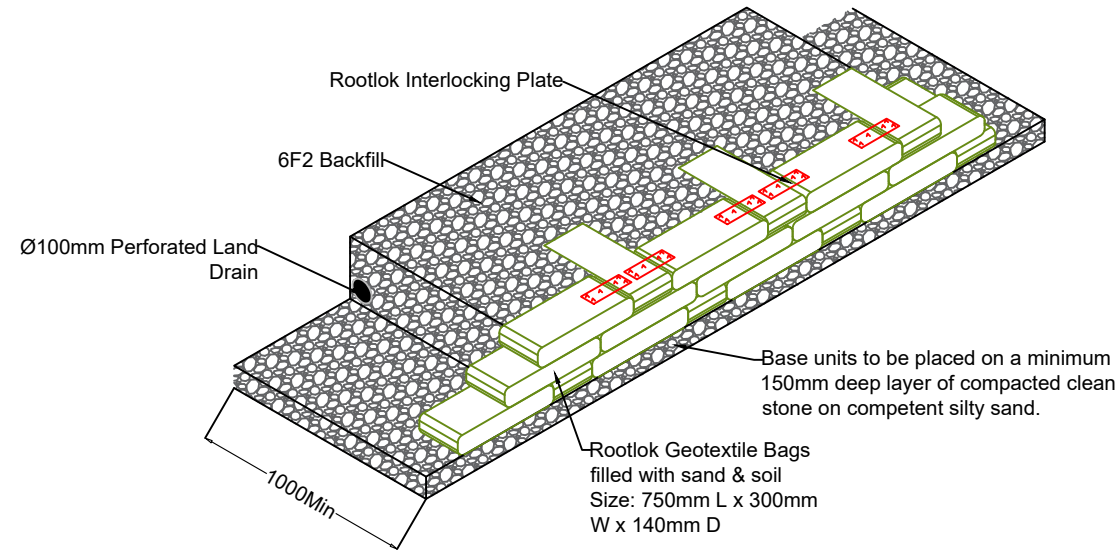
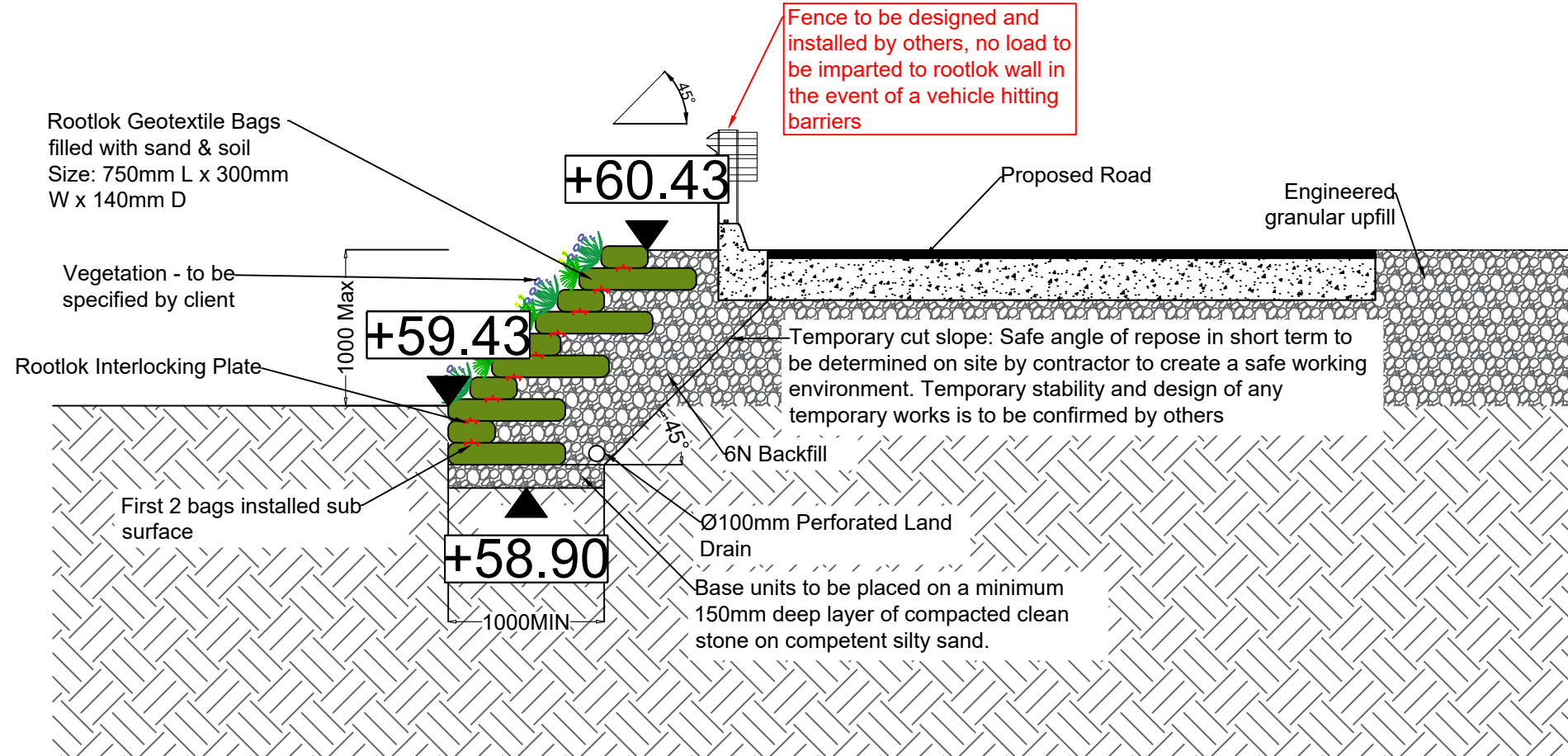


