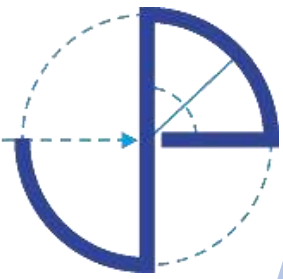


**JPC Environmental Services**

(A Division of J P Chick & Partners Ltd)

Consulting Civil & Structural Engineers



# Flemings Hall

## STAGE I/ TIER I Geo-Environmental Desk Study Report

Report: IE23/097/SITI

13/11/2023

Rev. 00

**DOCUMENT CONTROL**

<p><b>Report prepared by:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Adam Steele</i></p> <p><b>A J Steele BSc (Hons) MSc MEnvSc Associate</b></p> <p>On behalf of JPC Environmental Services A Division of JP Chick &amp; Partners Limited</p>	<p><b>Report reviewed by:</b></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><i>Robin Crowther</i></p> <p><b>R M Crowther AMICE PIEMA AMEI Director</b></p> <p>On behalf of JPC Environmental Services A Division of JP Chick &amp; Partners Limited</p>
<b>JPC Issuing Office</b>	<b>7 Museum Street, Ipswich, IP1 1HQ</b>

**ISSUE & REVISIONS RECORD**

Document No	Issue Date	Comments			Format Issued
IE23/097/SITI	Monday, 13 November 2023	Issued to Nicolas and Amy Philippe			<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Email <input type="checkbox"/> Disk <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Upload <input type="checkbox"/> Post
Document Revision No	Issue Date	Document Revision Comments	Revised by (INT)	Reviewed by (INT)	Format Issued
					<input type="checkbox"/> Email <input type="checkbox"/> Disk <input type="checkbox"/> Digital Upload <input type="checkbox"/> Post

TABLE OF CONTENTS

DOCUMENT CONTROL ..... ii

ISSUE & REVISIONS RECORD ..... ii

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY ..... v

1 INTRODUCTION ..... 1

    1.1 Brief ..... 1

    1.2 Scope ..... 1

    1.3 Sources of Information ..... 1

    1.4 Development Proposal ..... 2

2 DESK STUDY ..... 3

    2.1 Location ..... 3

    2.2 Site Description (Walkover Survey) ..... 3

    2.3 Site History ..... 4

    2.4 Geology ..... 5

    2.5 Hydrogeology and Hydrology ..... 6

    2.6 Industrial Land Use, Waste and Landfill ..... 7

    2.7 Licenced Activities, Permits and Incidents ..... 7

    2.8 Radon ..... 8

    2.9 Mineral Workings and Potentially Infilled Land ..... 8

    2.10 Railway Infrastructure and Projects ..... 9

    2.11 Designations ..... 9

    2.12 Planning Portal ..... 9

3 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL ..... 11

    3.1 Introduction ..... 11

    3.2 Potential Sources of Contamination ..... 11

    3.3 Potential Contaminant Pathways ..... 12

    3.4 Potential Contaminant Receptors ..... 12

    3.5 Plausible Pollutant Linkages ..... 12

4 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS ..... 15

5 REFERENCES ..... 16

**FIGURES**

*Figure 1: Proposed Development Plans (extract)*..... 2  
*Figure 2: Site Location Plan (extract)* ..... 3

**TABLES**

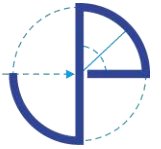
*Table 1: Site Location* ..... 3  
*Table 2: Historic Mapping* ..... 4  
*Table 3: Natural Ground Subsidence Events* ..... 6  
*Table 4: Hydrogeology* ..... 6  
*Table 5: Abstractions* ..... 7  
*Table 6: Potentially Contaminative Sources*..... 7  
*Table 7: Licenced Activities, Permits and Incidents*..... 8  
*Table 8: Mineral Working and Potentially Infilled Land*..... 8  
*Table 9: Railway Infrastructure and Projects* ..... 9  
*Table 10: Environmental, Cultural and Agricultural Designations*..... 9  
*Table 11: Conceptual Site Model Key Aspects*..... 11  
*Table 12: Summary of Potential Sources of Contamination* ..... 11  
*Table 13: Identified Potential Pathways* ..... 12  
*Table 14: Identified Potential Receptors* ..... 12  
*Table 15: Risk Classification* ..... 13  
*Table 16: Risk Assessment* ..... 13

**APPENDIX**

Appendix A: Architect’s Layout Plan  
 Appendix B: Site Location Plan  
 Appendix C: Site Photographs  
 Appendix D: GroundSure Report

## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

<b>Site Name &amp; Address:</b>	Barns at Flemings Hall, Hall Road, Bedingfield, IP23 7QF
<b>Client:</b>	Nicolas and Amy Philippe
<b>Local Planning Authority:</b>	Mid Suffolk District Council
<b>Historical Site Use:</b>	Agricultural barns
<b>Present Site Use:</b>	Agricultural barns and residential use
<b>Proposed Site Use:</b>	Conversion the remaining barns to residential use
<b>Date of most recent investigation:</b>	Wednesday 8 <sup>th</sup> November 2023 – site walkover survey
<b>Objectives:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ To develop an understanding of the site’s history and environmental context;</li> <li>▪ To determine the potential existence of any significant pollutant linkages which might represent a potential risk to construction workers, future occupants of the site or controlled waters; and</li> <li>▪ To undertake a Stage I Preliminary ‘Contaminated Land’ investigation in accordance with LCRM and guidance contained in the NHBC Publication 66: 2008.</li> </ul>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Our desk-based research and walkover survey identified the following potential sources of contamination:           <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ On-site: potential for Made Ground in the south-east and that which is associated with former demolished buildings across the site; and</li> <li>○ Off-site (within 250m): moat, fishpond, Flemings Hall Farm and associated activities, infilled pond, tanks, waste exemptions and abandoned/ raised railway.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	
<b>Pathway:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Based on the BGS online mapping, the site is underlain by superficial deposits Lowestoft Formation (diamicton) overlying bedrock geology of the Crag Group (sand);</li> <li>▪ Surface soils have a ‘low’ leaching class with an infiltration rate between 40-70%;</li> <li>▪ There are no Water Network (OS MasterMap) records within 250m of the site;</li> <li>▪ There are 2 no. surface water feature within 250m of the site;</li> <li>▪ The site is situated within Flood Zone 1; and</li> <li>▪ The risk of surface water flooding on-site is a 1 in 30 year, 0.1 – 0.3m event which appears to be concentrated in the north-western corner and along the south-western boundary. The highest risk of flooding within 50m is a 1 in 30 year, 0.3m – 1m event. There is a low risk of groundwater flooding both on-site and within 50m.</li> </ul>	
<b>Receptor:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ The superficial deposits are classified as a Secondary Undifferentiated Aquifer and the underlying bedrock geology is classified as a Principal Aquifer;</li> <li>▪ We consider the potential on-site sources of contamination to represent a low to moderate risk to human health and a low risk to groundwater; and</li> <li>▪ The potential risk from ground gas migrating onto the site, and affecting the proposed development is low.</li> </ul>	
<b>Recommendations:</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ We would recommend a Stage I/ Tier II Ground Investigation is completed across the site. The investigation would likely comprise a series of hand excavated boreholes to a maximum depth of</li> </ul>	



1.00mbgl in proposed soft landscaping areas. Soil samples should be retrieved at a range of depths for off-site laboratory testing for a typical range of contaminants.

## 1 INTRODUCTION

### 1.1 Brief

1.1.1 JPC Environmental Services were appointed by Fieldwork Architects, on behalf of our mutual clients, Nicolas and Amy Philippe, to undertake a Stage I/ Tier I Geo-Environmental Desk Study Report for 'Barns at Flemings Hall, Hall Road, Bedingfield, IP23 7QF' (hereafter referred to as 'the site').

1.1.2 The investigation was carried out broadly in accordance with the following guidance:

- Environment Agency (April 2021): *Land Contamination Risk Management (LCRM)*;
- Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs (2012): *Contaminated Land Statutory Guidance, Environmental Protection Act 1990: Part IIA*;
- Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government. (July 2021): *National Planning and Policy Framework*; and
- BS10175:2011 +A2:2017 "Investigation of Potentially Contaminated Sites – Code of Practice".

1.1.3 This report shall be for the private and confidential use of Nicolas and Amy Philippe for whom it was undertaken. It should not be reproduced in whole or in part or relied upon by a third party for any use without the express written authority of JPC Environmental Services.

1.1.4 In producing this report, we have exercised all the reasonable skill, care and diligence to be expected of an appropriately qualified and competent consultant, experienced in carrying out equivalent services for developments of a similar size, value, purpose, scope and complexity.

### 1.2 Scope

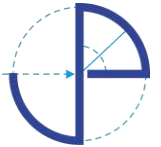
1.2.1 The main elements of the investigation were as follows:

- The review of historical and regulatory information relating to the site to gain an understanding of the site's history, local environment and potential ground conditions;
- Undertake a walkover survey of the site and surrounding area to identify the presence and types of commercial activities within the locality and seek evidence of potential sources of on or off-site contamination;
- The formulation of a "Conceptual Site Model" to explore and evaluate the existence and potential impact of any plausible pollutant linkages;
- To utilise the resulting information to undertake a 'Stage I' human and environmental risk assessment; and
- If appropriate, make recommendations on the extent of any intrusive investigations which may be required to fully establish the condition of the site.

### 1.3 Sources of Information

1.3.1 As part of the desk-based research, JPC Environmental Services consulted the following sources of information:

- GroundSure EnviroInsight Report – produced by GroundSure Ltd;



- British Geological Survey (BGS) mapping and online referencing;
- Environment Agency landfill mapping – online;
- BR 211 Radon: Guidance on Protective Measures for New Dwellings, 2007 Edition;
- Magic Map Website – magic.defra.gov.uk;
- Mid Suffolk District Council Planning Portal; and
- Google Earth (aerial photography).

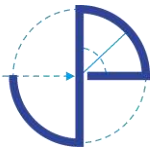
## 1.4 Development Proposal

1.4.1 We understand that the development proposal comprises the conversion of existing barns to residential end use. An extract of the proposed development plan is shown in **Figure 1** below and the full version is included within **Appendix A**.

Figure 1: Proposed Development Plans (extract)







## 2 DESK STUDY

### 2.1 Location

Table 1: Site Location

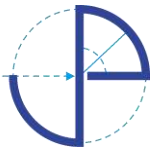
<b>Location</b>	Barns at Flemings Hall, Hall Road, Bedingfield, Eye, Suffolk, IP23 7QF
<b>Grid Reference</b>	619253 267841
<b>Area</b>	0.23ha
<b>Access</b>	Access is gained via a private driveway associated with Flemings Hall off Hall Road, towards the north-western site boundary. Secondary access can also be gained via an entrance in the southern corner, also immediately off Hall Road.
<b>Topography</b>	The site appears flat at an elevation of approximately 64mAOD.

### 2.2 Site Description (Walkover Survey)

2.2.1 The site walkover was conducted on the 8<sup>th</sup> November 2023 by Adam Steele on behalf of JPC Environmental Services. An extract of the site location plan is shown in **Figure 2** below and the full version is also included within **Appendix B**.

Figure 2: Site Location Plan (extract)





## Flemings Hall

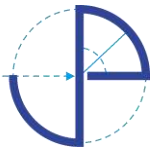
- 2.2.2 Photographs of the site taken during the walkover survey are included within **Appendix C**.
- 2.2.3 The site was accessed via a private path initially from a driveway serving Fleming’s Hall to the north-west. This led to a covered walkway, through a pair of wooden gates. A secondary site access could also be gained off Hall Road in the southern corner through a set of timber gates.
- 2.2.4 The site is bounded by a moat associated with Flemings Hall to the north, agricultural fields to the east, Hall Road to the south-west and grounds associated with Flemings Hall to the west. The site boundaries were demarcated by the barn walls to the north and west, and another barn partially on the south-western boundary. A mature hedgerow formed the remaining site boundaries.
- 2.2.5 The main site area comprised an L-shaped building abutting the northern corner which has been converted to residential use. A patio area with firepit was present immediately south-east between this building and another barn. The second barn was used to store firewood. Both structures appeared to be timber framed and clad, with pantile roofs. A large lawn area was immediately south and south-west of both barns which was used for a garden, including a domestic greenhouse. A third barn is present adjacent the south-western boundary. Although single storey, the barn is much taller than the others and constructed of a timber frame with thatch roof. The roof appeared to be in good condition.
- 2.2.6 An area of concrete hardstanding was present in the south-eastern section of the site. Whilst this area was mainly open, it was being used to stockpile pantiles, wood chippings and bagged organic matter.

## 2.3 Site History

- 2.3.1 The site history which was determined by our review of the GroundSure historical mapping is presented in **Table 2** below. The full GroundSure report is provided within **Appendix D**.

Table 2: Historic Mapping

Map Edition (Date, Scale)	The Site	Surrounding Area
1884 1884-1888 1:2,500 1:10,560	The site forms a complex of barns adjacent all boundaries, possibly indicating dairy sheds or piggeries.	The moat associated with Flemings Hall abuts the northern boundary, extending to 120m north. A boat house is 5m north-west and a fishpond is 70m north-west. Hall Road orientated north-west to south-east abuts the south-western boundary. The road forms a T junction 210m south-east with another road which is orientated north-east to south-west. A barn is opposite the site on the south-western side of Hall Road. Excluding the moat, surface water features are 10-250m north-west, east, south-east and south-west of the site.



Map Edition (Date, Scale)	The Site	Surrounding Area
1903 1903-1905 1:2,500 1:10,560	No significant change has occurred.	No significant change has occurred.
1947 1:10,560	No significant change has occurred.	No significant change has occurred.
1952 1:10,560	It is possible further barns have been constructed, however it may be suggested due to a change in mapping style.	A large T-shaped barn has been constructed 10m south.
1975-1976 1978 1:2,500	Some barns appear to have been demolished.	Further large barns have been constructed 20-90m south-east and south. Tanks are 30m south. A pond in the north-west has been infilled.
1983-1984 1:10,000	No significant change has occurred.	No significant change has occurred.
1995 1:2,500	No significant change has occurred.	No significant change has occurred.
2001 2003 1:1,250 1:10,000	No significant change has occurred.	No significant change has occurred.
2010 1:10,000	No significant change has occurred.	No significant change has occurred.
2023 1:10,000	No significant change has occurred.	A barn has been extended in the south.

\*Incomplete mapping

## 2.4 Geology

2.4.1 To determine the nature of the underlying geology, we have consulted the 1:50,000 scale geological maps compiled by British Geological Survey (BGS). Based on these maps, the site is likely to be underlain by superficial deposits of the Lowestoft Formation (diamicton) overlying bedrock geology of the Crag Group (sand).

2.4.2 A review of the BGS database did not identify a borehole within 250m of the site.

2.4.3 The likelihood of potential geological hazards associated with natural ground subsidence is summarised in

2.4.4

2.4.5 **Table 3** overleaf. Unless otherwise stated, the hazard rating is for the entire site.

Table 3: Natural Ground Subsidence Events

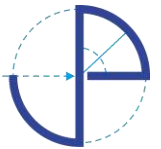
Geological Hazard	Hazard Rating
Shrink-swell clays	Low
Running sands	Very low
Compressible deposits	Negligible
Collapsible deposits	Very low
Landslides	Very low
Ground dissolution of soluble rocks	Negligible

## 2.5 Hydrogeology and Hydrology

2.5.1 The hydrogeological designations and classifications for superficial deposits and bedrock geology, both underlying the site and within 250m, were obtained with reference to the Environment Agency website and GroundSure Report and are outlined in **Table 4** below.

Table 4: Hydrogeology

Geological Strata	Distance (m)	Designation	Groundwater Vulnerability
Superficial Deposits	On-site	Secondary Undifferentiated Aquifer – mixed flow type with moderate to low permeability	Medium
Bedrock Geology	On-site	Principal Aquifer – intergranular flow type with high permeability	Low



## Flemings Hall

- 2.5.2 In terms of groundwater vulnerability, the Environment Agency divides significant groundwater catchments into three Source Protection Zones (SPZ's) based on the potential risk associated with the migration of possible contaminants. In this case, the site is located within a Type 3, Total Catchment SPZ.
- 2.5.3 The surface soil leaching class for the site is 'low' with an infiltration rate between 40-70%.
- 2.5.4 In respect of the local hydrology there are no Water Network (OS MasterMap) records within 250m of the site. There are a 2 no. surface water feature records within 250m of the site.
- 2.5.5 The local hydrology forms part of the Chickering Beck (water body ID GB105034045690) which has an overall and ecological rating of 'moderate' but chemical rating of 'fail'.
- 2.5.6 Groundwater on-site forms part of the Waveney and East Suffolk Chalk and Crag (water body ID GB40501G400600) which has an overall and chemical rating of 'poor'.
- 2.5.7 The site is situated within Flood Zone 1 and has not been subject to a historic flood event.
- 2.5.8 The risk of surface water flooding on-site is a 1 in 30 year, 0.1 – 0.3m event which appears to be concentrated in the north-western corner and along the south-western boundary. The highest risk of flooding within 50m is a 1 in 30 year, 0.3m – 1m event. There is a low risk of groundwater flooding both on-site and within 50m.
- 2.5.9 Information on groundwater, surface water and potable abstractions within 250m of the site are outlined in **Table 5** below.

Table 5: Abstractions

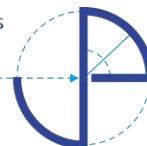
Abstraction	Distance (m)	Related to
Groundwater	n/a	None recorded within 250m of the site.
Surface Water		
Potable Water		

## 2.6 Industrial Land Use, Waste and Landfill

- 2.6.1 Records for industrial land uses, waste, and landfills on-site and within 250m of the site are presented below in **Table 6**.

Table 6: Potentially Contaminative Sources

Source	Distance (m)	Related to
<b>Industrial Land Use</b>		
Current Industrial Land Use	n/a	None recorded within 250m of the site.
Historical Industrial Land Use		
Historical Tanks	11-12m south	Tanks (2 records).
Historical Energy Features	n/a	None recorded within 250m of the site.
Historical Petrol Stations		
Historical Garages		



Source	Distance (m)	Related to
<b>Waste and Landfill</b>		
Active or Recent Landfill	n/a	None recorded within 250m of the site.
Historical Landfills		
Historical Waste Sites		
Licensed Waste Sites		
Waste Exemptions	1m west	Site: unknown (13 records). Category: disposing, treating, using and storing of waste. Sub-category: on a farm.
	210-216m south-east	Site: The Hall, Hall Road (9 records). Category: treating, disposing, storing and using waste. Sub-category: agricultural waste only and on a farm.

## 2.7 Licenced Activities, Permits and Incidents

2.7.1 Records for licenced activities, permits and incidents on-site and within 250m of the site are presented overleaf in

2.7.2

2.7.3 **Table 7.**

Table 7: Licenced Activities, Permits and Incidents

Activity	Distance (m)	Related to
Historical Licenced Industrial Activities (IPC)	n/a	None recorded within 250m of the site.
Licensed Industrial Activities (Part A(1))		
Licensed Pollutant Release (Part A(2)/B)		
Radioactive Substance Authorisations		
Licensed Discharges to Controlled Waters		
Pollutant Release to Surface Waters (Red List)		
Pollution Inventory Substances		
Pollution Inventory Waste Transfers		
List 1/ List 2 Dangerous Substances		
Pollution Incidents		

## 2.8 Radon

2.8.1 Less than 1% of homes are above the action level for Radon, therefore no radon protection measures are necessary in the construction of new buildings or residential dwellings.

## 2.9 Mineral Workings and Potentially Infilled Land

2.9.1 Records for mineral workings and potentially infilled land on-site and within 250m of the site are presented below in **Table 8**.

Table 8: Mineral Working and Potentially Infilled Land

Feature	Distance (m)	Related to
Natural Cavities	n/a	None recorded within 250m of the site.
BritPits		
Surface Ground Workings	On-site	Fishpond (3 records).
	60m north-west	Fishpond.
Underground Workings	n/a	None recorded within 250m of the site.
Historical Mineral Planning Areas		
Non-coal Mining		
Mining Cavities		
Johnson Poole and Bloomer Mining Areas		
Coal Mining		
Brine Areas		
Gypsum Areas		
Tin Mining		
Clay Mining		

## 2.10 Railway Infrastructure and Projects

2.10.1 Records for railway infrastructure and projects on-site and within 250m of the site are presented in **Table 9** below.

Table 9: Railway Infrastructure and Projects

Feature	Distance (m)	Related to
Underground Railways (London)	n/a	None recorded within 250m of the site.
Underground Railways (Non-London)		
Railway Tunnels		
Historical Railway and Tunnel Features	196m south-east	Abandoned and raised (2 records).
Active Railways	n/a	None recorded within 250m of the site.

## 2.11 Designations

2.11.1 Records for environmental, cultural, and agricultural designations on-site and within 250m of the site are presented below in **Table 10**.

Table 10: Environmental, Cultural and Agricultural Designations

Designations	Distance (m)	Related to
Environmental	On-site	River Waveney Nitrate Vulnerable Zone (NVZ) (surface water).
	On-site	Deben NVZ (surface water).
	On-site	Sandlings and Chelmsford NVZ (groundwater).
	On-site	Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI) Impact Risk Zone.
Visual and Cultural	42m north	Fleming’s Hall; Grade II* listed building.
Agricultural	On-site	Grade 3: good to moderate quality agricultural land.

## 2.12 Planning Portal

2.12.1 A search was made on Mid Suffolk District Council’s planning portal. This was done to further explore the evolution of the site and any available information related to nearby sites. The search identified 9 no. applications relating to the IP23 7QF postcode. The planning application of note includes:

DC/22/01895



- 2.12.2 This application was for the *change of use and conversion of farm building to form 1No dwelling and erection of cart lodge (following demolition of existing farm building)*.
- 2.12.3 A response from Dr Nathan Pittam stated there was no objection to the development, if the Standard Contaminated Land Condition (CL01) was included within any permission granted.
- 2.12.4 Subsequently, a Stage I/ Tier I Geo-Environmental Desk Study Report by JPC Environmental Services was produced (ref. NE22/009/SITI Rev.00, dated 31<sup>st</sup> August 2022). The report identified several potential on-site and off-site sources of contamination, resulting in a recommendation to undertake a Stage I/ Tier II Ground Investigation.
- 2.12.5 The Stage I/ Tier II Ground Investigation, also by JPC Environmental Services, (ref. NE22/009/SITII Rev.00, dated 9<sup>th</sup> November 2022) comprised a site-wide ground investigation to allow for geochemical soil testing and to enable a ground gas risk assessment. The investigation identified elevated concentrations of Petroleum Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAHs) within three samples of Made Ground, when compared to the most stringent screening criteria of 'residential with homegrown produce end use'. These elevated concentrations were found at depths between 0.10mbgl to 1.00mbgl. The recorded ground gas concentrations classified the site as a Characteristic Situation 2 under CIRIA C665. It was recommended that a supplementary investigation was completed to delineate the areas of contamination, as well as the production of a Stage II Options Appraisal and Remediation Strategy.

### 3 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

#### 3.1 Introduction

3.1.1 The “conceptual site model” is a simplified representation of the ground conditions that exist on-site, which is subsequently used to assess the potential risk to human and environmental receptors. According to the Land Contamination Risk Management (LCRM) guidance, “A conceptual site model is a representation of the characteristics of the site. It shows the possible relationships between contaminants, pathways, and receptors”.

3.1.2 Although the model is formulated during the initial phase of the investigation it is subject to change, as new information comes to light, and our understanding of the site improves. It is central to the risk assessment process and therefore must consider all potential relationships and interactions.

3.1.3 There are four key aspects to the model, these are:

Table 11: Conceptual Site Model Key Aspects

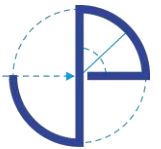
<b>Source(s)</b>	These can include current or historic activities taking place either on or adjacent to the site, which may have had a negative impact on surface or sub-surface soils, or groundwater.
<b>Pathway(s)</b>	This is the route by which contaminants travel / migrate between their source and any available receptor.
<b>Receptor(s)</b>	These are varied and can include human or non-human organisms and eco-systems; controlled waters such as groundwater or surface water bodies; and structures or individual construction materials.
<b>Pollutant linkage(s)</b>	These exist where all three of the previous elements are present, indicating that the “link” between an identified source and a potential receptor via a pathway.

#### 3.2 Potential Sources of Contamination

3.2.1 Records for potential sources of contamination on-site and within 250m of the site are presented below in **Table 12**.

Table 12: Summary of Potential Sources of Contamination

<b>On-Site</b>	<b>Description</b>
Current Land Use and Activities	Potential for Made Ground in the south-east and that which is associated with former demolished buildings across the site.
Historical Land Use and Activities	Agricultural activities.
<b>Off-Site</b>	<b>Description</b>
Current Land Use and Activities	Moat, fishpond, Flemings Hall Farm and associated agricultural activities.
Historical Land Use and Activities	Tanks, waste exemptions, infilled pond and abandoned/ raised railway.



### 3.3 Potential Contaminant Pathways

Table 13: Identified Potential Pathways

Pathway
Inhalation - Potential inhalation of contaminants in dust/ fibrous form.
Ingestion - Future site users could ingest small quantities of soil derived dust originating from soft landscaped areas or disturbed ground.
Dermal absorption - Contaminants present within surface or sub-surface soils/ fill material can enter the human body through the skin or via open wounds.
Buried services - If elevated levels of petroleum hydrocarbons are present within surface/ subsurface soils, then 'plastic' drinking water pipe can become compromised.
Migration/ Leaching - Potential for migration of contaminants through soil/ groundwater.

### 3.4 Potential Contaminant Receptors

Table 14: Identified Potential Receptors

Receptor
Future site users - Future site users could be affected by contaminants in the soil, entering the mains water system or ground gas entering the building.
Construction workers - Workers involved with future site clearance and preparatory work will be exposed to contaminants present within on-site soil, should they exist.
Buildings and Infrastructure - Modern construction techniques can cause accumulations of gas, if gas is able to accumulate within new, or converted, buildings there is potential for an explosion.
Buried services - Plastic drinking water pipes are vulnerable to petroleum hydrocarbons.
On-site soil - Particularly close to the surface, may have been impacted by historic activities.

### 3.5 Plausible Pollutant Linkages

- 3.5.1 Using the 'source – pathway – receptor' tables above, potential pollutant linkages are identified. An assessment of the likely significance of each linkage is then considered, which would include; the possible extent and mobility of the source; the sensitivity of the receptor and the type of migration/ exposure pathways.
- 3.5.2 An assessment of the probability and the magnitude of potential risk is presented below to give a valuation of each potential pollutant linkage identified and their significance.
- 3.5.3 This assessment is undertaken based on the current proposal for the site at the time of issuing this report, which the conversion of existing barns to residential end use.
- 3.5.4 This qualitative risk assessment has been undertaken in accordance with CIRIA C552: Contaminated Land Risk Assessment, A Guide to Good Practice (Rudland et al., 2001).
- 3.5.5 The level of potential risk ascribed to each linkage is based on the following criteria:

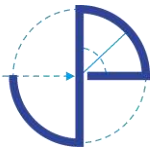
Table 15: Risk Classification

Risk Classification	Description
Very high risk	There is a high probability that severe harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard at the site without appropriate remedial action.
High risk	Harm is likely to arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard at the site without appropriate remedial action.
Moderate risk	It is possible that without appropriate remedial action harm could arise to a designated receptor but it is relatively unlikely that any such harm would be severe, and if any harm were to occur it is more likely that such harm would be relatively mild.
Low risk	It is possible that harm could arise to a designated receptor from an identified hazard but is likely that, at worst, this harm if realised would normally be mild.
Negligible risk	The presence of an identified hazard does not give rise to the potential to cause significant harm to a designated receptor.

3.5.6 The following potential pollutant linkages have been identified and are outlined within **Table 16** below:

Table 16: Risk Assessment

Assessment	Comments	Risk Characterisation
<b>Source</b>		
Potential for on-site pollutants	The site comprises a collection of barns which are mainly used for ad-hoc domestic storage, however the barn in the northern corner has been converted for residential use. The main soft landscaping area is used for a residential garden. The concrete hardstanding to the south-east may comprise Made Ground beneath. The historic maps indicate multiple barns have been demolished in the past, which would indicate Made Ground could be present across the wider soft landscaping area.	Low to moderate
<b>Pathway</b>		
Potential for pollutants to migrate on-site	The site is adjacent Hall Road and a farmyard is immediately adjacent 10m south-west. The farmyard is predominately hardstanding, which would enable lateral migration on to site in high precipitation events.	Moderate
Potential for pollutants to migrate off-site	The site is relatively flat and mainly covered in soft landscaping, reducing the risk of lateral migration. Downwards migration is also limited by the cohesive nature of the underlying soils.	Low
<b>Receptor</b>		



Assessment	Comments	Risk Characterisation
Environmental risk to human health	The proposed development will lead to an increase in people occupying and visiting the site. Due to the site history, there is a risk to human health.	Low to moderate
Environmental risk to controlled waters	Potential sources of contamination which could affect controlled waters have not been identified.	Low
Environmental risk to Biota	The impact to biota on site is low based on the proposed development.	Low
Hazards to buildings – excluding ground gas	Potential hazards to buildings have not been identified.	Low
<b>Litigation</b>		
Environmental litigation (Part IIA)	Part IIA only applies to land with chemical contamination, where the contaminants pose an unacceptable risk to human health or the wider environment. It is highly unlikely the site would fall into this category.	Low
Owner liability	Potential liability issues have been identified but will likely be addressed during the planning regime.	Moderate
<b>Development Implications</b>		
Potential for soil remediation	Localised remediation may be required within soft landscaping; however, a ground investigation will clarify this risk.	Low to moderate
Potential for groundwater remediation	Whilst potential sources of contamination have been identified which could impact groundwater, it is unlikely groundwater remediation would be required due to the cohesive nature of the underlying soils and lack of nearby surface water features.	Low
Potential for gas protection measures	Potential sources of ground gas have not been identified. Whilst a moat abuts the northern site boundary and may have some organic content within, which could produce limited ground gas, it is unlikely to be able to migrate laterally on to site through cohesive soils.	Low
Special requirements for water supply pipes	Specialist pipework is unlikely to be required, however we would advise you discuss this with Anglian Water.	Low
Potential limitations on foundation design	We recommend specialist advice is sought to assess potential geotechnical limitations for the proposed development.	n/a
Risk of encountering materials classed as hazardous waste	Asbestos containing materials (ACM) have not been identified.	Low

## 4 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

4.1.1 Based on the information obtained and reviewed as part of this preliminary assessment, JPC Environmental Services would advise the following:

### Stage I/ Tier II Ground Investigation

4.1.2 We would recommend a Stage I/ Tier II Ground Investigation is completed across the site. The investigation would likely comprise a series of hand excavated boreholes to a maximum depth of 1.00mbgl in proposed soft landscaping areas. Soil samples should be retrieved at a range of depths for off-site laboratory testing for a typical range of contaminants.

## 5 REFERENCES

BS10175: 2011 +A2:2017 “Investigation of Potentially Contaminated Sites - Code of Practice”. British Standards Institution.

Building Research Establishment. 2005. Concrete in aggressive ground. Special Digest 1. Third Edition.

Building Research Establishment. 2015. Report No BR211, Radon: guidance on protection measures for new dwellings.

Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs. 2011. Guidelines for Environmental Risk Assessment and management (Also known as Greenleaves III).

Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs : 2012: Contaminated Land Statutory Guidance, Environmental Protection Act 1990: Part 2A, April 2012.

Environment Agency. 2016. GPLC2 – FAQs, technical information and references.

Environment Agency and Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs. 2017. Groundwater Protection.

Environment Agency, 2021: Land Contamination Risk Management (LCRM).

Health & Safety Executive: 2013 : Approved Code of Practice: Managing & working with asbestos. Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012.

Health & Safety Executive. 1991. Protection of Workers and the General Public during Development of Contaminated Land. HMSO.

LQM/CIEH. 2015. The LQM/CIEH S4ULs for Human Health Risk Assessment, Land Quality Press, Nottingham.

Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government. 2021. National Planning Policy Framework.

NHBC & RSK Group. 2007. Guidance on the Evaluation of Development Proposals on-sites where Methane and Carbon Dioxide are Present. Report No 10627-R01 (04).

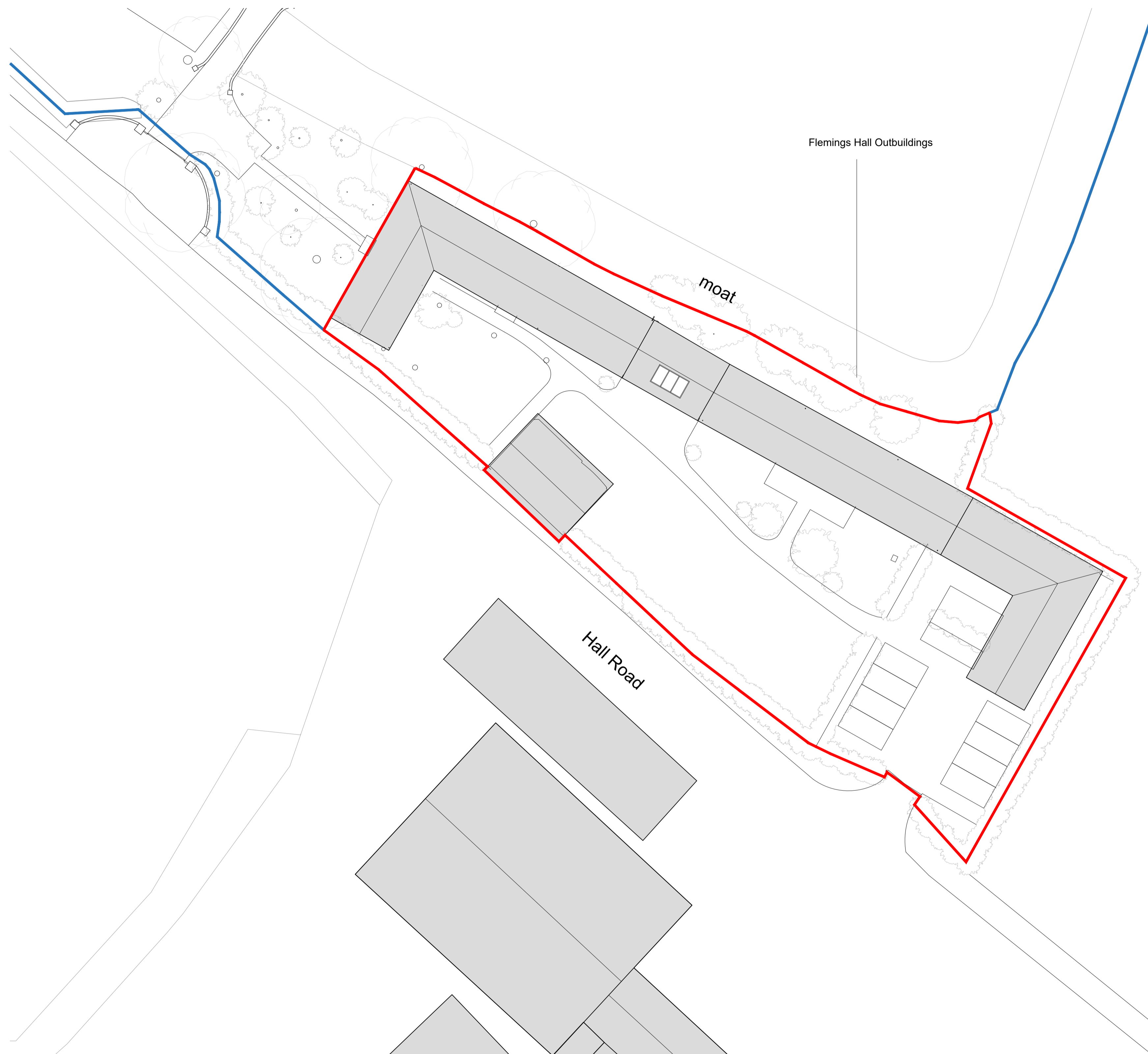
Statutory Instruments: 2012: Environmental Protection, England. Contaminated Land (England) (Amendment) Regulations 2012 No. 263 coming into force 6th April 2012.

Statutory Instruments: 2012: Health and Safety. The Control of Asbestos Regulations 2012. No. 262 coming into force 6th April 2012.

Water Regulations Advisory Scheme. 2002. Information and Guidance Note No. 9-04-03.

## Appendix A – Architect’s Layout Plan





0 4m 20m  
Scale 1:500  
PROPOSED SITE PLAN  
SCALE 1:500 @ A1



0 10m 50m  
Scale 1:1250  
EXISTING LOCATION PLAN  
SCALE 1:1250 @ A1

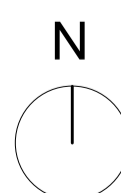


0 10m 50m  
Scale 1:1250  
PROPOSED LOCATION PLAN  
SCALE 1:1250 @ A1

fieldwork

www.fieldworkarchitects.co.uk info@fieldworkarchitects.co.uk

Do not scale from drawing.  
The author of this drawing takes no responsibility for any dimensions obtained by measuring or scaling from this drawing and no reliance may be placed on such dimensions. If no dimension is given it is the responsibility of the recipient to ascertain the dimension specifically from the author or by site measurement.  
The sizing of all structural and service elements must always be checked against the relevant engineer's drawings. No reliance should be placed upon sizing information shown on this drawing.  
All areas are approximate and measured off preliminary drawings. They relate to the likely area of the building at the current state of the design and using the stated option either in accordance to client standards or the RICS Code of Measuring Practice, 8th Edition, RICS/ISVA. Any decisions to be made on the basis of these predictions, whether as to project viability, pre-letting, lease agreements or the like should include due allowances for the increases and decreases inherent in the design development and building process.  
Report all drawing errors, omissions and discrepancies to the architect.



