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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose of the Report

- 1.1.1 This arboricultural report is required by our client as part of an investigation into suspected soil shrinkage subsidence damage at:
 - 48 Gwendoline Drive, Countesthorpe, Leicester, Leicestershire, LE8 5SE.

1.2 Terms of Reference

- 1.2.1 We are instructed by **360Globalnet** to visit the site and carry out an arboricultural survey covering all vegetation within likely influencing distance of the subject property. It has been requested that we only consider vegetation management options for the purpose of this report.
- 1.2.2 We have been supplied with details of the site investigation, which was carried out by **Drainage Repair Company**, and have included the salient points in this report. We have applied this information to our knowledge of trees and the arboricultural data we gathered on site and prescribed recommendations for current, or future action, where required.
- 1.2.3 We are to prepare our findings in a detailed report, making specific recommendations as to any arboricultural management which may be required.

1.3 Scope of the Report

- 1.3.1 The Insured's property is a 3-bedroom, two storey semi-detached house. It was constructed circa 1970's from masonry cavity walls, under a pitched, concrete tile covered roof. There is a garage to the rear of the left-hand side of the property and a single storey extension, built by a previous owner to the rear of the property.
- 1.3.2 The insured noticed cracking in September 2022 to the garage and extension at the rear of their property. Please see the **360 Globalnet Engineer's Report** for full details of the current damage at the subject property.
- 1.3.3 The distance between the vegetation surveyed and the buildings is measured from the closest structure.

2. Survey Conditions and Methods

2.1 Date of Inspection and name of Inspector

2.1.1 The site was surveyed during January 2023 by **Matt Large** *DipArb L4* (ABC)TechArborA.

2.2 Data Collection Methods

- 2.2.1 The inspection was carried out at ground level using visual assessment of the tree canopy, stem and rooting area. No digging or drilling was carried out by JCA Ltd.
- 2.2.2 The measurements were made using instruments including clinometers for tree *HEIGHT*, diameter tapes for *STEM DIAMETER* (measured at 1.5m above ground level) and tape measures or electronic distometers for *CROWN SPREAD* and *DISTANCE TO PROPERTY*.
- 2.2.3 AGE CLASS and LIFE EXPECTANCY values are estimated based upon our knowledge of trees and the way they grow. No core sampling was carried out on this occasion.
- 2.2.4 The term *INFLUENCING DISTANCE* as used in this report is not derived from the NHBC's 'zones of influence' formula. It is merely an estimation of the potential of a tree or shrub to cause damage to the subject property after due consideration of many factors including soil characteristics, specimen size, vigour, species, likely water uptake and distance from the property.
- 2.2.5 'NHBC WATER DEMAND' (low, moderate or high) are categories originated by the National House Building Council. The concept was designed to be used as an aid for determining the correct foundation depths for new build situations where there are existing trees present.

3. Ground Investigation, Soil & Root Analysis

3.1 Introduction

- 3.1.1 Trees influence soil conditions, and in some soil types root activity can create a soil moisture deficit (S.M.D.), which means that the amount of water being used by the tree and by natural evaporation has exceeded the amount of water entering the ground through precipitation or other means. This deficit can lead to soil shrinkage which in turn can cause a building to move, particularly if its foundations are shallow. The result is *SUBSIDENCE*.
- 3.1.2 The soil's *PLASTICITY INDEX, PLASTIC LIMIT, MOISTURE CONTENT* and the likely water uptake of the tree/trees in question are key factors in determining whether shrinkage has occurred.
- 3.1.3 On shrinkable soils, damage to buildings can also occur as a result of tree removal. In such cases, re-hydration of the soil beyond that which would ordinarily occur prior to the removal of vegetation can cause an upwards movement of the ground which is known as *HEAVE*. Trees should not, therefore, be removed without due consideration of likely effects.
- 3.1.4 The ground investigation and root analysis at this site have been carried out by others. Results of these investigations are briefly summarised below.

3.2 Foundation Types and Depths

- 3.2.1 Please refer to the site plan at **Appendix 2** for an indication of the trial pit/borehole locations.
- 3.2.2 **Trial pit/borehole 1** revealed a concrete foundation at a maximum depth of 600mm below ground level.
- 3.2.3 **Trial pit/borehole 2** revealed a concrete foundation at a maximum depth of 400mm below ground level.

