

FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT

FOR

PROPOSED BARN CONVERSION TO RESIDENTIAL DWELLING

AT

MILL FARM, SKERNE ROAD, WANSFORD, DRIFFIELD, YO25 8NQ

ON BEHALF OF

EDWARDSON ASSOCIATES

Project ref: 299943/FRA/JHC

Date First Issued: 10th October 2023

Issue: 01

Revision Date: N/A

Prepared by: J. Collins

BSc. (Hons), MCIWEM.

Checked by: J. Collins

BSc. (Hons), MCIWEM.

GGP Consult 2 Hallam Road Priory Park East Hull HU4 7DY

United Kingdom

Tel: +44 (0) 1482 627963 Fax: +44 (0) 1482 641736

Fax: +44 (0) 1482 641736
Email: jeremycollins@ggpconsult.co.uk

Website: www.ggpconsult.co.uk



Contents

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Description of Existing Development
- 3. Description of Proposed Development
- 4. Flood Risk Vulnerability of the Proposed Development
- 5. Sequential Test
 - 5.1 Exception Test
- 6. Flood Risk
 - 6.1 Pluvial Flooding
 - 6.2 Fluvial Flooding
 - 6.3 Historic Flooding
 - 6.4 Reservoir Flooding
- 7. Summary & Recommendations

Appendices

- I Site Location Plan
- II Topographical Survey
- III Site Layout

Report contains Environment Agency information © Environment Agency and database right Report contains material based upon records provided by British Geological Survey (NERC) Report contains images from google earth ©Google

Document Revision	on Box		
Revision	Date	Description	Author
01	10 th Oct 2023	Planning Issue	JHC
02	11 th Oct 2023	Planning Issue – Client Comments	JHC



1.0 Introduction

GGP Consult has been commissioned by Edwardson Associates to prepare a flood risk assessment for the proposed conversion of redundant outbuilding to one residential property at Mill Farm, Skerne Road, Wansford, Driffield, YO25 8NQ.

The purpose of this assessment is to demonstrate compliance with local planning policy as outlined within the East Riding of Yorkshire Council Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) and the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF).

This assessment will highlight flood risk to the site and detail appropriate measures to mitigate the risk.

2.0 <u>Description of Existing Site</u>

The proposed site is located off Skerne Road Wansford.

As existing the site contains Mill Farmhouse and 5No external barns.

The OS National grid reference of the centre of the site is approximately TA 06354 56116.

The existing finish floor levels are as followings,

Barn 1 = 6.620m AOD

Barn 2 = 6.618 - 6.610 m AOD

Barn 3 = 6.680m AOD

Barn 4 = 6.450 - 6.460 m AOD

Barn 5 = 6.500 - 6.720m AOD

The average site level around the barns equates to 6.453m AOD.

The existing site access road has an average level along its length of 6.700m AOD with the average level on Skerne Road equating to 6.730m AOD.



Extract from Architects Plans - Showing Existing Layout



3.0 Description of Proposed Development

It is proposed to convert the existing barns into a single four bed dwelling.

The proposed development is in a known area of flood risk as outlined by the Environment Agency's flood risk map.

A level 1 and 2 Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) has been prepared for the East riding of Yorkshire Council by CAPITA¹.

A key element of the SFRA is that it has collated all known sources of flooding, including tidal, river, surface water (local drainage), sewers and groundwater.

With reference to the latest SFRA¹ indicative Flood Risk map, the proposed development site lies entirely within **Flood Zone 3**.

Table 1 of the NPPF technical guide³ states all development proposals in this zone should be accompanied by a detailed flood risk assessment.



Extract from Architects Plans - Showing Proposed Ground Floor Layout



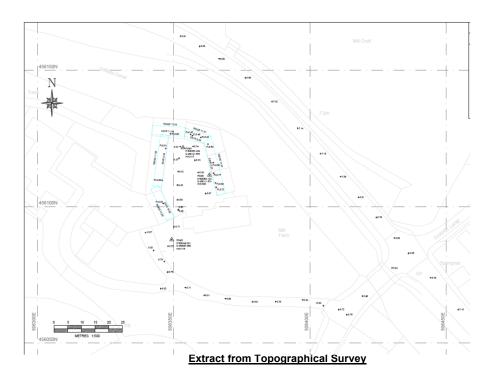


Environment Agency Flood Risk Map for Planning

The site is at greater probability of flooding, with 1% or greater annual probability of river flooding, or over 0.5% or greater annual probability of sea flooding in any year.