— SITE BOUNDARY LINE

REV	DATE	NOTES	INT
00	06.10.23	Planning Submission	

PROJECT TITLE FLEMINGS HALL	
DRAWING TITLE EXISTING AND PROPOSED SITE PLAN	DRAWN FW CHECKED FW
DRAWING NO. 20013_PL_001	SCALE AS SHOWN REVISION 00

## Appendix B – Site Location Plan

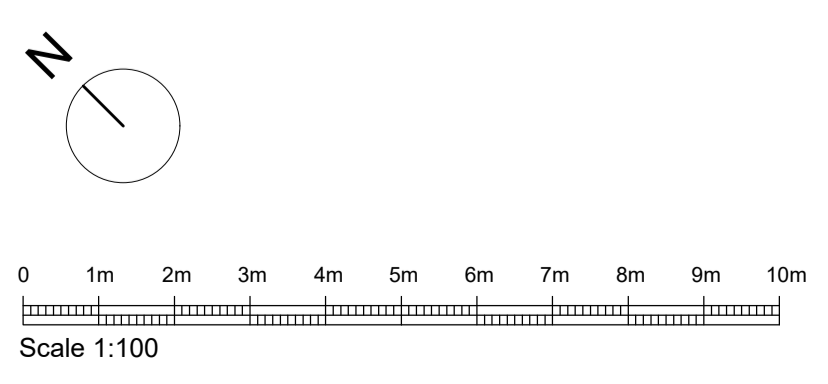


**KEY**

- 1. Parking
- 2. Landscaping
- 3. Outbuilding 1 bed
- 4. Outbuilding 3 bed
- 5. Outbuilding 2 bed
- 6. Spa
- 7. Family dwelling
- 8. Old barn
- 9. Bin store space
- 10. Roof
- 11. Rooflight
- 12. Neighbours property

PROPOSED ROOF PLAN  
SCALE 1:100 @ A1

Do not scale from drawing.  
The author of this drawing takes no responsibility for any dimensions obtained by measuring or scaling from this drawing and no reliance may be placed on such dimensions. If no dimension is given it is the responsibility of the recipient to ascertain the dimension specifically from the author or by site measurement.  
The sizing of all structural and service elements must always be checked against the relevant engineer's drawings. No reliance should be placed upon sizing information shown on this drawing.  
All areas are approximate and measured off preliminary drawings. They relate to the likely area of the building at the current state of the design and using the stated option either in accordance to client standards or the RICS Code of Measuring Practice, 8th Edition, RICS/ISVA. Any decisions to be made on the basis of these predictions, whether as to project viability, pre-letting, lease agreements or the like should include due allowances for the increases and decreases inherent in the design development and building process.  
Report all drawing errors, omissions and discrepancies to the architect.



--- BOUNDARY LINE

REV	DATE	NOTES
00	06.10.23	Planning Submission

INT	PROJECT TITLE FLEMINGS HALL
	DRAWING TITLE PROPOSED ROOF PLAN
	DRAWING NO. 20013_PL_111
	DRAWN FW CHECKED FW SCALE AS SHOWN REVISION 00

**fieldwork**

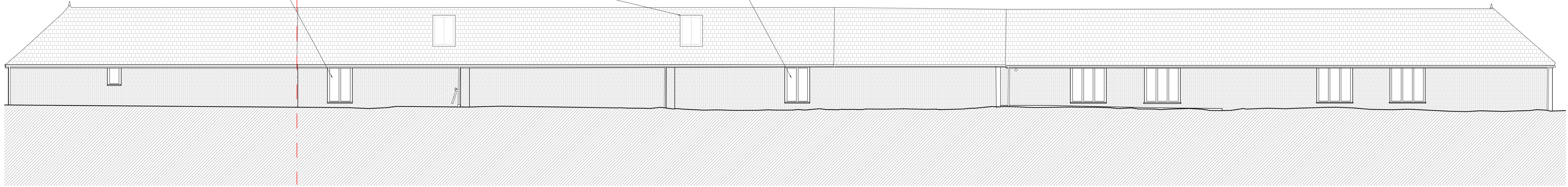
www.fieldworkarchitects.co.uk info@fieldworkarchitects.co.uk

NEW EXTENSION RENNOVATION

Barn vertical timber windows to match existing. Opaque glazing

Openable rooflights

Barn vertical timber windows to match existing. Opaque glazing

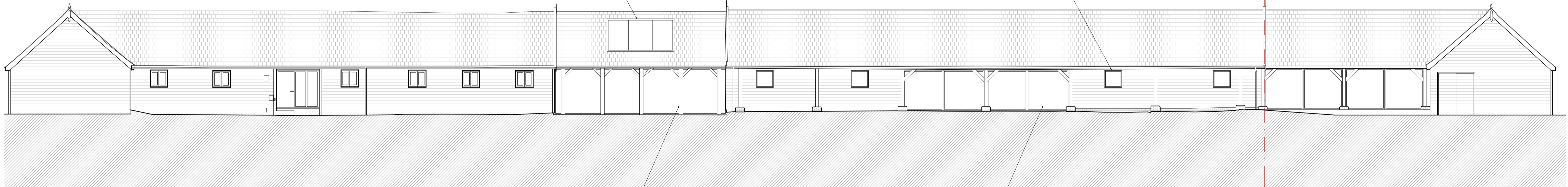


01 PROPOSED NORTH (EAST) ELEVATION  
SCALE 1:100 @ A1

RENNOVATION NEW EXTENSION

New roof to pergola to match existing. New Rooflight centered in the front roof slope

Existing roof and facade retained with glazed openings to match existing



02 PROPOSED SOUTH (EAST) ELEVATION  
SCALE 1:100 @ A1

Existing pergola to remain and become enclosed communal spa

Sliding doors to link connection communal spa

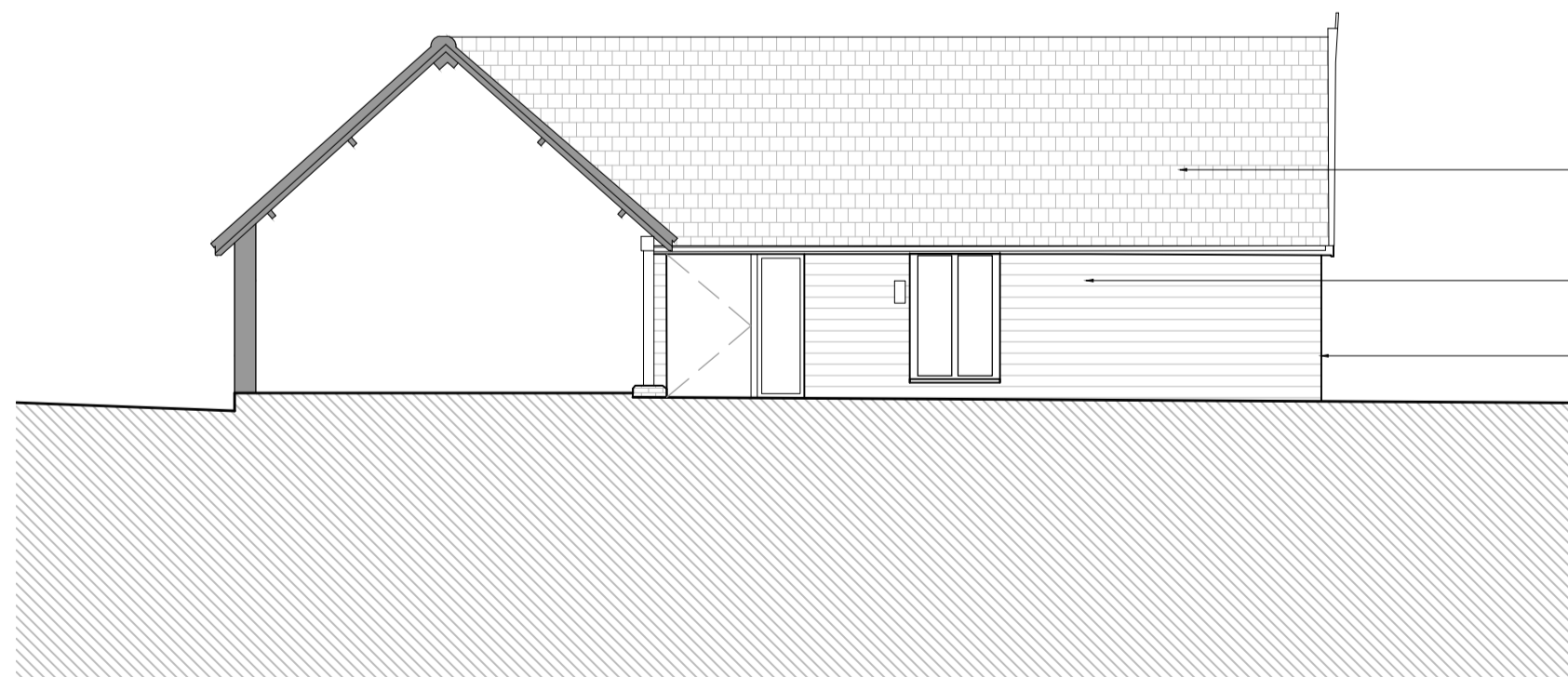
NEW EXTENSION

NEW EXTENSION

New roof tiles to match existing

Barn vertical timber windows to match existing

New timber cladding to match existing

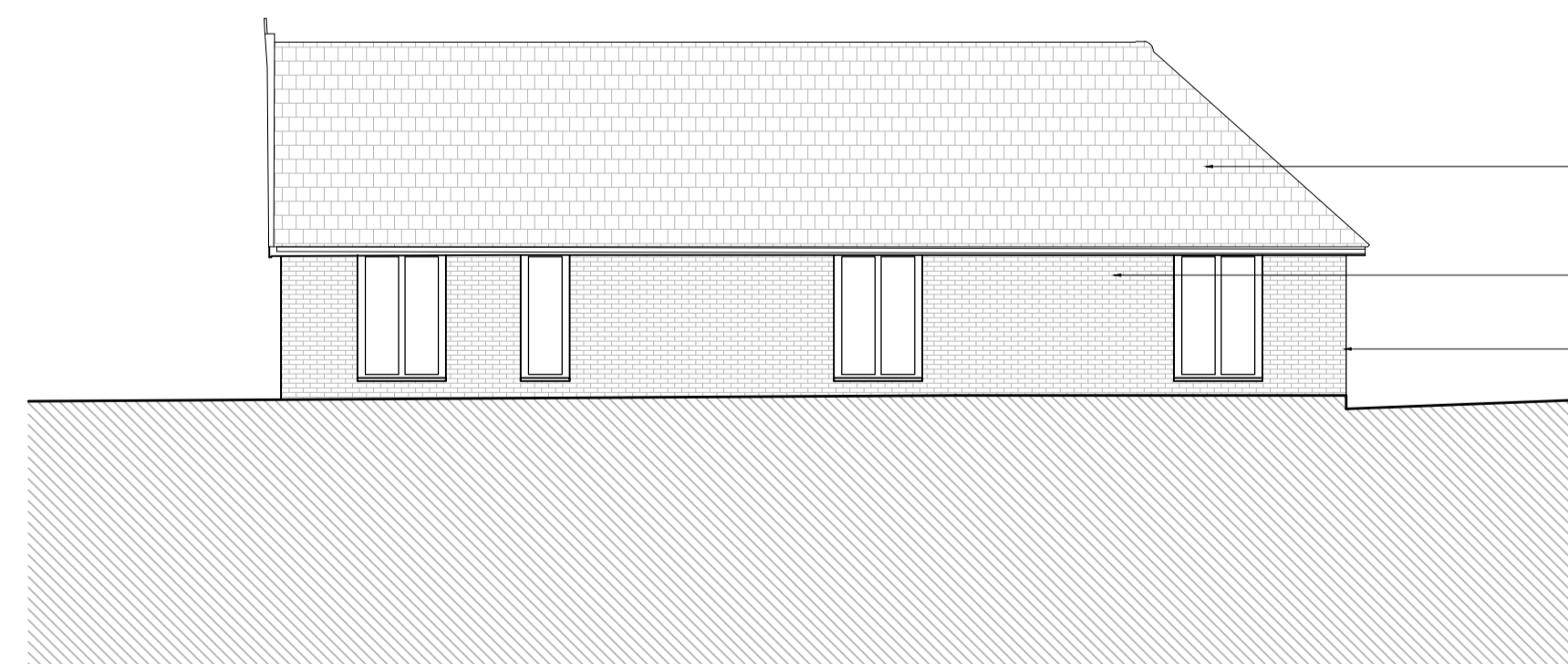


03 EXISTING SECTION A  
SCALE 1:100 @ A1

New roof tiles to match existing

Barn vertical timber windows to match existing

New brickwork to match existing



04 EXISTING SOUTH (EAST) ELEVATION  
SCALE 1:100 @ A1

Do not scale from drawing.

The author of this drawing takes no responsibility for any dimensions obtained by measuring or scaling from this drawing and no reliance may be placed on such dimensions. It is the responsibility of the recipient to ascertain the dimension specifically from the author or by site measurement.

The sizing of all structural and service elements must always be checked against the relevant engineer's drawings. No reliance should be placed upon sizing information shown on this drawing.

All areas are approximate and measured off preliminary drawings. They relate to the likely area of the building at the current state of the design and using the stated option either in accordance to client standards or the RICS Code of Measuring Practice, 8th Edition, RICS/ISVA. Any decisions to be made on the basis of these predictions, whether as to project viability, pre-letting, lease agreements or the like should include due allowances for the increases and decreases inherent in the design development and building process.

Report all drawing errors, omissions and discrepancies to the architect.

fieldwork

www.fieldworkarchitects.co.uk info@fieldworkarchitects.co.uk

0 2m 10m  
Scale 1:200

--- BOUNDARY LINE

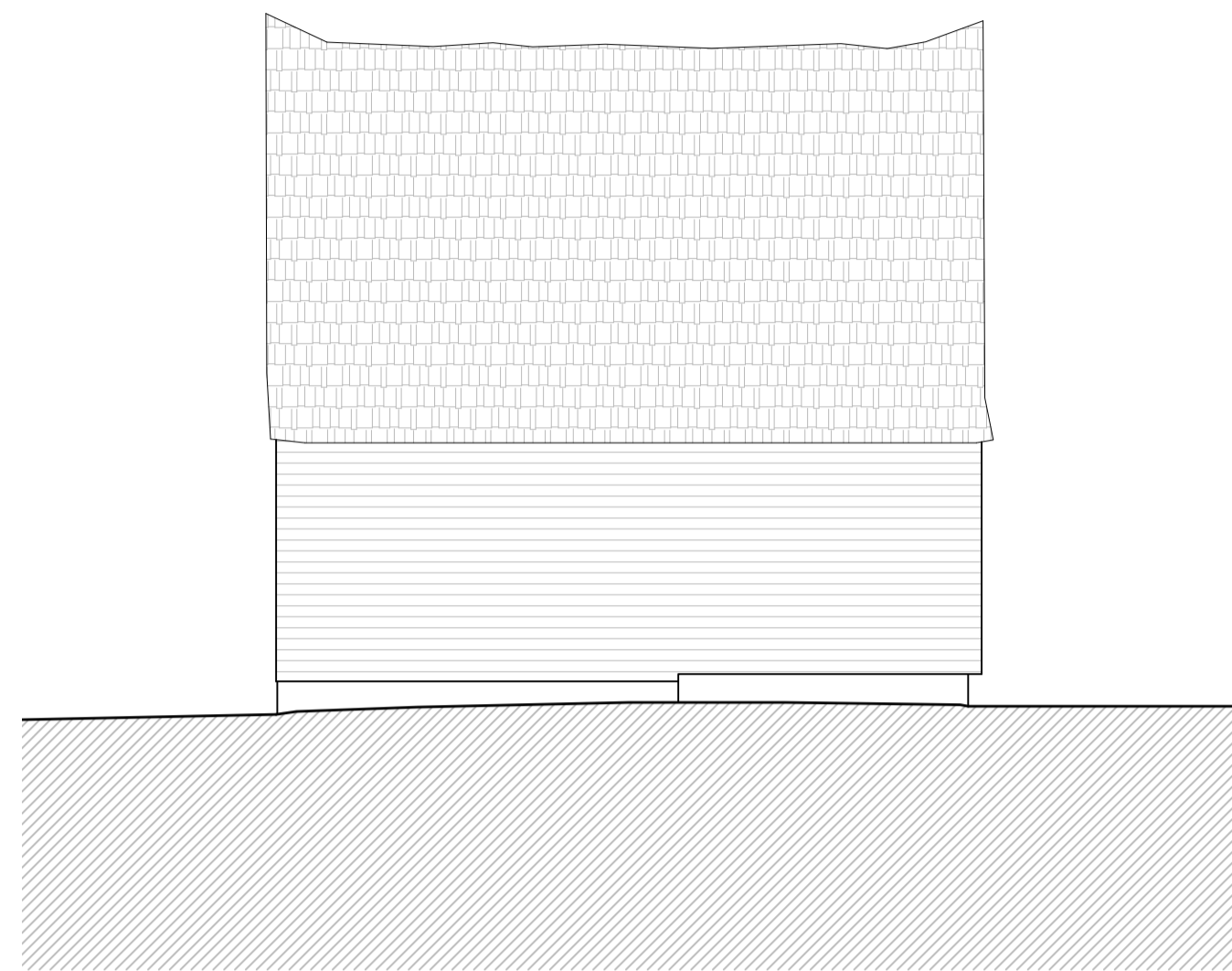
REV	DATE	NOTES	INT
00	06.10.23	Planning Submission	

PROJECT TITLE  
FLEMINGS HALL

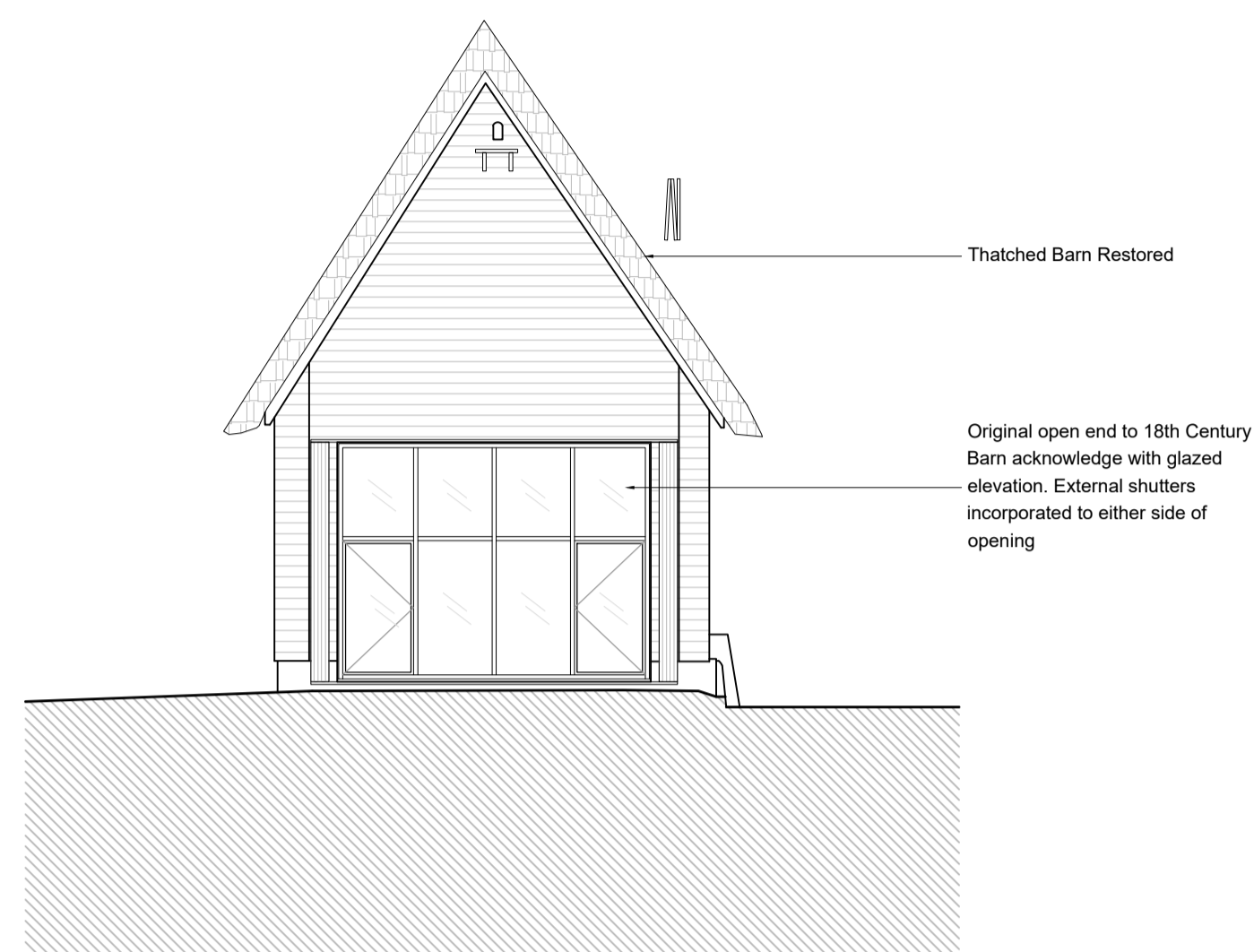
DRAWING TITLE  
PROPOSED ELEVATIONS  
AND SECTION A

DRAWING NO.  
20013\_PL\_120

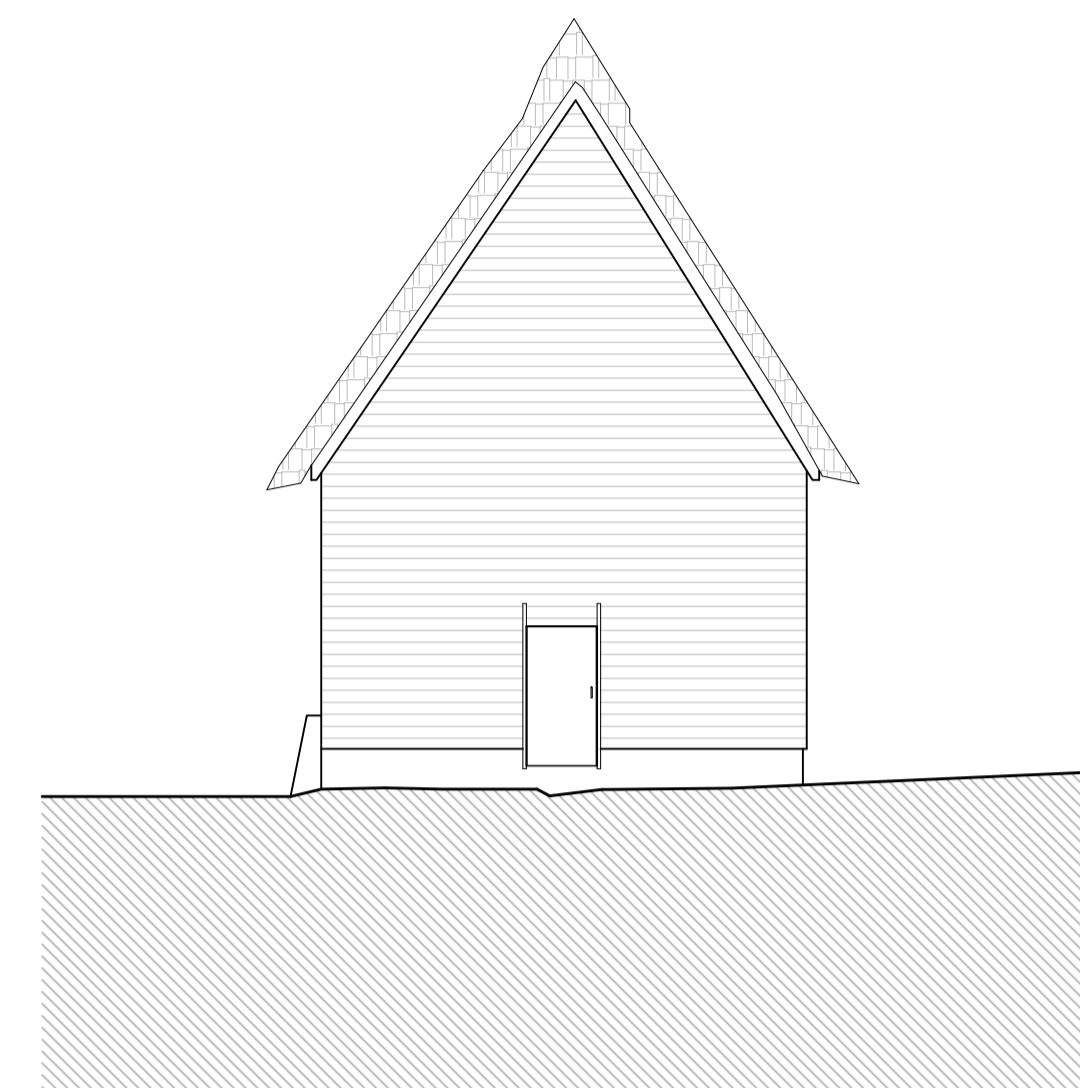
DRAWN  
FW  
CHECKED  
FW  
SCALE  
AS SHOWN  
REVISION  
00



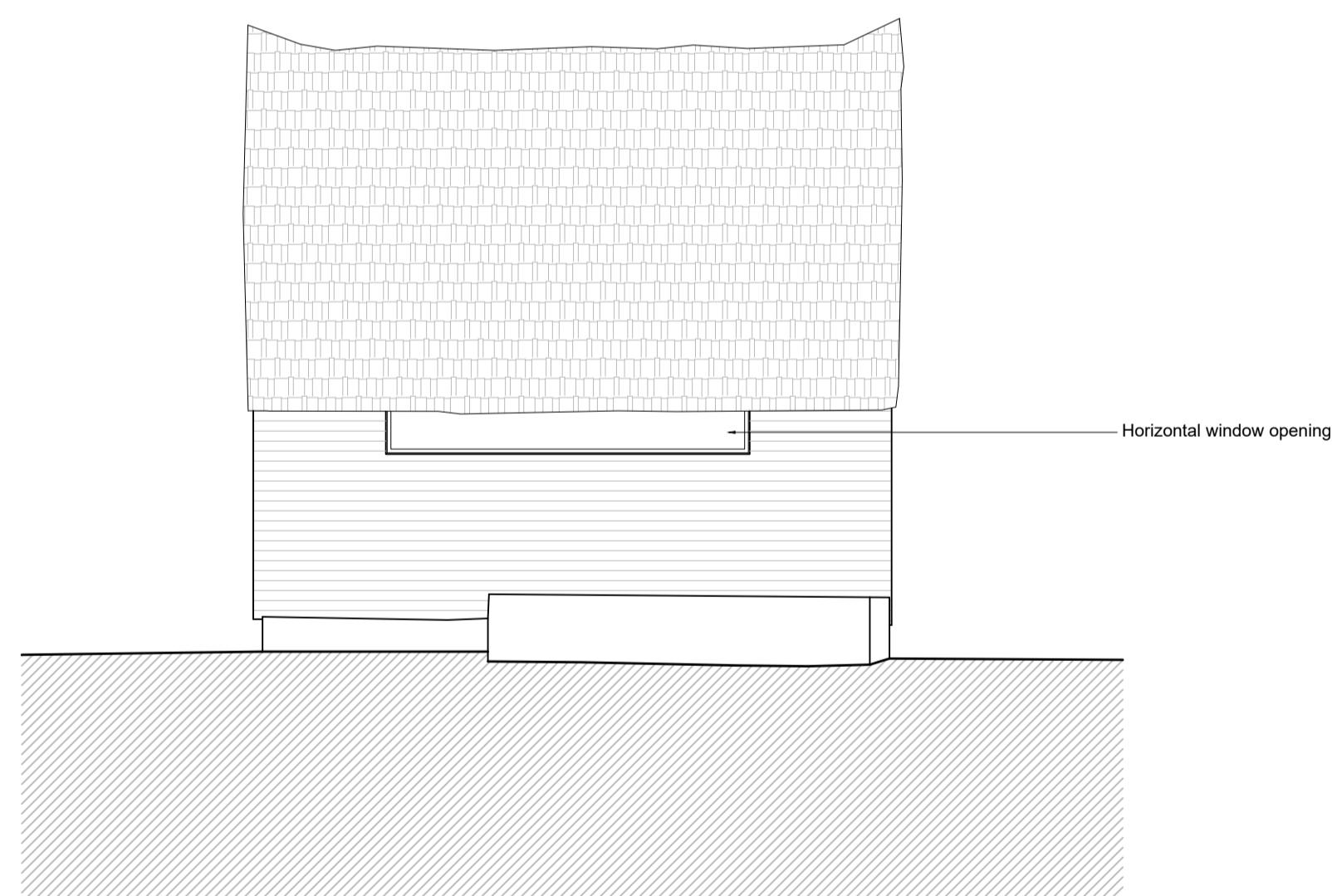
01 PROPOSED SOUTH ELEVATION  
SCALE 1:100 @ A1



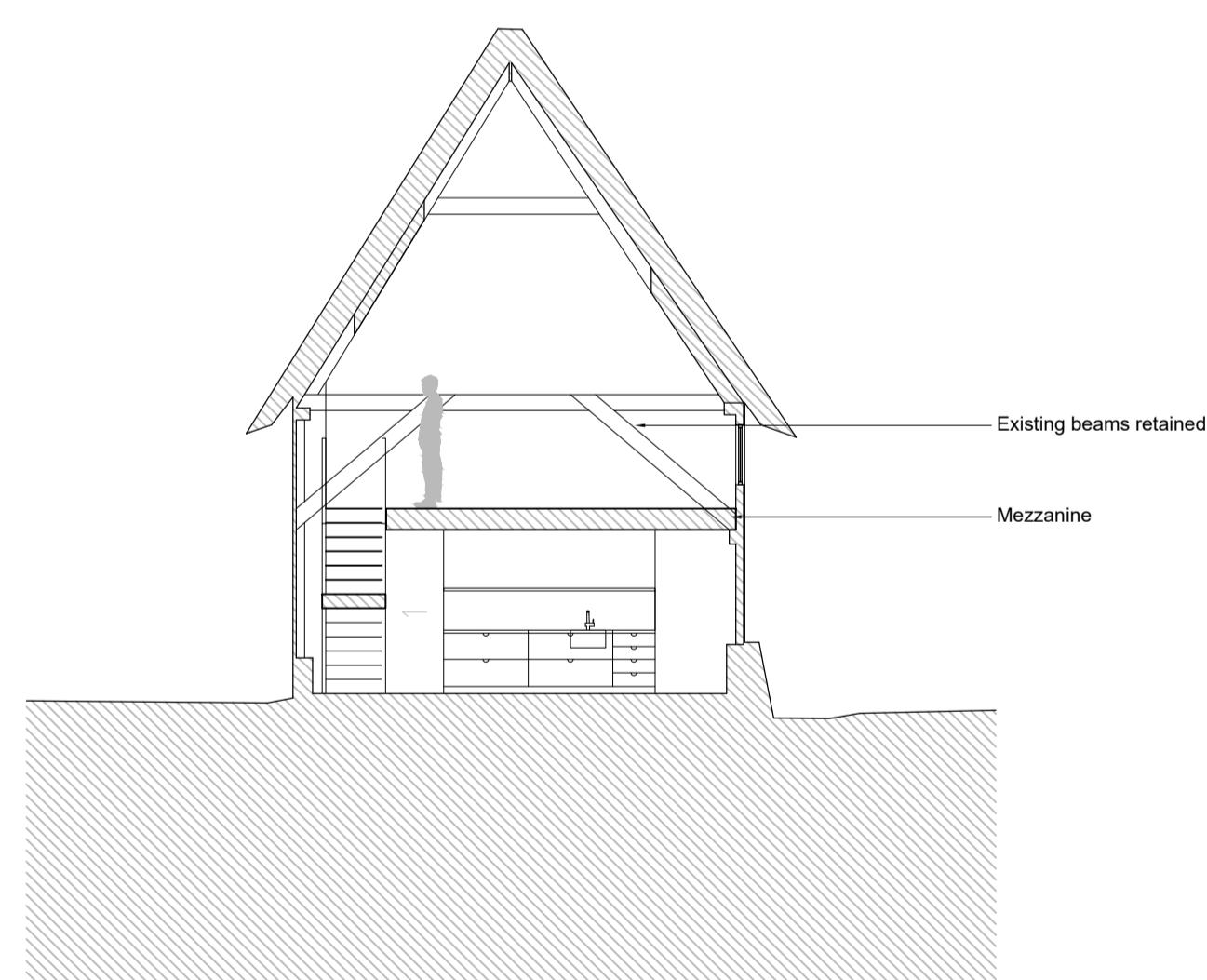
02 PROPOSED EAST ELEVATION  
SCALE 1:100 @ A1



03 PROPOSED WEST ELEVATION  
SCALE 1:100 @ A1



04 PROPOSED NORTH ELEVATION  
SCALE 1:100 @ A1

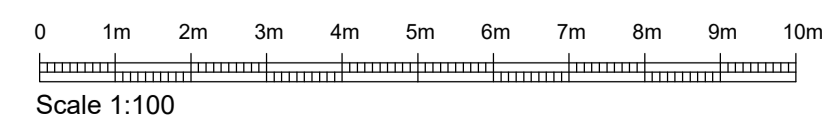


04 PROPOSED SECTION B  
SCALE 1:100 @ A1

fieldwork

www.fieldworkarchitects.co.uk info@fieldworkarchitects.co.uk

Do not scale from drawing.  
The author of this drawing takes no responsibility for any dimensions obtained by measuring or scaling from this drawing and no reliance may be placed on such dimensions. If no dimension is given it is the responsibility of the recipient to ascertain the dimension specifically from the author or by site measurement.  
The sizing of all structural and service elements must always be checked against the relevant engineer's drawings. No reliance should be placed upon sizing information shown on this drawing.  
All areas are approximate and measured off preliminary drawings. They relate to the likely area of the building at the current state of the design and using the stated option either in accordance to client standards or the RICS Code of Measuring Practice, 6th Edition, RICS/ISVA. Any decisions to be made on the basis of these predictions, whether as to project viability, pre-letting, lease agreements or the like should include due allowances for the increases and decreases inherent in the design development and building process.  
Report all drawing errors, omissions and discrepancies to the architect.



