, but not ancient.	0–0.20
2002		Subsoil	Light greyish brown. silty clay. bioturbation evident	0.20–0.32
2003		Natural	Mid yellowish brown with blue hue. Silty clay.	0.32–0.38+
2004	2005	Ditch	Linear ditch aligned N-S with moderate, concave sides and a concave base. Length: 1.80 m. Width: 1.89 m. Depth: 0.25 m.	
2005	2004	Secondary fill	Light greyish brown with blue hue silty clay with 1% well rounded poorly sorted flint inclusion	
2006	2007	Pit	Circular pit with moderate, concave sides and a concave base. Length: >1.22 m. Width: 1.00 m. Depth: 0.25 m.	
2007	2006	Secondary fill	Light greyish brown with blue hue silty clay	



Trench No 21		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.50 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
2101		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Sparse rooting.	0–0.25
2102		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting.	0.25–0.48
2103		Natural	Mid brownish yellow with grey mottling. Silty clay	0.48–0.50+

Trench No 23		Length 25 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.40 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
2301		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Sparse rooting, rare CBM.	0–0.24
2302		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting.	0.24–0.38
2303		Natural	Mid-Light brownish yellow. Silty clay	0.38–0.40+
2304		Tree Throw		
2305		Tree Throw		
2306		Tree Throw		

Trench No 27		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.54 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
2701		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Sparse rooting.	0–0.34
2702		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.34–0.46
2703		Natural	Mid brownish yellow. Silty Clay	0.46–0.54+

Trench No 32		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.46 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
3201		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Sparse rooting.	0–0.30
3202		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting.	0.30–0.39
3203		Natural	Mid-Light brownish yellow. Silty clay	0.39–0.46

Trench No 34		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.42 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
3401		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Sparse rooting.	0–0.28
3402		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.28–0.40
3403		Natural	Mid-light brownish yellow with grey patches. Silty clay	0.40–0.42+





Trench No 39		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.45 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
3901		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.30
3902		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.30–0.43
3903		Natural	Mid brownish yellow. Silty clay	0.43–0.45+

Trench No 40		Length 28 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.38 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
4001		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.26
4002		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.26–0.36
4003		Natural	Mid brownish yellow. Silty clay	0.36–0.38+

Trench No 41		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.40 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
4101		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.20
4102		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.20–0.40
4103		Natural	Mid reddish brown. Silty clay.	0.40–0.90+

Trench No 42		Length 25 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.54 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
4201		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Common rooting.	0–0.30
4202		Subsoil	Mid yellowish grey. Silty clay. Common rooting.	0.30–0.47
4203		Natural	Mid brownish yellow. Silty Clay	0.47–0.54+

Trench No 45		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.36 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
4501		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.26
4502		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.26–0.36
4503		Natural	Light brown yellow. Silty clay	0.36+



Trench No 46		Length 20 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.50 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
4601		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Sparse rooting.	0–0.32
4602		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.32–0.47
4603		Natural	Mid Brownish yellow. Silty clay	0.47–0.50+

Trench No 48		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.38 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
4801		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting.	0–0.25
4802		Subsoil	Light greyish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting.	0.25–0.33
4803		Natural	Light yellowish brown. Silty clay.	0.33–0.38+

Trench No 50		Length 12 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.50 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
5001		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.20
5002		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.20–0.45
5003		Natural	Light brownish yellow with grey mottling. Silty clay	0.45–0.50+

Trench No 51		Length 27 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.38 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
5101		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting, rare ceramic.	0–0.22
5102		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Common rooting.	0.22–0.37
5103		Natural	Light mottled grey / orange brown. Silty clay	0.37–0.38+

Trench No 52		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.48 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
5201		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Common rooting.	0–0.30
5202		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Common rooting.	0.30–0.42
5203		Natural	Light mottled orange / grey brown. Silty clay	0.42–0.48+



