

Seq No: 6 - T6.

**Position:** Churchyard of St Mary's Church  
By gate and public footpath

**Species:** Taxus baccata ( Common Yew)

**Grid Ref:** SU 33077 43597

**OS X/Y:** 433076.72, 143596.18

**Lat Long:** 51.190638, -1.528069

**what3words:** ///shack.clock.arrow

**Notes:** This is a Veteran Yew tree around 260 - 340 years of age. Yews are one of the longest-lived native trees and are ecologically valuable as well as historically, culturally and environmentally. They are associated with immortality and the ability of the species to renew itself and they are evergreen. Yew is symbolic of everlasting life and rebirth as well as death and resurrection.



**TPO:** No

**Ash:** No

**Veteran:** Yes

**CA:** Yes

**Inspection Only: 28/09/2023**

**Height:** 19.0 metres

**Age:** Mature

**Trunk:** 111 cm

**Spread:** 13.5 metres

**N:** 7.0

**S:** 11.0

**E:** 6.0

**W:** 3.0

**Visited By: Amelia Williams**

**Vigour:** Normal

**Condition:** Good

**Live crown:** 100% - 75%

**Failure:** Potentially

**Target:** Low

**Impact:** Minor damage

**Features:**

- Conservation area (CA)
- Fence within falling distance
- Footpath within falling distance
- Footpath under canopy
- Gravestones

**Conditions:**

Branch stubs present  
Crown shape distorted due to group pressure  
Epicormic growth  
Hanging broken branches - failed hazard beam  
Ivy or climbing plants  
Low hanging branches  
Major dead wood >50mm  
Minor dead wood <50mm

**Priority:** Priority

**Risk:** Insignificant (48)

**Next Inspection:** 01/2028





**Seq No:** 6

**Species:** Taxus baccata ( Common Yew)

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**Recommendations:**

**Remove dead wood (>50mm )** - within 1 month for reasons of health and safety

**Remove hanging/broken limb** -over footpath within the churchyard, snapped out hazard beam, browning foliage within 1 month for reasons of health and safety

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**Seq No:** 7 - 77

**Position:** St Mary's Church Adjacent to Church Road

**Species:** Aesculus hippocastanum ( Horse Chestnut)

**Grid Ref:** SU 33144 43565

**OS X/Y:** 433143.00, 143564.52

**Lat Long:** 51.190349, -1.527123

**what3words:** ///cares.clever.chips

**Notes:** Notable old pollard circa 115-120 years of age. Potential veteran, with Veteran tree characteristics including deadwood habitat, old large breakout wounds and cavities, decaying heartwood, water pools, bark loss, and the potential for fungi but none currently observed.



**TPO:** No

**Ash:** No

**Veteran:** No

**CA:** Yes

### Inspection Only: 28/09/2023

**Height:** 16.0 metres

**Age:** Mature

**Trunk:** 96 cm

**Spread:** 11.0 metres

**N:** 5.0      **S:** 6.0

**E:** 5.0      **W:** 6.0

**Features:**

- Conservation area (CA)
- Fence within falling distance
- Fence under canopy Gravestones
- Grass surround
- Road under canopy - Church Road Road within falling distance

### Visited By: Amelia Williams

**Vigour:** Normal

**Condition:** Fair

**Live crown:** 100% - 75%

**Failure:** Likely

**Target:** Medium

**Impact:** Moderate

**Conditions:**

Basal decay - decayed heartwood visible at bark wounds on lower trunk  
Bird box - plus natural bird nest on trunk in ivy  
Bleeding canker  
Bat potential  
Basal suckers  
Branch stubs present  
Cankers on branches  
Cankers on trunk  
Cavities present - decay present in the old pollard heads  
Crossing branches  
Crown issues or observations - Leaf blotch and leaf miner  
Epicormic growth  
Fluted buttresses  
Ivy or climbing plants - around buttresses  
Minor dead wood <50mm  
Multiple old pruning wounds Occluded pruning wounds Occluding pruning wounds  
Pollarded  
Stem issues or observations -flaking and delamination bark  
Veteran tree potential  
Wildlife habitat

**Priority:** Priority

**Risk:** Slight (240)

**Next Inspection:** 09/2024



Seq No: 7

Species: *Aesculus hippocastanum* ( Horse Chestnut)

**Recommendations:**

**Reduce crown by 4m** - Reduce crown down by 4m but not to the original pollard points.

- Retain a smaller crown above the pollard points.
- Thin out each pollard head to retain the smaller stems and remove the two largest diameter stems on each pollard head back to the pollard head at around 6m to reduce the weight on the pollard heads.
- Works to be carried out within 3 months during the dormant season and bat check prior to work.
- Works to prevent pollard head collapse under the weight of the new regrowth that has lapsed and to retain a smaller managed crown due to the proximity to the roadside.