— BOUNDARY LINE

REV	DATE	NOTES	INT	PROJECT TITLE
00	06.10.23	Planning Submission	-	FLEMINGS HALL
DRAWING TITLE				DRAWN
PROPOSED OLD BARN ELEVATIONS AND SECTION B				FW
DRAWING NO.				CHECKED
20013_PL_121				FW
SCALE				AS SHOWN
REVISION				00

## Appendix C – Site Photographs



**Figure 1:** View of the southern site entrance looking to Hall Road.



**Figure 2:** Hardstanding present in the southern section.



**Figure 3:** View inside one of the barns.



**Figure 4:** View of the site looking north-west.

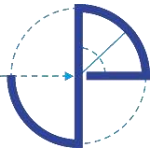


**Figure 5:** View inside the thatched barn.



**Figure 6:** View of the northern site entrance.





## Appendix D – GroundSure Report

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD, BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Order Details**

**Date:** 06/11/2023  
**Your ref:** IE23-097  
**Our Ref:** GS-ELX-A2P-5S3-MV6

**Site Details**

**Location:** 619253 267841  
**Area:** 0.23 ha  
**Authority:** [Mid Suffolk District Council](#) ↗



**Summary of findings**

[p. 2 >](#)

**Aerial image**

[p. 9 >](#)

**OS MasterMap site plan**

[p.13 >](#)

[groundsure.com/insightuserguide](https://groundsure.com/insightuserguide) ↗

## Summary of findings

Page	Section	<a href="#">Past land use &gt;</a>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
14	1.1	Historical industrial land uses	0	0	0	0	-
<a href="#">15 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">1.2 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">Historical tanks &gt;</a>	0	1	0	0	-
15	1.3	Historical energy features	0	0	0	0	-
15	1.4	Historical petrol stations	0	0	0	0	-
16	1.5	Historical garages	0	0	0	0	-
16	1.6	Historical military land	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Past land use - un-grouped &gt;</a>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
17	2.1	Historical industrial land uses	0	0	0	0	-
<a href="#">18 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">2.2 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">Historical tanks &gt;</a>	0	2	0	0	-
18	2.3	Historical energy features	0	0	0	0	-
18	2.4	Historical petrol stations	0	0	0	0	-
18	2.5	Historical garages	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Waste and landfill &gt;</a>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
19	3.1	Active or recent landfill	0	0	0	0	-
19	3.2	Historical landfill (BGS records)	0	0	0	0	-
20	3.3	Historical landfill (LA/mapping records)	0	0	0	0	-
20	3.4	Historical landfill (EA/NRW records)	0	0	0	0	-
20	3.5	Historical waste sites	0	0	0	0	-
20	3.6	Licensed waste sites	0	0	0	0	-
<a href="#">20 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">3.7 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">Waste exemptions &gt;</a>	0	14	9	0	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Current industrial land use &gt;</a>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
23	4.1	Recent industrial land uses	0	0	0	-	-
23	4.2	Current or recent petrol stations	0	0	0	0	-
24	4.3	Electricity cables	0	0	0	0	-
24	4.4	Gas pipelines	0	0	0	0	-
24	4.5	Sites determined as Contaminated Land	0	0	0	0	-



24	4.6	Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH)	0	0	0	0	-
24	4.7	Regulated explosive sites	0	0	0	0	-
25	4.8	Hazardous substance storage/usage	0	0	0	0	-
25	4.9	Historical licensed industrial activities (IPC)	0	0	0	0	-
<b>25 &gt;</b>	<b>4.10 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Licensed industrial activities (Part A(1)) &gt;</u></b>	0	0	0	<b>1</b>	-
25	4.11	Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)	0	0	0	0	-
26	4.12	Radioactive Substance Authorisations	0	0	0	0	-
26	4.13	Licensed Discharges to controlled waters	0	0	0	0	-
26	4.14	Pollutant release to surface waters (Red List)	0	0	0	0	-
26	4.15	Pollutant release to public sewer	0	0	0	0	-
26	4.16	List 1 Dangerous Substances	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.17	List 2 Dangerous Substances	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.18	Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.19	Pollution inventory substances	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.20	Pollution inventory waste transfers	0	0	0	0	-
27	4.21	Pollution inventory radioactive waste	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<b><u>Hydrogeology &gt;</u></b>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<b>28 &gt;</b>	<b>5.1 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Superficial aquifer &gt;</u></b>	Identified (within 500m)				
<b>29 &gt;</b>	<b>5.2 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Bedrock aquifer &gt;</u></b>	Identified (within 500m)				
<b>30 &gt;</b>	<b>5.3 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Groundwater vulnerability &gt;</u></b>	Identified (within 50m)				
31	5.4	Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk	None (within 0m)				
31	5.5	Groundwater vulnerability- local information	None (within 0m)				
<b>32 &gt;</b>	<b>5.6 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Groundwater abstractions &gt;</u></b>	0	0	0	0	12
35	5.7	Surface water abstractions	0	0	0	0	0
<b>35 &gt;</b>	<b>5.8 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Potable abstractions &gt;</u></b>	0	0	0	0	10
<b>38 &gt;</b>	<b>5.9 &gt;</b>	<b><u>Source Protection Zones &gt;</u></b>	1	0	0	0	-
38	5.10	Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<b><u>Hydrology &gt;</u></b>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
39	6.1	Water Network (OS MasterMap)	0	0	0	-	-



<a href="#">39</a> >	<a href="#">6.2</a> >	<a href="#">Surface water features</a> >	1	1	0	-	-
<a href="#">40</a> >	<a href="#">6.3</a> >	<a href="#">WFD Surface water body catchments</a> >	1	-	-	-	-
<a href="#">40</a> >	<a href="#">6.4</a> >	<a href="#">WFD Surface water bodies</a> >	0	0	0	-	-
<a href="#">41</a> >	<a href="#">6.5</a> >	<a href="#">WFD Groundwater bodies</a> >	1	-	-	-	-

Page	Section	River and coastal flooding	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
42	7.1	Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea	None (within 50m)				
42	7.2	Historical Flood Events	0	0	0	-	-
42	7.3	Flood Defences	0	0	0	-	-
43	7.4	Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences	0	0	0	-	-
43	7.5	Flood Storage Areas	0	0	0	-	-
44	7.6	Flood Zone 2	None (within 50m)				
44	7.7	Flood Zone 3	None (within 50m)				

Page	Section	<a href="#">Surface water flooding</a> >					
<a href="#">45</a> >	<a href="#">8.1</a> >	<a href="#">Surface water flooding</a> >	1 in 30 year, 0.3m - 1.0m (within 50m)				

Page	Section	<a href="#">Groundwater flooding</a> >					
<a href="#">47</a> >	<a href="#">9.1</a> >	<a href="#">Groundwater flooding</a> >	Low (within 50m)				

Page	Section	Environmental designations	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
48	10.1	Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)	0	0	0	0	0
48	10.2	Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)	0	0	0	0	0
48	10.3	Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)	0	0	0	0	0
48	10.4	Special Protection Areas (SPA)	0	0	0	0	0
49	10.5	National Nature Reserves (NNR)	0	0	0	0	0
49	10.6	Local Nature Reserves (LNR)	0	0	0	0	0
49	10.7	Designated Ancient Woodland	0	0	0	0	0
49	10.8	Biosphere Reserves	0	0	0	0	0
50	10.9	Forest Parks	0	0	0	0	0
50	10.10	Marine Conservation Zones	0	0	0	0	0
50	10.11	Green Belt	0	0	0	0	0
50	10.12	Proposed Ramsar sites	0	0	0	0	0



50	10.13	Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)	0	0	0	0	0
51	10.14	Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)	0	0	0	0	0
51	10.15	Nitrate Sensitive Areas	0	0	0	0	0
<a href="#">51</a> >	<a href="#">10.16</a> >	<a href="#">Nitrate Vulnerable Zones</a> >	3	0	0	0	2
<a href="#">52</a> >	<a href="#">10.17</a> >	<a href="#">SSSI Impact Risk Zones</a> >	1	-	-	-	-
53	10.18	SSSI Units	0	0	0	0	0
Page	Section	<a href="#">Visual and cultural designations</a> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
54	11.1	World Heritage Sites	0	0	0	-	-
55	11.2	Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty	0	0	0	-	-
55	11.3	National Parks	0	0	0	-	-
<a href="#">55</a> >	<a href="#">11.4</a> >	<a href="#">Listed Buildings</a> >	0	1	0	-	-
56	11.5	Conservation Areas	0	0	0	-	-
56	11.6	Scheduled Ancient Monuments	0	0	0	-	-
56	11.7	Registered Parks and Gardens	0	0	0	-	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Agricultural designations</a> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<a href="#">57</a> >	<a href="#">12.1</a> >	<a href="#">Agricultural Land Classification</a> >	Grade 3 (within 250m)				
58	12.2	Open Access Land	0	0	0	-	-
58	12.3	Tree Felling Licences	0	0	0	-	-
58	12.4	Environmental Stewardship Schemes	0	0	0	-	-
<a href="#">58</a> >	<a href="#">12.5</a> >	<a href="#">Countryside Stewardship Schemes</a> >	1	1	0	-	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Habitat designations</a> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<a href="#">59</a> >	<a href="#">13.1</a> >	<a href="#">Priority Habitat Inventory</a> >	0	0	3	-	-
60	13.2	Habitat Networks	0	0	0	-	-
60	13.3	Open Mosaic Habitat	0	0	0	-	-
60	13.4	Limestone Pavement Orders	0	0	0	-	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Geology 1:10,000 scale</a> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<a href="#">61</a> >	<a href="#">14.1</a> >	<a href="#">10k Availability</a> >	Identified (within 500m)				
62	14.2	Artificial and made ground (10k)	0	0	0	0	-
63	14.3	Superficial geology (10k)	0	0	0	0	-

63	14.4	Landslip (10k)	0	0	0	0	-
64	14.5	Bedrock geology (10k)	0	0	0	0	-
64	14.6	Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<b><u>Geology 1:50,000 scale</u></b> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<b>65</b> >	<b>15.1</b> >	<b><u>50k Availability</u></b> >	Identified (within 500m)				
66	15.2	Artificial and made ground (50k)	0	0	0	0	-
66	15.3	Artificial ground permeability (50k)	0	0	-	-	-
<b>67</b> >	<b>15.4</b> >	<b><u>Superficial geology (50k)</u></b> >	1	0	0	0	-
<b>68</b> >	<b>15.5</b> >	<b><u>Superficial permeability (50k)</u></b> >	Identified (within 50m)				
68	15.6	Landslip (50k)	0	0	0	0	-
68	15.7	Landslip permeability (50k)	None (within 50m)				
<b>69</b> >	<b>15.8</b> >	<b><u>Bedrock geology (50k)</u></b> >	1	0	0	0	-
<b>70</b> >	<b>15.9</b> >	<b><u>Bedrock permeability (50k)</u></b> >	Identified (within 50m)				
70	15.10	Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<b>Boreholes</b>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
71	16.1	BGS Boreholes	0	0	0	-	-
Page	Section	<b><u>Natural ground subsidence</u></b> >					
<b>72</b> >	<b>17.1</b> >	<b><u>Shrink swell clays</u></b> >	Low (within 50m)				
<b>73</b> >	<b>17.2</b> >	<b><u>Running sands</u></b> >	Very low (within 50m)				
<b>74</b> >	<b>17.3</b> >	<b><u>Compressible deposits</u></b> >	Negligible (within 50m)				
<b>75</b> >	<b>17.4</b> >	<b><u>Collapsible deposits</u></b> >	Very low (within 50m)				
<b>76</b> >	<b>17.5</b> >	<b><u>Landslides</u></b> >	Very low (within 50m)				
<b>77</b> >	<b>17.6</b> >	<b><u>Ground dissolution of soluble rocks</u></b> >	Negligible (within 50m)				
Page	Section	<b><u>Mining and ground workings</u></b> >	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
79	18.1	BritPits	0	0	0	0	-
<b>80</b> >	<b>18.2</b> >	<b><u>Surface ground workings</u></b> >	3	0	1	-	-
80	18.3	Underground workings	0	0	0	0	0
80	18.4	Underground mining extents	0	0	0	0	-
80	18.5	Historical Mineral Planning Areas	0	0	0	0	-



81	18.6	Non-coal mining	0	0	0	0	0
81	18.7	JPB mining areas	None (within 0m)				
81	18.8	The Coal Authority non-coal mining	0	0	0	0	-
81	18.9	Researched mining	0	0	0	0	-
82	18.10	Mining record office plans	0	0	0	0	-
82	18.11	BGS mine plans	0	0	0	0	-
82	18.12	Coal mining	None (within 0m)				
82	18.13	Brine areas	None (within 0m)				
82	18.14	Gypsum areas	None (within 0m)				
83	18.15	Tin mining	None (within 0m)				
83	18.16	Clay mining	None (within 0m)				
Page	Section	Ground cavities and sinkholes	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
84	19.1	Natural cavities	0	0	0	0	-
84	19.2	Mining cavities	0	0	0	0	0
84	19.3	Reported recent incidents	0	0	0	0	-
84	19.4	Historical incidents	0	0	0	0	-
85	19.5	National karst database	0	0	0	0	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Radon &gt;</a>					
<a href="#">86 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">20.1 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">Radon &gt;</a>	Less than 1% (within 0m)				
Page	Section	<a href="#">Soil chemistry &gt;</a>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
<a href="#">88 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">21.1 &gt;</a>	<a href="#">BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry &gt;</a>	1	0	-	-	-
88	21.2	BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry	0	0	-	-	-
88	21.3	BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry	0	0	-	-	-
Page	Section	<a href="#">Railway infrastructure and projects &gt;</a>	On site	0-50m	50-250m	250-500m	500-2000m
89	22.1	Underground railways (London)	0	0	0	-	-
89	22.2	Underground railways (Non-London)	0	0	0	-	-
90	22.3	Railway tunnels	0	0	0	-	-
90	22.4	Historical railway and tunnel features	0	0	0	-	-
90	22.5	Royal Mail tunnels	0	0	0	-	-





<a href="#">90</a> >	<a href="#">22.6</a> >	<a href="#">Historical railways</a> >	0	0	2	-	-
91	22.7	Railways	0	0	0	-	-
91	22.8	Crossrail 1	0	0	0	0	-
91	22.9	Crossrail 2	0	0	0	0	-
91	22.10	HS2	0	0	0	0	-

## Recent aerial photograph



Aerial photography supplied by Getmapping PLC. © Copyright Getmapping PLC 2023. All Rights Reserved.

Capture Date: 02/06/2021

Site Area: 0.23ha



## Recent site history - 2018 aerial photograph

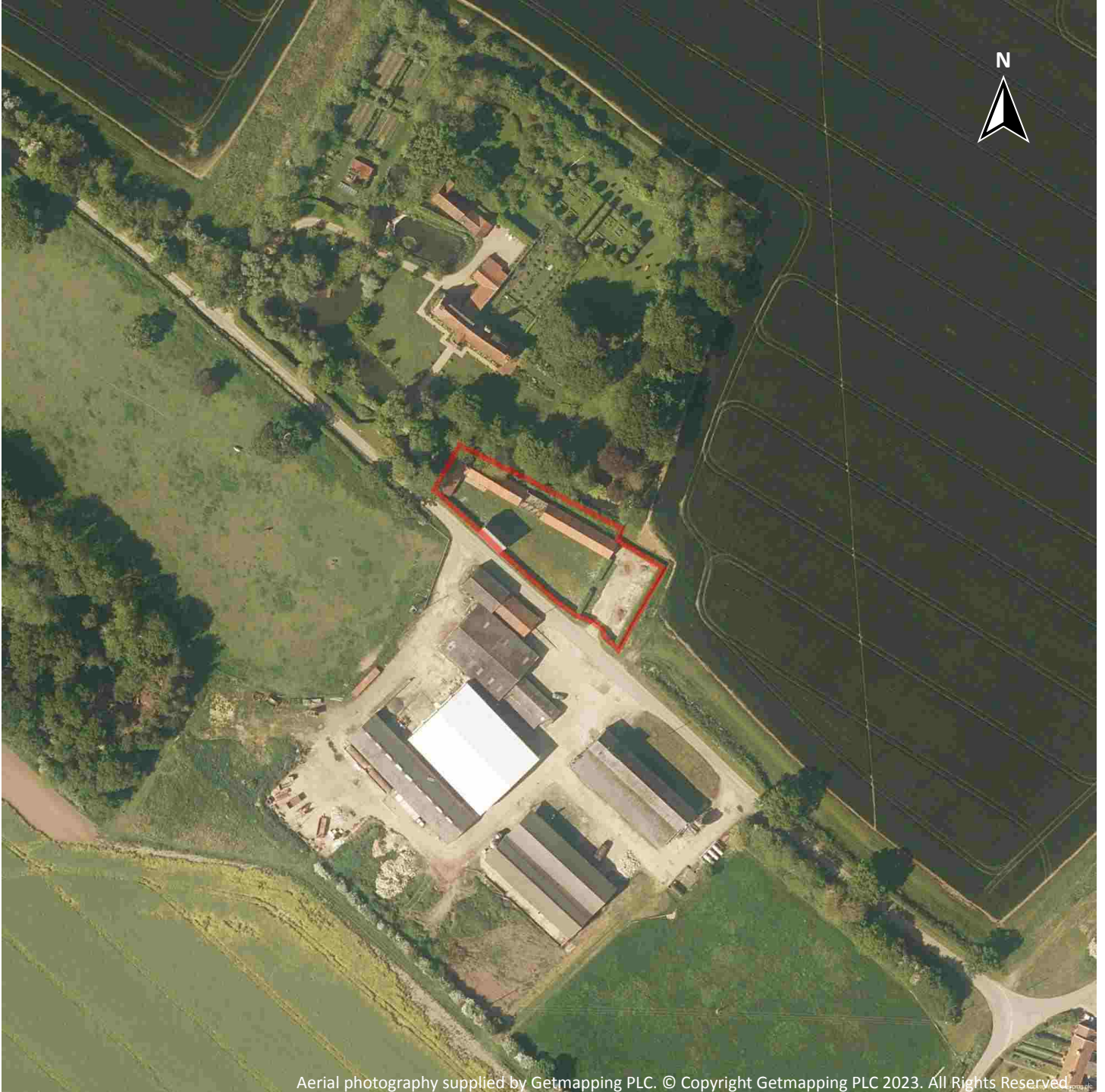


Capture Date: 05/05/2018

Site Area: 0.23ha



## Recent site history - 2014 aerial photograph



Capture Date: 18/05/2014

Site Area: 0.23ha



## Recent site history - 1999 aerial photograph



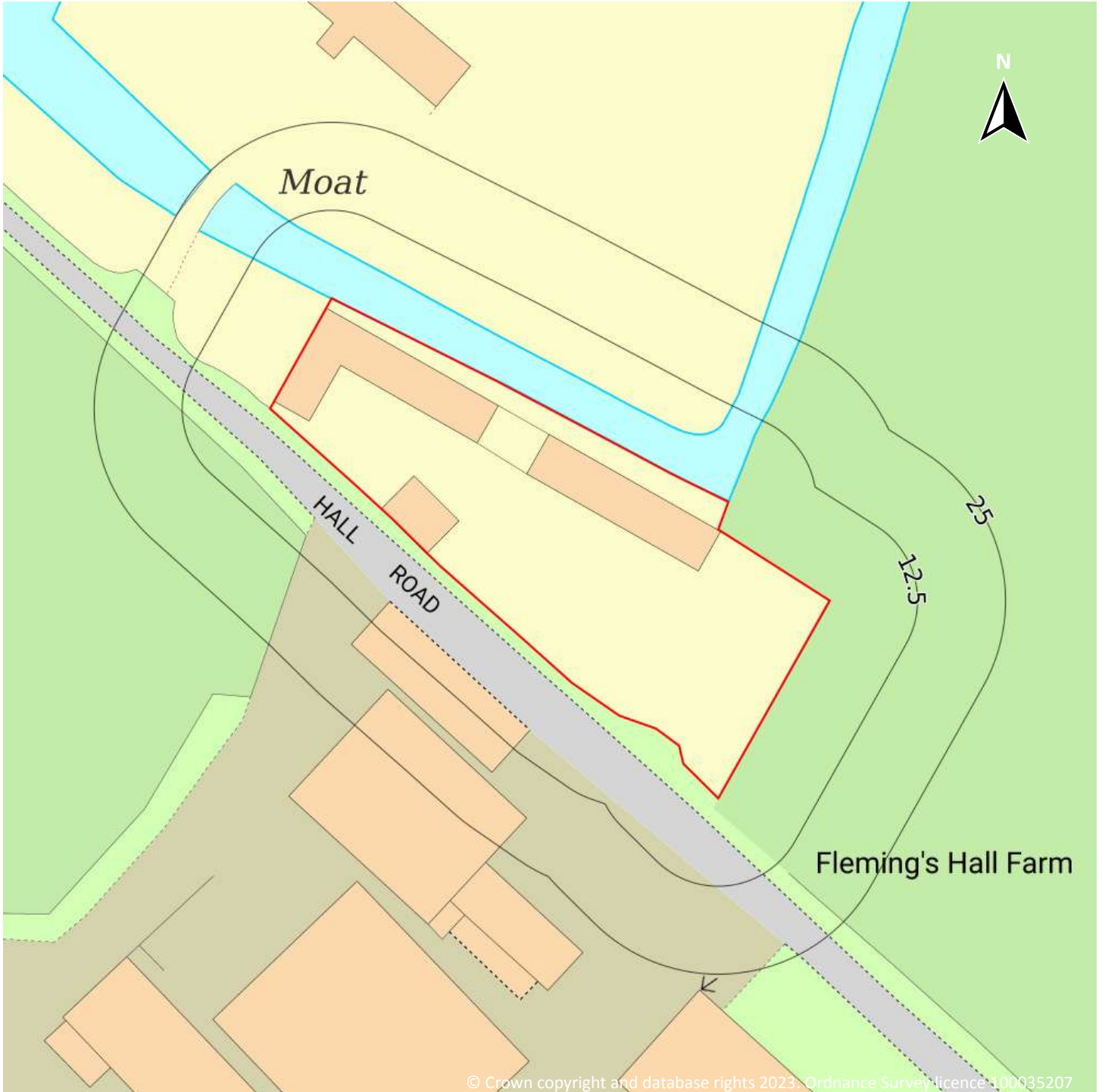
Aerial photography supplied by Getmapping PLC. © Copyright Getmapping PLC 2023. All Rights Reserved.

Capture Date: 25/06/1999

Site Area: 0.23ha



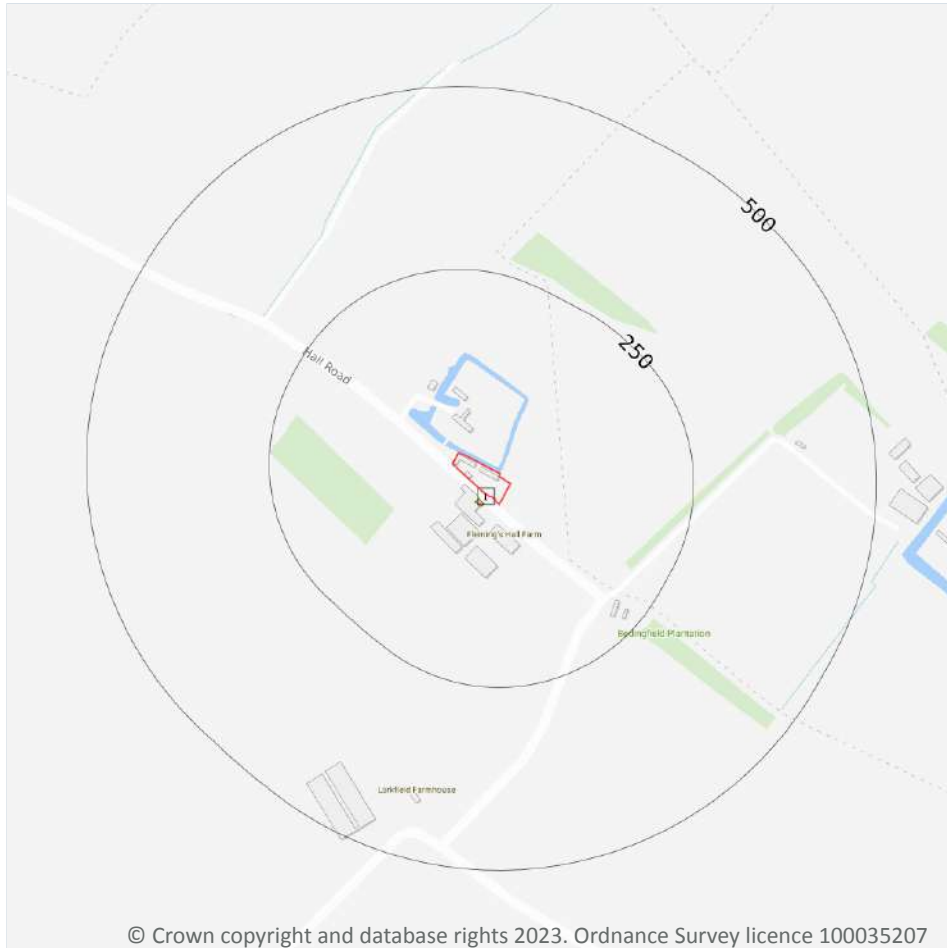
## OS MasterMap site plan



Site Area: 0.23ha



## 1 Past land use



© Crown copyright and database rights 2023. Ordnance Survey licence 100035207

### 1.1 Historical industrial land uses

Records within 500m

0

Potentially contaminative land use features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at 1:10,000 and 1:10,560 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.2 Historical tanks

Records within 500m

1

Tank features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use map on [page 14 >](#)

ID	Location	Land use	Dates present	Group ID
1	11m S	Tanks	1976 - 1995	419806

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.3 Historical energy features

Records within 500m

0

Energy features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.4 Historical petrol stations

Records within 500m

0

Petrol stations digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*





## 1.5 Historical garages

Records within 500m

0

Garages digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale, intelligently grouped into contiguous features. To prevent misrepresentation of the size of historical features at any given time, features are only grouped if they have similar geometries within immediately preceding or succeeding map editions. See section 2 for a breakdown of grouping if required. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 1.6 Historical military land

Records within 500m

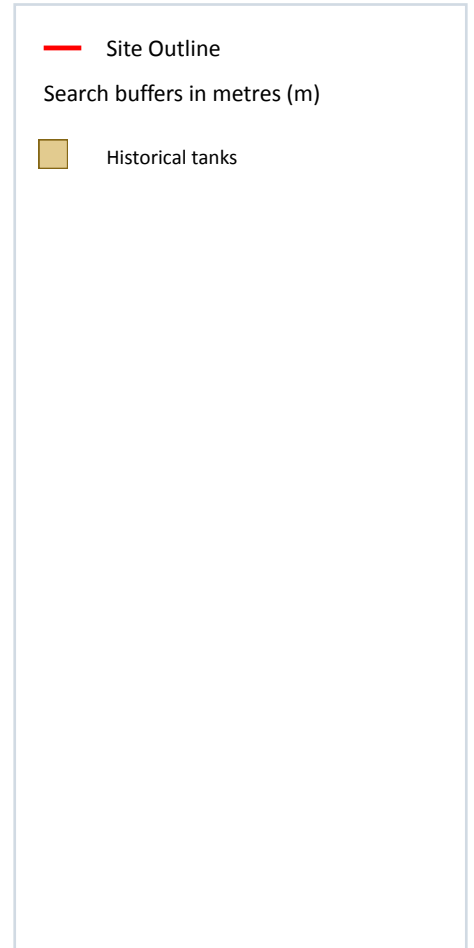
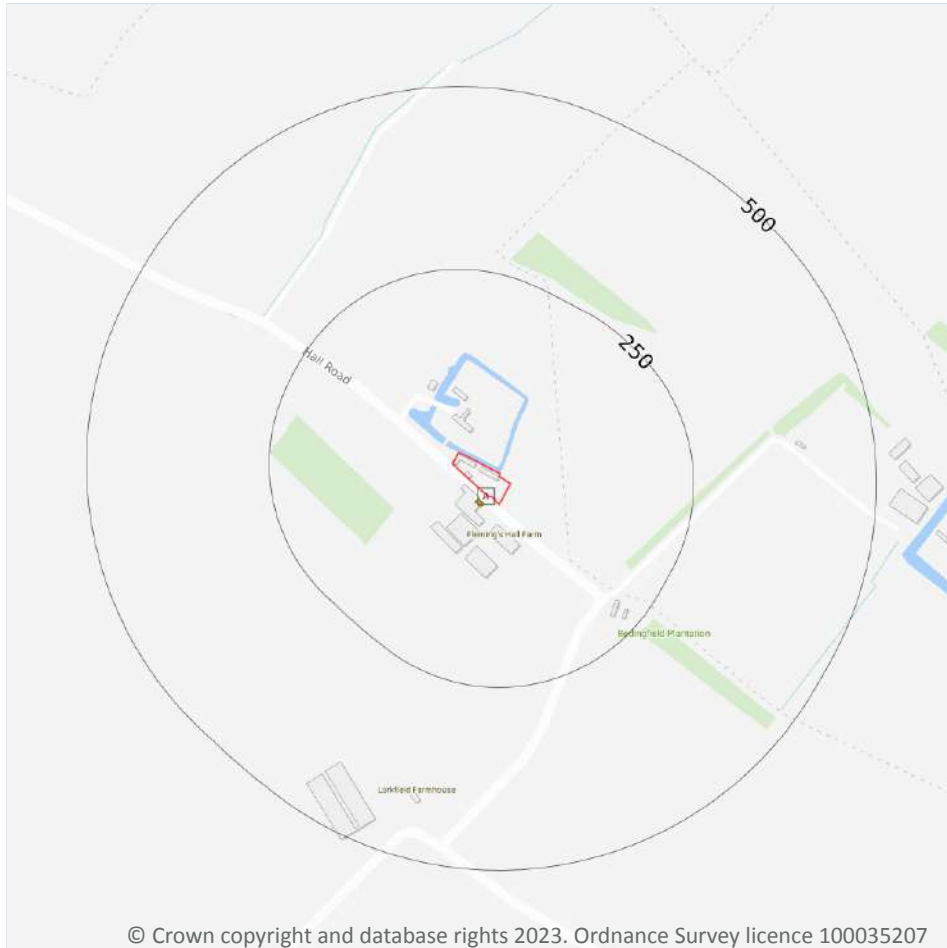
0

Areas of military land digitised from multiple sources including the National Archives, local records, MOD records and verified other sources, intelligently grouped into contiguous features.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure / other sources.*



## 2 Past land use - un-grouped



### 2.1 Historical industrial land uses

Records within 500m

0

Potentially contaminative land use features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at 1:10,000 and 10,560 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original ungrouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.2 Historical tanks

Records within 500m

2

Tank features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

Features are displayed on the Past land use - un-grouped map on [page 17 >](#)

ID	Location	Land Use	Date	Group ID
A	11m S	Tanks	1976	419806
A	12m S	Tanks	1995	419806

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.3 Historical energy features

Records within 500m

0

Energy features digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.4 Historical petrol stations

Records within 500m

0

Petrol stations digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*

## 2.5 Historical garages

Records within 500m

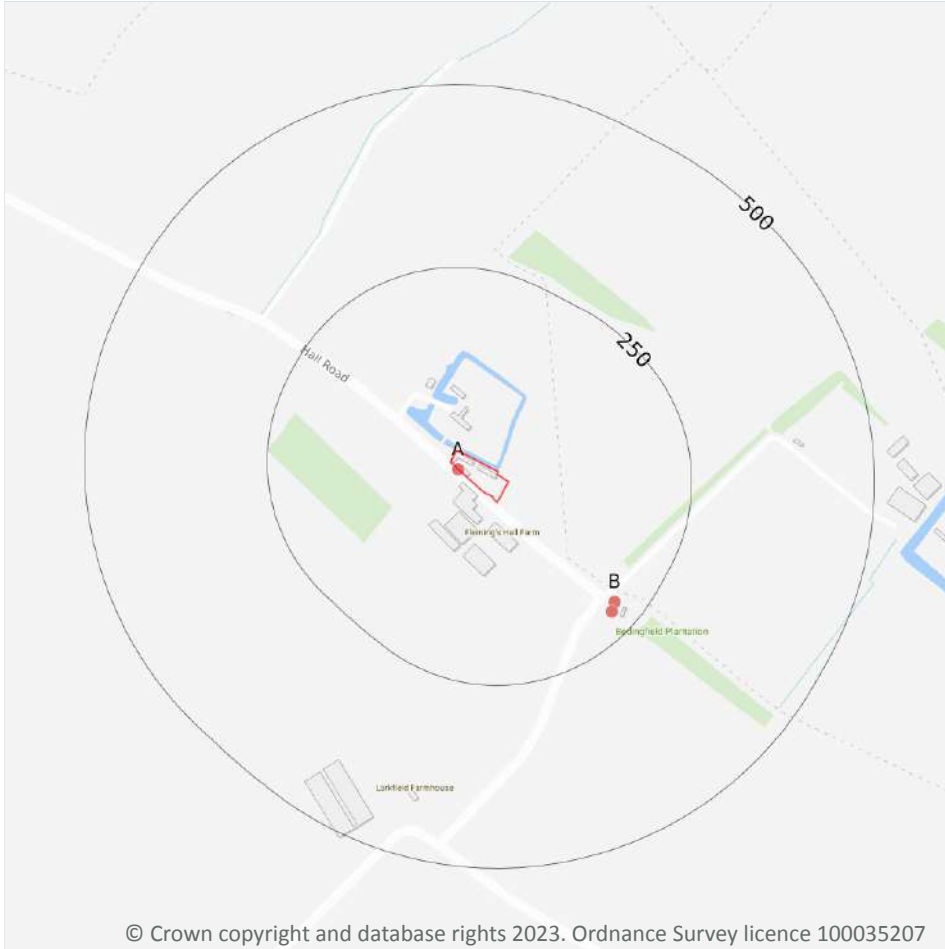
0

Garages digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping at high-detail 1:1,250 and 1:2,500 scale. Any records shown are available intelligently grouped in section 1. Grouped and the original un-grouped features can be cross-referenced across sections 1 and 2 using the 'Group ID'.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey / Groundsure.*



### 3 Waste and landfill



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Waste exemptions

#### 3.1 Active or recent landfill

Records within 500m

0

Active or recently closed landfill sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 3.2 Historical landfill (BGS records)

Records within 500m

0

Landfill sites identified on a survey carried out on behalf of the DoE in 1973. These sites may have been closed or operational at this time.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 3.3 Historical landfill (LA/mapping records)

**Records within 500m****0**

Landfill sites identified from Local Authority records and high detail historical mapping.

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.*

### 3.4 Historical landfill (EA/NRW records)

**Records within 500m****0**

Known historical (closed) landfill sites (e.g. sites where there is no PPC permit or waste management licence currently in force). This includes sites that existed before the waste licensing regime and sites that have been licensed in the past but where a licence has been revoked, ceased to exist or surrendered and a certificate of completion has been issued.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 3.5 Historical waste sites

**Records within 500m****0**

Waste site records derived from Local Authority planning records and high detail historical mapping.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure and Local Authority records.*

### 3.6 Licensed waste sites

**Records within 500m****0**

Active or recently closed waste sites under Environment Agency/Natural Resources Wales regulation.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 3.7 Waste exemptions

**Records within 500m****23**

Activities involving the storage, treatment, use or disposal of waste that are exempt from needing a permit. Exemptions have specific limits and conditions that must be adhered to.

Features are displayed on the Waste and landfill map on [page 19 >](#)

ID	Location	Site	Reference	Category	Sub-Category	Description
A	1m W	-	WEX141253	Using waste exemption	On a farm	Burning of waste as a fuel in a small appliance



ID	Location	Site	Reference	Category	Sub-Category	Description
A	1m W	-	WEX141253	Disposing of waste exemption	On a farm	Deposit of waste from dredging of inland waters
A	1m W	-	WEX141253	Disposing of waste exemption	On a farm	Deposit of agricultural waste consisting of plant tissue under a Plant Health notice
A	1m W	-	WEX141253	Treating waste exemption	On a farm	Treatment of waste wood and waste plant matter by chipping, shredding, cutting or pulverising
A	1m W	-	WEX141253	Using waste exemption	On a farm	Use of waste for a specified purpose
A	1m W	-	WEX141253	Disposing of waste exemption	On a farm	Burning waste in the open
A	1m W	-	WEX141253	Storing waste exemption	On a farm	Storage of waste in a secure place
A	1m W	-	WEX281991	Using waste exemption	On a Farm	Burning of waste as a fuel in a small appliance
A	1m W	-	WEX281991	Storing waste exemption	On a Farm	Storage of waste in a secure place
A	1m W	-	WEX281991	Disposing of waste exemption	On a Farm	Burning waste in the open
A	1m W	-	WEX281991	Disposing of waste exemption	On a Farm	Deposit of agricultural waste consisting of plant tissue under a Plant Health notice
A	1m W	-	WEX281991	Disposing of waste exemption	On a Farm	Deposit of waste from dredging of inland waters
A	1m W	-	WEX281991	Treating waste exemption	On a Farm	Treatment of waste wood and waste plant matter by chipping, shredding, cutting or pulverising
A	1m W	-	WEX281991	Using waste exemption	On a Farm	Use of waste for a specified purpose
B	210m SE	The Hall Hall Road EYE Suffolk IP23 7LJ	EPR/KF0404HE /A001	Treating waste exemption	Agricultural Waste Only	Treatment of waste in a biobed or biofilter

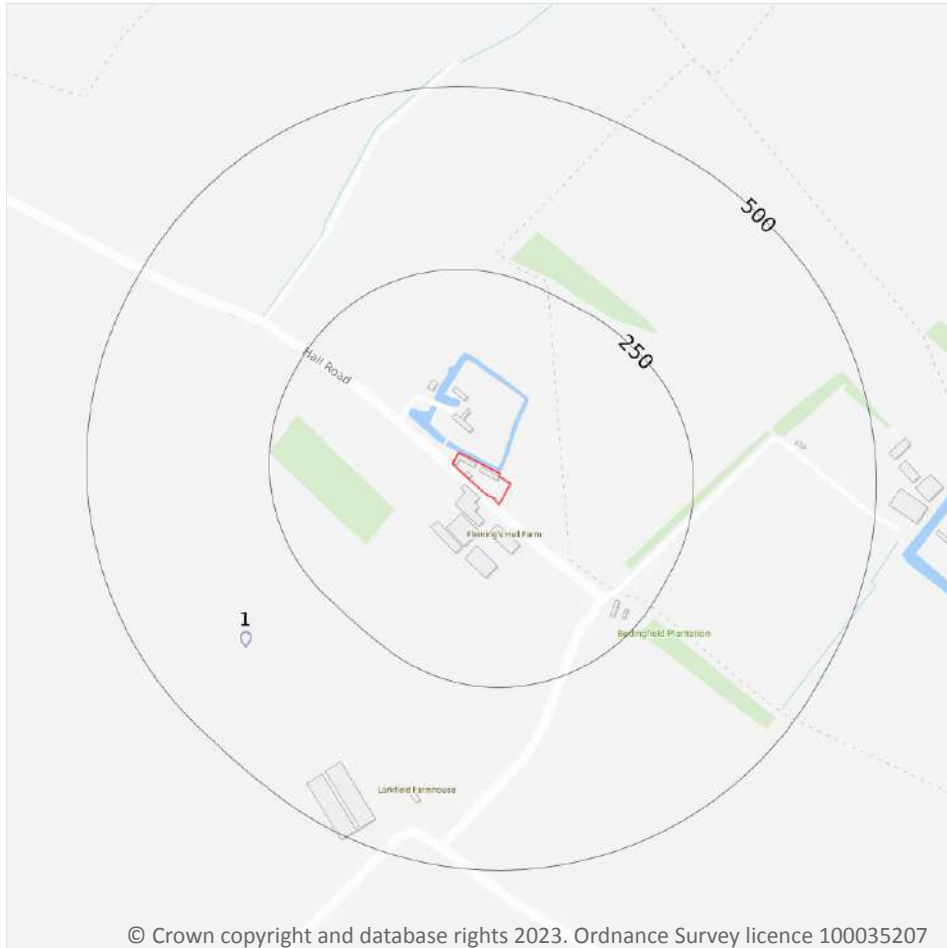


ID	Location	Site	Reference	Category	Sub-Category	Description
B	210m SE	The Hall Hall Road EYE Suffolk IP23 7LJ	EPR/EH0273V M/A001	Disposing of waste exemption	Agricultur al Waste Only	Deposit of waste from dredging of inland waters
B	210m SE	The Hall Hall Road EYE Suffolk IP23 7LJ	EPR/EH0273V M/A001	Disposing of waste exemption	Agricultur al Waste Only	Deposit of agricultural waste consisting of plant tissue under a Plant Health notice
B	210m SE	The Hall Hall Road EYE Suffolk IP23 7LJ	EPR/EH0273V M/A001	Disposing of waste exemption	Agricultur al Waste Only	Burning waste in the open
B	210m SE	The Hall Hall Road EYE Suffolk IP23 7LJ	EPR/EH0273V M/A001	Storing waste exemption	Agricultur al Waste Only	Storage of waste in a secure place
B	210m SE	The Hall Hall Road EYE Suffolk IP23 7LJ	EPR/EH0273V M/A001	Treating waste exemption	Agricultur al Waste Only	Treatment of waste wood and waste plant matter by chipping, shredding, cutting or pulverising
B	210m SE	The Hall Hall Road EYE Suffolk IP23 7LJ	EPR/EH0273V M/A001	Using waste exemption	Agricultur al Waste Only	Burning of waste as a fuel in a small appliance
B	210m SE	The Hall Hall Road EYE Suffolk IP23 7LJ	EPR/EH0273V M/A001	Using waste exemption	Agricultur al Waste Only	Use of waste for a specified purpose
B	216m SE	Bedingfield Hall, Bedingfield, Eye, IP23 7LJ	WEX108195	Treating waste exemption	On a farm	Treatment of waste in a biobed or biofilter

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 4 Current industrial land use



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- 📍 Part A(1) industrial activities

© Crown copyright and database rights 2023. Ordnance Survey licence 100035207

### 4.1 Recent industrial land uses

<b>Records within 250m</b>	<b>0</b>
----------------------------	----------

Current potentially contaminative industrial sites.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey.*

### 4.2 Current or recent petrol stations

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
----------------------------	----------

Open, closed, under development and obsolete petrol stations.