Flood zone 1 is located approximately 100m to the South approximately and to the north in the village of Wansford.

A topographical survey of the existing site along with spot levels along the main roads surrounding the site which are seen in Flood Zone 1, concluded a level of 7.000m AOD and above would be within flood zone 1. This shall be considered as part of the proposed mitigation to the property.





4.0 Flood Risk Vulnerability Classification of the Proposed Development

With reference to Table 2 of the NPPF technical guide³, the proposed use as residential is classified as 'More vulnerable'.

With reference to Table 3 of the technical guide³, developments with 'More vulnerable' classifications within zone 3 are permitted developments.

Table 3: Flood risk vulnerability and flood zone 'compatibility'

vuli clas	od risk nerability ssification e table 2)	Essential infrastructure	Water compatible	Highly vulnerable	More vulnerable	Less vulnerable
	Zone 1	√	√	~	~	√
ne (see table 1)	Zone 2	~	·	Exception Test required	√	~
	Zone 3a	Exception Test required	·	*	Exception Test required	~
Flood zone	Zone 3b functional floodplain	Exception Test required	√	*	*	×

Key: ✓ Development is appropriate.

➤ Development should not be permitted.

Table 3 from NPPF Technical Guide³

4.1 Requirements of the Flood Risk Assessment

A detailed flood risk assessment has been requested by the council. Following a review of the Spatial Planning and Development Control Recommendation Matrix¹.

Finished floor levels to be set at 600mm above average site level or adjacent road frontage level, 'design flood' level or maximum historic flood level (if available), whichever is higher.

An additional 300mm flood proofing should also be provided. (Road frontage level defined as the average between the gutter and the crown of the road).

Section 6 onwards shall consider the flood risk to the site in detail and confirm that the development will be safe.

5.0 Sequential & Test

With reference to Technical Guidance of the NPPF3, the SFRA should form the basis for applying the Sequential Test.

Page 24 of the NPPF, paragraph 104 states

The proposed development is a conversion of existing outbuilding to form one residential dwelling, support for such developments is considered acceptable subject to appropriate mitigation against the present flood risk.

The Sequential Test is therefore passed.



5.1 Exception Test

NPPF Technical Guidance states that, on provision that the sequential test is past, more vulnerable developments within flood zone 3a require an exemption test.

This exception test will detail how flood risk will be managed and show how the sustainable benefits of the development to the community outweigh the flood risk.

The proposed development shall retain and convert 5no existing outbuildings located at Mill Farm. The re-use of these old buildings provides a sustainable benefit extending the life of the building on brownfield land rather than new developments on greenfield.

The flood risk to the proposal will be mitigated, preventing flood risk to life and property. Detail of proposed mitigation is noted within section 6.0 & 7.0. Additionally, the development will not increase flood risk.

Therefore, the exception test is deemed satisfied.



6.0 Flood Risk

The following section will highlight flooding risk from the following areas;

- 1. Pluvial (Surface Water)
- 2. Fluvial (Rivers)
- 3. Historic
- 4. Reservoir

The following section will follow the structure of the headings above.

6.1 Pluvial Flooding

Surface water flood risk has been assessed on a national level by The Environment Agency. Maps were released in December 2013, which are some of the most comprehensive surface water flood risk maps in the world.

'The Surface Water mapping involves cutting edge technology, with flood experts using models to observe how rainwater flows and ponds. Then producing maps that take local topography, weather patterns and historical data into account.'

The extract below identifies surface water flooding risk to the site.



Environment Agency Surface Water Flood Risk Map

As shown above, the site is at 'very low' risk of surface water flooding. This means the site has less than a 0.1% chance of surface water flooding each year.

Therefore, the risk posed by surface water flooding is considered negligible.