Seq No: 8 - T8.

Position: Churchyard of St Mary's Church  
Adjacent the ChurchSpecies: *Tilia x europaea* ( Common Lime)

Grid Ref: SU 33066 43578

OS X/Y: 433065.41, 143577.67

Lat Long: 51.190472, -1.528232

what3words: ///cape.games.crazy

**Notes:** Veteran tree characteristics include a large girth minimum of 25% of species age equating to around 140-170 years of age circa 1850's. With potential for internal heartwood decay, large quantities of deadwood, habitat holes and epiphytic plants including lichens. This is an important tree locally as well as historically, culturally, ecologically and environmentally.



TPO: No

Ash: No

Veteran: Yes

CA: Yes

**Inspection Only: 28/09/2023**

Height: 26.0 metres

Age: Mature

Trunk: 133 cm

Spread: 13.0 metres

N: 8.0

S: 6.0

E: 6.0

W: 6.0

**Visited By: Amelia Williams**

Vigour: Normal

Condition: Good

Live crown:

Failure: Potentially

Target: Medium

Impact: Minor damage

**Features:**

Building within falling distance - St Mary's Church  
Conservation area (CA) Footpath within falling distance  
Footpath under canopy Gravestones



**Conditions:**

Bat potential  
Basal suckers  
Cavities present  
Epicormic growth  
Fluted buttresses  
Ivy or climbing plants - starting up the trunk and around the buttresses  
Live epicormic growth rafting  
Major dead wood >50mm  
Minor dead wood <50mm  
Multiple old pruning wounds  
Occluded pruning wounds  
Occluding pruning wounds  
Surface roots - lifting tarmac path and visible in the grass bank,  
bark damage to some exposed roots and decay present

**Priority:** Priority

**Risk:** Minimal (64)

**Next Inspection:** 05/2026





**Seq No:** 8

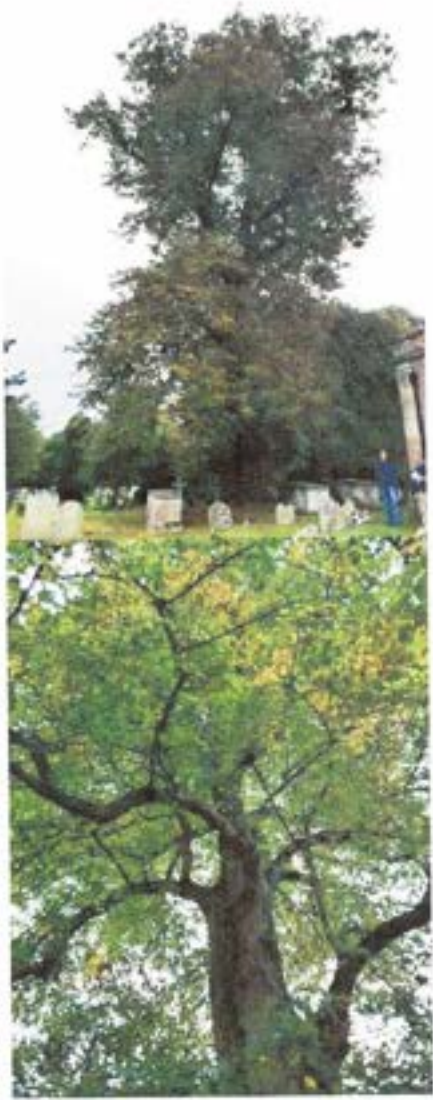
**Species:** Tilia x europaea ( Common Lime)

**Recommendations:**

**Remove dead wood (>50mm )** - within 3 months for reasons of health and safety

**Lift canopy to 3m** - over the footpath within 3 months for reasons of health and safety

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Seq No: 9 - T9

**Position:** Churchyard of St Mary's Church  
By the Priest's door

**Species:** Taxus baccata "Fastigiata" ( Irish  
Yew)

**Grid Ref:** SU 33026 43576

**OS X/Y:** 433025.94, 143575.01

**Lat Long:** 51.190450, -1.528797

**what3words:** ///lies.invite.grow

**Notes:**



**TPO:** No

**Ash:** No

**Veteran:** No

**CA:** Yes

### Inspection Only: 28/09/2023

**Height:** 7.0 metres

**Age:** Middle aged

**Trunk:** 65 cm

**Spread:** 4.0 metres

**N:** 2.0

**S:** 2.0

**E:** 2.0

**W:** 2.0

### Visited By: Amelia Williams

**Vigour:** Normal

**Condition:** Good

**Live crown:** 100% - 75%

**Failure:** Potentially

**Target:** Medium

**Impact:** Fragile objects

### Features:

Building within falling distance - St Mary's Church  
Conservation area (CA)  
Footpath within falling distance  
Footpath under canopy  
Gravestones

**Conditions:**

Bark damage - from wire cutting into branches

Crown issues or observations - Branches collapsed out of the crown and are hanging down. Fastigate form opening up. Previously supported by wire which in places is now imbedded wire cables which are now causing bark and branch damage.