*This data is sourced from Experian.*



### 4.3 Electricity cables

Records within 500m	0
---------------------	---

High voltage underground electricity transmission cables.

*This data is sourced from National Grid.*

### 4.4 Gas pipelines

Records within 500m	0
---------------------	---

High pressure underground gas transmission pipelines.

*This data is sourced from National Grid.*

### 4.5 Sites determined as Contaminated Land

Records within 500m	0
---------------------	---

Contaminated Land Register of sites designated under Part 2a of the Environmental Protection Act 1990.

*This data is sourced from Local Authority records.*

### 4.6 Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH)

Records within 500m	0
---------------------	---

Control of Major Accident Hazards (COMAH) sites. This data includes upper and lower tier sites, and includes a historical archive of COMAH sites and Notification of Installations Handling Hazardous Substances (NIHHS) records.

*This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.*

### 4.7 Regulated explosive sites

Records within 500m	0
---------------------	---

Sites registered and licensed by the Health and Safety Executive under the Manufacture and Storage of Explosives Regulations 2005 (MSER). The last update to this data was in April 2011.

*This data is sourced from the Health and Safety Executive.*

## 4.8 Hazardous substance storage/usage

Records within 500m

0

Consents granted for a site to hold certain quantities of hazardous substances at or above defined limits in accordance with the Planning (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2015.

*This data is sourced from Local Authority records.*

## 4.9 Historical licensed industrial activities (IPC)

Records within 500m

0

Integrated Pollution Control (IPC) records of substance releases to air, land and water. This data represents a historical archive as the IPC regime has been superseded.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 4.10 Licensed industrial activities (Part A(1))

Records within 500m

1

Records of Part A(1) installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

Features are displayed on the Current industrial land use map on [page 23 >](#)

ID	Location	Details	
1	371m SW	Operator: COBB EUROPE LIMITED Installation Name: Bedingfield Poultry Unit - EPR/FP3108SJ Process: INTENSIVE FARMING; > 40,000 POULTRY Permit Number: FP3108SJ Original Permit Number: FP3108SJ	EPR Reference: EPR/FP3108SJ Issue Date: 18/03/2021 Effective Date: 18/03/2021 Last date noted as effective: 25/05/2023 Status: Effective

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 4.11 Licensed pollutant release (Part A(2)/B)

Records within 500m

0

Records of Part A(2) and Part B installations regulated under the Environmental Permitting (England and Wales) Regulations 2016 for the release of substances to the environment.

*This data is sourced from Local Authority records.*

#### 4.12 Radioactive Substance Authorisations

Records within 500m

0

Records of the storage, use, accumulation and disposal of radioactive substances regulated under the Radioactive Substances Act 1993.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.13 Licensed Discharges to controlled waters

Records within 500m

0

Discharges of treated or untreated effluent to controlled waters under the Water Resources Act 1991.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.14 Pollutant release to surface waters (Red List)

Records within 500m

0

Discharges of specified substances under the Environmental Protection (Prescribed Processes and Substances) Regulations 1991.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.15 Pollutant release to public sewer

Records within 500m

0

Discharges of Special Category Effluents to the public sewer.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

#### 4.16 List 1 Dangerous Substances

Records within 500m

0

Discharges of substances identified on List I of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 4.17 List 2 Dangerous Substances

Records within 500m

0

Discharges of substances identified on List II of European Directive E 2006/11/EC, and regulated under the Environmental Damage (Prevention and Remediation) Regulations 2015.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 4.18 Pollution Incidents (EA/NRW)

Records within 500m

0

Records of substantiated pollution incidents. Since 2006 this data has only included category 1 (major) and 2 (significant) pollution incidents.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 4.19 Pollution inventory substances

Records within 500m

0

The pollution inventory (substances) includes reporting on annual emissions of certain regulated substances to air, controlled waters and land. A reporting threshold for each substance is also included. Where emissions fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.*

## 4.20 Pollution inventory waste transfers

Records within 500m

0

The pollution inventory (waste transfers) includes reporting on annual transfers and recovery/disposal of controlled wastes from a site. A reporting threshold for each waste type is also included. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.*

## 4.21 Pollution inventory radioactive waste

Records within 500m

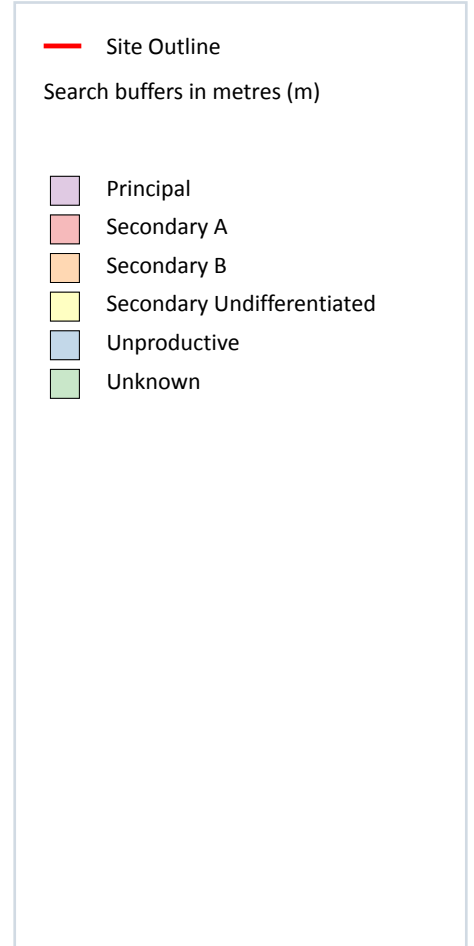
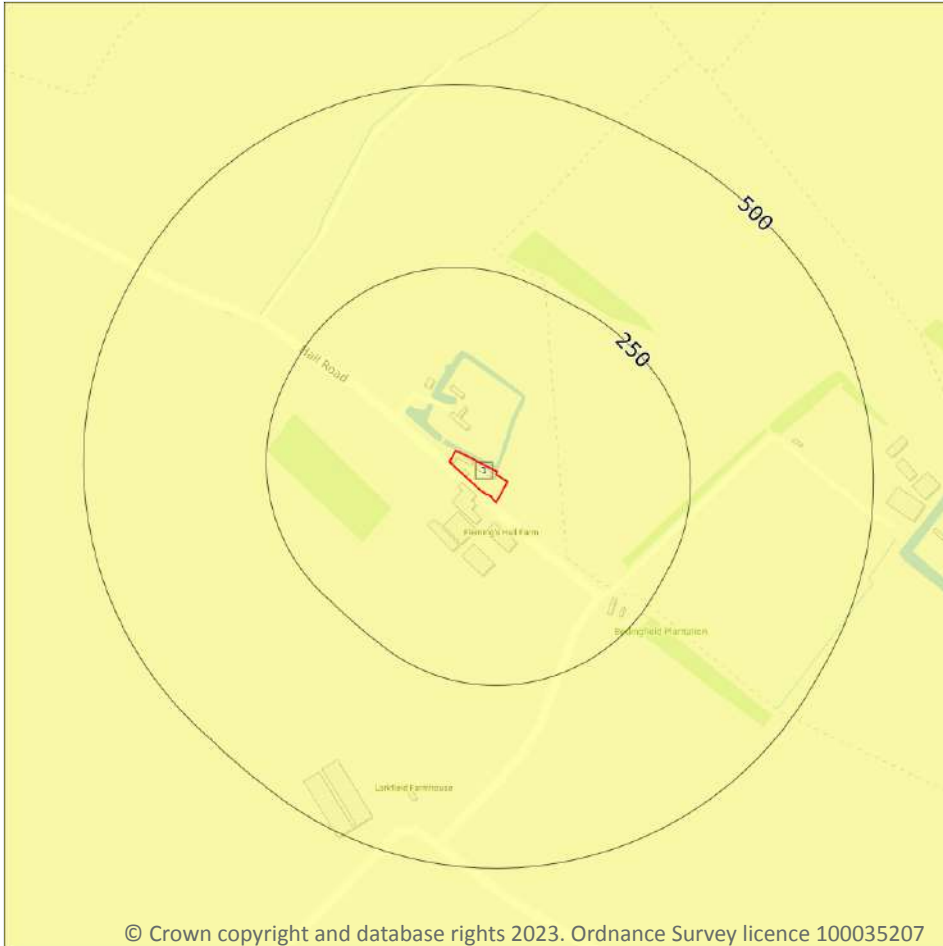
0

The pollution inventory (radioactive wastes) includes reporting on annual releases of radioactive substances from a site, including the means of release. Where releases fall below the reporting threshold, no value will be given. The data is given for the most recent complete year available.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and the Scottish Environment Protection Agency.*



## 5 Hydrogeology - Superficial aquifer



### 5.1 Superficial aquifer

Records within 500m

1

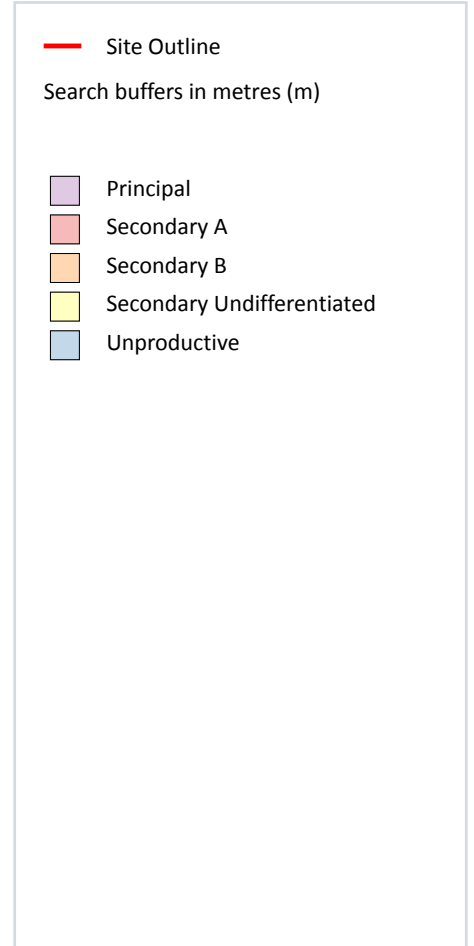
Aquifer status of groundwater held within superficial geology.

Features are displayed on the Hydrogeology map on [page 28](#) >

ID	Location	Designation	Description
1	On site	Secondary Undifferentiated	Assigned where it is not possible to attribute either category A or B to a rock type. In general these layers have previously been designated as both minor and non-aquifer in different locations due to the variable characteristics of the rock type

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## Bedrock aquifer



© Crown copyright and database rights 2023. Ordnance Survey licence 100035207

### 5.2 Bedrock aquifer

Records within 500m

1

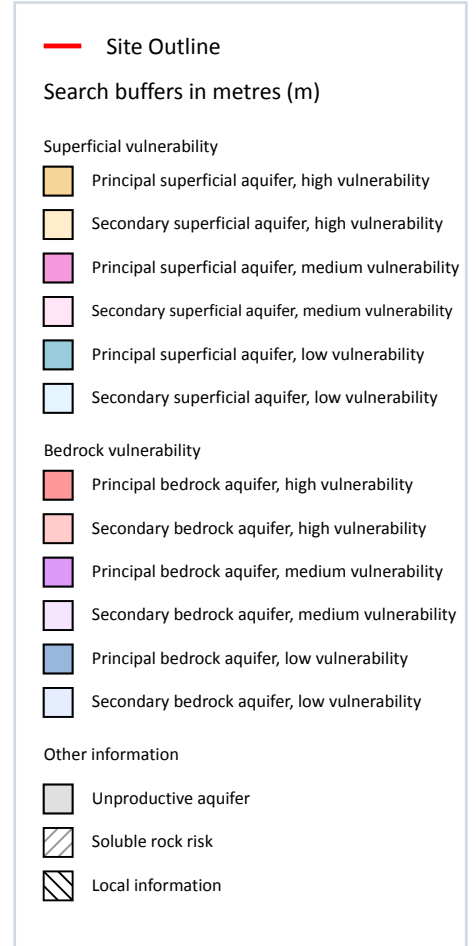
Aquifer status of groundwater held within bedrock geology.

Features are displayed on the Bedrock aquifer map on [page 29 >](#)

ID	Location	Designation	Description
1	On site	Principal	<b>Geology of high intergranular and/or fracture permeability, usually providing a high level of water storage and may support water supply/river base flow on a strategic scale. Generally principal aquifers were previously major aquifers</b>

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## Groundwater vulnerability



### 5.3 Groundwater vulnerability

Records within 50m

1

An assessment of the vulnerability of groundwater to a pollutant discharged at ground level based on the hydrological, geological, hydrogeological and soil properties within a one kilometre square grid. Groundwater vulnerability is described as High, Medium or Low as follows:

- High - Areas able to easily transmit pollution to groundwater. They are likely to be characterised by high leaching soils and the absence of low permeability superficial deposits.
- Medium - Intermediate between high and low vulnerability.
- Low - Areas that provide the greatest protection from pollution. They are likely to be characterised by low leaching soils and/or the presence of superficial deposits characterised by a low permeability.

Features are displayed on the Groundwater vulnerability map on [page 30](#) >

ID	Location	Summary	Soil / surface	Superficial geology	Bedrock geology
1	On site	<b>Summary Classification:</b> Secondary superficial aquifer - Medium Vulnerability <b>Combined classification:</b> Productive Bedrock Aquifer, Productive Superficial Aquifer	<b>Leaching class:</b> Low <b>Infiltration value:</b> 40-70% <b>Dilution value:</b> <300mm/year	<b>Vulnerability:</b> Medium <b>Aquifer type:</b> Secondary <b>Thickness:</b> >10m <b>Patchiness value:</b> >90% <b>Recharge potential:</b> Low	<b>Vulnerability:</b> Low <b>Aquifer type:</b> Principal <b>Flow mechanism:</b> Intergranular

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey, the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.4 Groundwater vulnerability- soluble rock risk

Records on site

0

This dataset identifies areas where solution features that enable rapid movement of a pollutant may be present within a 1km grid square.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.*

## 5.5 Groundwater vulnerability- local information

Records on site

0

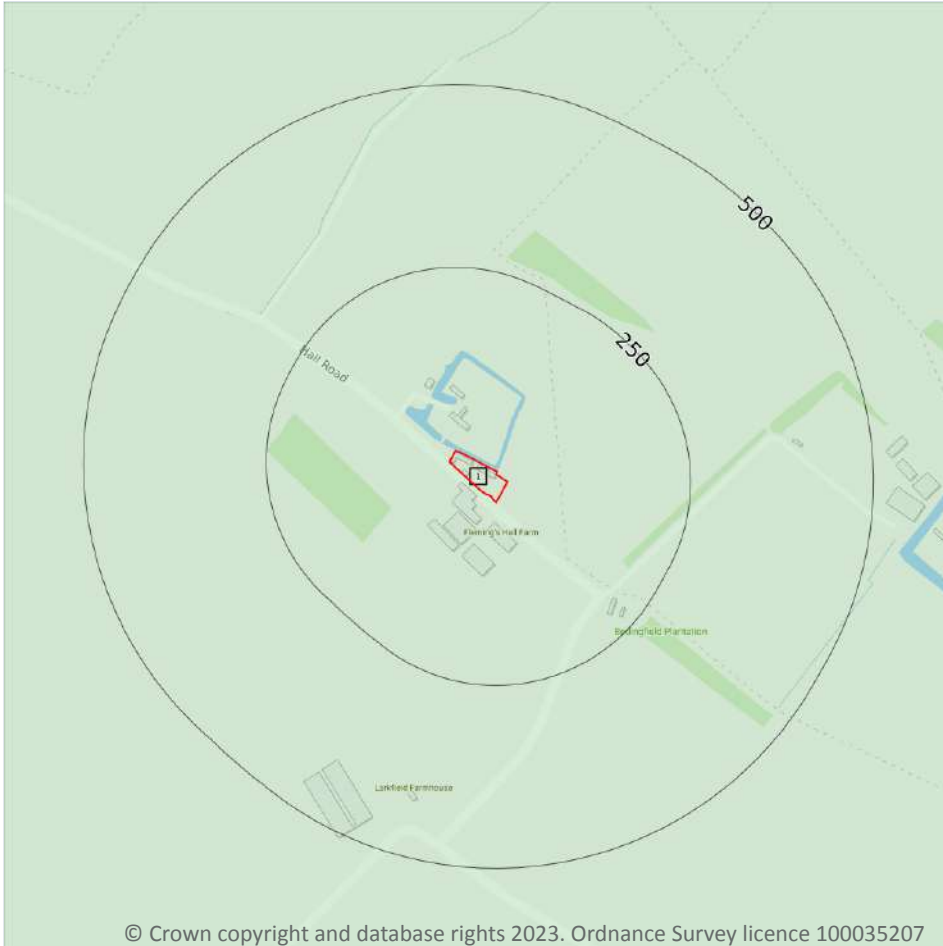
This dataset identifies areas where additional local information affecting vulnerability is held by the Environment Agency. Further information can be obtained by contacting the Environment Agency local Area groundwater team through the Environment Agency National Customer Call Centre on 03798 506 506 or by email on [enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk](mailto:enquiries@environment-agency.gov.uk) ↗.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and the Environment Agency.*





## Abstractions and Source Protection Zones



### 5.6 Groundwater abstractions

Records within 2000m

12

Licensed groundwater abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, between two points (line data) or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on [page 32 >](#)

ID	Location	Details	
-	1480m NW	Status: Historical Licence No: 7/34/17/*G/0018 Details: General Farming & Domestic Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BORE AT SOUTHOLT FM,EYE Data Type: Point Name: JOHNSON Easting: 618670 Northing: 269250	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/01/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 01/01/1966 Version End Date: -
-	1600m S	Status: Historical Licence No: 7/35/06/*G/0055 Details: General Farming & Domestic Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BORE AT SYCAMORE FM,KENTON Data Type: Point Name: CHARLES LONG LTD Easting: 619150 Northing: 266210	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): - Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/08/1966 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 100 Version Start Date: 01/08/1966 Version End Date: -
-	1926m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 7/34/17/*G/0073 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BORE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617350 Northing: 268350	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 29/04/1997 Expiry Date: 31/12/2006 Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 19/02/2003 Version End Date: -
-	1926m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 7/34/17/*G/0078 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617350 Northing: 268350	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 25/10/2006 Expiry Date: 31/12/2011 Issue No: 2 Version Start Date: 30/11/2009 Version End Date: -
-	1926m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617350 Northing: 268350	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 25/11/2011 Expiry Date: 31/03/2018 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2012 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1926m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001/L Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617350 Northing: 268350	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/04/2018 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2018 Version End Date: -
-	1942m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001/R01 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: Northumbrian Water Ltd Easting: 617338 Northing: 268366	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: NPS/WR/007220 Original Start Date: 29/08/2018 Expiry Date: 31/12/2022 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 29/08/2018 Version End Date: -
-	1949m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001/R01 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: Northumbrian Water Ltd Easting: 617350 Northing: 268436	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: NPS/WR/007220 Original Start Date: 29/08/2018 Expiry Date: 31/12/2022 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 29/08/2018 Version End Date: -
-	1966m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 7/34/17/*G/0073 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617340 Northing: 268460	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 29/04/1997 Expiry Date: 31/12/2006 Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 19/02/2003 Version End Date: -
-	1966m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 7/34/17/*G/0078 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617340 Northing: 268460	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 25/10/2006 Expiry Date: 31/12/2011 Issue No: 2 Version Start Date: 30/11/2009 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1966m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617340 Northing: 268460	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 25/11/2011 Expiry Date: 31/03/2018 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2012 Version End Date: -
-	1966m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001/L Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617340 Northing: 268460	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/04/2018 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2018 Version End Date: -

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.7 Surface water abstractions

**Records within 2000m**

**0**

Licensed surface water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.8 Potable abstractions

**Records within 2000m**

**10**

Licensed potable water abstractions for sites extracting more than 20 cubic metres of water a day and includes active and historical records. The data may be for a single abstraction point, a stretch of watercourse or a larger area.

Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on [page 32](#) >



ID	Location	Details	
-	1926m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 7/34/17/*G/0073 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BORE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617350 Northing: 268350	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 29/04/1997 Expiry Date: 31/12/2006 Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 19/02/2003 Version End Date: -
-	1926m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 7/34/17/*G/0078 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617350 Northing: 268350	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 25/10/2006 Expiry Date: 31/12/2011 Issue No: 2 Version Start Date: 30/11/2009 Version End Date: -
-	1926m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617350 Northing: 268350	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 25/11/2011 Expiry Date: 31/03/2018 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2012 Version End Date: -
-	1926m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001/L Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617350 Northing: 268350	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/04/2018 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2018 Version End Date: -
-	1942m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001/R01 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: Northumbrian Water Ltd Easting: 617338 Northing: 268366	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: NPS/WR/007220 Original Start Date: 29/08/2018 Expiry Date: 31/12/2022 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 29/08/2018 Version End Date: -



ID	Location	Details	
-	1949m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001/R01 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: Northumbrian Water Ltd Easting: 617350 Northing: 268436	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: NPS/WR/007220 Original Start Date: 29/08/2018 Expiry Date: 31/12/2022 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 29/08/2018 Version End Date: -
-	1966m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 7/34/17/*G/0073 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617340 Northing: 268460	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 29/04/1997 Expiry Date: 31/12/2006 Issue No: 102 Version Start Date: 19/02/2003 Version End Date: -
-	1966m W	Status: Historical Licence No: 7/34/17/*G/0078 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617340 Northing: 268460	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 25/10/2006 Expiry Date: 31/12/2011 Issue No: 2 Version Start Date: 30/11/2009 Version End Date: -
-	1966m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001 Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617340 Northing: 268460	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 25/11/2011 Expiry Date: 31/03/2018 Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2012 Version End Date: -
-	1966m W	Status: Historical Licence No: AN/034/0017/001/L Details: Potable Water Supply - Direct Direct Source: GROUND WATER SOURCE OF SUPPLY Point: BOREHOLE AT BEDINGFIELD Data Type: Point Name: NORTHUMBRIAN WATER LTD Easting: 617340 Northing: 268460	Annual Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 200000 Max Daily Volume (m <sup>3</sup> ): 1600 Original Application No: - Original Start Date: 01/04/2018 Expiry Date: - Issue No: 1 Version Start Date: 01/04/2018 Version End Date: -

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 5.9 Source Protection Zones

Records within 500m

1

Source Protection Zones define the sensitivity of an area around a potable abstraction site to contamination. Features are displayed on the Abstractions and Source Protection Zones map on [page 32 >](#)

ID	Location	Type	Description
1	On site	3	Total catchment

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 5.10 Source Protection Zones (confined aquifer)

Records within 500m

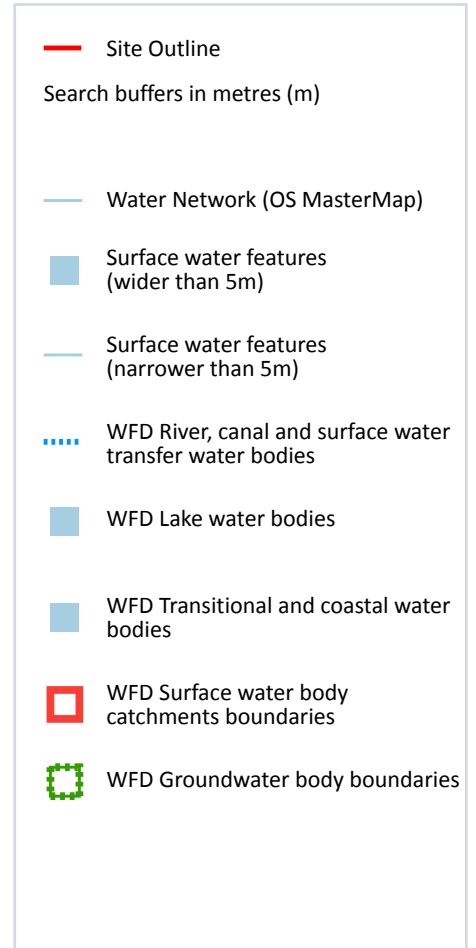
0

Source Protection Zones in the confined aquifer define the sensitivity around a deep groundwater abstraction to contamination. A confined aquifer would normally be protected from contamination by overlying geology and is only considered a sensitive resource if deep excavation/drilling is taking place.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 6 Hydrology



### 6.1 Water Network (OS MasterMap)

Records within 250m

0

Detailed water network of Great Britain showing the flow and precise central course of every river, stream, lake and canal.

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.*

### 6.2 Surface water features

Records within 250m

2

Covering rivers, streams and lakes (some overlap with OS MasterMap Water Network data in previous section) but additionally covers smaller features such as ponds. Rivers and streams narrower than 5m are represented as a single line. Lakes, ponds and rivers or streams wider than 5m are represented as polygons.



Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 39](#) >

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.*

### 6.3 WFD Surface water body catchments

<b>Records on site</b>	<b>1</b>
------------------------	----------

The Water Framework Directive is an EU-led framework for the protection of inland surface waters, estuaries, coastal waters and groundwater through river basin-level management planning. In terms of surface water, these basins are broken down into smaller units known as management, operational and water body catchments.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 39](#) >

ID	Location	Type	Water body catchment	Water body ID	Operational catchment	Management catchment
2	On site	River	Chickering Beck	GB105034045690	Waveney	Broadland Rivers

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 6.4 WFD Surface water bodies

<b>Records identified</b>	<b>1</b>
---------------------------	----------

Surface water bodies under the Directive may be rivers, lakes, estuary or coastal. To achieve the purpose of the Directive, environmental objectives have been set and are reported on for each water body. The progress towards delivery of the objectives is then reported on by the relevant competent authorities at the end of each six-year cycle. The river water body directly associated with the catchment listed in the previous section is detailed below, along with any lake, canal, coastal or artificial water body within 250m of the site. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each water body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 39](#) >

ID	Location	Type	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Ecological rating	Year
-	4600m NE	River	Chickering Beck	<a href="#">GB105034045690</a> ↗	Moderate	Fail	Moderate	2019

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 6.5 WFD Groundwater bodies

<b>Records on site</b>	<b>1</b>
------------------------	----------

Groundwater bodies are also covered by the Directive and the same regime of objectives and reporting detailed in the previous section is in place. Click on the water body ID in the table to visit the EA Catchment Explorer to find out more about each groundwater body listed.

Features are displayed on the Hydrology map on [page 39 >](#)

ID	Location	Name	Water body ID	Overall rating	Chemical rating	Quantitative	Year
3	On site	Waveney and East Suffolk Chalk & Crag	<a href="#">GB40501G400600 ↗</a>	Poor	Poor	Poor	2019

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 7 River and coastal flooding

### 7.1 Risk of flooding from rivers and the sea

Records within 50m

0

The chance of flooding from rivers and/or the sea in any given year, based on cells of 50m within the Risk of Flooding from Rivers and Sea (RoFRaS)/Flood Risk Assessment Wales (FRAW) models. Each cell is allocated one of four flood risk categories, taking into account flood defences and their condition. The risk categories for RoFRaS for rivers and the sea and FRAW for rivers are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 100 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 100 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance). The risk categories for FRAW for the sea are; Very low (less than 1 in 1000 chance in any given year), Low (less than 1 in 200 but greater than or equal to 1 in 1000 chance), Medium (less than 1 in 30 but greater than or equal to 1 in 200 chance) or High (greater than or equal to 1 in 30 chance).

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 7.2 Historical Flood Events

Records within 250m

0

Records of historic flooding from rivers, the sea, groundwater and surface water. Records began in 1946 when predecessor bodies started collecting detailed information about flooding incidents, although limited details may be included on flooding incidents prior to this date. Takes into account the presence of defences, structures, and other infrastructure where they existed at the time of flooding, and includes flood extents that may have been affected by overtopping, breaches or blockages.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 7.3 Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Records of flood defences owned, managed or inspected by the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales. Flood defences can be structures, buildings or parts of buildings. Typically these are earth banks, stone and concrete walls, or sheet-piling that is used to prevent or control the extent of flooding.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 7.4 Areas Benefiting from Flood Defences

Records within 250m

0

Areas that would benefit from the presence of flood defences in a 1 in 100 (1%) chance of flooding each year from rivers or 1 in 200 (0.5%) chance of flooding each year from the sea.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 7.5 Flood Storage Areas

Records within 250m

0

Areas that act as a balancing reservoir, storage basin or balancing pond to attenuate an incoming flood peak to a flow level that can be accepted by the downstream channel or to delay the timing of a flood peak so that its volume is discharged over a longer period.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## River and coastal flooding - Flood Zones

### 7.6 Flood Zone 2

Records within 50m

0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land between Flood Zone 3 (see next section) and the extent of the flooding from rivers or the sea with a 1 in 1000 (0.1%) chance of flooding each year.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*

### 7.7 Flood Zone 3

Records within 50m

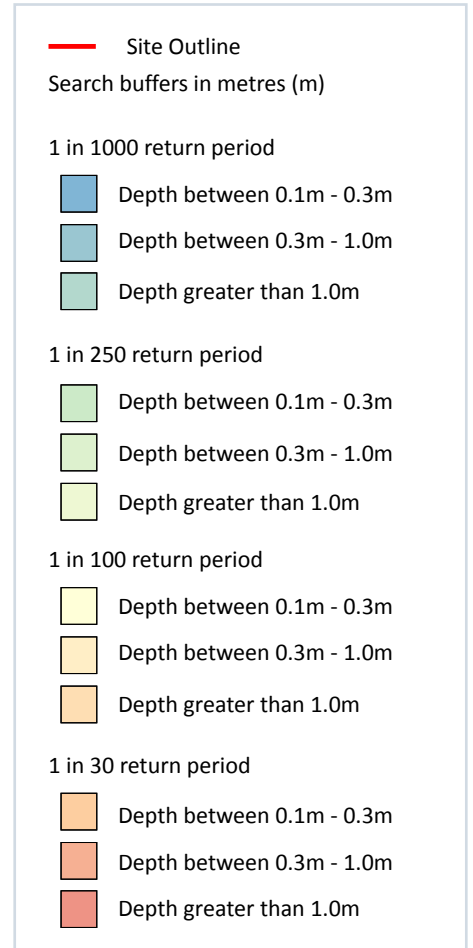
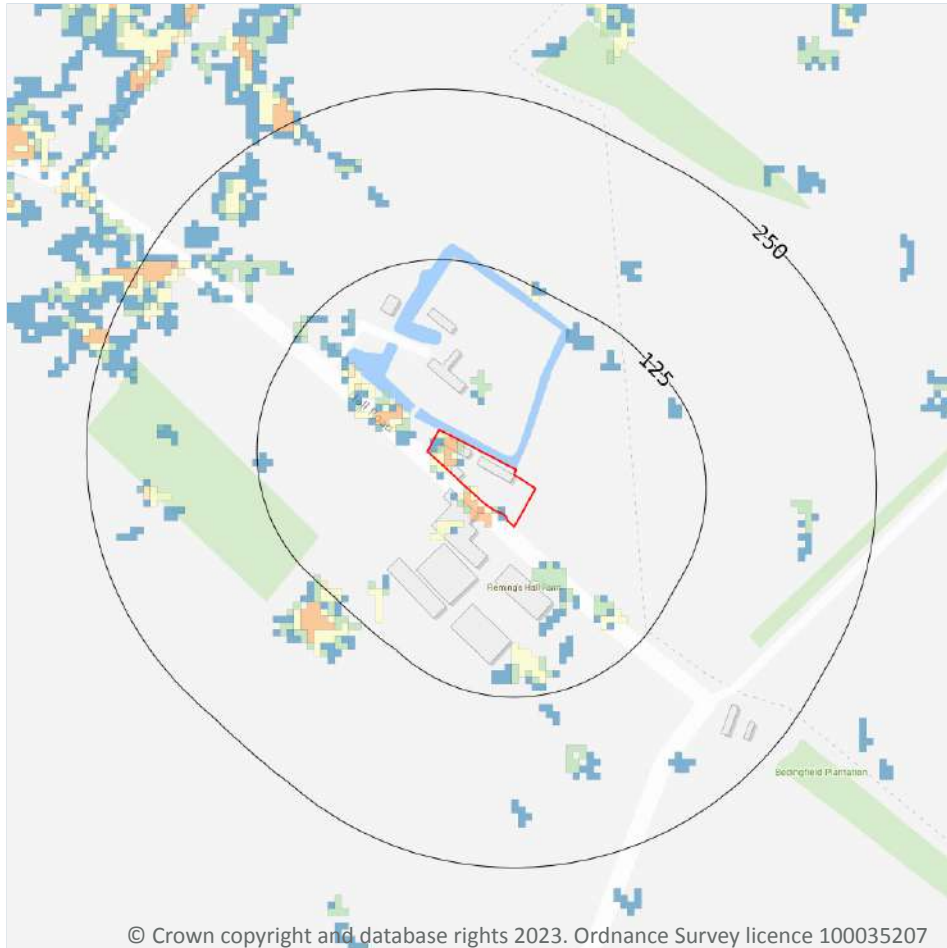
0

Areas of land at risk of flooding, when the presence of flood defences are ignored. Covering land with a 1 in 100 (1%) or greater chance of flooding each year from rivers or a 1 in 200 (0.5%) or greater chance of flooding each year from the sea.

*This data is sourced from the Environment Agency and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 8 Surface water flooding



© Crown copyright and database rights 2023. Ordnance Survey licence 100035207

### 8.1 Surface water flooding

Highest risk on site

**1 in 30 year, 0.1m - 0.3m**

Highest risk within 50m

**1 in 30 year, 0.3m - 1.0m**

Ambiental Risk Analytics surface water (pluvial) FloodMap identifies areas likely to flood as a result of extreme rainfall events, i.e. land naturally vulnerable to surface water ponding or flooding. This data set was produced by simulating 1 in 30 year, 1 in 100 year, 1 in 250 year and 1 in 1,000 year rainfall events. Modern urban drainage systems are typically built to cope with rainfall events between 1 in 20 and 1 in 30 years, though some older ones may flood in a 1 in 5 year rainfall event.

Features are displayed on the Surface water flooding map on [page 45 >](#)

The data shown on the map and in the table above shows the highest likelihood of flood events happening at the site. Lower likelihood events may have greater flood depths and hence a greater potential impact on a site.

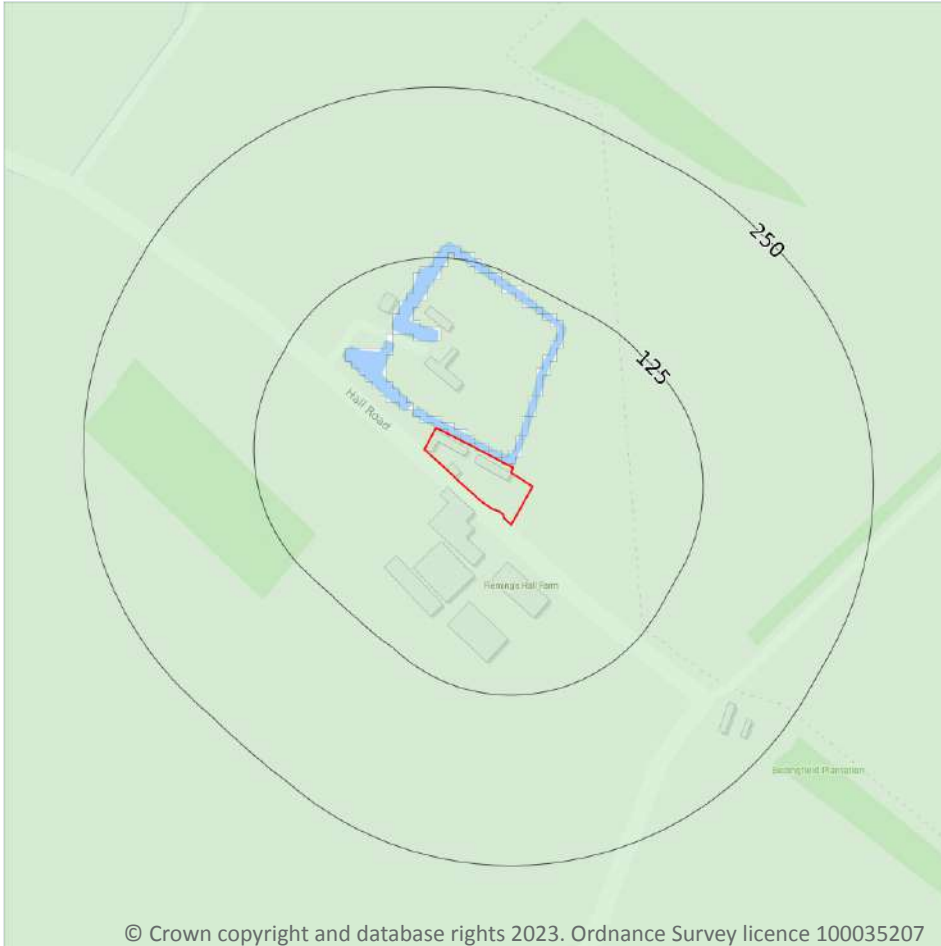
The table below shows the maximum flood depths for a range of return periods for the site.