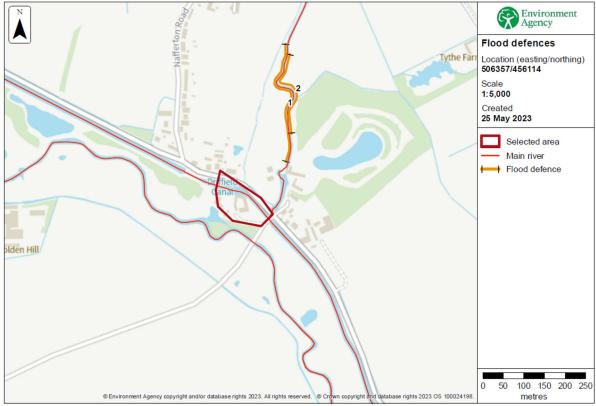
6.2 Fluvial Flooding

Potential sources of fluvial flooding include Driffield Canal along the northern boundary of the site which is noted to be locked upstream of the site.

Nafferton Beck is located to the north flowing south into the Junction of Driffield canal downstream of the lock which becomes River Hull.

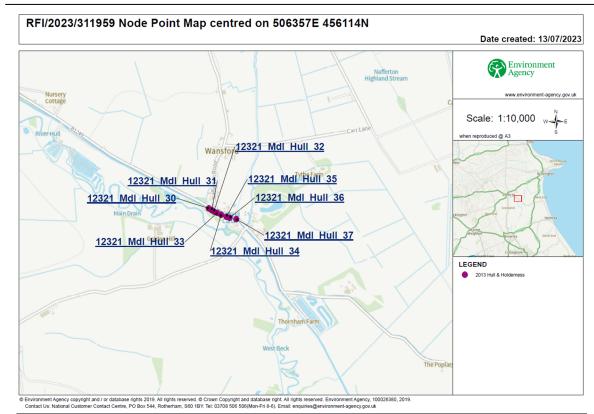
To the south of the site is River Hull / West beck flows west to east.

All three sources are open channel watercourse with limited above ground defences which are located along the length.



Environment Agency Asset Map

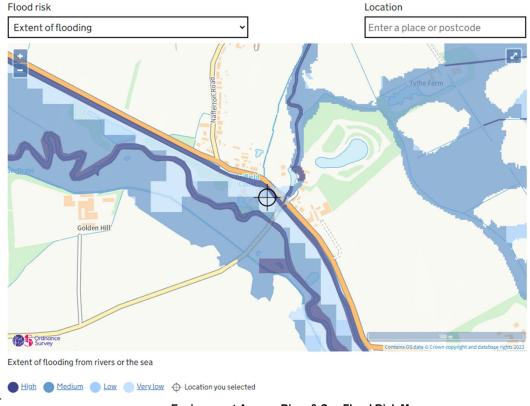




Environment Agency Asset Map

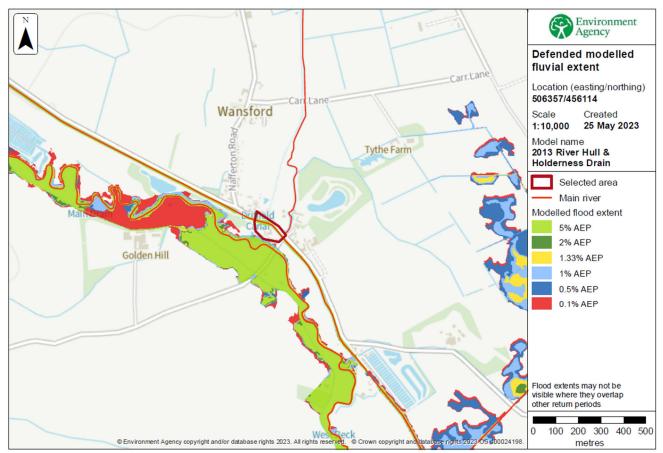
The lowest crest level along the Environment Agency embankment is identified as being 23.45mAOD. Therefore, as our proposed development has an approximate level of 22.65mAOD, the development is at theoretical risk of flooding from the overtopping of the embankment.

