

DOWN TO EARTH

# Ridgewood Cottage

Tree Survey

Arboricultural Method Statement

Tree Protection Plan to BS5837:2012



# Contents

### Executive summary

1.	Introduction	1
	Instructions	⊥
	Purpose of the report	1
	Documents supplied	2
2.	Site details	2
	Site description	
	Legal status of the trees	2
	The proposal	2
_	Tree Protection Information	3
3.	Tree Protection Information	<u>~</u>
	Operations scheduling	٥
	Root Protection Areas (RPA)	د
	Tree Protection Measures	د
	Other Precautions when working within the CEZ	4
4.	Site Specific Precautions and Mitigation	5
5.	Conclusions	6
6.	Site Photographs	7
	Appendices	8
7.	Appendices	
	Appendix I	I
	Appendix I	i
	Survey Schedule Key and Explanatory Notes	i
	Tree Schedule Table	
	Appendix II	II
	Tree Constraints Plan	ii
	Appendix III	III
	Tree Protection Plan	iii
	Appendix IV	V
	Tree Protection Sign	IV
	Statutory Restrictions to Tree Work	IV
	List of References	IV



Instructing client:	Julie-Ann Van den Rijse
Site Address:	Ridgewood Cottage Ide Hill Road Sundridge Kent
Report Reference:	TN14 6AX DTE RF20260
1	51L N 20200

	Name	Position	Date
Surveyor & Dates of Survey:	Ben Williams Tech.Arbor.A	Arboricultural Consultant	4 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2023
Report author.	Ben Williams Tech.Arbor.A	Arboricultural Consultant	6 <sup>th</sup> Oct 2023
Version:	Orig	jinal	_
Reviewed:	John Robinson Tech Cert (Arbor A)	Consultancy Director	

Down To Earth Trees Ltd. The Oast, Preston Farm Shoreham Rd Sevenoaks Kent TN14 7UD

Tel: 01959 524623 Email: <u>enquiries@dtetrees.co.uk</u> Web: <u>www.downtoearthtrees.co.uk</u>

### © 2023 Down To Earth Trees Ltd

All rights in this report are reserved. The content and format are for the exclusive use of the above addressee and their direct agents to inform of trees in relation to development and is intended to be submitted as part of a formal planning application. It may not be sold, lent, hired out or divulged to any third party not directly involved in this site without the written consent of Down To Earth Trees Ltd.



### **Executive summary**

Down To Earth Trees Ltd are appointed by Julie-Ann Van Den Rijse to visit the property Ridgewood Cottage and carry out a tree survey report in accordance with the guidelines of British Standard (BS) 5837:2012 "Trees in Relation to Design, Demolition and Construction – Recommendations."

We are further instructed to prepare an Arboricultural Method Statement (AMS) and Tree Protection Plan (TPP) pursuant to Condition 8 of the decision notice on Sevenoaks District council's planning application ref 23/01551/HOUSE.

The proposal to which this method statement relates includes the demolition of a conservatory and two outbuildings, and the construction of a single storey extension.

Provided that all precautions to mitigate and minimise tree damage are followed as described in Sections 3 and 4, the potential for significant impact to retained trees has been minimised as far as reasonably practicable for the approved design.

All retained trees can be adequately protected from construction works by temporary fencing. Due to the very minor scope and potential impact of works within the root protection area, arboricultural supervision is not considered necessary for this project.

This AMS shall be made available to all personnel, contractors and sub-contractors involved in site operations. The importance of adhering to this document should be outlined by the site manager to all operatives entering site.

### 1. Introduction

### Instruction

- Down To Earth Trees Ltd. are appointed by Julie-Ann Van Den Rijse to visit the property Ridgewood Cottage and carry out a tree survey report in accordance with the guidelines of British Standard (BS) 5837:2012 "Trees in Relation to Design, Demolition and Construction Recommendations."
- 1.2 We are further instructed to prepare an Arboricultural Method Statement (AMS) and Tree Protection Plan (TPP), pursuant to Condition 8 of the decision notice on Sevenoaks District council's planning application ref 23/01551/HOUSE.