Return period	Maximum modelled depth
1 in 1000 year	Between 0.3m and 1.0m
1 in 250 year	Between 0.3m and 1.0m
1 in 100 year	Between 0.3m and 1.0m
1 in 30 year	Between 0.1m and 0.3m

*This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.*



## 9 Groundwater flooding



### 9.1 Groundwater flooding

**Highest risk on site**

**Low**

**Highest risk within 50m**

**Low**

Groundwater flooding is caused by unusually high groundwater levels. It occurs when the water table rises above the ground surface or within underground structures such as basements or cellars. Groundwater flooding tends to exhibit a longer duration than surface water flooding, possibly lasting for weeks or months, and as a result it can cause significant damage to property. This risk assessment is based on a 1 in 100 year return period and a 5m Digital Terrain Model (DTM).

Features are displayed on the Groundwater flooding map on [page 47 >](#)

*This data is sourced from Ambiental Risk Analytics.*



## 10 Environmental designations

### 10.1 Sites of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites providing statutory protection for the best examples of UK flora, fauna, or geological or physiographical features. Originally notified under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949, SSSIs were re-notified under the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981. Improved provisions for the protection and management of SSSIs were introduced by the Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (in England and Wales) and (in Scotland) by the Nature Conservation (Scotland) Act 2004 and the Wildlife and Natural Environment (Scotland) Act 2010.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

### 10.2 Conserved wetland sites (Ramsar sites)

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are designated under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, agreed in Ramsar, Iran, in 1971. They cover all aspects of wetland conservation and wise use, recognizing wetlands as ecosystems that are extremely important for biodiversity conservation in general and for the well-being of human communities. These sites cover a broad definition of wetland; marsh, fen, peatland or water, whether natural or artificial, permanent or temporary, with water that is static or flowing, fresh, brackish or salt, and even some marine areas.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

### 10.3 Special Areas of Conservation (SAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

### 10.4 Special Protection Areas (SPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites classified by the UK Government under the EC Birds Directive, SPAs are areas of the most important habitat for rare (listed on Annex I to the Directive) and migratory birds within the European Union.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*



## 10.5 National Nature Reserves (NNR)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites containing examples of some of the most important natural and semi-natural terrestrial and coastal ecosystems in Great Britain. They are managed to conserve their habitats, provide special opportunities for scientific study or to provide public recreation compatible with natural heritage interests.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.6 Local Nature Reserves (LNR)

Records within 2000m

0

Sites managed for nature conservation, and to provide opportunities for research and education, or simply enjoying and having contact with nature. They are declared by local authorities under the National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 after consultation with the relevant statutory nature conservation agency.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.7 Designated Ancient Woodland

Records within 2000m

0

Ancient woodlands are classified as areas which have been wooded continuously since at least 1600 AD. This includes semi-natural woodland and plantations on ancient woodland sites. 'Wooded continuously' does not mean there is or has previously been continuous tree cover across the whole site, and not all trees within the woodland have to be old.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.8 Biosphere Reserves

Records within 2000m

0

Biosphere Reserves are internationally recognised by UNESCO as sites of excellence to balance conservation and socioeconomic development between nature and people. They are recognised under the Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme with the aim of promoting sustainable development founded on the work of the local community.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*



## 10.9 Forest Parks

Records within 2000m

0

These are areas managed by the Forestry Commission designated on the basis of recreational, conservation or scenic interest.

*This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.*

## 10.10 Marine Conservation Zones

Records within 2000m

0

A type of marine nature reserve in UK waters established under the Marine and Coastal Access Act (2009). They are designated with the aim to protect nationally important, rare or threatened habitats and species.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 10.11 Green Belt

Records within 2000m

0

Areas designated to prevent urban sprawl by keeping land permanently open.

*This data is sourced from the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government.*

## 10.12 Proposed Ramsar sites

Records within 2000m

0

Ramsar sites are areas listed as a Wetland of International Importance under the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance especially as Waterfowl Habitat (the Ramsar Convention) 1971. The sites here supplied have a status of 'Proposed' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 10.13 Possible Special Areas of Conservation (pSAC)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Areas of Conservation are areas which have been identified as best representing the range and variety within the European Union of habitats and (non-bird) species listed on Annexes I and II to the Directive. SACs are designated under the EC Habitats Directive. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Possible' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 10.14 Potential Special Protection Areas (pSPA)

Records within 2000m

0

Special Protection Areas (SPAs) are areas designated (or 'classified') under the European Union Wild Birds Directive for the protection of nationally and internationally important populations of wild birds. Those sites supplied here are those with a status of 'Potential' having been identified for potential adoption under the framework.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 10.15 Nitrate Sensitive Areas

Records within 2000m

0

Areas where nitrate concentrations in drinking water sources exceeded or was at risk of exceeding the limit of 50 mg/l set by the 1980 EC Drinking Water Directive. Voluntary agricultural measures as a means of reducing the levels of nitrate were introduced by DEFRA as MAFF, with payments being made to farmers who complied. The scheme was started as a pilot in 1990 in ten areas, later implemented within 32 areas. The scheme was closed to further new entrants in 1998, although existing agreements continued for their full term. All Nitrate Sensitive Areas fell within the areas designated as Nitrate Vulnerable Zones (NVZs) in 1996 under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC).

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 10.16 Nitrate Vulnerable Zones

Records within 2000m

5

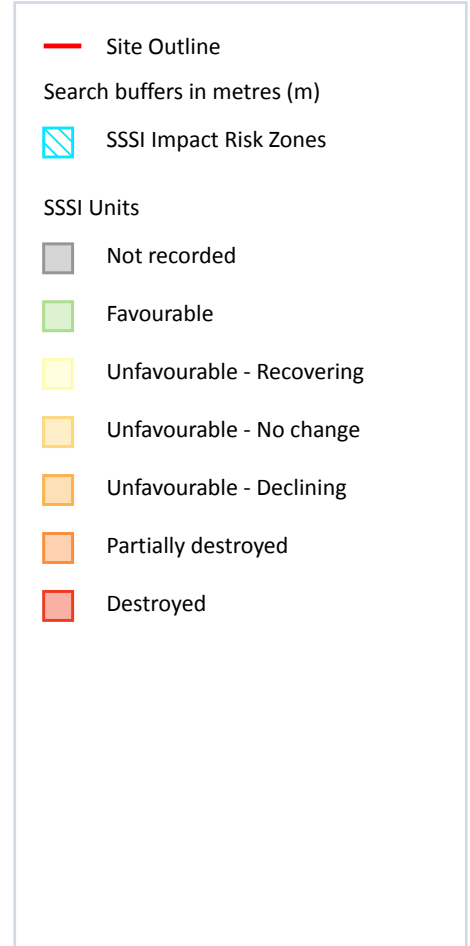
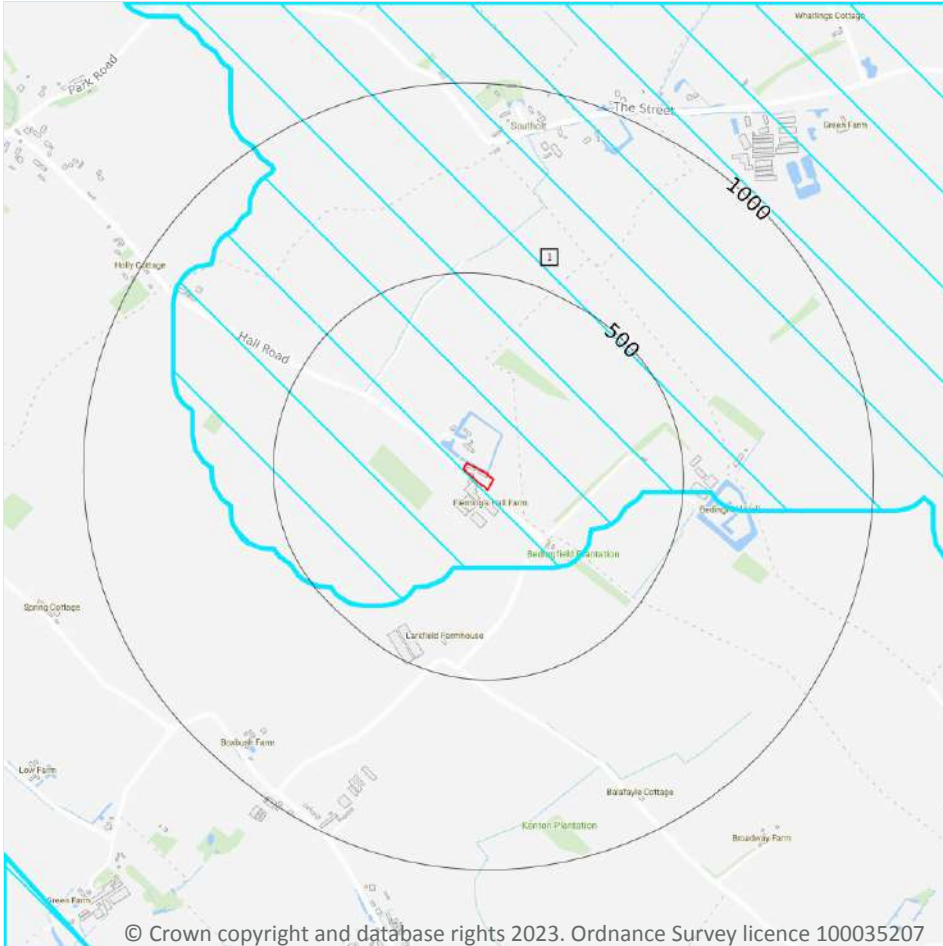
Areas at risk from agricultural nitrate pollution designated under the EC Nitrate Directive (91/676/EEC). These are areas of land that drain into waters polluted by nitrates. Farmers operating within these areas have to follow mandatory rules to tackle nitrate loss from agriculture.

Location	Name	Type	NVZ ID	Status
On site	River Waveney NVZ	Surface Water	396	Existing
On site	Deben NVZ	Surface Water	419	Existing
On site	Sandlings and Chelmsford	Groundwater	78	Existing
1823m S	Deben NVZ	Surface Water	419	Existing
1823m S	Sandlings and Chelmsford	Groundwater	78	Existing

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*



## SSSI Impact Zones and Units



### 10.17 SSSI Impact Risk Zones

#### Records on site

1

Developed to allow rapid initial assessment of the potential risks to SSSIs posed by development proposals. They define zones around each SSSI which reflect the particular sensitivities of the features for which it is notified and indicate the types of development proposal which could potentially have adverse impacts.

Features are displayed on the SSSI Impact Zones and Units map on [page 52 >](#)

ID	Location	Type of developments requiring consultation
1	On site	Discharges - Any discharge of water or liquid waste of more than 20m <sup>3</sup> /day to ground (ie to seep away) or to surface water, such as a beck or stream

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 10.18 SSSI Units

Records within 2000m

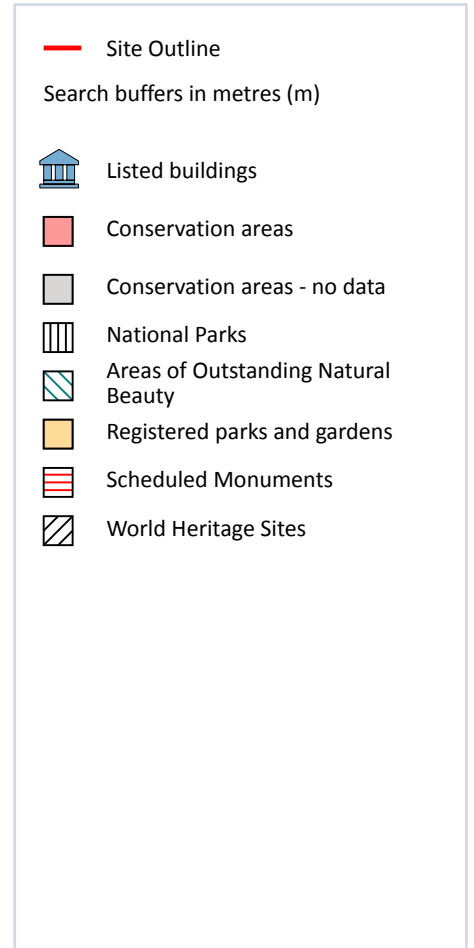
0

Divisions of SSSIs used to record management and condition details. Units are the smallest areas for which Natural England gives a condition assessment, however, the size of units varies greatly depending on the types of management and the conservation interest.

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*



## 11 Visual and cultural designations



### 11.1 World Heritage Sites

Records within 250m

0

Sites designated for their globally important cultural or natural interest requiring appropriate management and protection measures. World Heritage Sites are designated to meet the UK's commitments under the World Heritage Convention.

*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

## 11.2 Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty

**Records within 250m****0**

Areas of Outstanding Natural Beauty (AONB) are conservation areas, chosen because they represent 18% of the finest countryside. Each AONB has been designated for special attention because of the quality of their flora, fauna, historical and cultural associations, and/or scenic views. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act of 1949 created AONBs and the Countryside and Rights of Way Act, 2000 added further regulation and protection. There are likely to be restrictions to some developments within these areas.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and Scottish Natural Heritage.*

## 11.3 National Parks

**Records within 250m****0**

In England and Wales, the purpose of National Parks is to conserve and enhance landscapes within the countryside whilst promoting public enjoyment of them and having regard for the social and economic well-being of those living within them. In Scotland National Parks have the additional purpose of promoting the sustainable use of the natural resources of the area and the sustainable social and economic development of its communities. The National Parks and Access to the Countryside Act 1949 established the National Park designation in England and Wales, and The National Parks (Scotland) Act 2000 in Scotland.

*This data is sourced from Natural England, Natural Resources Wales and the Scottish Government.*

## 11.4 Listed Buildings

**Records within 250m****1**

Buildings listed for their special architectural or historical interest. Building control in the form of 'listed building consent' is required in order to make any changes to that building which might affect its special interest. Listed buildings are graded to indicate their relative importance, however building controls apply to all buildings equally, irrespective of their grade, and apply to the interior and exterior of the building in its entirety, together with any curtilage structures.

Features are displayed on the Visual and cultural designations map on [page 54 >](#)

ID	Location	Name	Grade	Reference Number	Listed date
1	42m N	Fleming's Hall	II*	1032413	29/07/1955

*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*





## 11.5 Conservation Areas

Records within 250m

0

Local planning authorities are obliged to designate as conservation areas any parts of their own area that are of special architectural or historic interest, the character and appearance of which it is desirable to preserve or enhance. Designation of a conservation area gives broader protection than the listing of individual buildings. All the features within the area, listed or otherwise, are recognised as part of its character. Conservation area designation is the means of recognising the importance of all factors and of ensuring that planning decisions address the quality of the landscape in its broadest sense.

*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

## 11.6 Scheduled Ancient Monuments

Records within 250m

0

A scheduled monument is an historic building or site that is included in the Schedule of Monuments kept by the Secretary of State for Digital, Culture, Media and Sport. The regime is set out in the Ancient Monuments and Archaeological Areas Act 1979. The Schedule of Monuments has c.20,000 entries and includes sites such as Roman remains, burial mounds, castles, bridges, earthworks, the remains of deserted villages and industrial sites. Monuments are not graded, but all are, by definition, considered to be of national importance.

*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*

## 11.7 Registered Parks and Gardens

Records within 250m

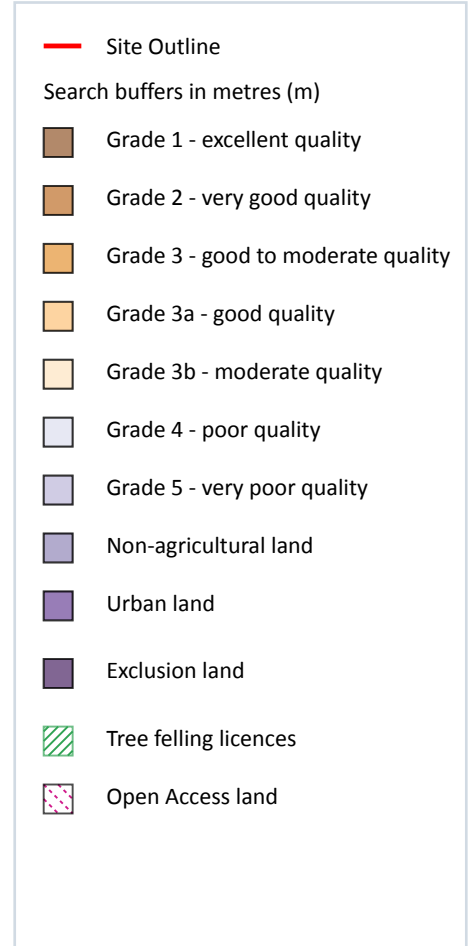
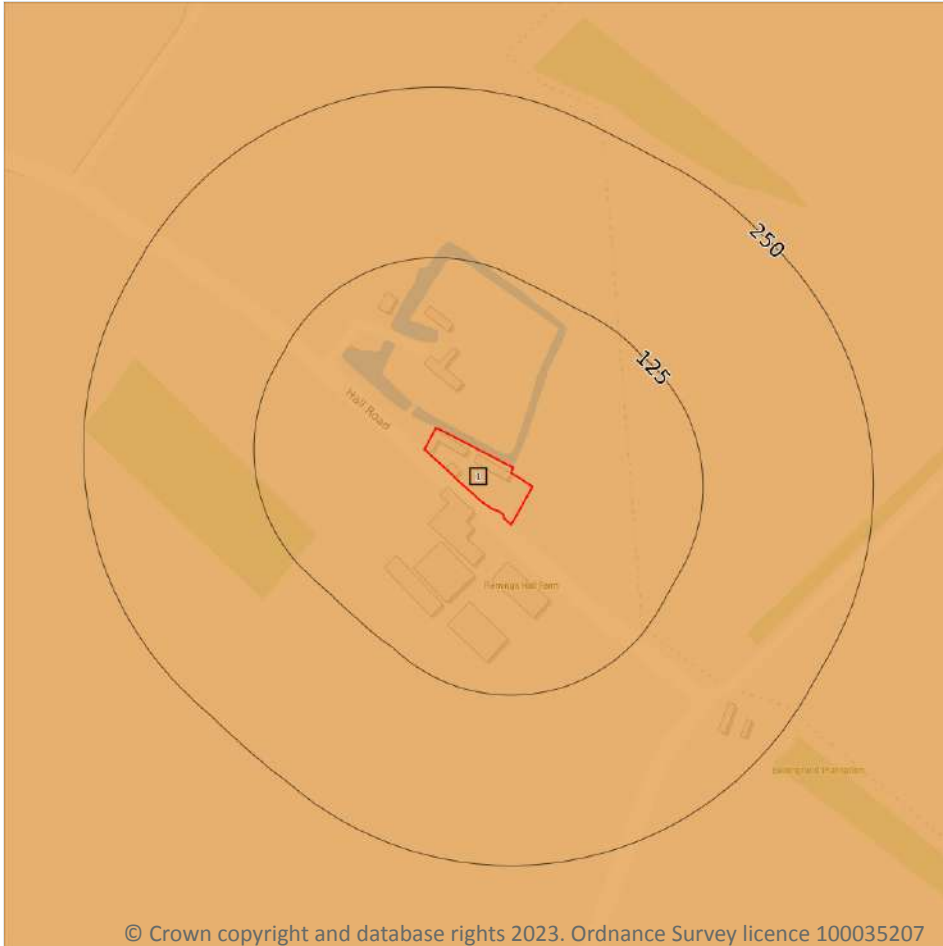
0

Parks and gardens assessed to be of particular interest and of special historic interest. The emphasis being on 'designed' landscapes, rather than on planting or botanical importance. Registration is a 'material consideration' in the planning process, meaning that planning authorities must consider the impact of any proposed development on the special character of the landscape.

*This data is sourced from Historic England, Cadw and Historic Environment Scotland.*



## 12 Agricultural designations



© Crown copyright and database rights 2023. Ordnance Survey licence 100035207

### 12.1 Agricultural Land Classification

Records within 250m

1

Classification of the quality of agricultural land taking into consideration multiple factors including climate, physical geography and soil properties. It should be noted that the categories for the grading of agricultural land are not consistent across England, Wales and Scotland.

Features are displayed on the Agricultural designations map on [page 57](#) >

ID	Location	Classification	Description
1	On site	Grade 3	Good to moderate quality agricultural land. Land with moderate limitations which affect the choice of crops, timing and type of cultivation, harvesting or the level of yield. Where more demanding crops are grown yields are generally lower or more variable than on land in Grades 1 and 2.

This data is sourced from Natural England.



## 12.2 Open Access Land

Records within 250m

0

The Countryside and Rights of Way Act 2000 (CROW Act) gives a public right of access to land without having to use paths. Access land includes mountains, moors, heaths and downs that are privately owned. It also includes common land registered with the local council and some land around the England Coast Path. Generally permitted activities on access land are walking, running, watching wildlife and climbing.

*This data is sourced from Natural England and Natural Resources Wales.*

## 12.3 Tree Felling Licences

Records within 250m

0

Felling Licence Application (FLA) areas approved by Forestry Commission England. Anyone wishing to fell trees must ensure that a licence or permission under a grant scheme has been issued by the Forestry Commission before any felling is carried out or that one of the exceptions apply.

*This data is sourced from the Forestry Commission.*

## 12.4 Environmental Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

0

Environmental Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. The schemes identified may be historical schemes that have now expired, or may still be active.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 12.5 Countryside Stewardship Schemes

Records within 250m

2

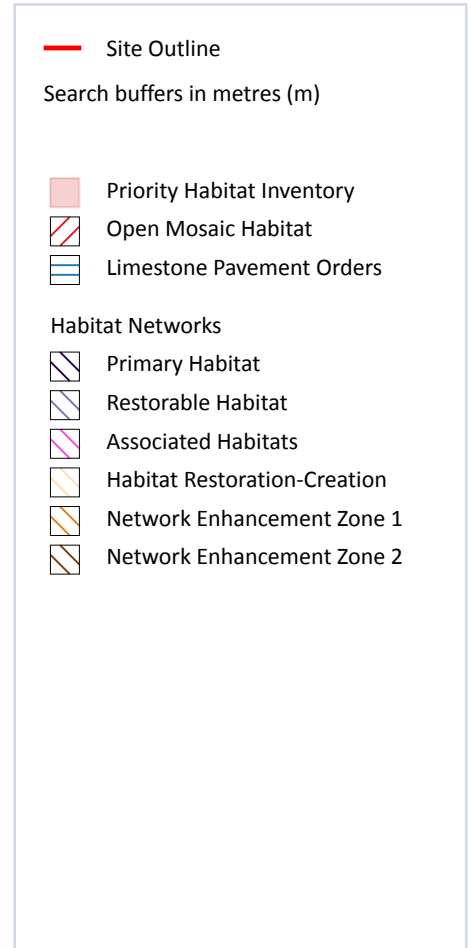
Countryside Stewardship covers a range of schemes that provide financial incentives to farmers, foresters and land managers to look after and improve the environment. Main objectives are to improve the farmed environment for wildlife and to reduce diffuse water pollution.

Location	Reference	Scheme	Start Date	End Date
On site	513256	Countryside Stewardship (Middle Tier)	01/01/2018	31/12/2022
7m W	513256	Countryside Stewardship (Middle Tier)	01/01/2018	31/12/2022

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*



## 13 Habitat designations



© Crown copyright and database rights 2023. Ordnance Survey licence 100035207

### 13.1 Priority Habitat Inventory

Records within 250m

3

Habitats of principal importance as named under Natural Environment and Rural Communities Act (2006) Section 41.

Features are displayed on the Habitat designations map on [page 59](#) >

ID	Location	Main Habitat	Other habitats
1	101m W	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
A	189m SE	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)
A	204m SE	Deciduous woodland	Main habitat: DWOOD (INV > 50%)

This data is sourced from Natural England.

## 13.2 Habitat Networks

Records within 250m

0

Habitat networks for 18 priority habitat networks (based primarily, but not exclusively, on the priority habitat inventory) and areas suitable for the expansion of networks through restoration and habitat creation.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 13.3 Open Mosaic Habitat

Records within 250m

0

Sites verified as Open Mosaic Habitat. Mosaic habitats are brownfield sites that are identified under the UK Biodiversity Action Plan as a priority habitat due to the habitat variation within a single site, supporting an array of invertebrates.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*

## 13.4 Limestone Pavement Orders

Records within 250m

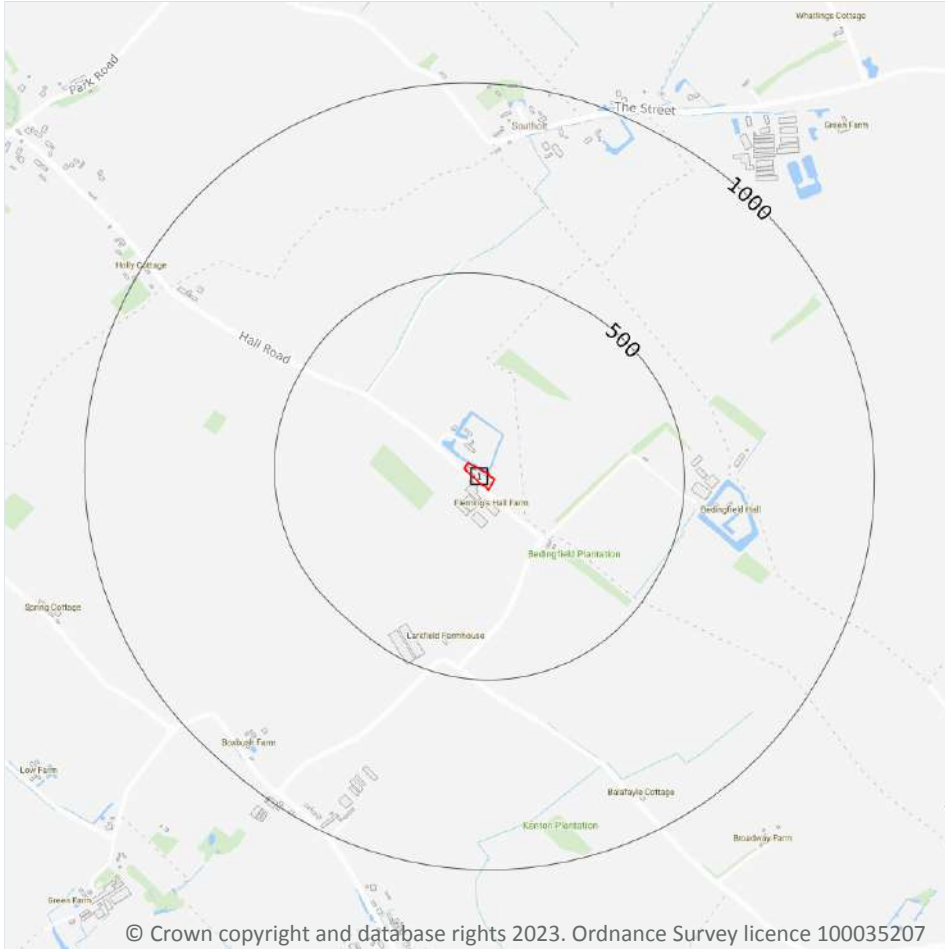
0

Limestone pavements are outcrops of limestone where the surface has been worn away by natural means over millennia. These rocks have the appearance of paving blocks, hence their name. Not only do they have geological interest, they also provide valuable habitats for wildlife. These habitats are threatened due to their removal for use in gardens and water features. Many limestone pavements have been designated as SSSIs which affords them some protection. In addition, Section 34 of the Wildlife and Countryside Act 1981 gave them additional protection via the creation of Limestone Pavement Orders, which made it a criminal offence to remove any part of the outcrop. The associated Limestone Pavement Priority Habitat is part of the UK Biodiversity Action Plan priority habitat in England.

*This data is sourced from Natural England.*



## 14 Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability



— Site Outline  
 Search buffers in metres (m)

- Full coverage
- Partial coverage
- No coverage

© Crown copyright and database rights 2023. Ordnance Survey licence 100035207

### 14.1 10k Availability

Records within 500m

1

An indication on the coverage of 1:10,000 scale geology data for the site, the most detailed dataset provided by the British Geological Survey. Either 'Full', 'Partial' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:10,000 scale - Availability map on [page 61](#) >

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	No coverage	No coverage	No coverage	No coverage	NoCov

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Geology 1:10,000 scale - Artificial and made ground

### 14.2 Artificial and made ground (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:10,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Geology 1:10,000 scale - Superficial

### 14.3 Superficial geology (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Superficial geological deposits at 1:10,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 14.4 Landslip (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:10,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*





## Geology 1:10,000 scale - Bedrock

### 14.5 Bedrock geology (10k)

Records within 500m

0

Bedrock geology at 1:10,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 14.6 Bedrock faults and other linear features (10k)

Records within 500m

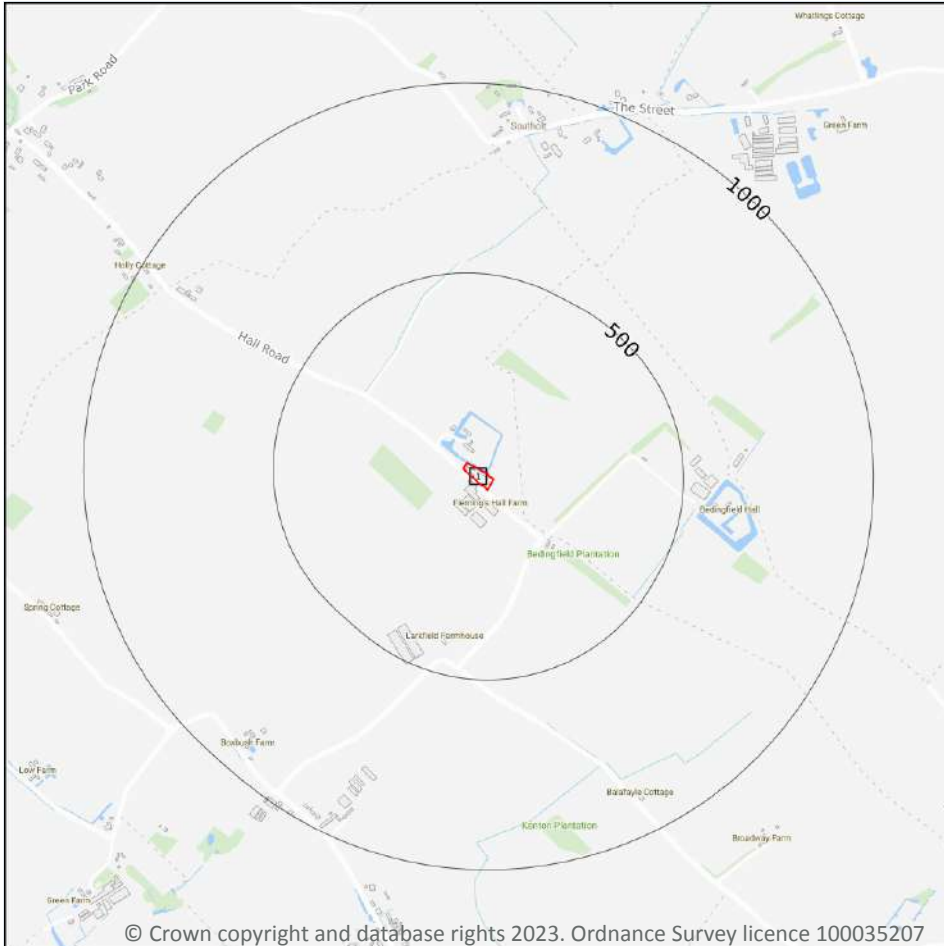
0

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:10,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 15 Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Geological map tile

### 15.1 50k Availability

#### Records within 500m

1

An indication on the coverage of 1:50,000 scale geology data for the site. Either 'Full' or 'No coverage' for each geological theme.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Availability map on [page 65](#) >

ID	Location	Artificial	Superficial	Bedrock	Mass movement	Sheet No.
1	On site	Full	Full	Full	No coverage	EW190_eye_v4

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Geology 1:50,000 scale - Artificial and made ground

### 15.2 Artificial and made ground (50k)

Records within 500m

0

Details of made, worked, infilled, disturbed and landscaped ground at 1:50,000 scale. Artificial ground can be associated with potentially contaminated material, unpredictable engineering conditions and instability.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 15.3 Artificial ground permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

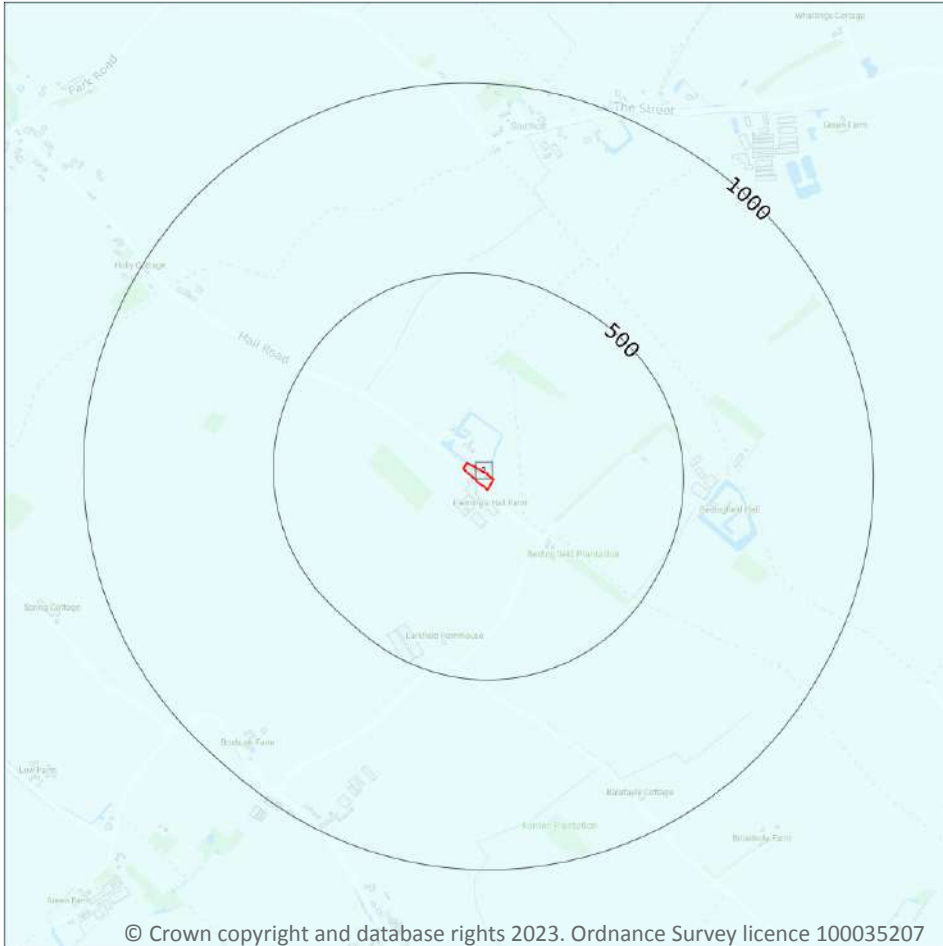
0

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any artificial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- Landslip (50k)
- Superficial geology (50k)  
Please see table for more details.