3.3 Soil Types

3.3.1 Trial Pit/Borehole 1:

- The soils *plasticity index* ranged from 18% to 30%.
- *Moisture contents* within the soil samples ranged from 17% to 22%.
- The *plastic limit* of the soils ranged from 18% to 23%.
- The *liquid limit* of the soils ranged from 36% to 53%.

The results indicate that the clay soil found within **Trial Pit/Borehole 1** is of low to medium shrinkability and that the soil is desiccated.

3.3.2 Trial Pit/Borehole 2:

- The soils *plasticity index* ranged from 19% to 29%.
- *Moisture contents* within the soil samples ranged from 19% to 21%.
- The *plastic limit* of the soils ranged from 18% to 23%.
- The *liquid limit* of the soils ranged from 37% to 52%.

The results indicate that the clay soil found within **Trial Pit/Borehole 2** is of low to medium shrinkability and that the soil is desiccated from 2.4m - 5m.

3.4 Root Analysis





The Drainage Repair Company Suite 15, Leatherline House 71 Narrow Lane **AYLESTONE** Leicester LE2 8NA

26/02/2023

Dr Ian B K Richardson BSc, MSc, PhD, MRSB, FLS James Richardson BSc (Hons. Biology)

Enterprise House 49-51 Whiteknights Road Reading RG6 7BB

Tel: (0118) 986 9552 (Direct line) E-mail: richardsons@botanical.net Web: www.botanical.net

Your ref:

Our ref: 85/5902

Dear Sirs

48 Gwendoline Drive, Countesthorpe LE8 5SE

The samples you sent in relation to the above on 19/01/2023 have been examined. Their structures were referable as follows:

TP1, 0.6-1	.6m							
6 no.	Examined root: FRAXINUS (Ash).	Alive, recently*.						
3 no.	Unfortunately all with insufficient cells for identification.							
TP1, 1.6-2	2.6m							
7 no.	Examined root: FRAXINUS (Ash). Alive, recently*.							
TP1, 2.6-3	3.6m							
6 no.	Examined root: FRAXINUS (Ash).	Alive, recently*.						
4 no.	Unfortunately all with insufficient cells for identification.							
TP2, 0.4-1	.4m							
3 no.	Examined root: FRAXINUS (Ash). Alive, recently*.							
TP2, 1.4-2	2.4m							
4 no.	Examined root: FRAXINUS (Ash).	Alive, recently*.						
1 no.	Examined root: too DECAYED for identification.							
TP2, 2.4-3	3.4m							
10 no.	Examined root: FRAXINUS (Ash).	Dead*.						
4 no.	Sections of either twig, stem or sucker only - NOT roots. Although examined in our laboratory, they were not identifiable.							

Click here for more information: FRAXINUS

I trust this is of help. Please call us if you have any queries; our Invoice is enclosed.

Yours faithfully

Dr Ian B K Richardson

Based mainly on the Iodine test for starch. Starch is present in some cells of a living woody root, but is more or less rapidly broken down by soil micro-organisms on death of the root, sometimes before decay is evident. This result need not reflect the state of the parent tree.

Identified with no information on vegetation, on or off site.

Report commissioned by



Address: 48 GWENDOLINE DRIVE, COUNTESTHORPE, LEICESTERSHIRE, LE8 5SE

4. Status of the Trees

- 4.1 A Tree Preservation Order (TPO) and Conservation Area check was made in November 2022 with **Blaby District Council**.
- 4.2 We are informed that there is a Tree Preservation Order (TPO) in force on the dismantled railway land to the northwest of the site.
- 4.3 Before any tree works are undertaken to protected trees, written consent from the Local Authority must first be obtained. An application for tree works form must therefore be completed and submitted to the Local Authority outlining all the proposed works along with a suitable justification. A waiting period of eight weeks is then required.
- 4.4 No work must be done to protected trees until permission has been granted.

5. Tree Descriptions & Recommendations

- 5.1 Descriptions of the surveyed vegetation and all recommended work are detailed in the tables at **Appendix 1**.
- 5.2 Please refer to the site plan at **Appendix 2** for the locations of the vegetation surveyed and all the relevant site features.