### Purpose of this report

- 1.3 This Method Statement primarily aims to protect and safeguard the retained trees from construction-related damage as far as practicable, to help ensure they continue to provide amenity benefits in the long term.
- 1.4 This AMS provides specific guidance on the processes involved during development and seeks to ensure that appropriate methods of implementation are carried out, in line with current arboricultural and industry best practice. Once this report is accepted by the local planning authority for discharging planning conditions, these methods must be implemented by the applicant or their principal contractor and maintained throughout the project to ensure successful tree retention failing to do so may lead to enforcement action.
- 1.5 This AMS shall be made available to all contractors and sub-contractors involved in site operations. The importance of adhering to this document should be outlined by the site manager to all operatives entering site.

### Documents supplied

- Ordnance Survey data was acquired by Down To Earth and used as the base plan for our Tree Constraints 1.6 Plan, included at Appendix II. Tree data was collected and plotted using a combination of GPS and fixed point measurement, ensuring a high degree of relative accuracy.
- Proposed plan details are supplied by the client which is overlaid on our Tree Protection Plan (TPP). The 1.7 proposed plan view will form the basis of mitigation to be followed in this Method Statement.

### 2. Site Details

### Site Description

Ridgewood Cottage contains a detached swelling situated centrally on the plot. The front garden 2.1 comprises a gravel and concrete surfaced in-and-out driveway, with an informally planted island containing a large oak tree (T1). The rear garden comprises a patio area, rising to a garden laid to lawn with two outbuildings and a greenhouse, with informal plantings close to the boundary. The site topography is generally flat, with a steep slope to access the site starting on the eastern boundary.

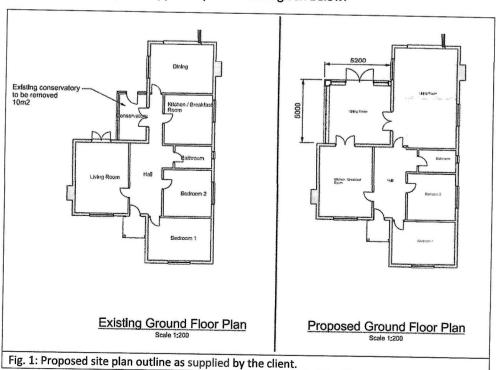
### Legal Status of the Trees

Legal status of the trees: The Sevenoaks District Council website was accessed on the 6<sup>th</sup> October 2023. 2.2 The search revealed the below:

Preservation Order	Cons	servation Area
Survey tree refs	Name of CA	Survey tree refs
n/a	None found	n/a
		Survey tree refs Name of CA

### The Proposal

- The proposal to which this method statement relates includes the demolition of a conservatory and two 2.3 outbuildings, and the construction of a single storey extension.
- 2.4 An excerpt of the proposed plans supplied by the client is given below:



### 3. Tree Protection Information

### **Operations Scheduling**

3.1 Effective tree protection will be afforded subject to following a logical sequence of events. The sequence is detailed below.

Phase	Operation	Timing / reason / notes
	Preliminary tree works and	protection measures
1	Install all tree protection measures as specified in Sections 3.4 - 3.8 below and as located on our Tree Protection Plan (Appendix III)	Fencing location shown by red dashed line.  Measures must remain in their original location throughout the development.
	Demolition phase	commence
2	Carry out and complete the main demolition are still in their original locations and specific	phase, ensuring tree protection measures c mitigation followed in <b>Section 4.3</b>
	Construction phase	e commence
3	Carry out and complete the main demolition protection measures are still in their original <b>Section 4.4</b>	and construction phases, ensuring tree locations and specific mitigation followed in
	Completion o	f works
4	Following construction, and of all works tha Project Arboriculturist will approve the remo	t have the potential for tree damage, the oval of all tree protection measures.

Following the schedule in this way will ensure that any works on unprotected ground within RPAs are minimised as far as practicable.

### **Root Protection Areas**

3.3 The RPAs have been plotted on the Tree Protection Plan (Appendix II) and are shown as the area within the dashed dodecahedrons, colour matched to their category. The RPAs have been calculated in accordance with BS5837:2012.