### 15.4 Superficial geology (50k)

Records within 500m

1

Superficial geological deposits at 1:50,000 scale. Also known as 'drift', these are the youngest geological deposits, formed during the Quaternary. They rest on older deposits or rocks referred to as bedrock.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Superficial map on [page 67](#) >

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock description
1	On site	LOFT-DMTN	LOWESTOFT FORMATION	DIAMICTON

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 15.5 Superficial permeability (50k)

**Records within 50m** **1**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any superficial deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
On site	Mixed	Moderate	Low

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 15.6 Landslip (50k)

**Records within 500m** **0**

Mass movement deposits on BGS geological maps at 1:50,000 scale. Primarily superficial deposits that have moved down slope under gravity to form landslips. These affect bedrock, other superficial deposits and artificial ground.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

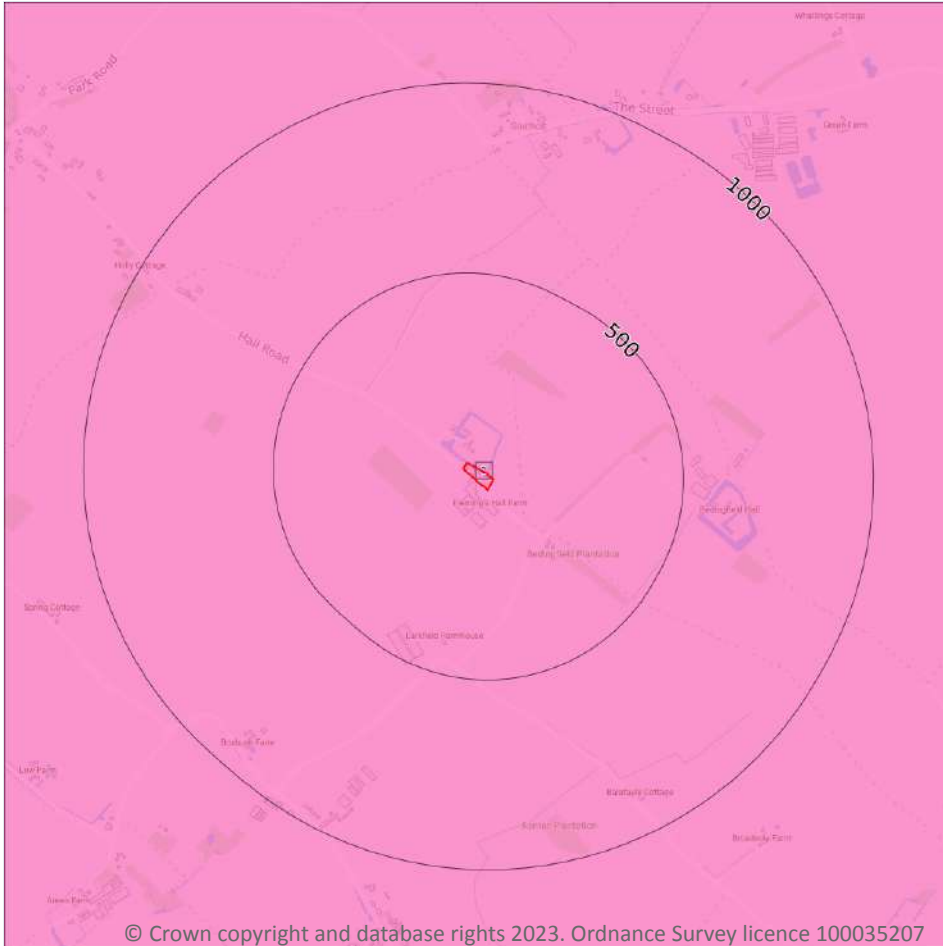
## 15.7 Landslip permeability (50k)

**Records within 50m** **0**

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of any landslip deposits (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock



- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- ..... Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)
- Bedrock geology (50k)  
Please see table for more details.

### 15.8 Bedrock geology (50k)

Records within 500m

1

Bedrock geology at 1:50,000 scale. The main mass of rocks forming the Earth and present everywhere, whether exposed at the surface in outcrops or concealed beneath superficial deposits or water.

Features are displayed on the Geology 1:50,000 scale - Bedrock map on [page 69](#) >

ID	Location	LEX Code	Description	Rock age
1	On site	CRAG-S	CRAG GROUP - SAND	-

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 15.9 Bedrock permeability (50k)

Records within 50m

1

A qualitative classification of estimated rates of vertical movement of water from the ground surface through the unsaturated zone of bedrock (the zone between the land surface and the water table).

Location	Flow type	Maximum permeability	Minimum permeability
On site	Intergranular	High	High

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 15.10 Bedrock faults and other linear features (50k)

Records within 500m

0

Linear features at the ground or bedrock surface at 1:50,000 scale of six main types; rock, fault, fold axis, mineral vein, alteration area or landform. Features are either observed or inferred, and relate primarily to bedrock.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 16 Boreholes

### 16.1 BGS Boreholes

Records within 250m

0

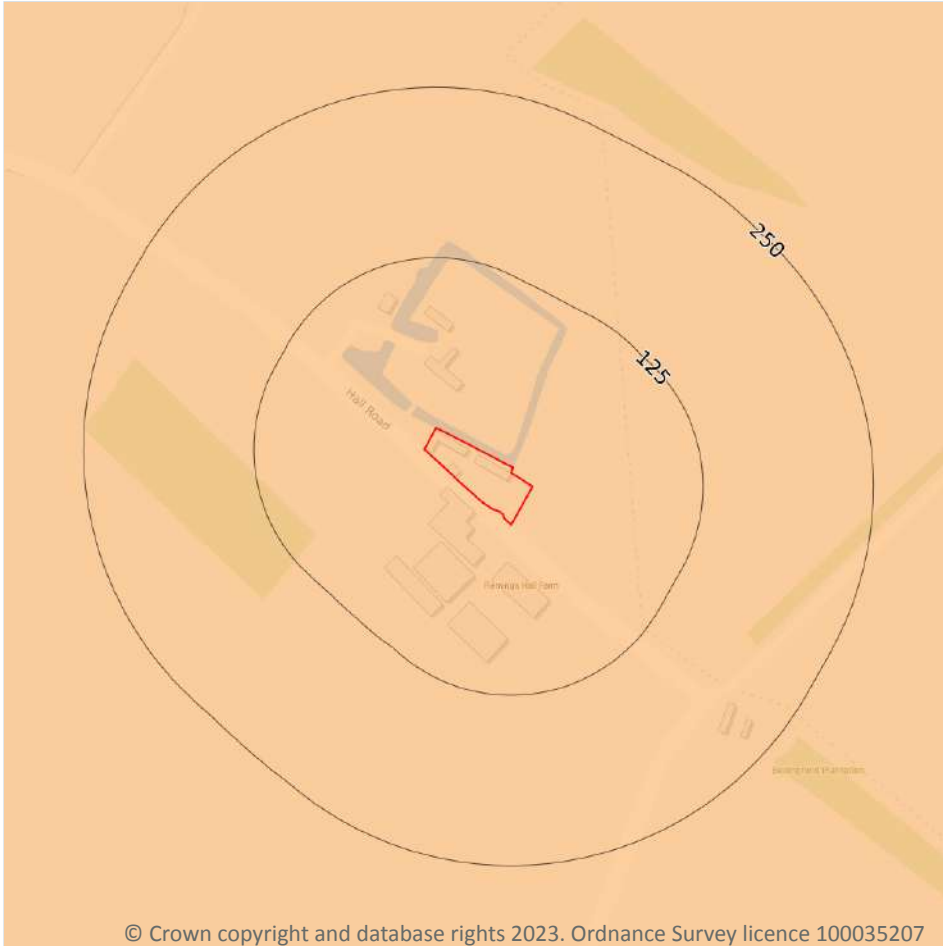
The Single Onshore Boreholes Index (SOBI); an index of over one million records of boreholes, shafts and wells from all forms of drilling and site investigation work held by the British Geological Survey. Covering onshore and nearshore boreholes dating back to at least 1790 and ranging from one to several thousand metres deep.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*





## 17 Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays



© Crown copyright and database rights 2023. Ordnance Survey licence 100035207

### 17.1 Shrink swell clays

Records within 50m

1

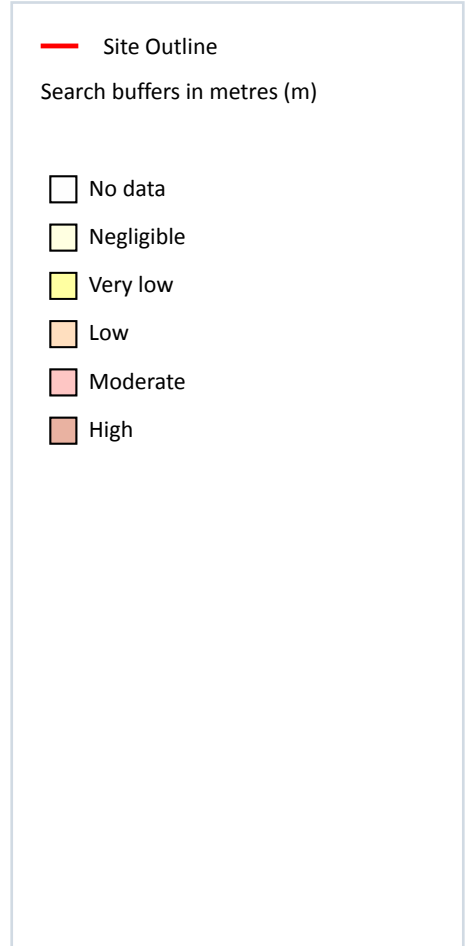
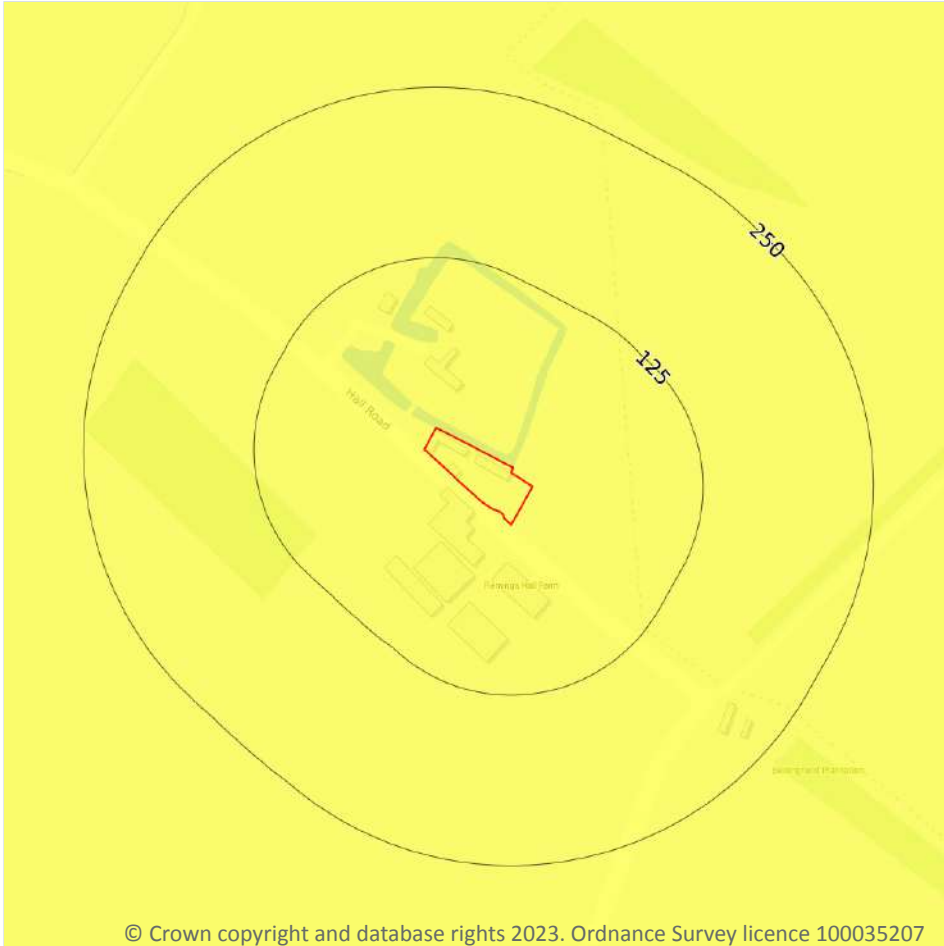
The potential hazard presented by soils that absorb water when wet (making them swell), and lose water as they dry (making them shrink). This shrink-swell behaviour is controlled by the type and amount of clay in the soil, and by seasonal changes in the soil moisture content (related to rainfall and local drainage).

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Shrink swell clays map on [page 72 >](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Low	Ground conditions predominantly medium plasticity.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Natural ground subsidence - Running sands



### 17.2 Running sands

Records within 50m

1

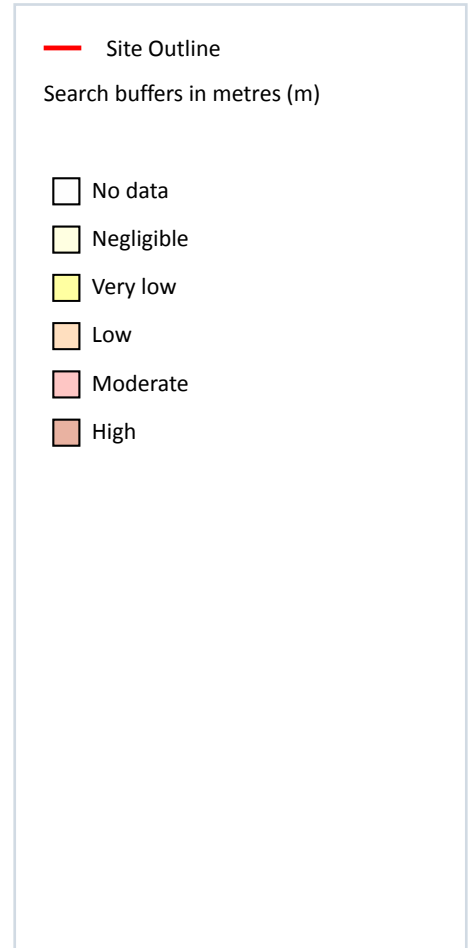
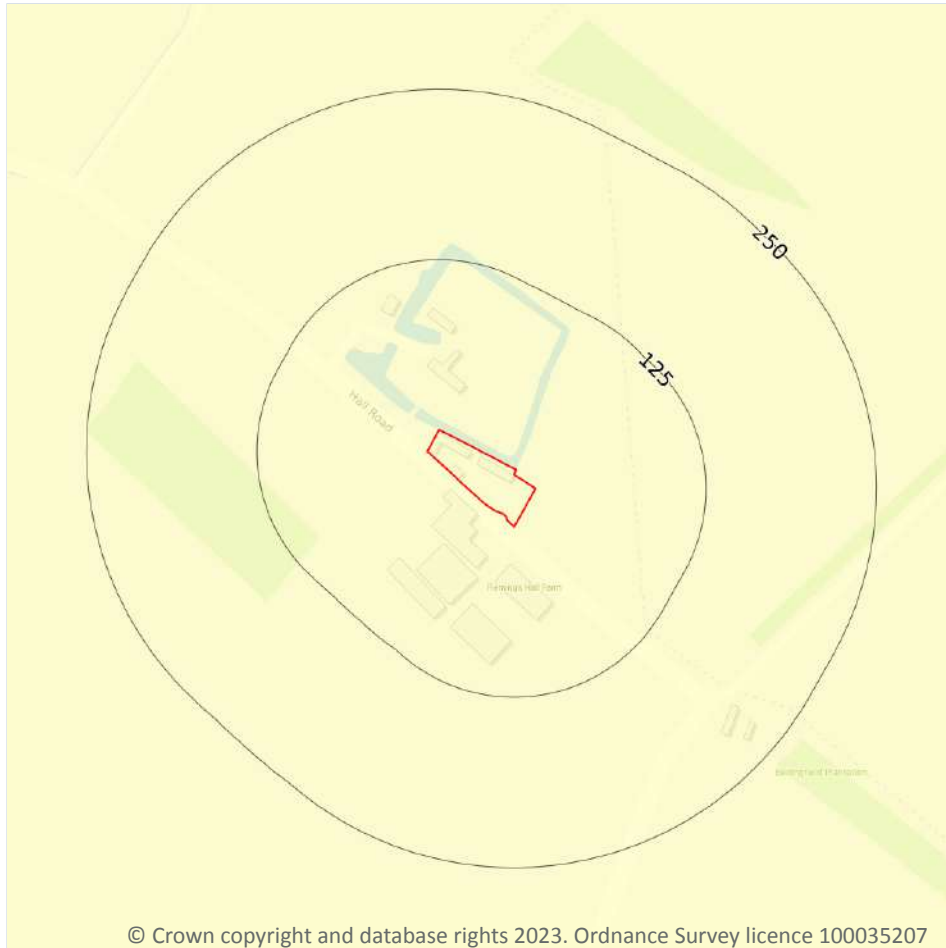
The potential hazard presented by rocks that can contain loosely-packed sandy layers that can become fluidised by water flowing through them. Such sands can 'run', removing support from overlying buildings and causing potential damage.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Running sands map on [page 73](#) >

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Running sand conditions are unlikely. No identified constraints on land use due to running conditions unless water table rises rapidly.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits



### 17.3 Compressible deposits

Records within 50m

1

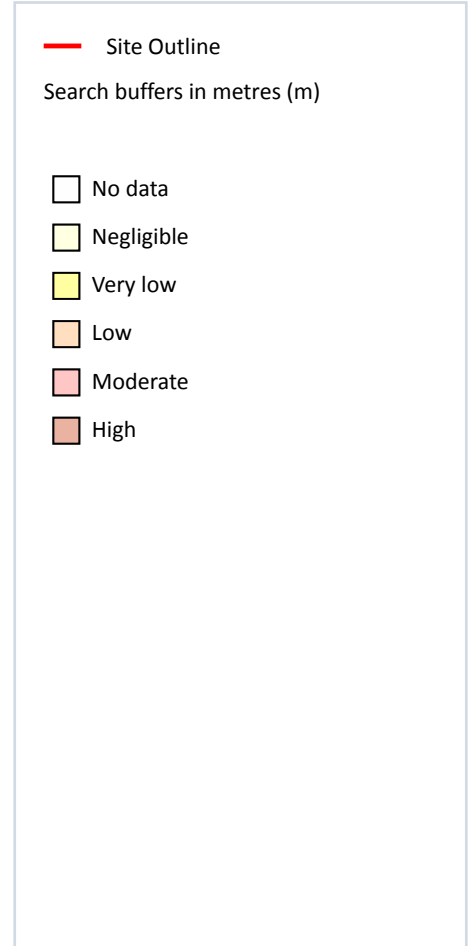
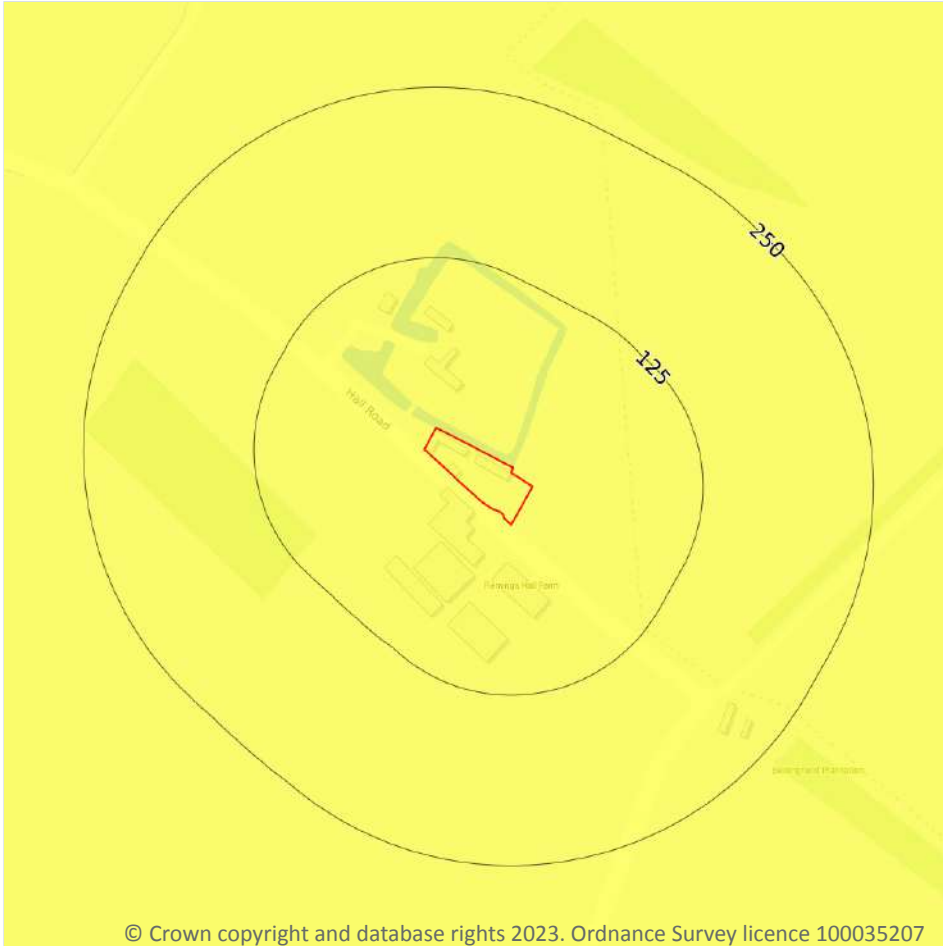
The potential hazard presented by types of ground that may contain layers of very soft materials like clay or peat and may compress if loaded by overlying structures, or if the groundwater level changes, potentially resulting in depression of the ground and disturbance of foundations.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Compressible deposits map on [page 74 >](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Compressible strata are not thought to occur.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits



### 17.4 Collapsible deposits

Records within 50m

1

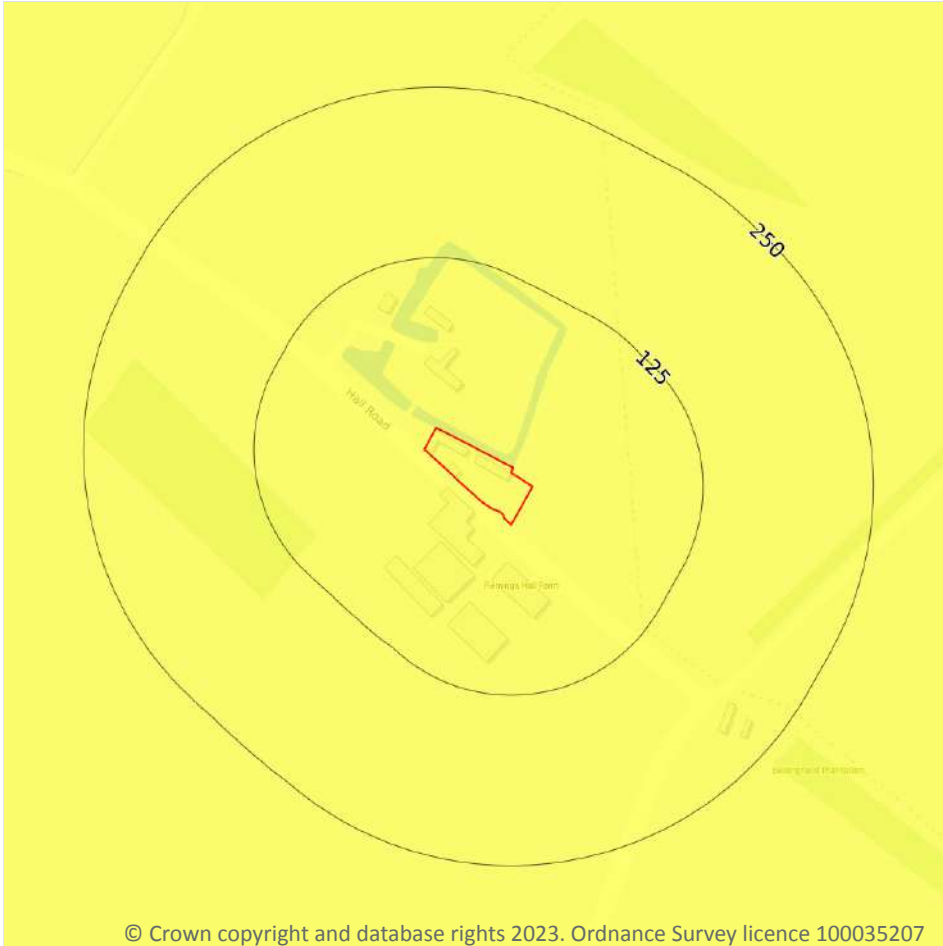
The potential hazard presented by natural deposits that could collapse when a load (such as a building) is placed on them or they become saturated with water.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Collapsible deposits map on [page 75 >](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Deposits with potential to collapse when loaded and saturated are unlikely to be present.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Natural ground subsidence - Landslides



### 17.5 Landslides

Records within 50m

1

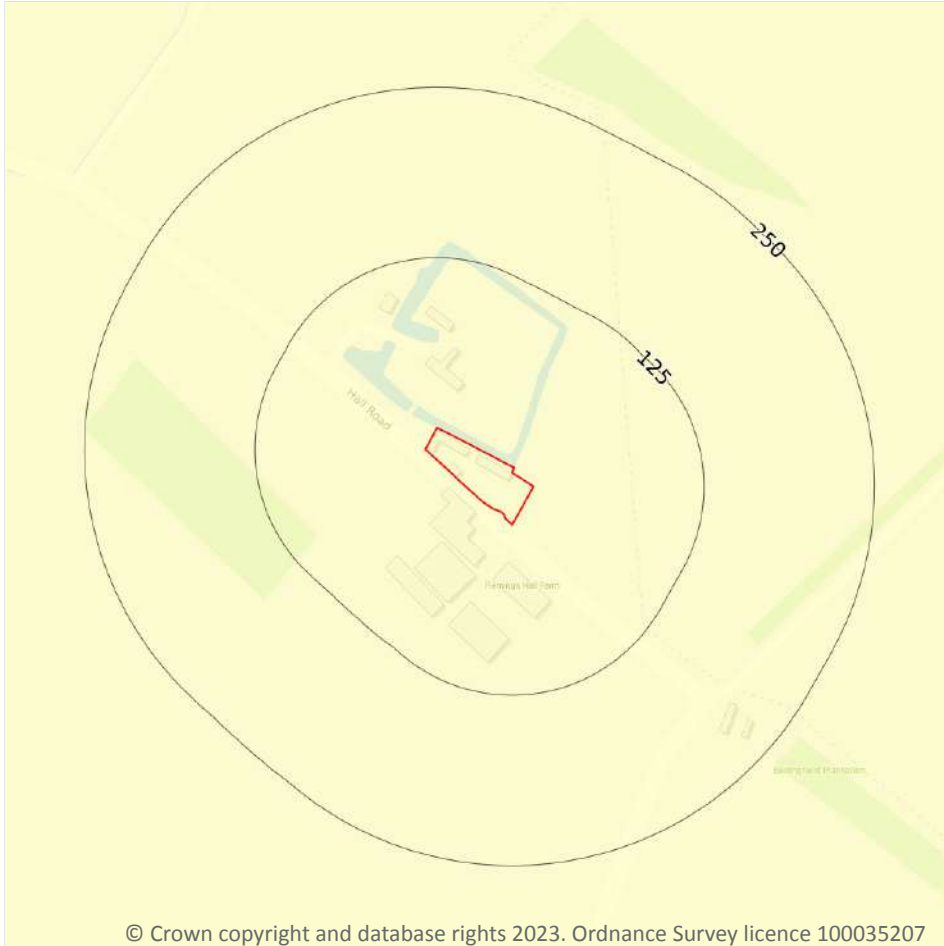
The potential for landsliding (slope instability) to be a hazard assessed using 1:50,000 scale digital maps of superficial and bedrock deposits, combined with information from the BGS National Landslide Database and scientific and engineering reports.

Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Landslides map on [page 76 >](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Very low	Slope instability problems are not likely to occur but consideration to potential problems of adjacent areas impacting on the site should always be considered.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks



### 17.6 Ground dissolution of soluble rocks

Records within 50m

1

The potential hazard presented by ground dissolution, which occurs when water passing through soluble rocks produces underground cavities and cave systems. These cavities reduce support to the ground above and can cause localised collapse of the overlying rocks and deposits.

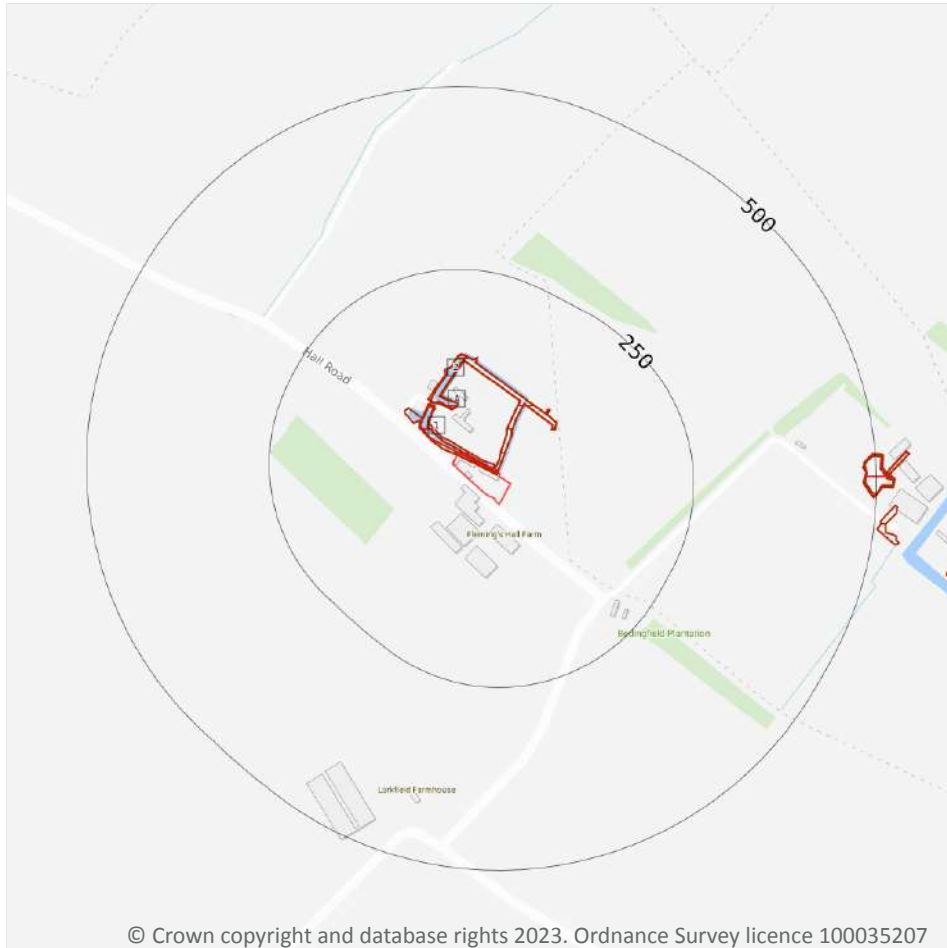
Features are displayed on the Natural ground subsidence - Ground dissolution of soluble rocks map on [page 77](#)

Location	Hazard rating	Details
On site	Negligible	Soluble rocks are either not thought to be present within the ground, or not prone to dissolution. Dissolution features are unlikely to be present.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 18 Mining and ground workings



© Crown copyright and database rights 2023. Ordnance Survey licence 100035207

- Site Outline
- Search buffers in metres (m)
- BritPits
- Surface ground workings
- Underground workings
- Underground mining extents
- Historical mineral planning areas
- TCA non-coal mining
- Non Coal Mining
  - Sporadic underground mining of restricted extent possible
  - Localised small scale underground mining possible
  - Small scale mining possible
  - Underground mining known or likely within or in close proximity
  - Underground mining known within or in very close proximity

### 18.1 BritPits

Records within 500m

0

BritPits (an abbreviation of British Pits) is a database maintained by the British Geological Survey of currently active and closed surface and underground mineral workings. Details of major mineral handling sites, such as wharfs and rail depots are also held in the database.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 18.2 Surface ground workings

**Records within 250m**

**4**

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that involved ground excavation at the surface. These features may or may not have been subsequently backfilled.

Features are displayed on the Mining and ground workings map on [page 79 >](#)

ID	Location	Land Use	Year of mapping	Mapping scale
1	On site	Fish Pond	1952	1:10560
A	On site	Fish Pond	1947	1:10560
A	On site	Fish Pond	1884	1:10560
2	60m NW	Fish Pond	1905	1:10560

*This is data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.*

## 18.3 Underground workings

**Records within 1000m**

**0**

Historical land uses identified from Ordnance Survey mapping that indicate the presence of underground workings e.g. mine shafts.

*This is data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.*

## 18.4 Underground mining extents

**Records within 500m**

**0**

This data identifies underground mine workings that could present a potential risk, including adits and seam workings. These features have been identified from BGS Geological mapping and mine plans sourced from the BGS and various collections and sources.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

## 18.5 Historical Mineral Planning Areas

**Records within 500m**

**0**

Boundaries of mineral planning permissions for England and Wales. This data was collated between the 1940s (and retrospectively to the 1930s) and the mid 1980s. The data includes permitted, withdrawn and refused permissions.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 18.6 Non-coal mining

Records within 1000m

0

The potential for historical non-coal mining to have affected an area. The assessment is drawn from expert knowledge and literature in addition to the digital geological map of Britain. Mineral commodities may be divided into seven general categories - vein minerals, chalk, oil shale, building stone, bedded ores, evaporites and 'other' commodities (including ball clay, jet, black marble, graphite and chert).

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

## 18.7 JPB mining areas

Records on site

0

Areas which could be affected by former coal and other mining. This data includes some mine plans unavailable to the Coal Authority.

*This data is sourced from Johnson Poole and Bloomer.*

## 18.8 The Coal Authority non-coal mining

Records within 500m

0

This data provides an indication of the potential zone of influence of recorded underground non-coal mining workings. Any and all analysis and interpretation of Coal Authority Data in this report is made by Groundsure, and is in no way supported, endorsed or authorised by the Coal Authority. The use of the data is restricted to the terms and provisions contained in this report. Data reproduced in this report may be the copyright of the Coal Authority and permission should be sought from Groundsure prior to any re-use.

*This data is sourced from The Coal Authority.*

## 18.9 Researched mining

Records within 500m

0

This data indicates areas of potential mining identified from alternative or archival sources, including; BGS Geological paper maps, Lidar data, aerial photographs (from World War II onwards), archaeological data services, websites, Tithe maps, and various text/plans from collected books and reports. Some of this data is approximate and Groundsure have interpreted the resultant risk area and, where possible, specific areas of risk have been captured.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*



## 18.10 Mining record office plans

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
----------------------------	----------

This dataset is representative of Mining Record Office and/or plan extents held by Groundsure and should be considered approximate. Where possible, plans have been located and any specific areas of risk they depict have been captured.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

## 18.11 BGS mine plans

<b>Records within 500m</b>	<b>0</b>
----------------------------	----------

This dataset is representative of BGS mine plans held by Groundsure and should be considered approximate. Where possible, plans have been located and any specific areas of risk they depict have been captured.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

## 18.12 Coal mining

<b>Records on site</b>	<b>0</b>
------------------------	----------

Areas which could be affected by past, current or future coal mining.

*This data is sourced from the Coal Authority.*

## 18.13 Brine areas

<b>Records on site</b>	<b>0</b>
------------------------	----------

The Cheshire Brine Compensation District indicates areas that may be affected by salt and brine extraction in Cheshire and where compensation would be available where damage from this mining has occurred. Damage from salt and brine mining can still occur outside this district, but no compensation will be available.

*This data is sourced from the Cheshire Brine Subsidence Compensation Board.*

## 18.14 Gypsum areas

<b>Records on site</b>	<b>0</b>
------------------------	----------

Generalised areas that may be affected by gypsum extraction.

*This data is sourced from British Gypsum.*

## 18.15 Tin mining

Records on site

0

Generalised areas that may be affected by historical tin mining.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

## 18.16 Clay mining

Records on site

0

Generalised areas that may be affected by kaolin and ball clay extraction.

*This data is sourced from the Kaolin and Ball Clay Association (UK).*

## 19 Ground cavities and sinkholes

### 19.1 Natural cavities

Records within 500m

0

Industry recognised national database of natural cavities. Sinkholes and caves are formed by the dissolution of soluble rock, such as chalk and limestone, gulls and fissures by cambering. Ground instability can result from movement of loose material contained within these cavities, often triggered by water.

*This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.*

### 19.2 Mining cavities

Records within 1000m

0

Industry recognised national database of mining cavities. Degraded mines may result in hazardous subsidence (crown holes). Climatic conditions and water escape can also trigger subsidence over mine entrances and workings.

*This data is sourced from Stantec UK Ltd.*

### 19.3 Reported recent incidents

Records within 500m

0

This data identifies sinkhole information gathered from media reports and Groundsure's own records. This data goes back to 2014 and includes relative accuracy ratings for each event and links to the original data sources. The data is updated on a regular basis and should not be considered a comprehensive catalogue of all sinkhole events. The absence of data in this database does not mean a sinkhole definitely has not occurred during this time.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

### 19.4 Historical incidents

Records within 500m

0

This dataset comprises an extract of 1:10,560, 1:10,000, 1:2,500 and 1:1,250 scale historical Ordnance Survey maps held by Groundsure, dating back to the 1840s. It shows shakeholes, deneholes and other 'holes' as noted on these maps. Dene holes are medieval chalk extraction pits, usually comprising a narrow shaft with a number of chambers at the base of the shaft. Shakeholes are an alternative name for suffusion sinkholes, most commonly found in the limestone landscapes of North Yorkshire but also extensively noted around the Brecon Beacons National Park.

Not all 'holes' noted on Ordnance Survey mapping will necessarily be present within this dataset.



*This data is sourced from Groundsure.*

## 19.5 National karst database

Records within 500m

0

This is a comprehensive database of national karst information gathered from a wide range of sources. BGS have collected data on five main types of karst feature: Sinkholes, stream links, caves, springs, and incidences of associated damage to buildings, roads, bridges and other engineered works.