Trench No 54		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.60 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
5401		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.10
5402		Subsoil	Light greyish brown. silty clay.	0.20–0.40
5403		Natural	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.40–0.60+

Trench No 55		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth Unknown
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
5501		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting.	0–0.28
5502		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Common rooting.	0.28–0.54
5503		Natural	Mid blueish grey. Silty clay. Evidence of redoxymorphism.	0.54–0.92+

Trench No 56		Length 25 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.44 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
5601		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.30
5602		Subsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.30–0.43
5603		Natural	Mid orange brown. Silty clay	0.43–0.44+

Trench No 57		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.46 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
5701		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting.	0–0.28
5702		Subsoil	Light greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.28–0.42
5703		Natural	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Common rooting.	0.42–0.46+

Trench No 58		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.42 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
5801		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.32
5802		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Common rooting.	0.32–0.40
5803		Natural	Light yellowish brown. silty clay	0.40–0.42+



Trench No 59		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.38 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
5901		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.20
5902		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.20–0.35
5903		Natural	Light greyish yellow. Silty Clay	0.35–0.38+

Trench No 60		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.50 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
6001		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.18
6002		Subsoil	Light greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.18–0.42
6003		Natural	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.42–0.90+

Trench No 61		Length 25 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.44 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
6101		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.34
6102		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.34–0.40
6103		Natural	Light yellow brown. Silty clay	0.40–0.44+

Trench No 62		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.40 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
6201		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.20
6202		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.20–0.38
6203		Natural	Mid orangish brown. Silty clay	0.38–0.40+

Trench No 63		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.42 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
6301		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.30
6302		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.30–0.42
6303		Natural	Light blue grey. Silty clay	0.42+



Trench No 65		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.34 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
6501		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0–0.18
6502		Subsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Rare rooting.	0.18–0.28
6503		Natural	Mottled light yellowish orange and greyish brown. silty clay.	0.28–0.34+

Trench No 67		Length 25 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.42 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
6701		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Sparse rooting.	0–0.18
6702		Natural	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting.	0.18–0.40

Trench No 68		Length 30 m	Width 1.80 m	Depth 0.42 m
Context Number	Fill Of/Filled With	Interpretative Category	Description	Depth BGL
6801		Topsoil	Mid greyish brown. Silty clay. Moderate rooting.	0–0.30
6802		Subsoil	Mid yellowish brown. Silty clay. Common rooting.	0.30–0.40
6803		Natural	Light yellowish brown with grey mottling. Silty clay	0.40–0.42+