### Tree Protection Barrier

- The Tree protection barrier design (specified below) shall be installed in the locations highlighted by the red dashed lines shown on our Tree Protection Plan before any groundworks, demolition or construction commences. This denotes the furthest permitted spread of all construction activity, and any areas within the enclosed fencing form the Construction Exclusion Zone (CEZ). Access to unprotected CEZ areas by construction staff will only be by prior written permission by the project arboriculturist.
- 3.5 The Tree Protection Barrier (TPB) will be constructed in accordance with BS 5837:2012. Due to the limited space within the site and relatively short duration of the works, the 'standard' fencing design is considered to be disproportionate in its complexity and cost, and unlikely to offer significant additional protection over an alternative, lighter design.
- 3.6 Therefore, the tree protection fencing for the site will consist of standard 2 metre high weldmesh panels placed into rubber feet and joined together with no fewer than two anti-tamper clamps per panel, as per Figure 2 below. Diagonal strut supports will be used on every other panel and secured inside the CEZ either with pins or rubber feet pins for soft ground, or a block tray for hard surfaces.

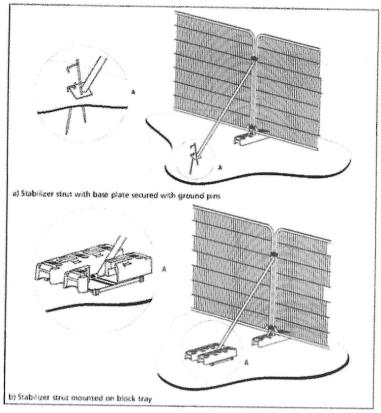


Fig. 2 – Tree protection barrier specification with diagonal supports.

- 3.7 Weatherproof signs informing site users of all Construction Exclusion Zones (marked 'CEZ' on our Tree Protection Plan) shall be prepared by the principal contractor (simply printed in A4 and laminated, or printed onto 5mm 'foamex' board is recommended) and securely affixed to the protective fencing at intervals of one sign per 2-3 panels as appropriate for sufficient visibility. We have supplied a Tree Protection Sign at Appendix IV which the client can be use for this project.
- 3.8 All contractors and visitors to the site shall be briefed on these protected areas by the principal contractor and must not enter at any time unless under the supervision of the project arboriculturist.

### Other Precautions when working within the CEZ or and RPA

- No linear mechanical excavation whatsoever without prior consultation and agreement with the Project Arboriculturist, unless already specified in this report.
- No raising or lowering of levels unless agreed in writing with the LPA and AC, except for the removal of grass sward using hand tools in accordance with BS 5837:2012 (section 7.4.2.1).
- No construction of sealed hard surfacing unless site-specific mitigation is in place.
- No storage of plant or materials.
- No storage or handling of any chemical, including salt or cement washings within 5 metres from the outer crown (dripline) of any tree, unless site specific mitigation is approved by the AC.
- No vehicular access unless site specific mitigation is in place, approved by the project arboriculturist.
- No lighting of any fires less than 5 metres from the outer crown (dripline) of any tree.

### 4. Site Specific Precautions and Mitigation

4.1 Tree removals and pruning to facilitate the development. No trees are proposed to be removed to facilitate the development.

Mitigation required: None.

4.2 **Site access and set up of tree protection measures**: The site is to be accessed from the existing hard surfaced driveway to the east (southernmost, wider driveway).

Mitigation required:

- a. All tree protection barriers are to be installed as specified in sections 3.4 3.8 and located as shown by the red dashed line on our Tree Protection Plan (TPP) at Appendix II before site operations commence, to restrict construction access to unprotected RPAs where it is not needed.
- b. These fenced areas shall form Construction Exclusion Zones (CEZ) where no contractor access, excavation, spoil tipping or materials storage will occur.
- c. Protective measures shall then remain in place until the development is complete and all plant and machinery is removed from site.