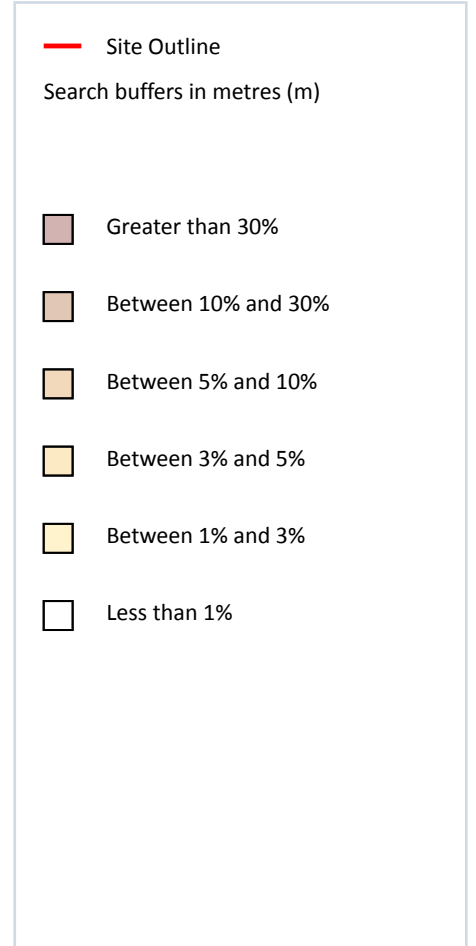
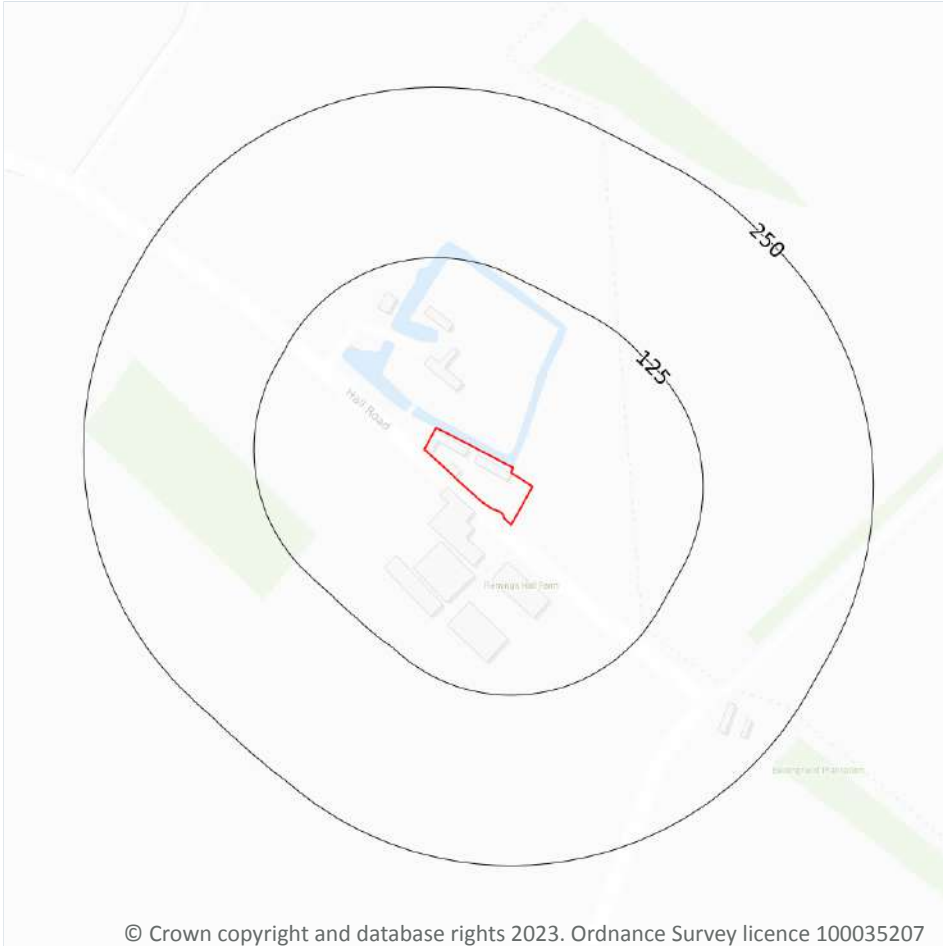
Since the database was set up in 2002 data covering most of the evaporite karst areas of the UK have now been added, along with data covering about 60% of the Chalk, and 35% of the Carboniferous Limestone outcrops. Many of the classic upland karst areas have yet to be included. Recorded so far are: Over 800 caves, 1300 stream sinks, 5600 springs, 10,000 sinkholes.

The database is not yet complete, and not all records have been verified. The absence of data does not mean that karst features are not present at a site. A reliability rating is included with each record.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 20 Radon



### 20.1 Radon

#### Records on site

1

The Radon Potential data classifies areas based on their likelihood of a property having a radon level at or above the Action Level in Great Britain. The dataset is intended for use at 1:50,000 scale and was derived from both geological assessments and indoor radon measurements (more than 560,000 records). A minimum 50m buffer should be considered when searching the maps, as the smallest detectable feature at this scale is 50m. The findings of this section should supersede any estimations derived from the Indicative Atlas of Radon in Great Britain (1:100,000 scale).

Features are displayed on the Radon map on [page 86 >](#)

Location	Estimated properties affected	Radon Protection Measures required
On site	Less than 1%	None

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey and UK Health Security Agency.*





## 21 Soil chemistry

### 21.1 BGS Estimated Background Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

1

The estimated values provide the likely background concentration of the potentially harmful elements Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Lead and Nickel in topsoil. The values are estimated primarily from rural topsoil data collected at a sample density of approximately 1 per 2 km<sup>2</sup>. In areas where rural soil samples are not available, estimation is based on stream sediment data collected from small streams at a sampling density of 1 per 2.5 km<sup>2</sup>; this is the case for most of Scotland, Wales and southern England. The stream sediment data are converted to soil-equivalent concentrations prior to the estimation.

Location	Arsenic	Bioaccessible Arsenic	Lead	Bioaccessible Lead	Cadmium	Chromium	Nickel
On site	15 mg/kg	No data	100 mg/kg	60 mg/kg	1.8 mg/kg	40 - 60 mg/kg	15 - 30 mg/kg

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 21.2 BGS Estimated Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

0

Estimated topsoil chemistry of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc and bioaccessible Arsenic and Lead in 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These estimates are derived from interpolation of the measured urban topsoil data referred to above and provide information across each city between the measured sample locations (4 per km<sup>2</sup>).

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*

### 21.3 BGS Measured Urban Soil Chemistry

Records within 50m

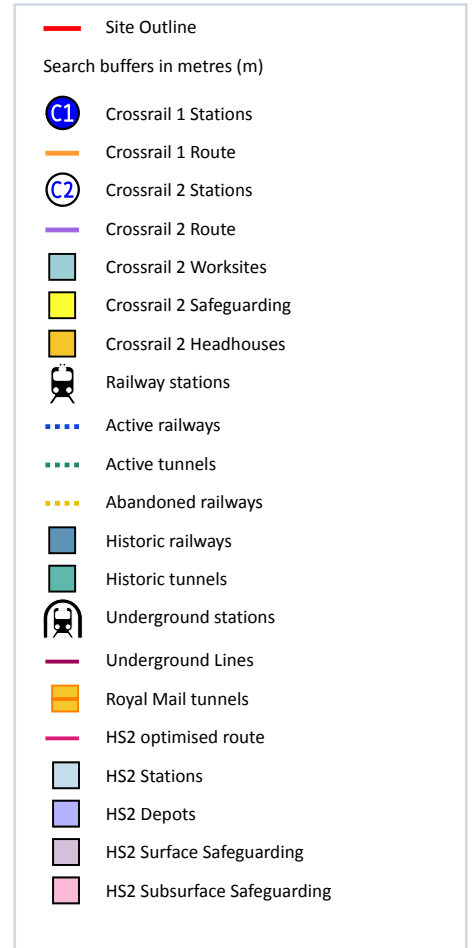
0

The locations and measured total concentrations (mg/kg) of Arsenic, Cadmium, Chromium, Copper, Nickel, Lead, Tin and Zinc in urban topsoil samples from 23 urban centres across Great Britain. These are collected at a sample density of 4 per km<sup>2</sup>.

*This data is sourced from the British Geological Survey.*



## 22 Railway infrastructure and projects



© Crown copyright and database rights 2023. Ordnance Survey licence 100035207

### 22.1 Underground railways (London)

Records within 250m

0

Details of all active London Underground lines, including approximate tunnel roof depth and operational hours.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

### 22.2 Underground railways (Non-London)

Records within 250m

0

Details of the Merseyrail system, the Tyne and Wear Metro and the Glasgow Subway. Not all parts of all systems are located underground. The data contains location information only and does not include a depth assessment.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

## 22.3 Railway tunnels

Records within 250m

0

Railway tunnels taken from contemporary Ordnance Survey mapping.

*This data is sourced from the Ordnance Survey.*

## 22.4 Historical railway and tunnel features

Records within 250m

0

Railways and tunnels digitised from historical Ordnance Survey mapping as scales of 1:1,250, 1:2,500, 1:10,000 and 1:10,560.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey/Groundsure.*

## 22.5 Royal Mail tunnels

Records within 250m

0

The Post Office Railway, otherwise known as the Mail Rail, is an underground railway running through Central London from Paddington Head District Sorting Office to Whitechapel Eastern Head Sorting Office. The line is 10.5km long. The data includes details of the full extent of the tunnels, the depth of the tunnel, and the depth to track level.

*This data is sourced from Groundsure/the Postal Museum.*

## 22.6 Historical railways

Records within 250m

2

Former railway lines, including dismantled lines, abandoned lines, disused lines, historic railways and razed lines.

Features are displayed on the Railway infrastructure and projects map on [page 89](#) >

Location	Description
196m SE	Abandoned
196m SE	Razed

*This data is sourced from OpenStreetMap.*



## 22.7 Railways

Records within 250m

0

Currently existing railway lines, including standard railways, narrow gauge, funicular, trams and light railways.

*This data is sourced from Ordnance Survey and OpenStreetMap.*

## 22.8 Crossrail 1

Records within 500m

0

The Crossrail railway project links 41 stations over 100 kilometres from Reading and Heathrow in the west, through underground sections in central London, to Shenfield and Abbey Wood in the east.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

## 22.9 Crossrail 2

Records within 500m

0

Crossrail 2 is a proposed railway linking the national rail networks in Surrey and Hertfordshire via an underground tunnel through London.

*This data is sourced from publicly available information by Groundsure.*

## 22.10 HS2

Records within 500m

0

HS2 is a proposed high speed rail network running from London to Manchester and Leeds via Birmingham. Main civils construction on Phase 1 (London to Birmingham) of the project began in 2019, and it is currently anticipated that this phase will be fully operational by 2026. Construction on Phase 2a (Birmingham to Crewe) is anticipated to commence in 2021, with the service fully operational by 2027. Construction on Phase 2b (Crewe to Manchester and Birmingham to Leeds) is scheduled to begin in 2023 and be operational by 2033.

*This data is sourced from HS2 Ltd.*



---

## Data providers

Groundsure works with respected data providers to bring you the most relevant and accurate information. To find out who they are and their areas of expertise see <https://www.groundsure.com/sources-reference> ↗.

---

## Terms and conditions

Groundsure's Terms and Conditions can be accessed at this link: <https://www.groundsure.com/terms-and-conditions-april-2023/> ↗.



**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** County Series

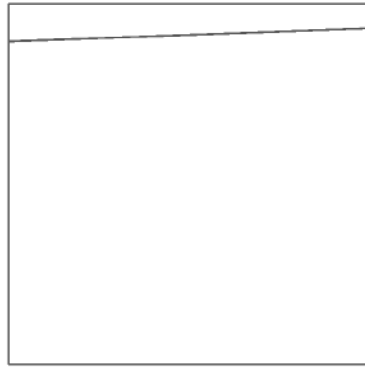
**Map date:** 1884

**Scale:** 1:2,500

**Printed at:** 1:2,500



Surveyed 1884  
Revised 1884  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A



Surveyed 1884  
Revised 1884  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

Powered by

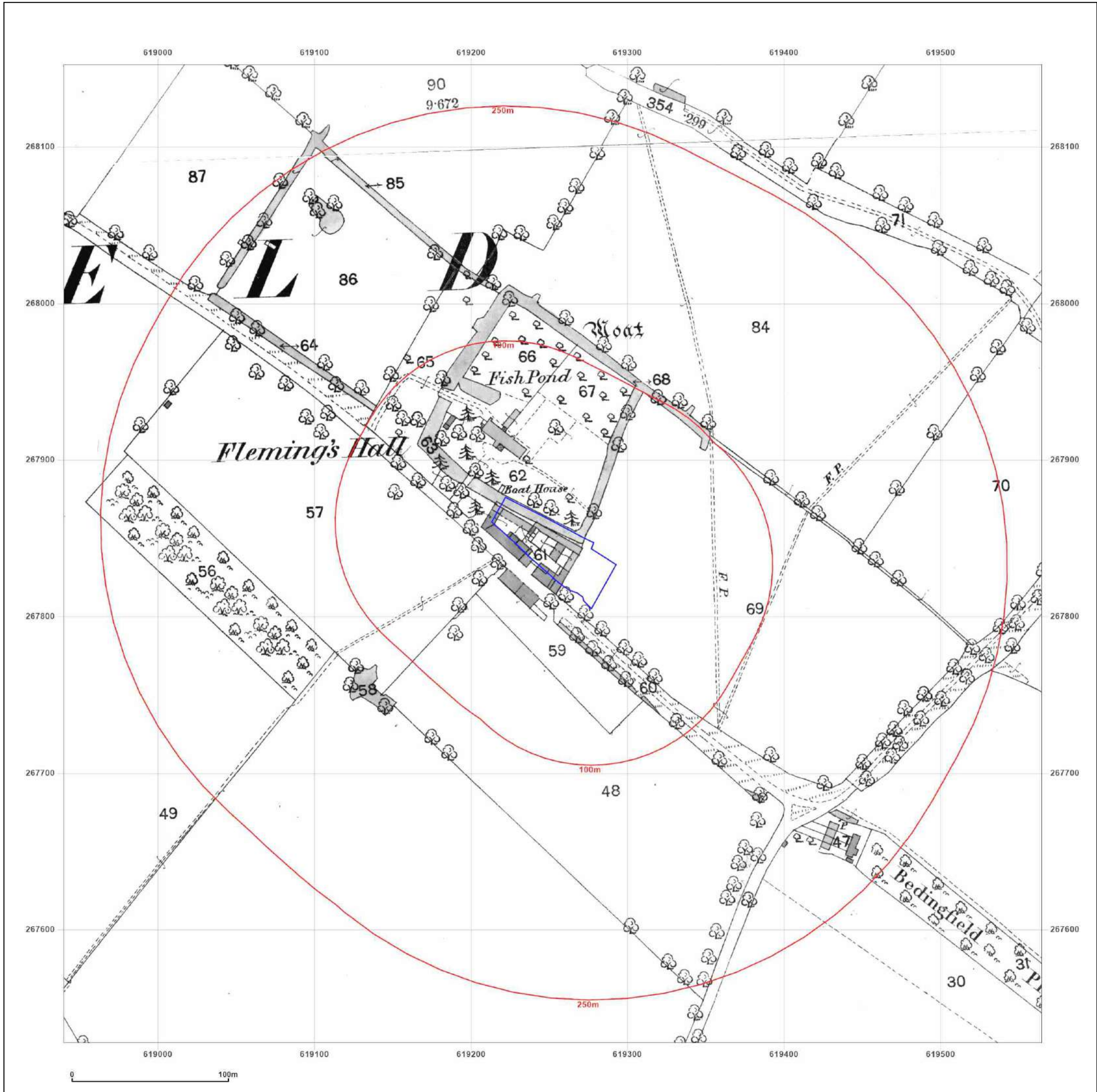


Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)



**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

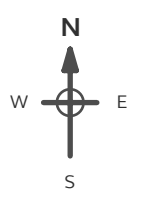
**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** County Series

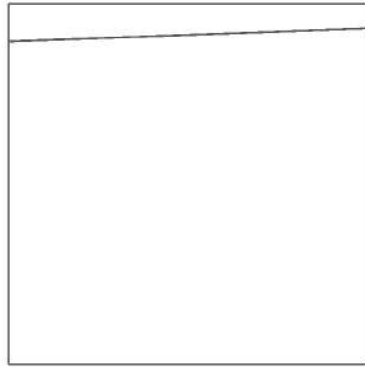
**Map date:** 1903

**Scale:** 1:2,500

**Printed at:** 1:2,500



Surveyed 1903  
Revised 1903  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A



Surveyed 1903  
Revised 1903  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

Powered by

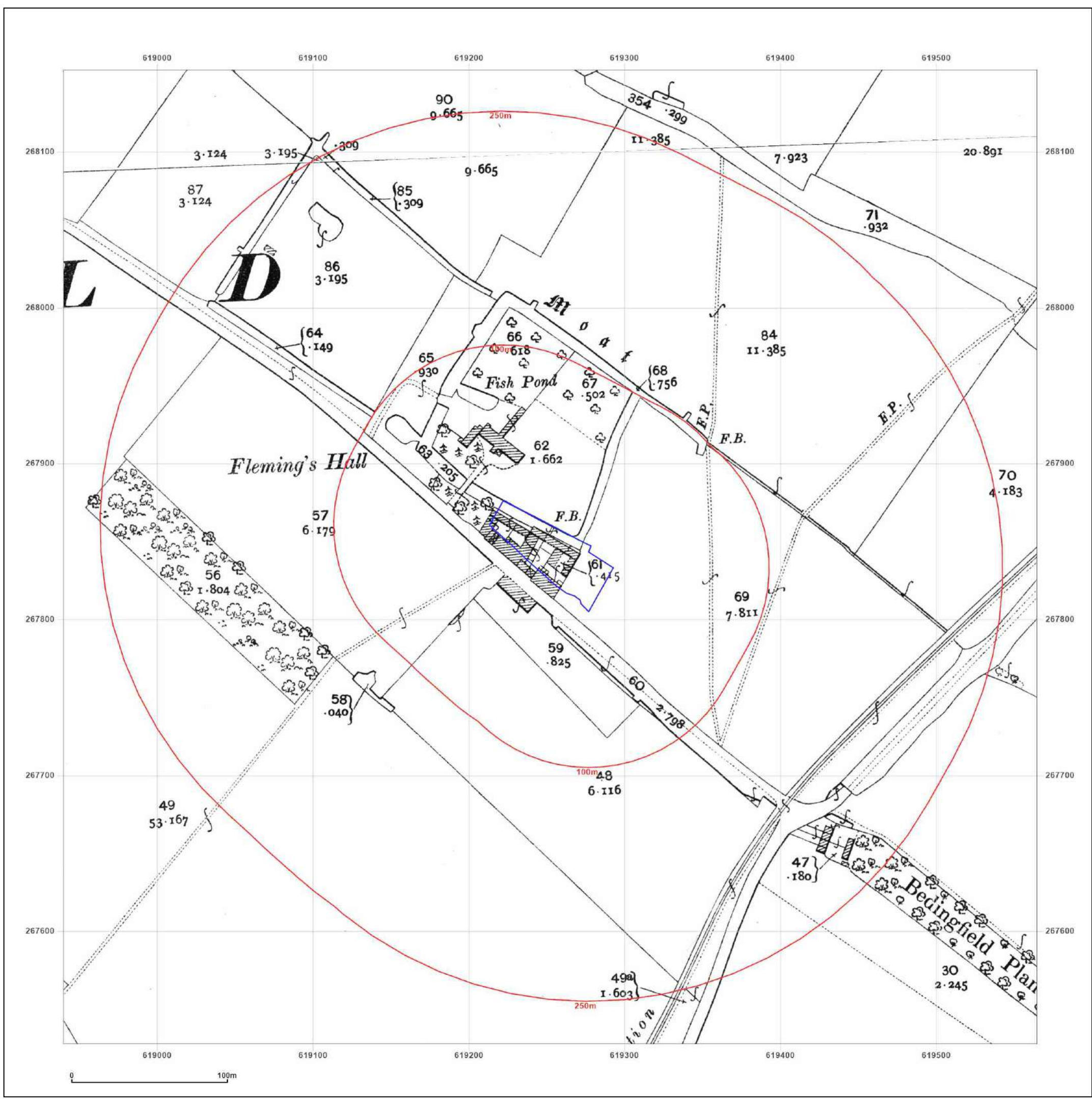


Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)

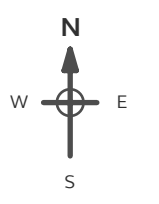


**Site Details:**


FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** National Grid  
**Map date:** 1975-1976  
**Scale:** 1:2,500  
**Printed at:** 1:2,500



Surveyed 1975  
Revised 1975  
Edition N/A  
Copyright 1978  
Levelled 1971



Surveyed N/A  
Revised 1976  
Edition N/A  
Copyright 1978  
Levelled 1971

**Powered by**

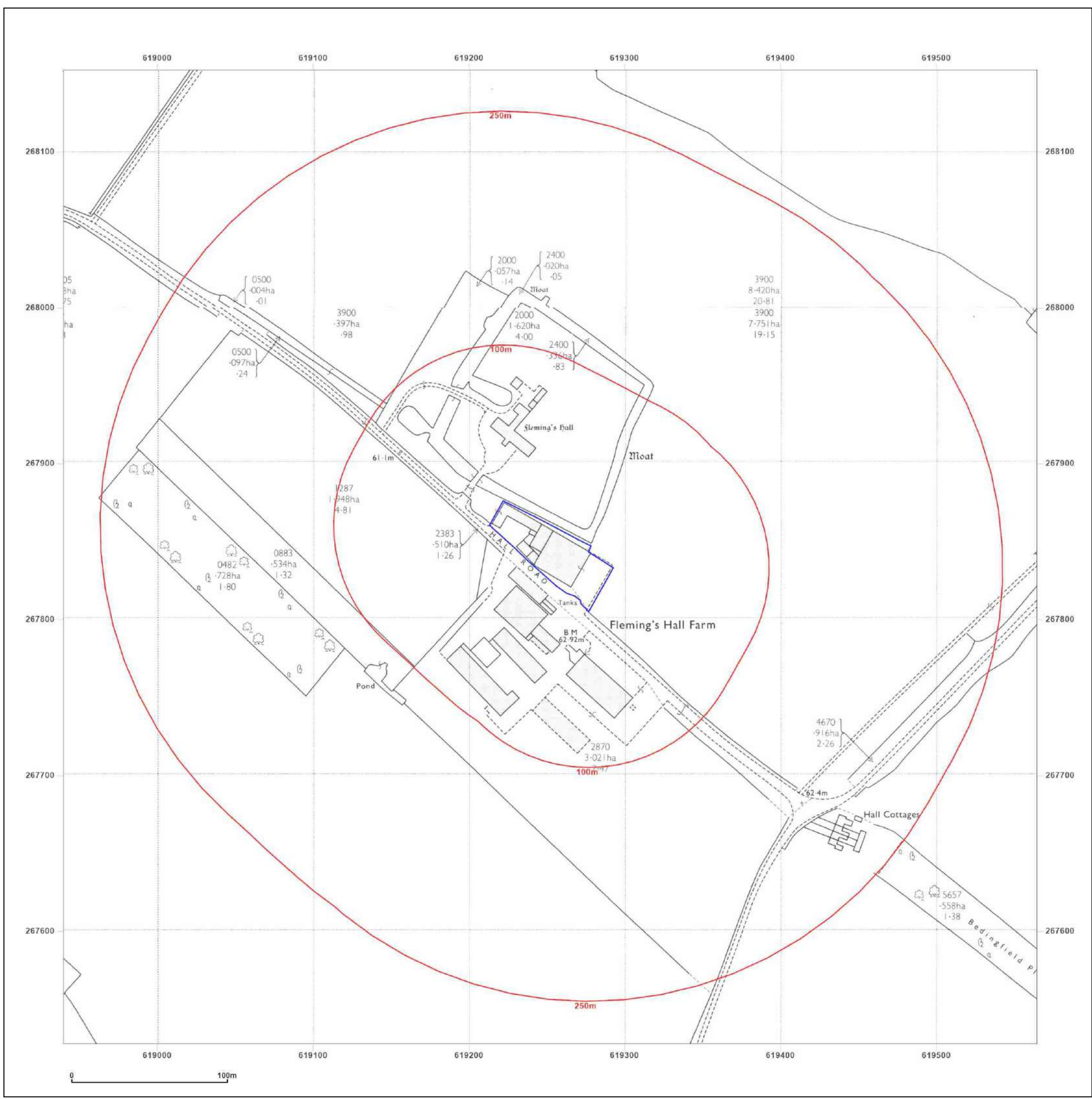


Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)





**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** National Grid

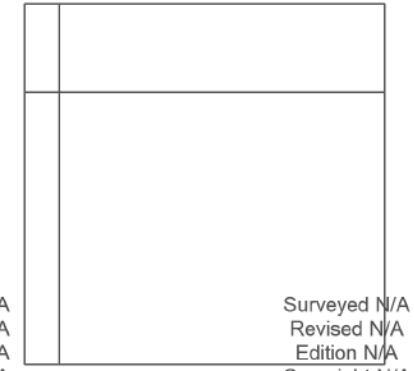
**Map date:** 1978

**Scale:** 1:2,500

**Printed at:** 1:2,500



Surveyed N/A  
Revised N/A  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A



Surveyed N/A  
Revised N/A  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

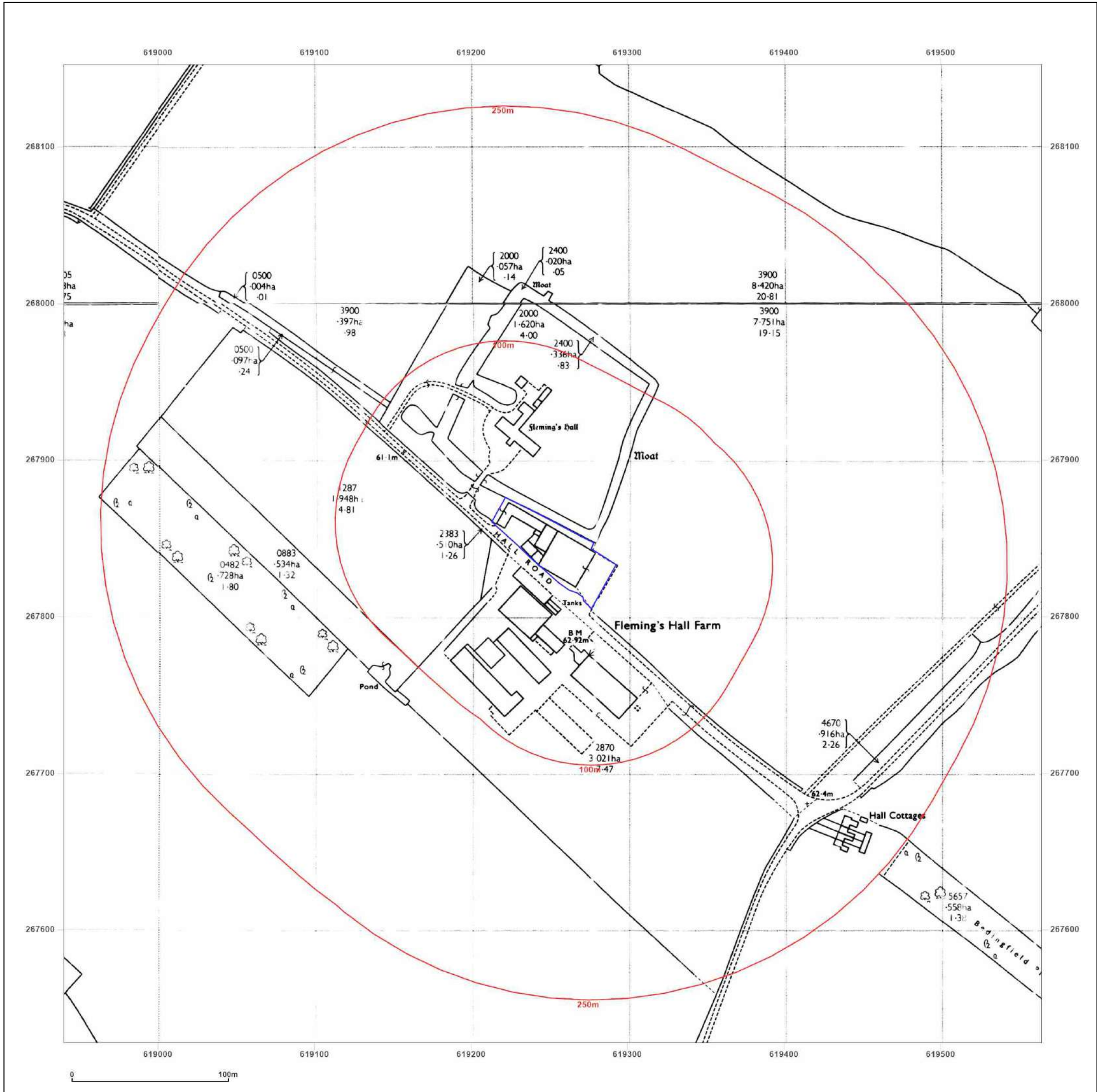


Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)



**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** National Grid

**Map date:** 1995

**Scale:** 1:2,500

**Printed at:** 1:2,500



Surveyed N/A Revised N/A Edition N/A Copyright 1995 Levelled N/A	Surveyed 1995 Revised N/A Edition N/A Copyright 1995 Levelled N/A
Surveyed 1995 Revised N/A Edition N/A Copyright 1995 Levelled N/A	Surveyed 1995 Revised N/A Edition N/A Copyright 1995 Levelled N/A

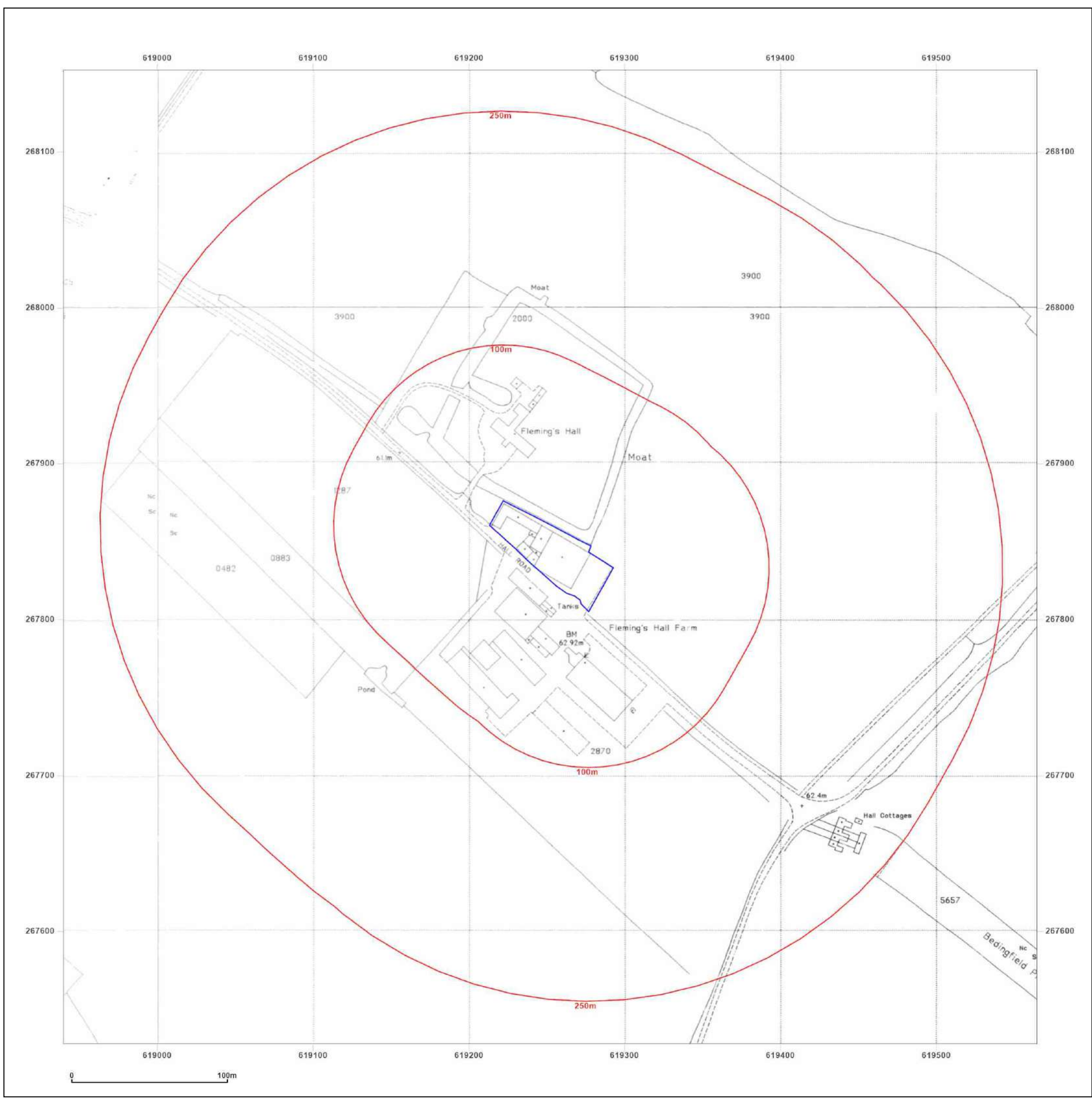


Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)



**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

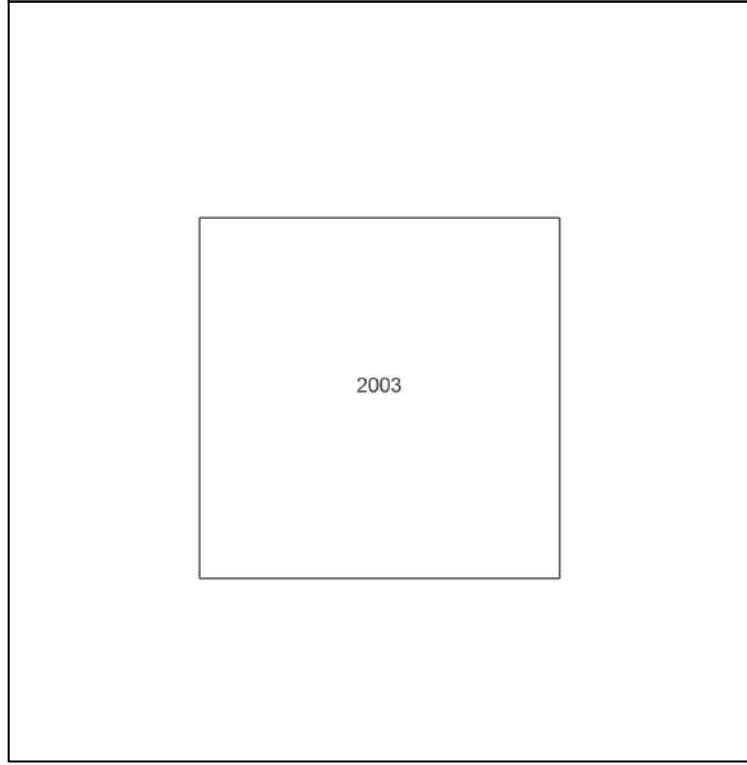
**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** LandLine

**Map date:** 2003

**Scale:** 1:1,250

**Printed at:** 1:1,250



Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)



**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** County Series

**Map date:** 1884-1888

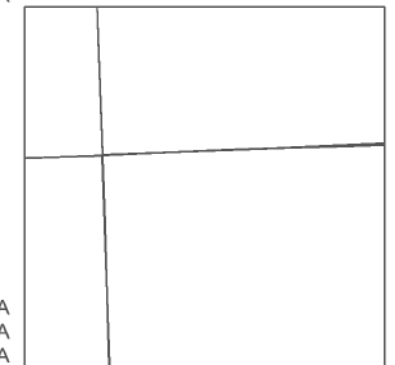
**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



Surveyed 1884  
Revised 1884  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

Surveyed N/A  
Revised N/A  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A



Surveyed N/A  
Revised N/A  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

Surveyed N/A  
Revised N/A  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

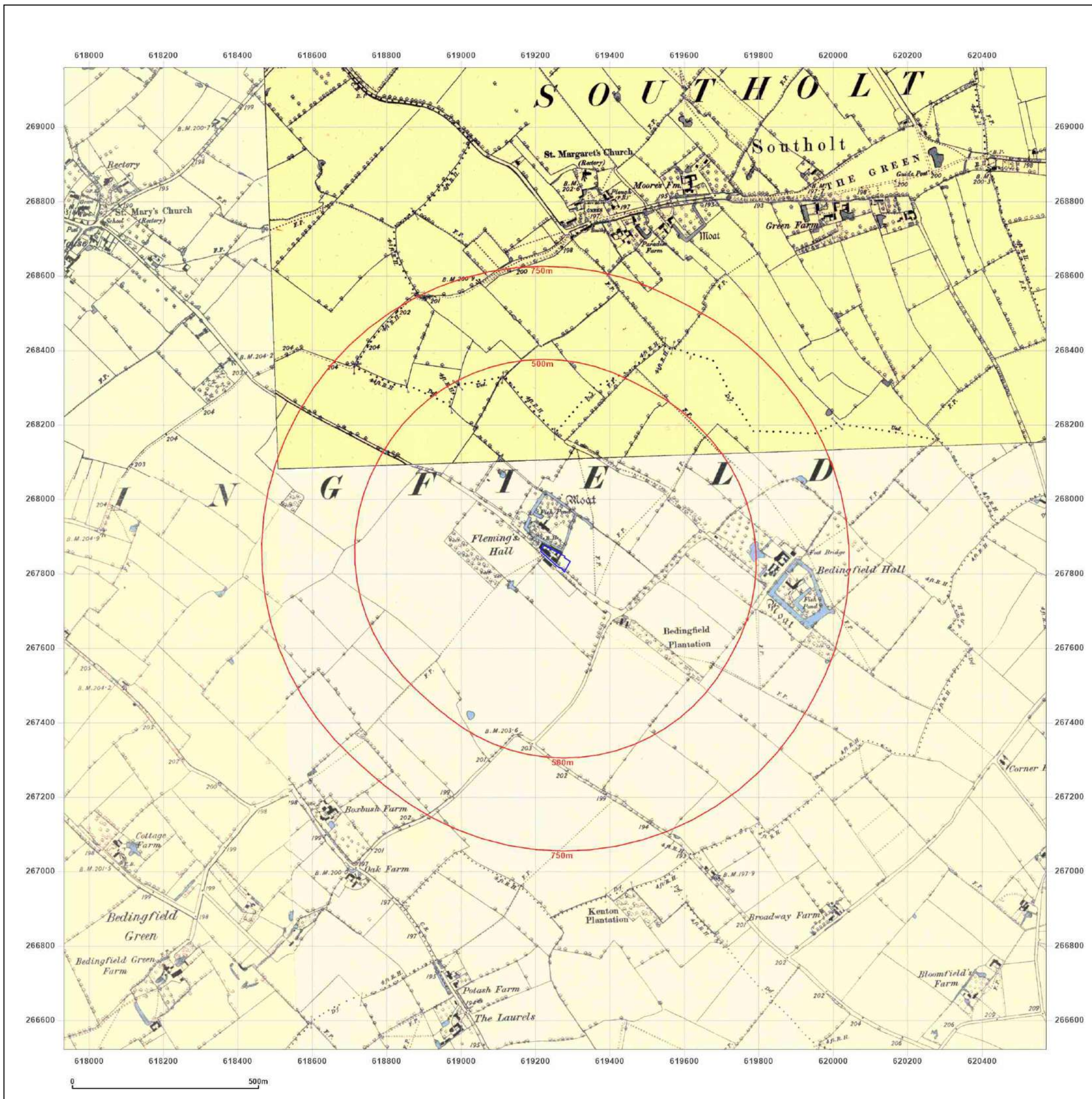


Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)