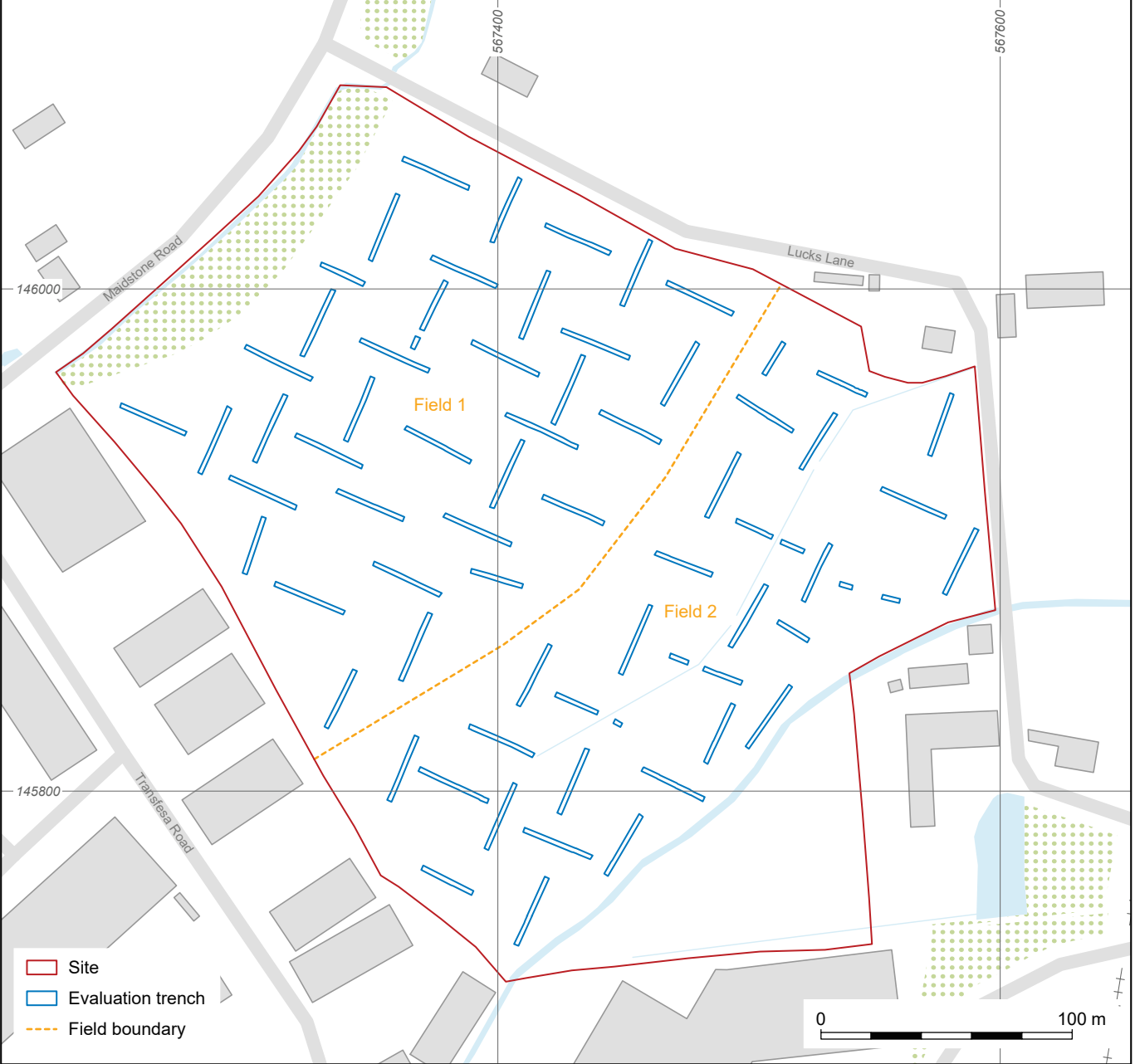
## Appendix 2 Kent County Council HER Summary Form

<b>Site Name:</b> Swatlands Farm, Paddock Wood	
<b>Site Address:</b> Swatlands Farm, Paddock Wood, Kent, TN12 6QL	
<b>Summary of discoveries:</b> Ditches, Tree Throws	
<b>District/Unitary:</b> Tunbridge Wells	<b>Parish:</b> Paddock Wood
<b>Period(s):</b> 19th/20th century	
<b>NGR (centre of site to nearest 1m):</b> 567436 145913 (TQ 67436 45913) <b>(NB if large or linear site give multiple NGRs)</b>	
<b>Type of archaeological work (delete)</b> Evaluation	
<b>Date of fieldwork (dd/mm/yy) From:</b> 1st May 2023 <b>To:</b> 11th may 2023	
<b>Unit/contractor undertaking recording:</b> Wessex Archaeology	
<b>Geology:</b> Mudstone of the Weald Clay Formation with superficial River Terrace Deposits of clay and silt (BGS viewer)	
<b>Title and author of accompanying report:</b> Title: Swatlands Farm, Paddock Wood, Kent: Archaeological Evaluation Authors: Andrew Souter	
<b>Summary of fieldwork results (begin with earliest period first, add NGRs where appropriate)</b> The evaluation was undertaken as part of a planning condition for the creation of an industrial estate to include employment floor space for Class E, B2 and B8 uses and associated internal access roads, landscaping, parking and associated works.  The evaluation comprised 66 trenches, each originally measuring 30m by 2m, with a further two trenches cancelled due to access issues. A total of five ditch segments, representing up to three ditches were identified during the evaluation, along with a number of tree throws and land drains. The identified ditches were believed to be late post-medieval or modern in date, with one ditch segment part of an otherwise extant drainage ditch, and another likely representing the original route of the same ditch.  A small quantity of 19th/20th century material was recovered from the ditches, as well as from the tree throws, which appear to correlate with the sites former use as an orchard.	
<b>Location of archive/finds:</b> Wessex Archaeology Meopham Office	
<b>Contact at Unit:</b> Rob De'Athe	<b>Date:</b> 30/05/2023