As shown within the Environment Agency river and sea flood risk map below, the proposed development is at 'very low' risk of flooding, resulting in a chance of flooding of less than 0.1% each year. This takes into account the effect of local flood defences.





Fluvial flooding models of the River Hull & Holderness Drain have been undertaken for a variety of possible flooding events. The below Environment Agency flood risk map identifies the flooding extent of a defended fluvial model.

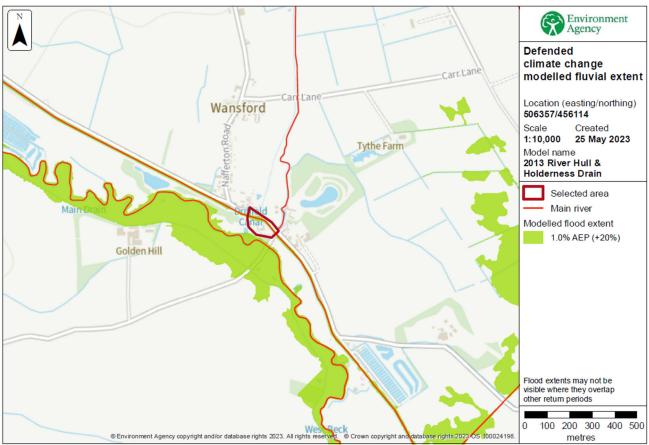


Environment Agency Defended Fluvial Map

The development is shown not to be at risk of flooding in a 1:1000 year flood event (annual exceedance probability of 0.1%).

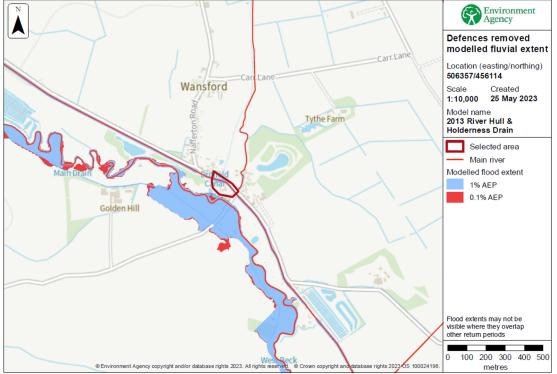


With the addition of climate change the flood model of a defended event is shown below. The development is shown not to be at risk of flooding in a 1:1000 year flood event (annual exceedance probability of 0.1%).



Environment Agency Defended Climate Change Fluvial Map

The Environment Agency flood risk model for rivers with no defences is shown below.



Environment Agency No Defences Flood Risk Map



As shown above, the development is not at risk of flooding from rivers with no defences. No available data with the addition of climate change has been provided by the EA. From the available mapping flood water is shown to head south rather than north to the proposed site.

Based on the assessment of Fluvial flood risk the site is at minimum risk. Therefore, the following mitigation is recommended to be incorporated in the redevelopment of the barns to residential use.

The existing finish floor levels vary from 6.450m – 6.720m AOD, it is recommended the floor levels are levelled out in each barn with flood protection measures incorporated.

Water exclusion protection shall be provided up to 7.000m AOD with a further water entry strategy extended up to 7.300m AOD.

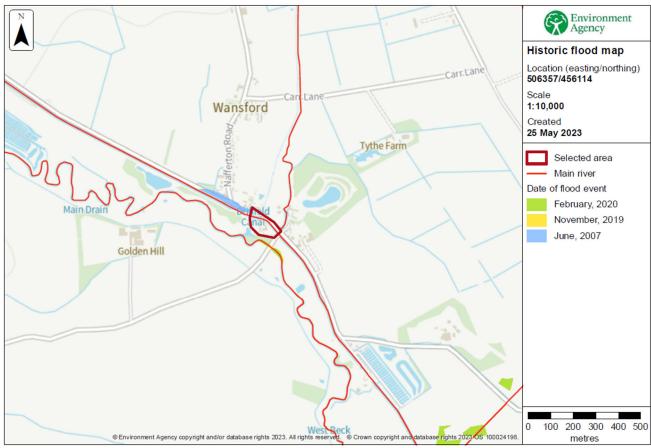
By complying with the above, the property shall be protected to a level which is equivalent to flood zone 1.