# Section A2 - 1:40

## 3D VIEW TIEBACK - NO GRID



Fence to be designed and installed by others, no load to be imparted to rootlok wall in the event of a vehicle hitting barriers



- NOTES
- 1) All dimensions in mm's unless otherwise specified.
  - 2) WALL SPECIFICATION:  
Facing units to consist of GeoGrow Ltd. Rootlok bags system filled with sand and soil mix: (200mm x 750mm x 140mm) as per manufacturers details. Interlocking plates to be provided between courses of Rootlok bags.
  - 3) GEGRID:  
Soil reinforcement to consist of Stratgrid SGU 60 geogrid installed at maximum 420mm vertical centres (3 bags).  
Geogrid placement to comply with the following:
    - 1st layer no higher than top of the 1st course of Rootlok bags
    - Subsequent layers at no greater than 420mm vertical (3 Rootlok bag courses)
    - Top layer to be max 420mm (3 blocks) below finished ground level.
    - Where a geogrid layer steps up/down one course, there should be a minimum overlap of 375mm (half a Rootlok bag width)
    - Grid lengths from the higher sections should be used for intermediate wall heights.
    - The geogrid is always placed with the roll direction (direction of strength) perpendicular to the wall face, i.e. out in the required length.
    - Tension must be applied to the geogrids before fill is placed over them.
    - When filling over the geogrid, a minimum of 100mm of fill must be placed over the geogrid before driving plant over it.
  - 4) INSTALLATION:  
Please refer to standard manufacturer's installation guidelines. A specialist installer, approved by GeoGrow Ltd. and experienced with constructing reinforced earth walls is employed to carry out the installation works.
  - 5) BACKFILL TO THE ROOTLOK WALL:  
Imported well graded granular fill compliant with Class 6N fill as defined by Series 600 of the MCHW Specification for Highway Works must be used as the backfill. Suitable material must be placed and compacted in accordance with the MCHW Specification for Highway Works, Series 600, Table 601. The Principal Contractor is responsible for the selection of this material. It must comply with the geotechnical characteristics specified in the Series 600 of the MCHW Specification for Highway Works, as shown in the attached table and in the attached Geotechnical Certificate.
    - **Section A1: 70kPa**  
The Principal Contractor must confirm the suitability of the founding material prior to construction commencing. We recommend in-situ plate bearing tests/ hand shear vane are carried out to confirm the allowable bearing capacity.
    - **Section A2: 40kPa**  
Any soft, loose or unstable material (such as made ground, peat or alluvium) present at or below formation level that does not comply with the assumed soil parameters, must be excavated out down to competent stratum and replaced with compacted Class 6G granular material (with assumed properties of  $\phi = 36^\circ$ ,  $\gamma = 18.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$  and  $c = 0 \text{ kPa}$ ).
  - 6) FOUNDATION FOR ROOTLOK WALL:  
Formation level must be on competent clayey sand/ gravelly CLAY or clayey, gravelly SAND with a minimum allowable bearing capacity as listed below:  
**Section A1: 70kPa**  
**Section A2: 40kPa**  
Any soft, loose or unstable material (such as made ground, peat or alluvium) present at or below formation level that does not comply with the assumed soil parameters, must be excavated out down to competent stratum and replaced with compacted Class 6G granular material (with assumed properties of  $\phi = 36^\circ$ ,  $\gamma = 18.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$  and  $c = 0 \text{ kPa}$ ).
  - 7) DRAINAGE:  
A 100mmØ perforated drainage pipe should be placed along the full length of the slope as shown on the cross-sections. This should be fully rodable/accessible and connected to appropriate site drainage outlet. The drainage should be regularly maintained.  
It is assumed that the road/footway above the wall will have permanent and maintained drainage to prevent run-off from entering the wall backfill.  
All other site drainage is outside the scope of this design.
  - 8) SITE / IN-SITU SOILS:  
**Foundation (original stiff silty CLAY):**  
 $\phi = 22^\circ$ ,  $\gamma = 18.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$  and  $c = 0 \text{ kPa}$   
**Retained (granular improvement soils):**  
 $\phi = 36^\circ$ ,  $\gamma = 18.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$  and  $c = 0 \text{ kPa}$   
 (River terrace deposits - loose to medium dense, slightly clayey sand)  
 $\phi = 28^\circ$ ,  $\gamma = 18.0 \text{ kN/m}^3$  and  $c = 0 \text{ kPa}$   
 The Principal Contractor / Principal Designer is responsible for ensuring the in-situ soils complying with the geotechnical characteristics as shown on the relevant drawings and in the design calculations.
  - 9) TYPICAL FRONT FACE:  
The minimum front face slopes are indicated on the sections provided.  