### Appendix 3 OASIS summary

OASIS ID (UID)	wessexar1-516085
Project Name	Swatlands Farm, Paddock Wood, Kent: Archaeological Evaluation
Sitename	Swatlands Farm, Paddock Wood
Activity type	Evaluation
Project Identifier(s)	276620
Planning Id	22/01929/OUT
Reason For Investigation	Planning: Post determination
Organisation Responsible for work	Wessex Archaeology
Project Dates	01-May-2023 - 11-May-2023
Location	Swatlands Farm, Paddock Wood NGR : TQ 67436 45913 LL : 51.187919523891615, 0.394550257900761 12 Fig : 567436,145913
Administrative Areas	Country : England County : Kent District : Tunbridge Wells Parish : Paddock Wood
Project Methodology	<p>66 trial trenches, each originally measuring 30 m in length and 2 m wide, were excavated in level spits using a 360° excavator equipped with a toothless bucket, under the constant supervision and instruction of the monitoring archaeologist. Machine excavation proceeded until either the archaeological horizon or the natural geology was exposed.</p> <p>Where necessary, the base of the trench/surface of archaeological deposits were cleaned by hand. A sample of archaeological features and deposits was hand-excavated, sufficient to address the aims of the evaluation.</p> <p>Spoil from machine stripping and hand-excavated archaeological deposits was visually scanned for the purposes of finds retrieval. Artefacts were collected and bagged by context. All artefacts from excavated contexts were retained.</p>
Project Results	<p>A total of five ditch segments, representing up to three ditches were identified during the evaluation, along with a number of tree throws and land drains. The identified ditches were believed to be late post- medieval or modern in date, with one ditch segment part of an otherwise extant drainage ditch, and another likely representing the original route of the same ditch.</p> <p>A small quantity of 19th/20th century material was recovered from the ditches, as well as from the tree throws, which appear to correlate with the sites former use as an orchard.</p>