6. Discussion

- 6.1 We have been informed by our client that the damage observed at the property is due to clay shrinkage caused by vegetation.
- 6.2 Based on this information, having made a detailed survey of the site and having given due consideration to the other information supplied, it is likely that in this case some subsidence damage has occurred as a result of drying shrinkage caused by T1, as identified in this report. In order to negate its influence, the only vegetation management option available is to remove T1 to ground level and treat its stump to prevent regrowth.
- 6.3 We consider the vegetation identified as **H2** and **G3** to be of possible future concern to the subject property, if left unmanaged. We have therefore recommended that these items of vegetation be maintained at their current height and spread over the forthcoming years.
- We have summarised all our tree specific recommendations in **Section 7** and made general recommendations in **Section 8**.

7. Summary of Tree Specific Recommendations

Item	Species	Recommended Actions	Location/Ownership	Planning Restriction
T1	Ash	Remove to ground level and treat the stump to prevent regrowth.	Third Party - Railway Land	Yes - TPO
Н2	Hawthorn	Maintain at current height and spread.	Third Party - Railway Land	Situated within the TPO area but may be exempt due to being a hedge
G3	Mixed Shrubs	Maintain at current height and spread.	Policy Holder	None

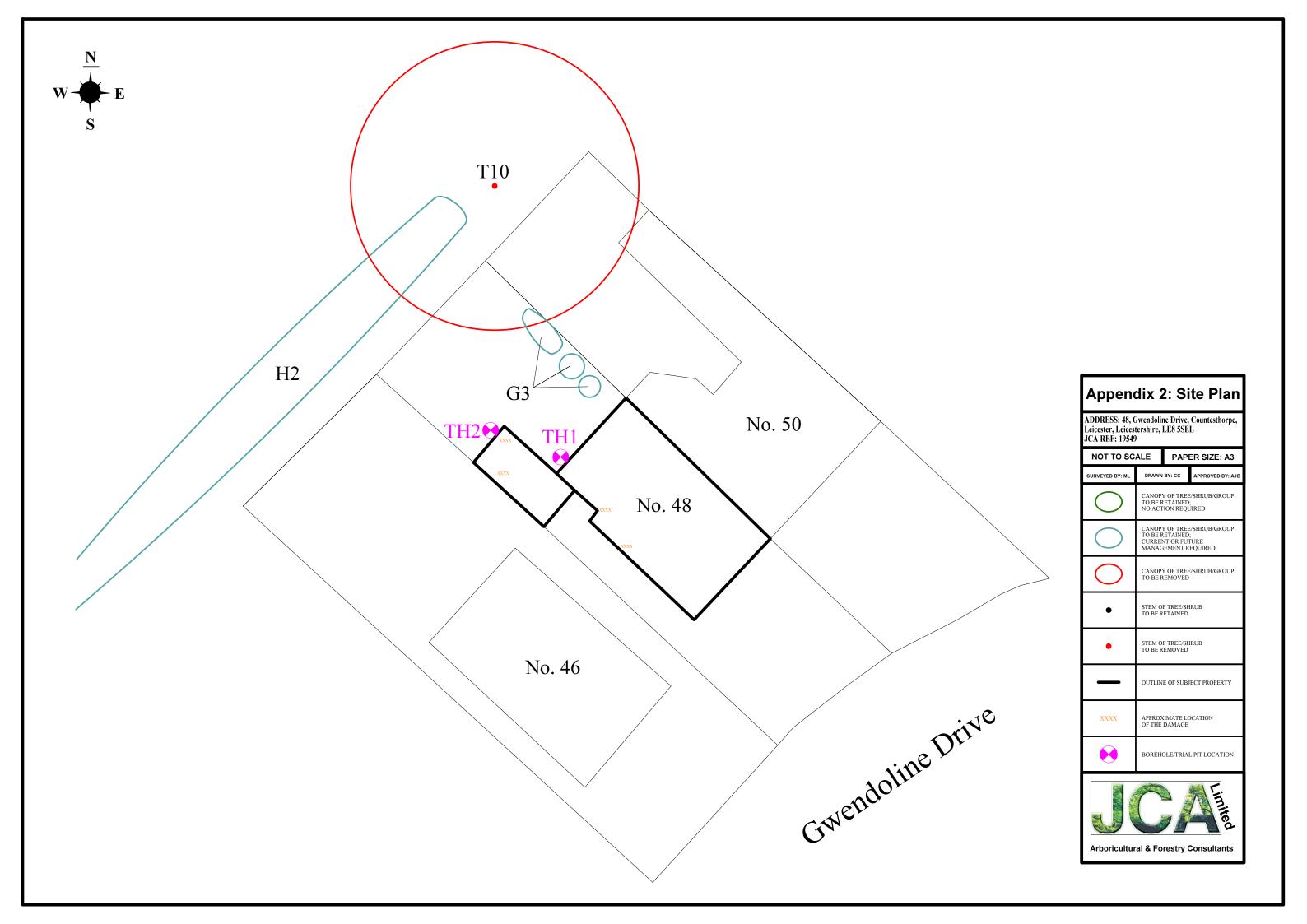
8. General Recommendations and Observations