A place of safety is also recommended at first floor, this shall be well above any predicted flood event including climate change.



6.3 <u>Historic Flooding</u>

The Environment Agency historic flood map is shown below. As shown the development site has no previous history of flooding, even within severe storm events where defences were overtopped.



Environment Agency Historic Flooding Map

Historic flood event data

Start date	End date	Source of flood	Cause of flood	Affects location
15 February 2020	19 March 2020	main river	channel capacity exceeded (no raised defences)	No
8 February 2020	14 February 2020	main river	channel capacity exceeded (no raised defences)	No
7 November 2019	8 November 2019	main river	channel capacity exceeded (no raised defences)	No
25 June 2007	26 June 2007	unknown	unknown	Yes

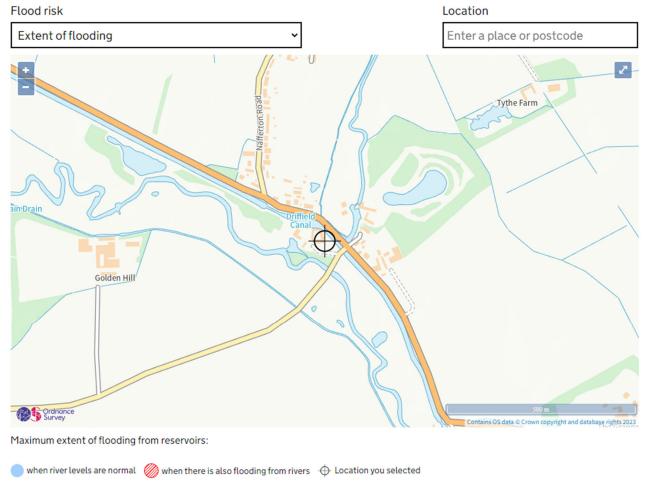
Environment Agency Historic Flooding Event Data

This demonstrates that the development is at very low risk from fluvial and pluvial sources of flooding.



6.4 Reservoir Flooding

The Environment Agency reservoir flood risk map identifies that the development site is at risk of flooding from a reservoir during river flooding.



Environment Agency Reservoir Flooding Map

From the above map the site is shown not to be affected by the risk of Reservoir flooding.

Therefore, the risk posed by Reservoir flooding is considered negligible.



7.0 Summary and Recommendation

The FRA demonstrates that the flood risk to the site from various sources is low, considering the site levels and existing FFL of the outbuildings.

The site is shown not to be at risk of flooding from fluvial flooding in a 1:1000-year event.

The sequential and exception test has demonstrated the development is acceptable and offers sustainable benefits over the potential flood risk.

The following mitigation shall be incorporated into the development,

Existing FFL	Proposed FFL	Flood Proofing Level
6.620m AOD	6.620m AOD	7.300m AOD
6.618 – 6.610m AOD	6.618m AOD	7.300m AOD
6.680m AOD	6.680m AOD	7.300m AOD
6.450 – 6.460m AOD	6.620m AOD	7.300m AOD
6.500 – 6.720m AOD	6.720m AOD	7.300m AOD
	6.620m AOD 6.618 – 6.610m AOD 6.680m AOD 6.450 – 6.460m AOD	6.620m AOD 6.620m AOD 6.618 – 6.610m AOD 6.618m AOD 6.680m AOD 6.680m AOD 6.450 – 6.460m AOD 6.620m AOD

Given the current construction it is deemed to be feasible to introduce the following Flood Proofing measures.