### 4.3 Demolition of the outbuildings

Mitigation required:

- a. All tree protection measures are to remain in the original positions as shown on our Tree Protection Plan.
- b. The existing greenhouse and shed will be dismantled by hand, and all debris removed from the RPA.
- c. The greenhouse appears to have no substantial base, and simply comprises gravel. This will either be retained as-is or reverted to soft landscape. No significant impact is anticipated, provided any such conversion is carried out with hand tools and without significantly disturbing the soil below the gravel covering as it may damaging any significant tree roots which may be beneath.
- d. The shed has a fairly substantial 3m x 3m concrete base, approximately 25cm at its thickest point. The base will be broken up with a hand held breaker. All spoil will be removed from the RPA by hand. No significant impact is anticipated, provided care is taken to avoid damaging any significant tree roots which are anticipated to be beneath the concrete base.
- e. Once the base is removed, any exposed roots shall immediately be covered with clean topsoil to prevent drying out.
- f. Rubble shall not be disposed of by spreading out or bunding within any retained tree RPA.

### 4.4 Construction of the extension

Mitigation required:

- a. No specific mitigation is required the extension footprint and both of its access routes do not encroach on the RPA of any retained tree.
- b. All cement mixing must take place outside of any tree RPA there is adequate space on site for cement mixing, particularly on the existing patio.
- c. Spoil shall be stored outside of the CEZ at all times. There should be adequate space for spoil and materials storage outside of CEZs, either in the front driveway clear of RPAs, or the existing patio. Spoil shall not be disposed of by spreading out or bunding within RPAs.

### 5. Conclusions

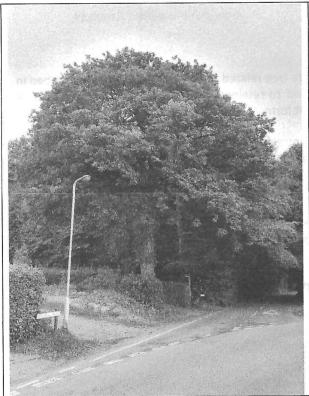
- 5.1 Provided that all site specific precautions to mitigate tree related damage are followed as described in Sections 3 and 4, the potential for significant impact to retained trees has been minimised as far as reasonably practicable for the proposal in its current form.
- 5.2 The client, their consulting architect and principal contractor shall review this document and ensure they are able to comply with the mitigation measures made herein, with particular reference to the key points made in Sections 3 Tree Protection and Section 4 Site Specific Mitigation, supported by the Tree Protection Plan at Appendix III.
- 5.3 This AMS shall be made available to all personnel, contractors and sub-contractors involved in site operations. The importance of adhering to this document shall be outlined by the site manager to all operatives entering site.

If you have any queries regarding this survey or report please contact us in the first instance.

Ba

Ben Williams Tech.Arbor.A Arboricultural Consultant Down To Earth Trees Ltd

## 6. Site photographs



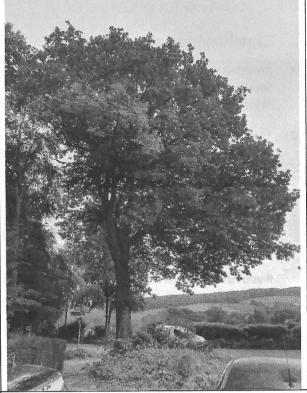


Fig 3: Tree 1 (oak) as viewed from the southeast

Fig 4: Tree 1 (oak) as viewed from the driveway



Fig 5: Site of the existing conservatory to be demolished and replaced with an extension.



Fig 6: Two outbuildings to be removed.

### Arboricultural Method Statement

# 7. Appendices

Appendix I	T
Survey Schedule Key and Explanatory Notes	i
Tree Schedule Table	i
Appendix II	
Tree Constraints Plan	ìii
Appendix III	
Tree Protection Plan	iii
Appendix IV	71.7
Tree Protection Sign	
Statutory Restrictions to Tree Work	iv
List of References	