Epicormic growth

**Priority:** Routine

**Risk:** Insignificant (16)

**Next Inspection:** 01/2028



**Seq No:** 9

**Species:** *Taxus baccata* "Fastigiata" ( Irish Yew)

**Recommendations:**

**Crown support** - Re-apply structural support around the crown. Use a dark greenhouse hose pipe threaded with a steel cable tensioned to create support around the canopy at three or four separate levels up the crown set at around 1-1.5m intervals to bring the crown in to create a tighter form. Once the new supports are in place cut the old wire supports off.

Carry out the works within 6 months to aid with managing the crown and to retain a more compact form.

**Seq No:** 10 - T10

**Position:** Churchyard of St Mary's Church

**Species:** Ilex aquifolium ( Common Holly)

**Grid Ref:** SU 33080 43578

**OS X/Y:** 433079.58, 143577.49

**Lat Long:** 51.190469, -1.528030

**what3words:** ///reward.flies.fund



**TPO:** No

**Ash:** No

**Veteran:** No

**CA:** Yes

**Inspection Only: 28/09/2023**

**Height:** 11.0 metres

**Age:** Middle aged

**Trunk:** 53 cm

**Spread:** 7.8 metres

**N:** 3.5

**S:** 4.5

**E:** 4.0

**W:** 3.5

**Features:** Conservation area (CA)  
Footpath within falling distance  
Gravestones

**Visited By: Amelia Williams**

**Vigour:** Low

**Condition:** Fair

**Live crown:** 75% - 50%

**Failure:** Potentially

**Target:** Low

**Impact:** Fragile objects

**Comments:** measured at below trifurcation just above ground level

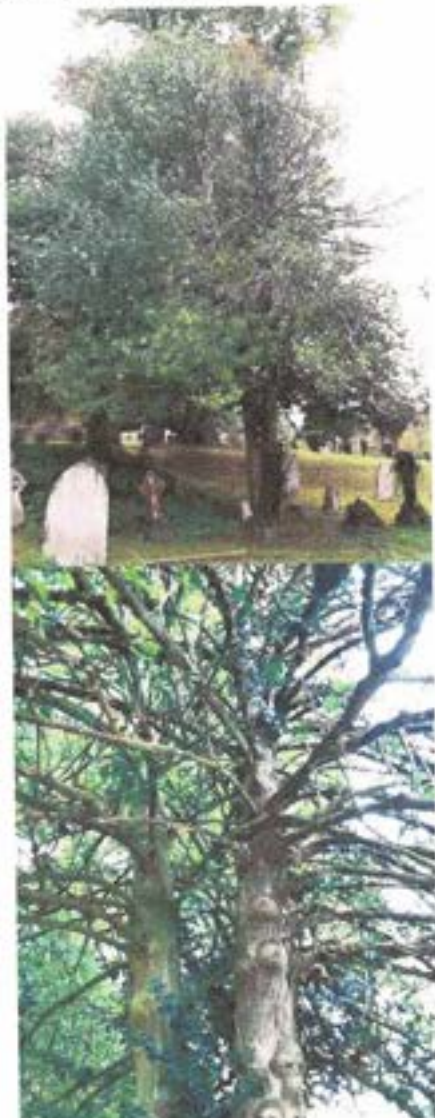
**Conditions:**

Basal suckers  
Crown shape distorted due to group pressure  
Die back  
Epicormic growth  
Ivy or climbing plants  
Major dead wood >50mm  
Minor dead wood <50mm  
Trifurcated - just above ground level, one stem healthy, remaining two stems in decline

**Priority:** Priority

**Risk:** Insignificant (12)

**Next Inspection:** 01/2028





**Seq No:** 10

**Species:** Ilex aquifolium ( Common Holly)

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**Recommendations:**

**Reduce crown by 3m** - reduce the two dying stems to the North and East down by 3 metres to reduce the risk of failure but allow the lower stems to regenerate. Within 3 months for reasons of health and safety.

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