- 8.1 This report is based upon a visual inspection. JCA Limited shall not be responsible for events which happen after this time due to factors which were not apparent at the time, and the acceptance of this report constitutes an agreement with the guidelines and the terms listed in this report.
- 8.2 All tree work must be carried out to BS 3998: 2010 '*Recommendations for Tree Work*'.
- 8.3 Any tree work should be carried out by qualified, experienced and skilled arboricultural contractors covered by adequate *public liability and employers liability insurance*. Any defects seen by a contractor or the employer that were not apparent to the consultant must be brought to the consultant's attention immediately.
- 8.4 The influence of trees on the soil and on buildings may change as they grow, as climate varies or as other changes occur in the local environment. It is therefore advisable to have trees inspected by JCA Limited annually.
- 8.5 That the project engineer considers all possible solutions which may not involve vegetation works, if there is a wider public or ecological interest in retaining the trees influencing the property.
- 8.6 The property and the damage should be monitored by the project engineer on a regular basis after the recommended tree works are complete.
- 8.7 If, after the works have been carried out, there is little improvement, this may mean that the situation cannot be rectified by arboricultural means alone. If this point is reached the situation must be reassessed in conjunction with other experts.
- 8.8 No liability can be accepted by the consultant in respect of the trees unless the recommendations of this report are carried out under their supervision and within their timescale.
- 8.9 That the project engineer considers the possibility of heave.

Appendices

Tree Ref.	Age Common Name Botanical Name	Height (m)	Stem Diameter (cm)	Canopy Spread (m)	Owner / Occupier Observations	Condition	Distance to Property (m)	NHBC Water Demand	Life Expectancy (yrs)	Within Potential Influencing Distance	Root Identification Match	Contributing to Damage	Vegetation Management Option
Т 1	Mature Ash Fraxinus excelsior	16	60	16	Third Party - Railway Land Situated on the adjacent dismantled railway land.	FAIR	10	MOD	20+	Yes	Yes	Yes	Remove to ground level and treat the stump to prevent regrowth.
Н 2	Mature Hawthorn Crataegus monogyna	#6	Avg. 20	See Plan	Third Party - Railway Land Situated on the adjacent dismantled railway land.	FAIR	8	HIGH	20+	Yes	No	No	Maintain at current height and spread.
G 3	Early mature Mixed Shrubs	То 3	<10	See Plan	Policy Holder Trimmed shrubs in the rear garden of the subject property.	FAIR	See plan	MOD	20+	Yes	No	No	Maintain at current height and spread.

JCA Limited 2023 # Dimension Estimated



Appendix 3: Author Qualifications

Principal Consultant and Managing Director

Jonathan Cocking *F.R.E.S., Tech. Cert. (Arbor.A), PDipArb (RFS) FArborA CBiol MSB. MICFor.* Jonathan is a Registered Consultant and Fellow of the Arboricultural Association and sits on its Professional Committee. He has 31 years' experience in the Arboricultural profession and served for eight years as Senior Arboriculturist with a large local authority before establishing JCA in 1997. Jonathan has since developed JCA's portfolio of services and its extensive client base. He is a Chartered Biologist, a Chartered Arboriculturalist and an Expert Witness with much experience of litigation work.

Technical Director

Toby Thwaites *BSc (Hons), HND (Arboriculture), MArborA*. Toby joined JCA in 1998 after graduating in Ecology at the University of Huddersfield and has since graduated in Arboriculture at the University of Central Lancashire. A former JCA team leader and Consulting Arboriculturist, Toby is now Technical Director and oversees all office and on-site activities at JCA and is on hand to offer technical support and advice.