# Arboricultural Report To BS 5837:2012

# Appendix I

Tree Survey Cascade Chart from BS 5837:2012 Tree Survey Schedule Table







# Appendix I - Cascade Chart for Tree Categorisation from BS 5837:2012

TREES UNSUITABLE FOR RETENTION	NOIL			
Category and Definition	Criteria			Identification on
Category U  Those in such a condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years	<ul> <li>Trees that have a serious, irramediable structural defect such that their early loss is expected due to coll become unviable after removal of other category U trees (i.e. where, for whatever reason, the loss of comp mitigated by pruning)</li> <li>Trees that are dead or are showing signs of significant, immediate and irreversible overall decline.</li> <li>Trees infected with pathogens of significance to the health and/or safety of other trees nearby, or very adjacent trees of better quality.</li> <li>NOTE: Category U trees can have existing or potential conservation value which it might be desirable to preserve</li> </ul>	Trees that have a serious, irremediable structural defect such that their early loss is expected due to collapse, including those that will become unviable after removal of other category U trees (i.e. where, for whatever reason, the loss of companion shelter cannot be mitigated by pruning)  Trees that are dead or are showing signs of significant, immediate and irreversible overall decline.  Trees infected with pathogens of significance to the health and/or safety of other trees nearby, or very low quality trees suppressing adjacent trees of better quality.  Example 1. Category U trees can have existing or potential conservation value which it might be desirable to preserve	illapse, including those that will panion shelter cannot be y low quality trees suppressing	Pian DARK RED
Subcategory and Definition  1. Mainly A	Subcategories:  1. Mainly Arboricultural Values	2. Mainly Landscape Values	3. Mainly Cultural Values, including Conservation	Identification on Plan
Category A  Trees of high quality and value: in such a condition as to be able to make a substantial contribution (a minimum of 40 years is suggested).	Trees that are particularly good examples of their species, especially if rare or unusual, or essential components of groups, or of formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g. the dominant and/or principal trees within an avenue).	Trees, groups or woodlands which provide a definite screening or softening effect to the locality in relation to views into or out of the site, or those of particular visual importance (e.g. avenues or other arboricultural features assessed as groups).	Trees, groups or woodlands of significant conservation, historical, commemorative or other value (e.g. veteran trees or wood-pasture).	LIGHT GREEN
Trees of moderate quality and value: those in such a condition as to make a significant contribution (a minimum of 20 years is suggested).	Trees that might be included in the higher category, but are downgraded because of impaired condition (e.g. presence of significant but remediable defects, including unsympathetic past management and storm damage), such that they are unlikely to be suitable for retention for beyond 40 years, or trees lacking the special quality necessary to merit the Category A designation.	Trees present in numbers, usually growing as groups or woodlands, such that they form distinct landscape features, thereby attracting a higher collective rating than they might as individuals, or trees occurring as collectives but situated so as to make little visual contribution to the wider locality.	Trees with material conservation or other cultural benefits.	MID BLUE
Category C  Trees of low quality and value: currently in adequate condition to remain until new planting could be established (a minimum of 10 years is suggested) or	Unremarkable trees of very limited merit or such impaired condition that they do not qualify in higher categories.	Trees present in groups or woodlands, but without this conferring on them significantly greater collective landscape value, and/or trees offering low or only temporary/transient landscape benefit.	Trees with no material conservation or other cultural benefits.	GREY
young trees with a stem diameter below 150mm.	NOTE: Whilst C category trees will not be retained where they wor stem diameter of less than 150mm should be considered for relocation.	not be retained where they would impose a significant constraint on development, young trees with a vuld be considered for relocation.	relopment, young trees with a	