- 1. Plasterboard laid Horizontal up 7.300m AOD.
- 2. All electrical sockets and fittings shall be placed no lower than 7.300m AOD.
- 3. Any external airbricks shall be fitted with flood protection devices.
- 4. New floor finishes shall be tiles with water resistant grout.
- 5. All new internal drainage fittings shall be fitted with anti-flood valves.
- 6. Flood doors up to 7.000m AOD

It is recommended that the owner sign up to the Environment Agency flood warning system. https://www.gov.uk/sign-up-for-flood-warnings

In addition, the owners should prepare a site flood plan. The template can be found below. https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/personal-flood-plan

Report Checked by:-

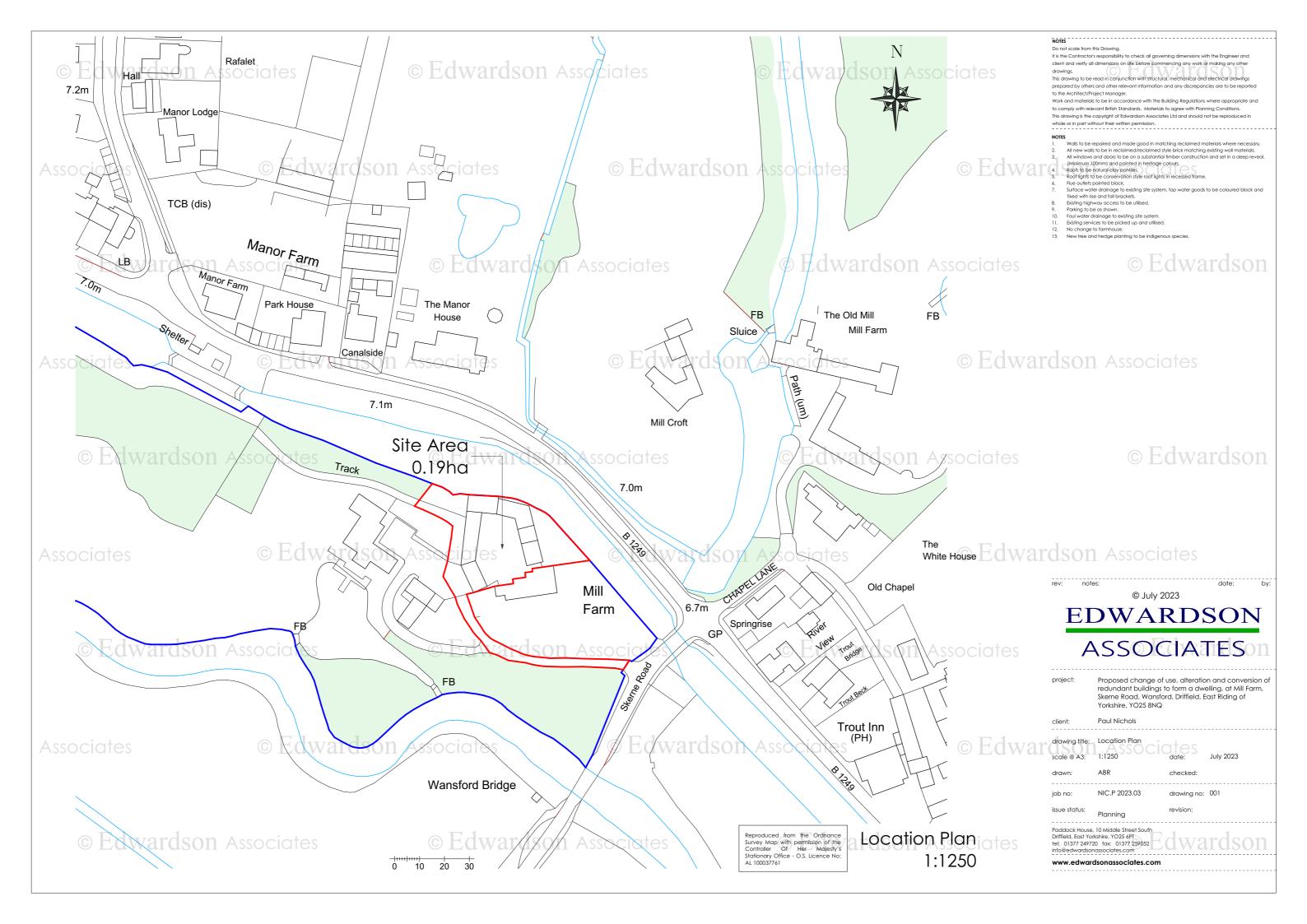
Hallis

J. H. Collins BSc. (Hons), MCIWEM

Associate Director – Principal Civil Engineer Drainage & Infrastructure

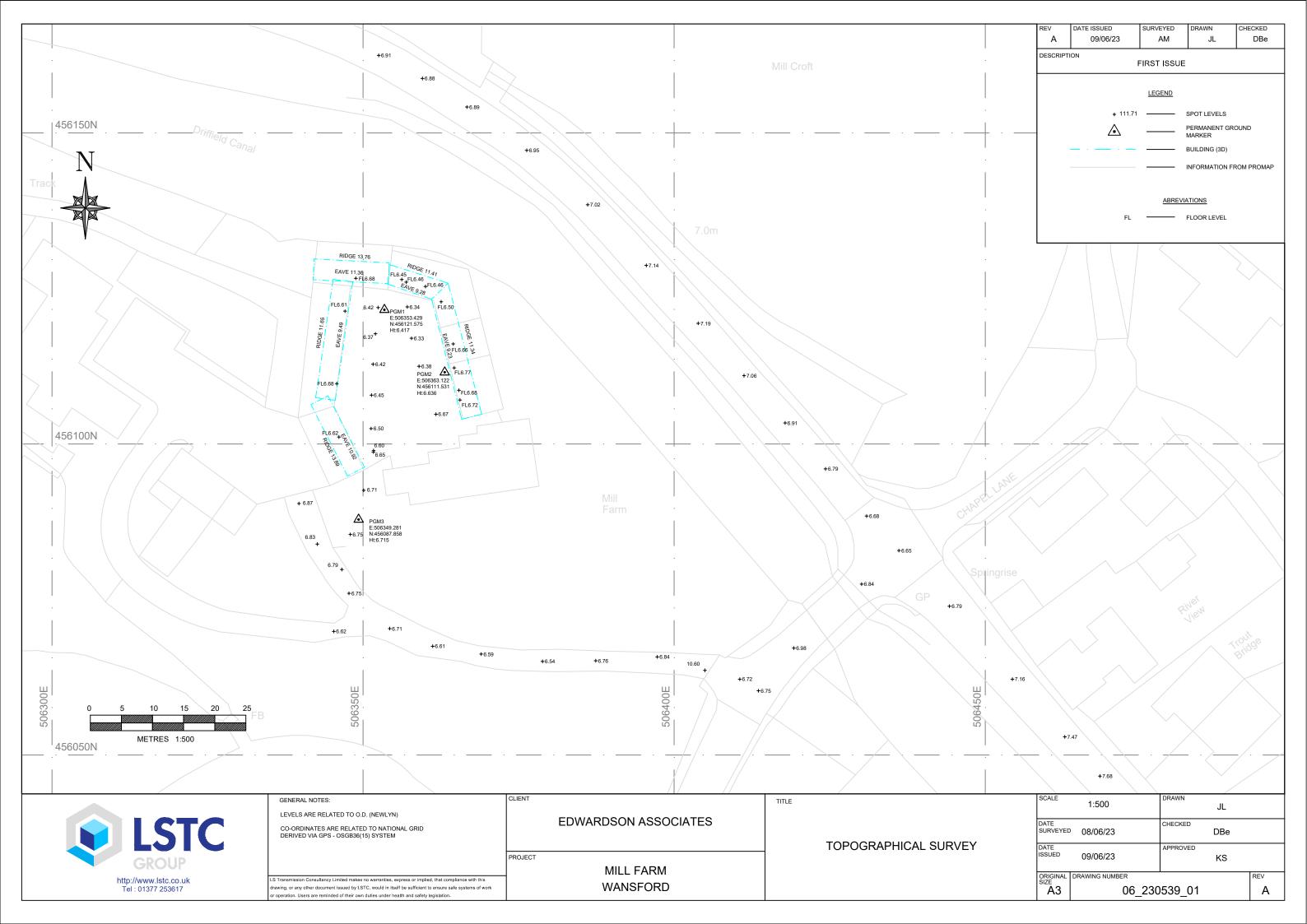


APPENDIX I Site Location Plan





APPENDIX II Site Topographical Survey





APPENDIX III Site Layout