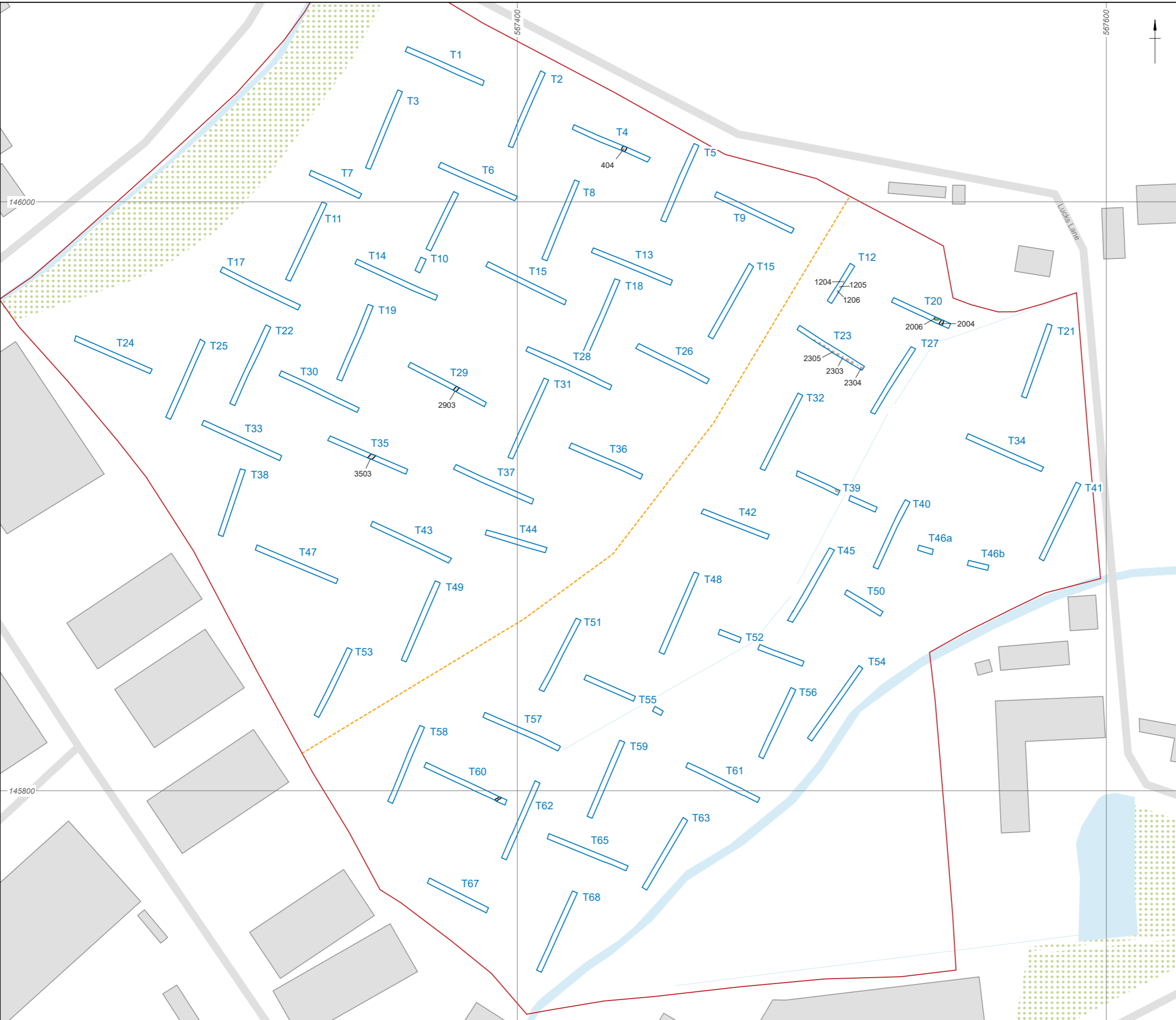
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Figure 1: Site location







- ▭ Site
- ▭ Evaluation trench
- ▭ Archaeology
- ▭ Tree throw
- ▭ Geology
- - - Field boundary



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Scale: 1:1,250 at A3 Revision: 0



Figure 2: Archaeological results



Figure 3: South-southwest facing representative section of Trench 4



Figure 4: West-northwest facing representative section of Trench 16





Figure 5: Trench 29, viewed from the southeast



Figure 6: Trench 49, viewed from the northeast



Figure 7: Water level in Trench 30, viewed from the east-southeast



Figure 8: Trench 23, viewed from the southeast





Figure 9: Trench 39, viewed from the northwest



Figure 10: West-northwest facing representative section of Trench 41



Figure 11: Southwest facing representative section of Trench 60



Figure 12: Ditch 404, viewed from the northeast





Figure 13: Ditch 2903, viewed from the northeast



Figure 14: Ditch 2004, viewed from the south



Figure 15: Feature 2006, viewed from the west



Figure 16: Tree-Throw 2303, viewed from the north-northeast





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