												3,
Client: Ridgewood Project: Extension pi Survey Date: 04/10/2023 Surveyor: Ben William	Ridgewood Cottage Extension project 2023 04/10/2023 Ben Williams	tage ect 2023							MI		The Oast Preston Farm Shoreham Rd Kent TN14 7UD Phone: 01959 524623	
Tree and Tag No	S.		Ste	Stems	ວັ	Crown		A O		40000	Preliminary Recommendations	Car
Species		Hght (m)	No.	(mm)	Spread (m)	Clear (m)	Age	A (m <sup>2</sup> ) R (m)	Condition	Condition	Survey Comment	ERC
	NT											ą
English Oak		18.5	<b>+</b>	840		6.5	Z Z	A: 319.2	900g	C: Good	No action	Park.
Quercus robur					пQ	ກ່ວ	u 4	K. 10.07			Prominent well formed tree. Small diameter dead branches in	SIK OF
					>	. 6	4				crown of low concern. Roots lightly damaging old concrete surface to north, but likely because the surface was installed too close.	
20	IN	The second secon	Andreas and the secondary of the secondary	Personal and the state of the s				And of the last of	AND CAMPAGE OF STREET,		Estimated Measurements	leasurements
		ō		400	z	Ľ	Α	A: 72.4	Good	C: Good	No action	B.2
dnois 4		3	4	3	: ц	ייי	. 4	R: 4.8				20 to 40
t t					ָּטוּ	. 61	- 4 -	<u>:</u>			Off site trees on north side of public footpath. 1x beech and 1x sweet chestnut. Previously pruned on south side.	
					>	2	4	And the control of th	and the state of t			
39	¥	The state of the s									Estimated Me	Estimated Measurements
eet Chestnu		20	<b>-</b>	360	z	S	e SM	A: 58.6	Good	C: Fair	No action	B.2.3
Coctono cativ		l			U.	4	9	R: 4.31		S: Good		20 to 40
castallea sauva	a				ı w ≽	- w 4	. m v			B: Good	Off-site linear feature of sweet chestrut on woodland edge, made up of approx. 20 stems. Previously pruned back on south side only to boundary line, to reduce overhang to property. Distance of tree line measured from house.	yrs
40	<u> </u>		A STATE OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN 2 IS NOT THE PERSON NAMED IN					Collection of the Collection o			Estimated Me	Estimated Measurements
A Groun		17	-	200	z	ო	8 SM	A: 18.1	Good	C: Fair	No action	C.2
5		i			ши≽	w 4 w	<b>&amp; &amp; &amp;</b>	R: 2.4		S: Fair B: Good	Off-site linear tree feature between footpath and boundary fence. Made up of 4 ash, 1 cherry and 1 holly.	10 to 20 yrs
												delicate according to the second control of
Age Classifications:	-	1	100	Dr.	Early Mature Mature	9	Condition:		C Crown S Stem	radi decada da cada de propiedo e propiedo de presenta	Stems: Ø Diameter (Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definition	definition
	SMS	Semi-mature		OM	Over Mature			1 Cox	li di	20	00 90	06 October 2023