SHELF ABOVE CG 610.0 (concreting restriction of construction plant within 1.50m of the front face shall be followed. If face movement should occur, the next course shall be set back as necessary to ensure that eventual face remains at or above the minimum.
  - 10) PEDESTRIAN/VEHICULAR BARRIERS:  
All pedestrian and vehicular protection to be included at the crest of the reinforced earth slope to be designed by others. Pedestrian barriers are subject to detailed design by a suitably qualified consulting engineer and are subject to GeoGrow's approval. The Client's Consulting Engineer must ensure that lateral loading is transferred to the Rootlok slopes to resist impact from a vehicle. The supporting base slab must be designed by others in accordance with BS5896:1 and the parapet must be for normal or higher level of containment only. Any vehicle parapets should be designed by others, with the appropriate clear working width to their rear. Any protection installed at the top of the Rootlok slope, other pedestrian or vehicular, is outside of the scope of this design.
  - 11) STABILITY OF TEMPORARY EXCAVATION:  
This solution is for the permanent works only and is issued on the basis that a safe system of works is provided for construction. Temporary excavations have the potential to fail rapidly and without warning. The Principal Contractor/Rootlok slope installer must produce a method statement and risk assessment for the works to be approved by the Principal Designer.  
Temporary stability and design of any temporary works is entirely outside our scope and should be confirmed by others.
  - 12) STATUTORY APPROVALS (GEOTECHNICAL CERTIFICATION):  
The Client/Principal Designer must check to see if any statutory approvals such as Geotechnical Certification are required for proposed works. If approval is required, this must be gained prior to construction. If construction proceeds prior to necessary approvals being required, then it does so at the Client's own risk.
  - 13) VEGETATION ESTABLISHMENT:  
Rootlok system should be hydroseeded as soon as possible after construction.  
Manufacturer's maintenance regime should be followed to ensure best vegetation growth.
  - 14) HEAVY CONSTRUCTION TRAFFIC OPERATING CLOSE TO THE WALL:  
It should be ensured that the face batter is not compromised by the use of heavy construction plant machinery too close to the face of the wall. If construction plant is to traffic the crest area of the wall, a suitable haul road design must be undertaken and be set back and adequate distance from the rear of the wall (designed by others). If construction plant operates on the unreinforced retained material, distortion/bulging of the wall may occur.
  - 15) FUTURE MAINTENANCE OF SERVICES INSTALLED UNDER THE ROAD ON THE RETAINED SIDE OF THE WALL:  
The Principal Contractor and Client's Consulting Engineer must also confirm the locations of all services prior to construction and ensure that none will be affected by the wall and its installation. Services to be installed under the proposed road should be kept behind the reinforced zone of the Rootlok wall to ensure any future maintenance does not rip through the geogrid reinforcement.
  - 16) RISK OF FLOODING:  
A flood level of 58.16 MOD has been assumed (1:100+30% CC) if the value is deemed to be low Geogrow to be referred.
  - 17) NOTES ON CALCULATIONS/DRAWINGS:  
These plans and the accompanying design documentation should be thoroughly checked by the Principal Designer any apparent errors, omissions or variations should be reported immediately to GeoGrow Ltd. Construction of these walls shall not commence unless and until the Client/Principal Designer has considered the GeoGrow Design Analysis Document (Report Ref: SU20038) to ensure that there are no errors, omissions or conflict with the scheme design.  
This installer must receive a copy of the material supplier's risk assessment prior to the start of construction and take account of the content in their method of construction.  
This drawing, or design proposal, remains the copyright of GeoGrow Ltd and is not to be copied or disclosed to any persons other than the person to whom it is originally intended.

### STATUS

Rev	Issue/Revision	Drawn	Date
A	For Approval	RN	10/07/23



PROJECT TITLE:  
East Horsley

CLIENT:  
Taylor Wimpey

DRAWING TITLE:  
Section A2

Designed:	BV	Date:	17/07/2023	Project No.:	SU3038
Drawn:	RN	Date:	17/07/2023	Scale:	1:40
Checked:	DR	Date:	17/07/2023	Drawing No.:	SU3038_GG_XX_XX_DR_X_05
				Revision:	A

### HAZARD DETAILS

FOR MORE DETAILS SEE THE DESIGNERS RISK REGISTER IN FORMAL DESIGN REPORT NUMBER SU3038

### HEALTH & SAFETY/ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

HAZARD 01	Working at Height
HAZARD 02	Risk of Flood



### FURTHER DETAILS

Wall Setting out & alignment to be confirmed by principal designer, any clashes between Rootlok wall and other elements/structures is outside the scope of this design and thus any amendments/alterations due to clashes are to be the responsibility of others.