**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

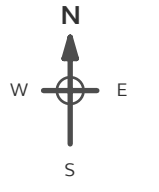
**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** County Series

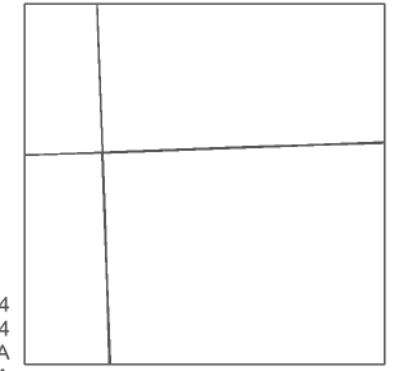
**Map date:** 1884-1888

**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



Surveyed N/A  
Revised N/A  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A



Surveyed 1884  
Revised 1884  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1884  
Revised 1884  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

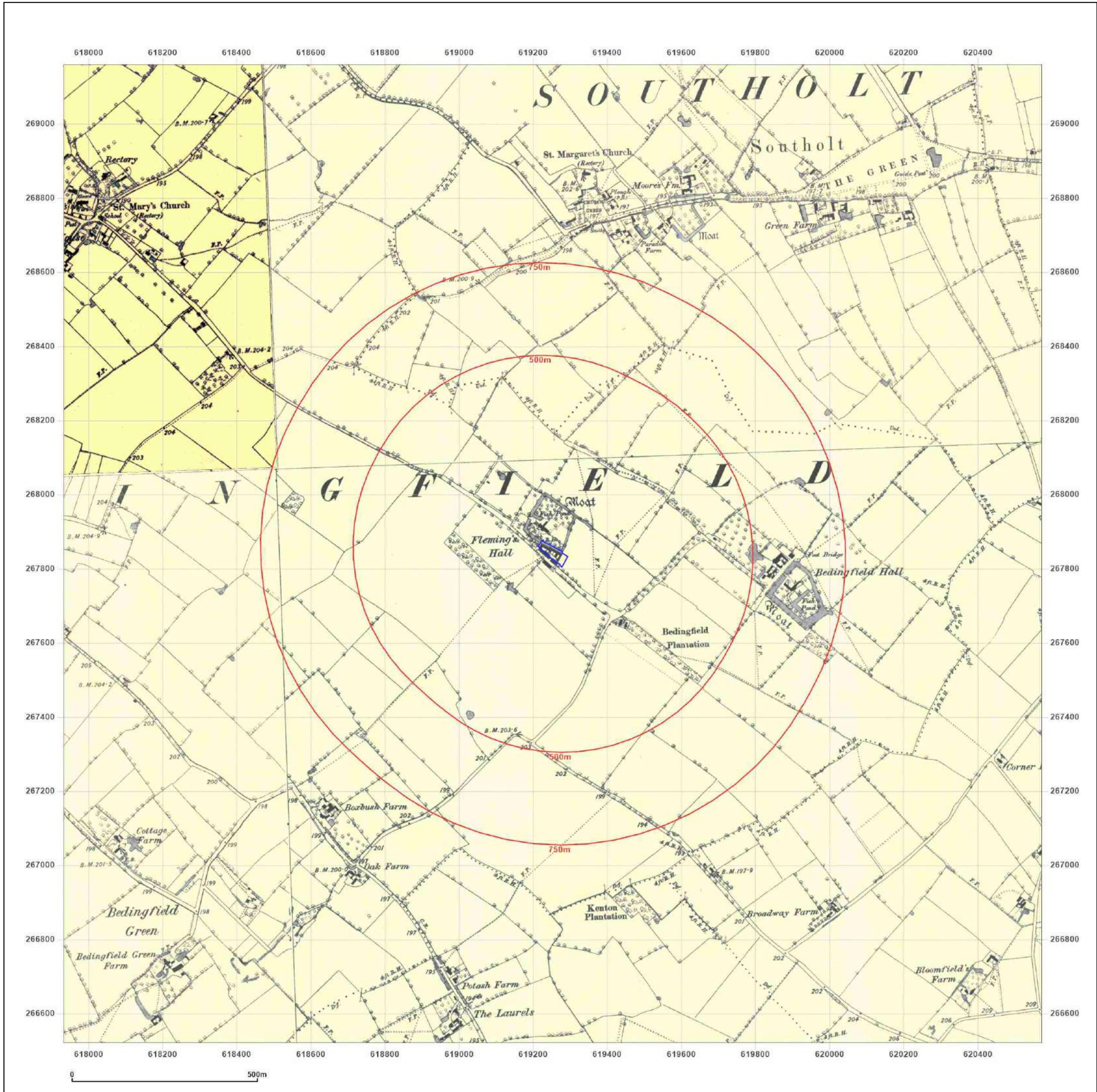


Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)



**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** County Series

**Map date:** 1903-1905

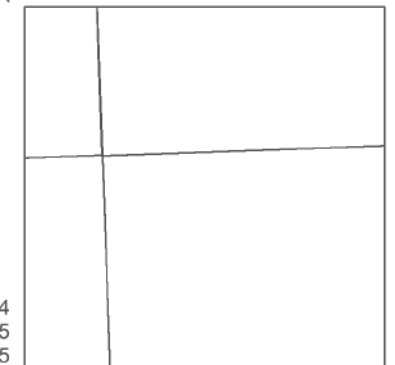
**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



Surveyed 1884  
Revised 1903  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1884  
Revised 1905  
Edition 1905  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A



Surveyed 1884  
Revised 1905  
Edition 1905  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1883  
Revised 1905  
Edition 1905  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

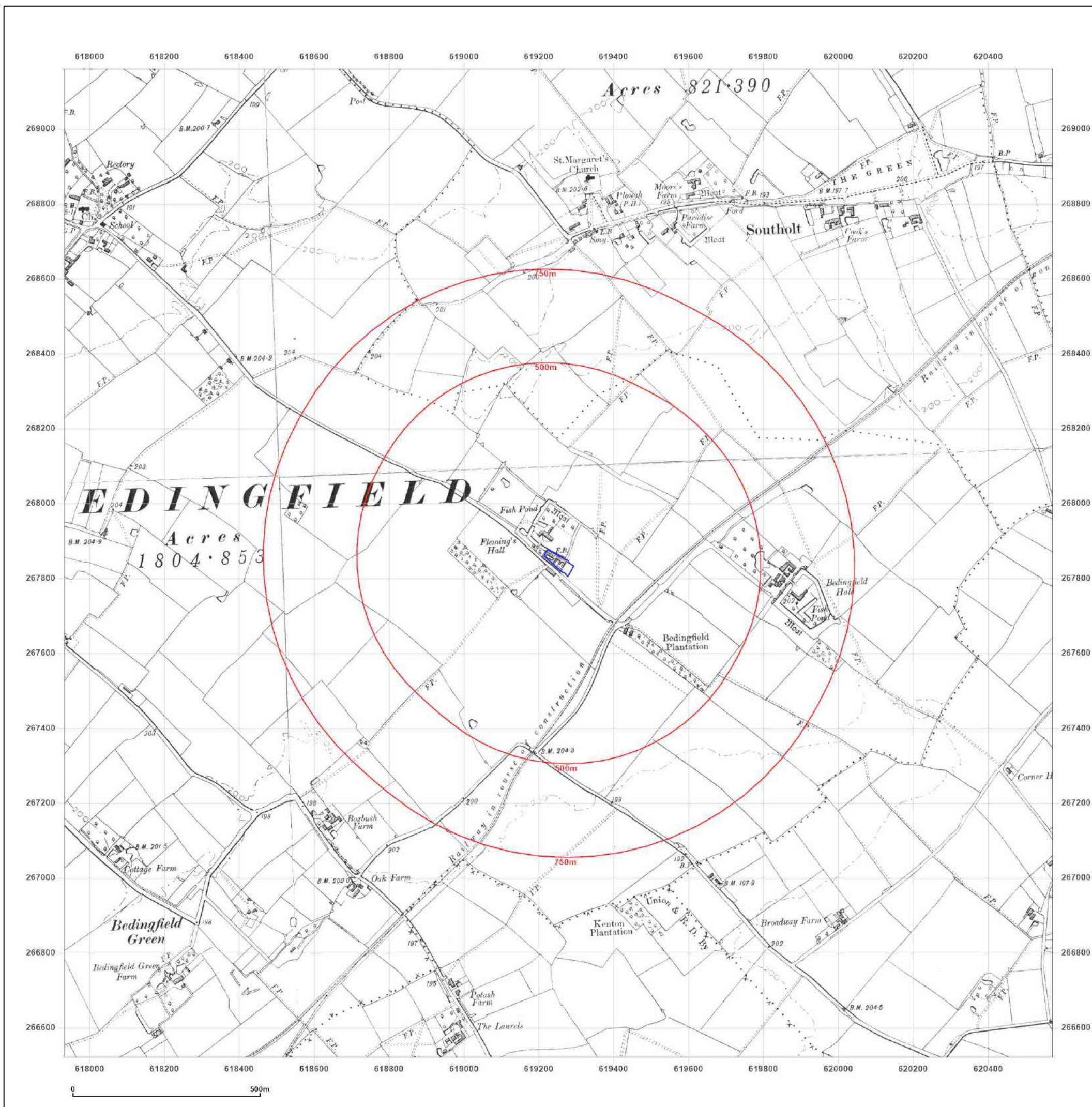


Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)



**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

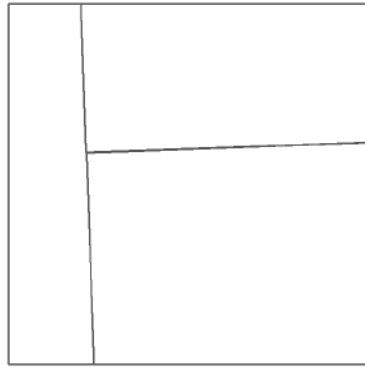
**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** County Series

**Map date:** 1947

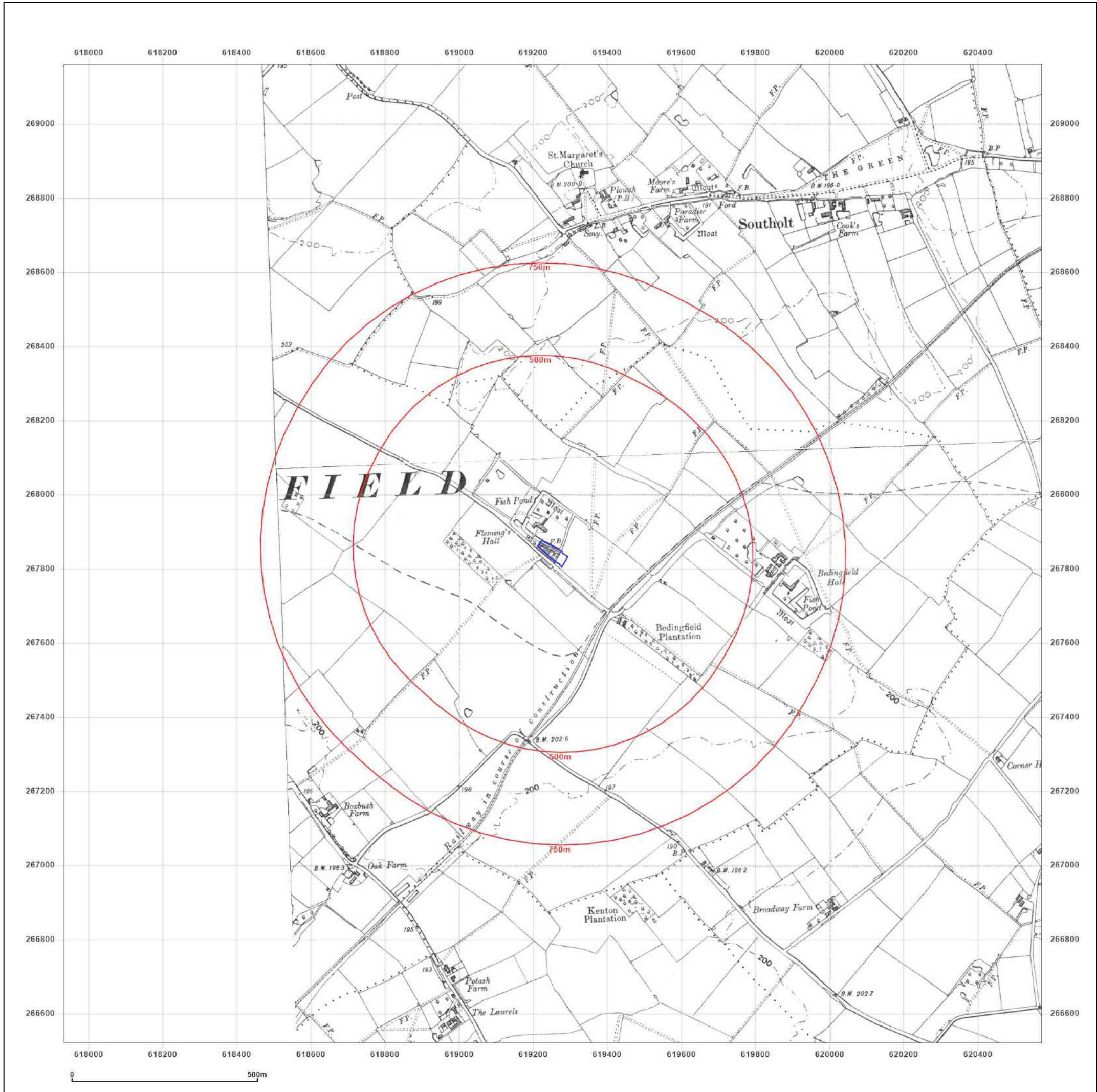
**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560

Surveyed 1884  
Revised 1947  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1883  
Revised 1947  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A



Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)

**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** Provisional

**Map date:** 1952

**Scale:** 1:10,560

**Printed at:** 1:10,560



Surveyed 1952  
Revised 1952  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

Surveyed 1952  
Revised 1952  
Edition N/A  
Copyright N/A  
Levelled N/A

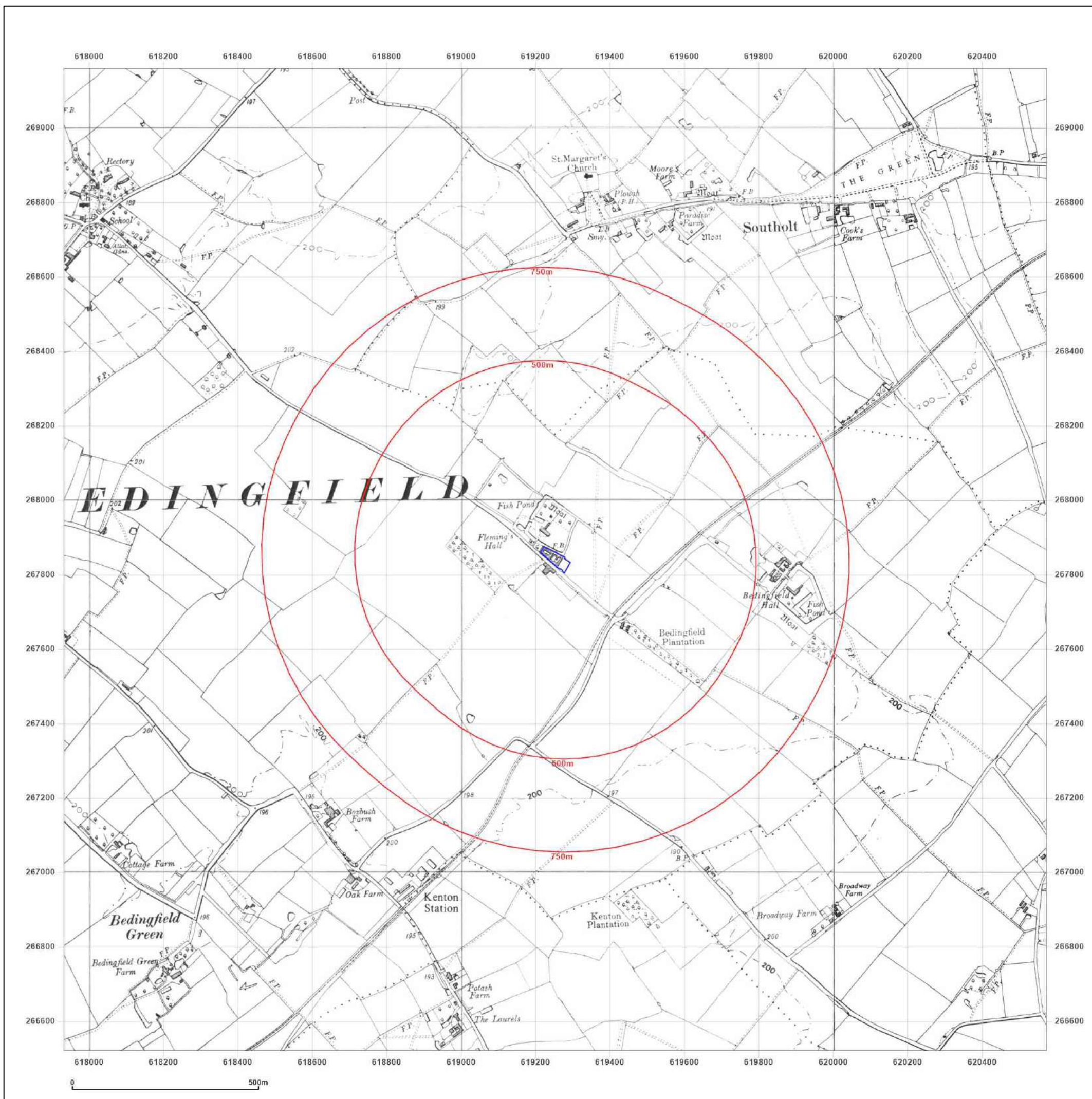


Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)

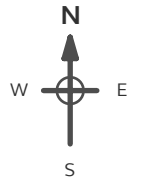




**Site Details:**  
 FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
 BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF


**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** National Grid  
**Map date:** 1983-1984  
**Scale:** 1:10,000  
**Printed at:** 1:10,000



Surveyed 1976 Revised 1984 Edition N/A Copyright N/A Levelled N/A	Surveyed 1978 Revised 1983 Edition N/A Copyright N/A Levelled N/A
---	---

**Powered by**

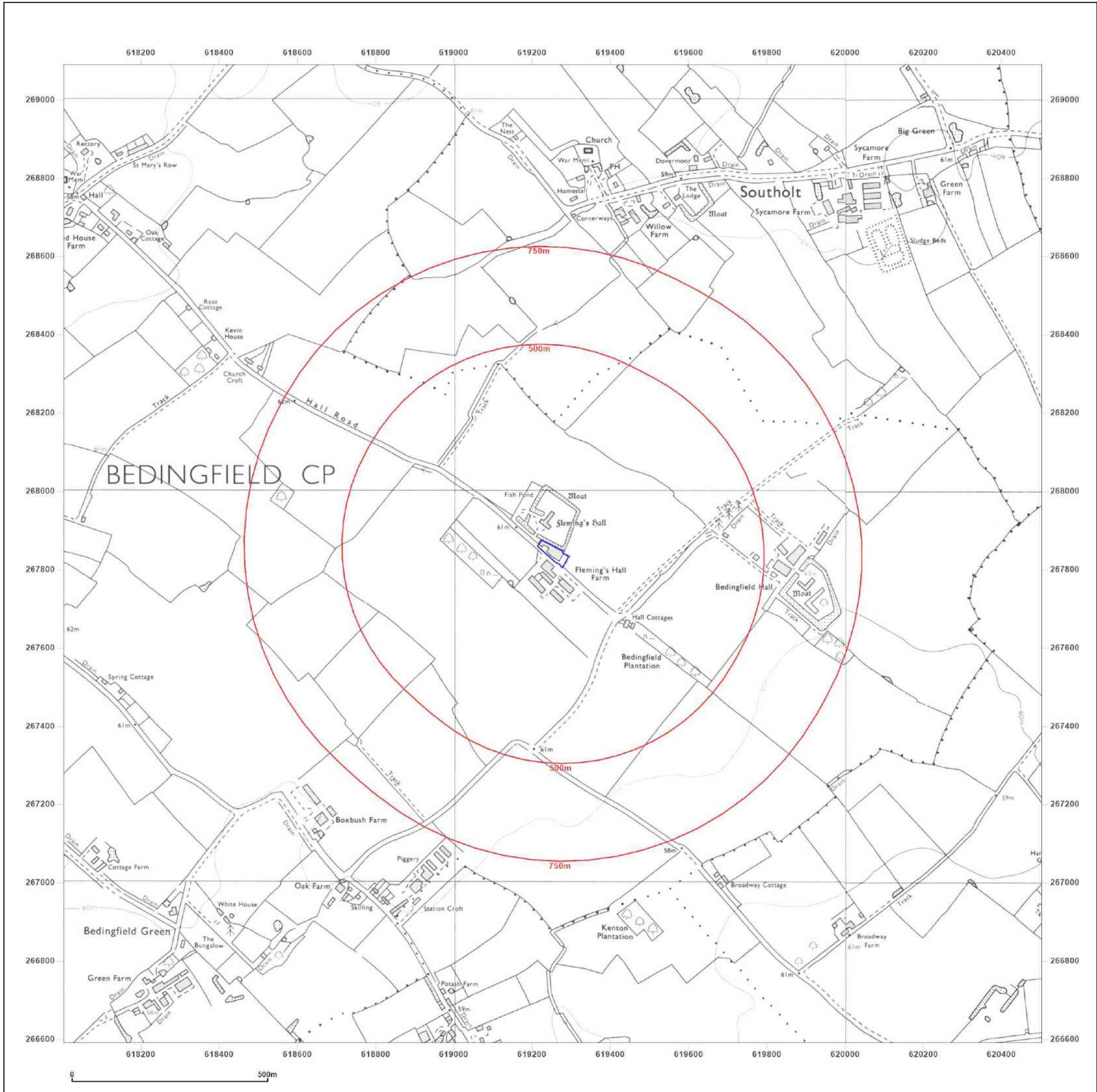


Produced by  
 Groundsure Insights  
 T: 08444 159000  
 E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
 W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)

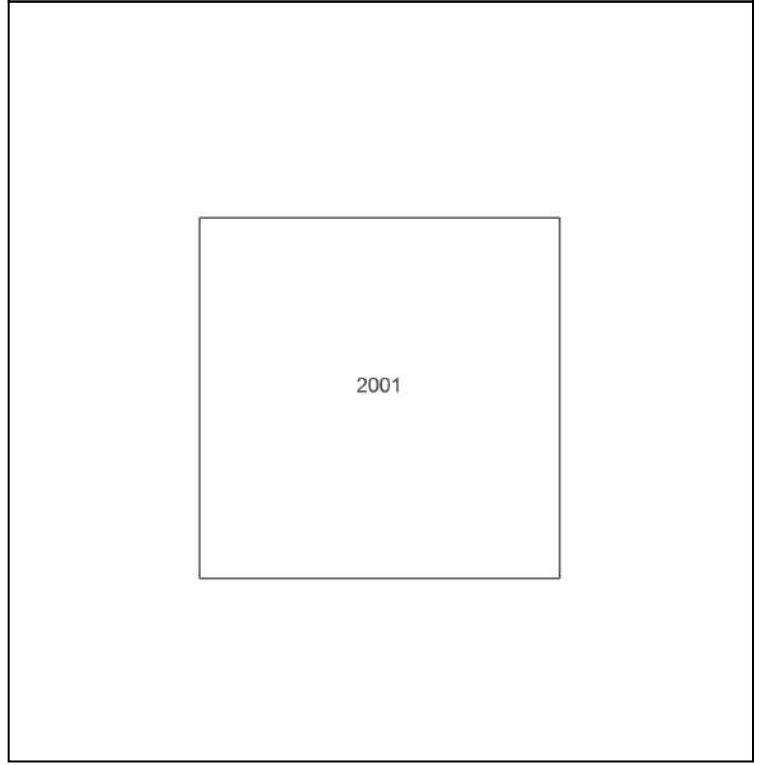
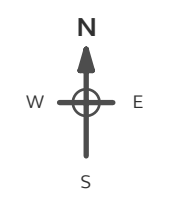


**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** National Grid  
**Map date:** 2001  
**Scale:** 1:10,000  
**Printed at:** 1:10,000

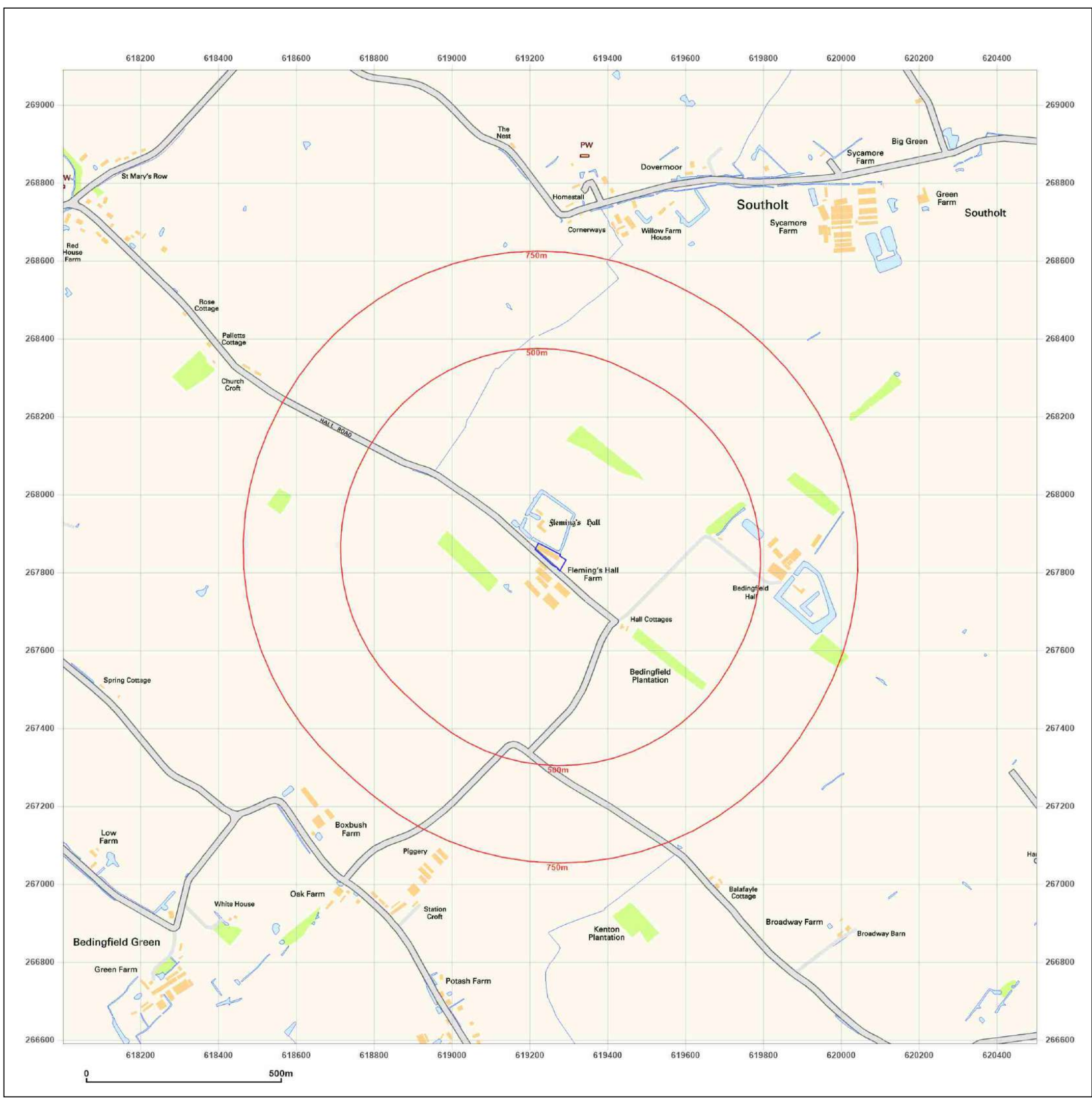



Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)

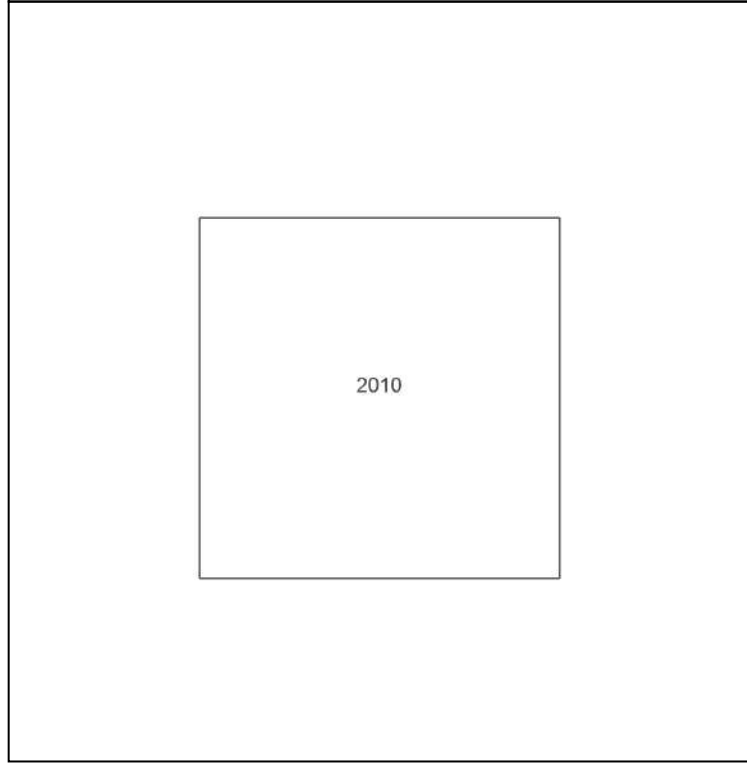
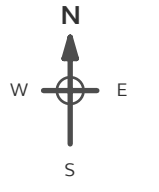


**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** National Grid  
**Map date:** 2010  
**Scale:** 1:10,000  
**Printed at:** 1:10,000

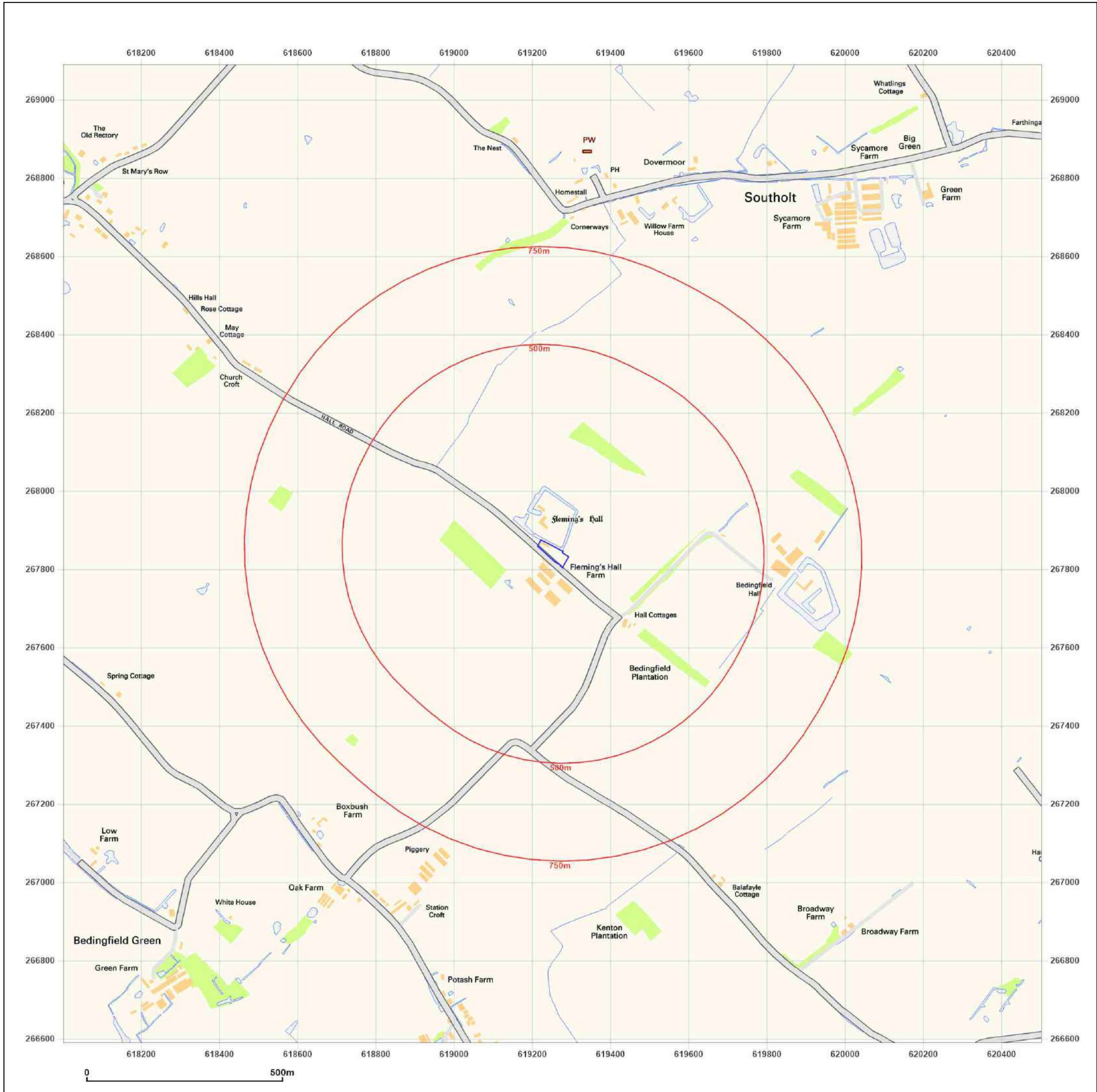


Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)

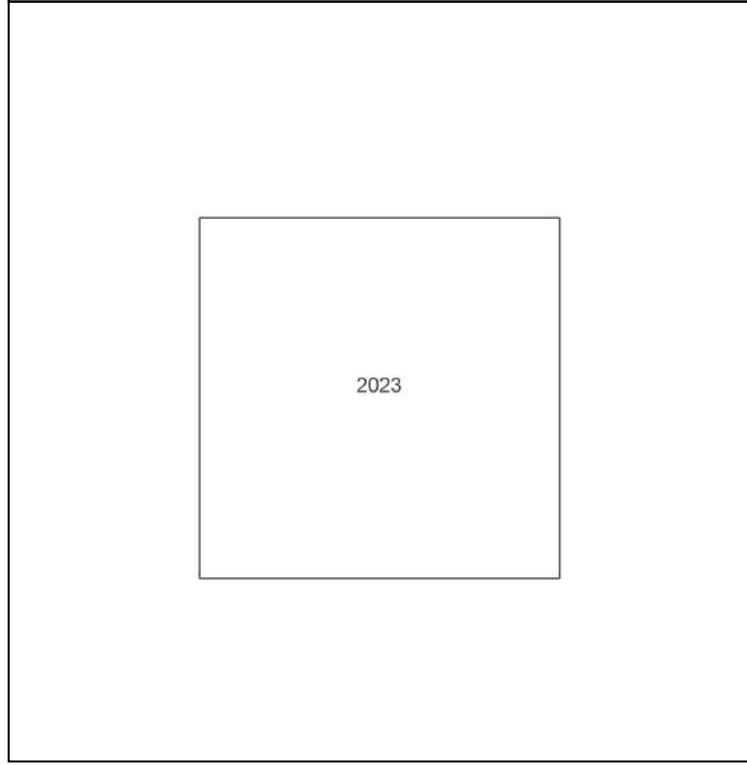
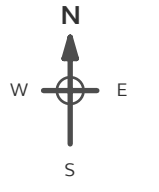


**Site Details:**

FLEMINGS HALL, HALL ROAD,  
BEDINGFIELD, IP23 7QF

**Client Ref:** IE23-097  
**Report Ref:** GS-7K7-L88-OS6-LCC  
**Grid Ref:** 619252, 267840

**Map Name:** National Grid  
**Map date:** 2023  
**Scale:** 1:10,000  
**Printed at:** 1:10,000



Produced by  
Groundsure Insights  
T: 08444 159000  
E: [info@groundsure.com](mailto:info@groundsure.com)  
W: [www.groundsure.com](http://www.groundsure.com)

© Crown copyright and database rights 2018 Ordnance Survey 100035207

Production date: 06 November 2023

Map legend available at:  
[www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure\\_legend.pdf](http://www.groundsure.com/sites/default/files/groundsure_legend.pdf)