Second   S	Trop on The No.	THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PA			The second section is the second second		The second secon		The second secon			
MT	Species	Hght	2		Spread	3_	(	RP (m2)	Phys	Structural	The state of the s	The second section of the sect
NT   No beach   No action	Chinada	Œ	2		(m)		AGe O	R (m)	Condition		Survey Comment	
No. of the control									The state of the s			נאנ
S	Common Hazel	80	4	212 (Eq	z			A. 20.4	500			
NT   No extract   NT   NT   No extract   NT   NT   NT   NT   NT   NT   NT   N	Corylus avellana				ш			R: 2.54	0000		No action	C,2
Martin   M										B: Good	Pair of off-site hazels situated behind existing shed	20 to 4
MT   Machine												yrs
12   1   310   N   1   3   SN   4:43.5   Good   C: Fair   No action							11/4/14		And while is the resident transmission of the second			And the second s
No action   No a	Leyland Cypress	12	-	310				A. 42 F	400			
NT   Stutisted adjacent to boundary ferce. Southern crown bias due to conclude the conclusion of the	X Cupressocyparis leylandii							R: 3.72	000		No action	C.1
Note											Situated adjacent to boundary fence. Southern crown bias due to adjacent woodland	10 to 20 yrs
Oppress   16   1   280   N   1   1   SN   N: 35.5   Good   C. Good   Well formed tree.												Tarres (AN) in the second section of the control of
1 SM At 35   5 Good   No action   S	Lawson Cypress	4		000	2	•		1				
S 1.5 1 B: Good Well formed tree.  W 1.5 1 B: Good Well formed tree.  Statement of Newly planted EM Early Mature Condition: C Crown Stems: Ø Diameter 1 Stems: A Stems Semi-mature OM Over Mature B Basal area (Eq.) Equivalent stem diameter using BSS637.2012 definitions.	Chamaecyparis lawsoniana	Q.	1	200				A: 35.5	D005		No action	e d
Semi-mature   Nover Mature   Semi-mature   Semi-mature   Nover Mature   Semi-mature   Semi-m								Y. 5.30				>40 vrc
Classifications:       N       Newly planted       EM       Early Mature       Condition:       C       Crown       Stems:       Ø         Y       Young       M       Mature       S       Stem       S       Stem       (Eq)											wei rormed tree,	26.01
Slassifications:       N Newly planted       EM Early Mature       Condition:       C Grown       Stems:       Ø         Y Young       M Mature       S Stem       S Stem       (Eq)												
Condition: C Grown Stems: Ø Y Young M Mature S Stem SM Semi-mature OM Over Mature B Basal area (Eq)												
Condition:       Condition:       Corown       Stems:       Ø         Y Young       M Mature       S Stem       (Eq)         SM Semi-mature       OM Over Mature       B Basal area												
Condition:       Condition: <td></td>												
Classifications:       N Newly planted       EM       Early Mature       Condition:       C Grown       Stems:       Ø         Y Young       M Mature       S Stem       S Stem       (Eq)												
Classifications:       N Newly planted       EM       Early Mature       Condition:       C Grown       Stems:       Ø         Y       Young       M Mature       S Stem       S Stem       (Eq)         SM       Semi-mature       OM Over Mature       B Basal area       (Eq)												
Slassifications:       N Newly planted       EM Early Mature       Condition:       C Grown       Stems:       Ø         Y Young       M Mature       S Stem       Stem       (Eq)         SM Semi-mature       OM Over Mature       B Basal area												
Classifications:       N       Newly planted       EM       Early Mature       Condition:       C       C rown       Stems:       Ø         Y       Young       M       Mature       S       Stem       (Eq)												
Condition: C Crown Stems: Ø Y Young M Mature Stem SM Semi-mature OM Over Mature B Basal area (Eq)												
Classifications:       N Newly planted       EM       Early Mature       Condition:       C       Crown       Stems:       Ø         Y       Y Young       M       Mature       S       Stem         SM       Semi-mature       OM       Over Mature       B       Basal area												
Classifications:       N Newly planted       EM       Early Mature       Condition:       C       Crown       Stems:       Ø         Y       Young       M       Mature       S       Stem       Stem       (Eq)         SM       Semi-mature       OM       Over Mature       B       Basal area												
Classifications:       N Newly planted       EM       Early Mature       Condition:       C       Crown       Stems:       Ø         Y       Young       M       Mature       S       Stem       Stem       (Eq)         SM       Semi-mature       OM       Over Mature       B       B sasal area												
Classifications:       N Newly planted       Early Mature       Condition:       C Crown       Stems:       Ø         Y Young       M Mature       S Stem       S Stem       S Stem       (Eq)         SM Semi-mature       OM Over Mature       B Basal area												
Classifications:       Newly planted       EM       Early Mature       Condition:       C       Crown       Stems:       Ø         Y       Young       M       Mature       S       Stem       Stem       (Eq)												
Classifications:       N Newly planted       Early Mature       Condition:       C Crown       Stems:       Ø         Y Young       M Mature       S Stem       S Stem       S Stem       (Eq)         SM Semi-mature       OM Over Mature       B Basal area												
Classifications:       Newly planted       Early Mature       Condition:       C Crown       Stems:       Ø         Y Young       M Mature       S Stem       S Stem       (Eq)         SM Semi-mature       OM Over Mature       B Basal area												
Classifications:     Newly planted     Early Mature     Condition:     C Crown     Stems:     Ø       Y Young     M Mature     S Stem     Stem     (Eq)       SM Semi-mature     OM Over Mature     B Basal area												
Y Young Mature Condition: C Crown Stems: Ø Y Young M Mature S Stem SM Semi-mature OM Over Mature B Basal area (Eq)	-	1	value or more qualities.	1	en en en el de de la completa del la completa de la completa del la completa de la completa del la completa de la completa de la completa de la completa de la completa del la comple	and the second s			construent and province standard on provinces.			
SM Semi-mature OM Over Mature B Basal area (Eq.)					lature	පි	ndition		Crown	Stems	Ø	Alian mencio signi activi del como los sasses
RAIR IPSPG G	NS				ature			ם מ	Stem			nition
		And the section of characteristics in the section of the section o	-			and the second s	And in contrast of the last	ا ۵	Dasal area			

TreeMinder

06 October 2023

# Arboricultural Report To BS 5837:2012

Appendix II

Tree Constraints Plan





.....