Operations Director

Charles Cocking *FdSc* (*Arboriculture*), *MArborA*. Charles joined JCA in January 2014 having previously worked for the company on a part time basis during 2013. Charles obtained his Foundation Degree in Arboriculture at Askham Bryan College, York, and is a Professional Member of the Arboricultural Association. Charles now oversees all internal operations for the company.

Consulting Staff: Arboriculture

Andrew Bussey. Andrew started working in consultancy at JCA in 2006 having spent 12 years working as an arborist for various private companies before joining a Local Authority forestry team. He has various NPTC qualifications, is QTRA qualified and is a LANTRA Accredited Professional Tree Inspector.

Emily Wilde FdSc (Arboriculture). Emily joined JCA having previously worked for various private tree surgery and consultancy companies over the past 8 years. She initially obtained a ND in Forestry & Arboriculture, followed by a FdSc in Arboriculture at Askham Bryan College, York. Emily has various NPTC certificates and is QTRA qualified.

Mick Eltringham *ND (Forestry)*. Mick joined JCA after spending 12 years working in the industry for various private companies in the north and south of England. He has also spent the last five years working as a consultant for two canopy research projects in the Amazon Rainforest, working with Oxford University and the University of Arizona. He has various NPTC Qualifications.

Dan Kemp FdSc (Arboriculture). Dan joined JCA with nearly 30 years' experience in arboriculture. He worked as a London Tree Officer for 12 years and in several arboricultural and horticultural management posts, specialising particularly in tree risk assessments and tree related subsidence.

Luke Wickham *FdSc* (*Arboriculture and Urban Forestry*). Luke joined JCA in 2021 after obtaining his Foundation Degree in Arboriculture and Urban Forestry at Askham Bryan College. Having previously worked within the industry for the past 4 years, running his own small business and sub-contracting for local firms, Luke brings a sound knowledge and understanding of the practical and academic sides of the industry.

Hazel Irving *FdSc* (*Arboriculture and Urban Forestry*). Hazel joined JCA in 2022 after obtaining her Foundation Degree in Arboriculture and Urban Forestry at Askham Bryan College. She has previously worked in the horticulture industry, volunteered with the National Trust and Yorkshire Arboretum and completed the 2021 student research internship at the RHS Wisley Plant Health Centre.

Andrew McPhaden *BSc (Hons)*. Andrew joined JCA in 2022 having spent 5 years working as an Arborist for various private companies in both the UK and Germany. During his time abroad he obtained the European Tree Worker Certification along with a tree inspector certification from the Forschungsgesellschaft Landschaftsentwicklung Ladschaftsbau. He brings a strong understanding of the practical sides of the industry and holds various NPTC qualifications.

Matt Large *DipArb L4 (ABC) TechArborA.* Matt is based in Northampton and assists JCA by undertaking surveys in the south of the country. He has been involved in the arboricultural sector since 1996 and obtained a Level 4 Diploma in Arboriculture in 2011. Matt is a LANTRA Accredited Professional Tree Inspector.

Jonnie Setterfield BSc (Hons) MArborA. / Richard Daubeny Level 3 Arboriculture / Peter Wilkins BA (Hons) MArborA MIEnvSc. Jonnie, Richard and Peter are based in the south-east of the UK and assist JCA by undertaking surveys in the south of the country.

We hope that this report provides all the necessary information, but should any further advice be needed please do not hesitate to contact the author.

The contents of this report are true to the best of our knowledge and belief.

Charles Cocking FdSc (Arboriculture) MArborA.

11th April 2023

For and on behalf of JCA Ltd

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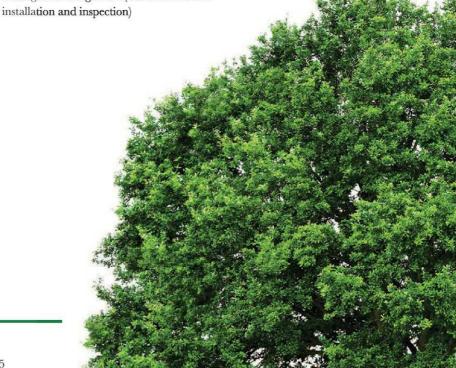
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- Preparation for Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA)
- Invasive Species Surveys
- Code for Sustainable Homes

Ecological Post-Planning Services

· Biodiversity Enhancement Plans

Protected Species Mitigation
 Ecological Management (Bat and Bird box



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