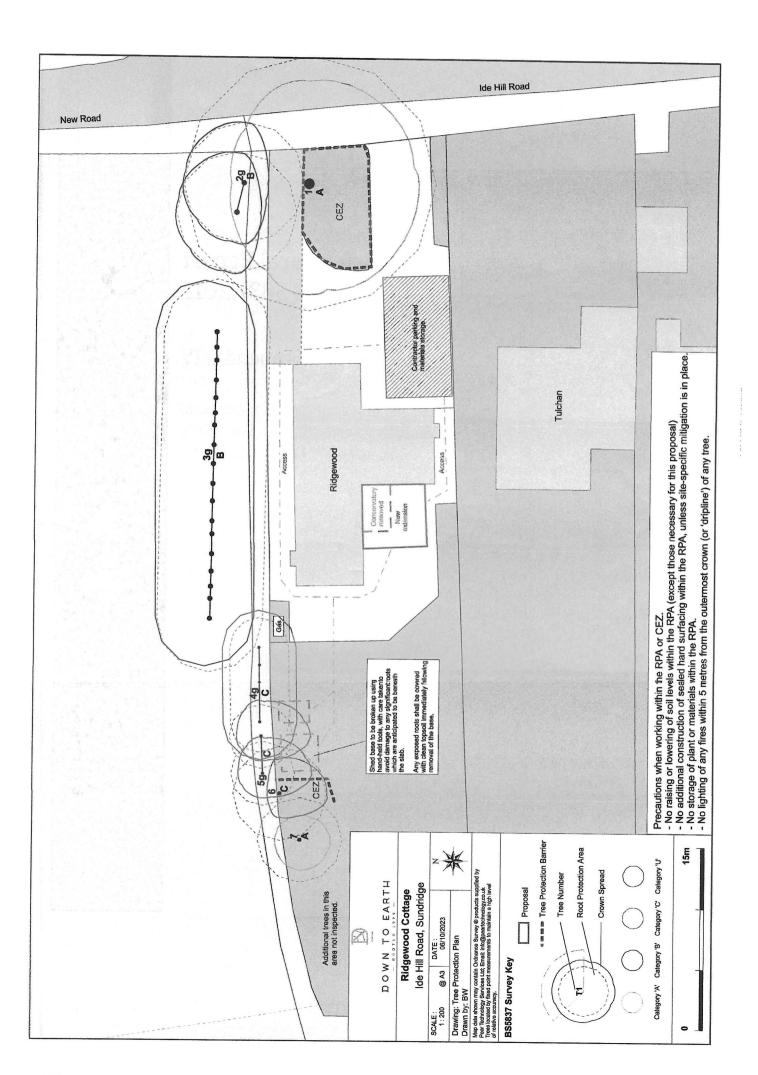
# Arboricultural Report To BS 5837:2012

Appendix III

Tree Protection Plan







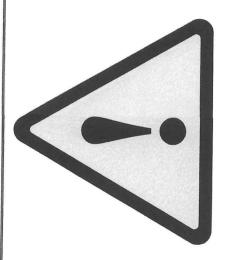
# Arboricultural Report To BS 5837:2012

# Appendix IV

Tree Protection Zone Sign (for barriers)
Statutory Restrictions to Tree Work
List of References







# TREE PROTECTION ZONE KEEP OUT - DO NOT MOVE THIS FENCE

CONTACT DOWN TO EARTH TREES ON 01959 524623 FOR ADVICE

ARBORICULTURAL MANAGEMENT BY:

Down To Earth Trees Ltd

**The Oast** 

Shoreham Road Preston Farm Sevenoaks TN14 7UD T: 01959 524623

E: enquiries@dtetrees.co.uk W: www.downtoearthtrees.co.uk



 $\alpha$ 4 

TREE SURVEYING ONSULTANCY 0



### List of References

British Standards Institute, British Standards (BS) 5837:2012 Trees in Relation to Design, Demolition and Construction -Recommendations (BSI – 2012)

British Standards Institute, *British Standards (BS) 3998:2010 Tree Work -Recommendations* (BSI – 2010)

C. Mattheck & H. Breloer, The Body Language of Trees (TSO - 1994)