





Flood Risk Assessment





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LE22724 Newlands Farm

Flood Risk Assessment

LE22724–XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

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LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

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LE22724 Newlands Farm LE22724–XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

CONTENTS

1	INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	Background	1
1.2	Site Location	1
1.3	Topography	1
1.4	Ground Conditions	2
1.5	Watercourses	2
1.6	Existing Drainage	3
1.7	National Planning Flood Risk Policies Relevant to this Development	3
1.8	Local Policy Guidance	5
2	FLOOD RISK	11
2.1	Flood Zones and Vulnerability Classification	11
2.2	Flood Risk from Rivers and Watercourses	12
2.3	Flooding from Surface Water	12
2.4	Flooding from Reservoirs, Canals and Other Artificial Sources	13
3	MITIGATION	14
3.1	Flood Risk Management	14
3.2	Residual Risks	14
4	PRE-APPLICATION TO THE ENVIRONMENT AGENCY	15
5	PROPOSED DRAINAGE STRATEGY	16
5.1	Outfall Assessment	16
5.2	SuDS Assessment	16
5.3	Proposed Surface Water Drainage Strategy	17
6	CONCLUSION	19

APPENDICES

APPENDIX A – PROPOSED SANG FRAMEWORK PLAN

LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724– XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment APPENDIX B – TOPOGRAPHICAL SURVEY

APPENDIX C – DRAINAGE STRATEGY DRAWING & SUPPORTING CALCULATIONS

APPENDIX D – POND MODEL SIMULATION RESULTS

LE22724– XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background

- 1.1.1 Link was commissioned by The Thomas Family & Bloor Homes Ltd to prepare a Flood Risk Assessment and Drainage Strategy Statement for a new site along Newlands Farm. The report has been prepared in conjunction with the local policy guidance provided by Wokingham Borough Council.
- 1.1.2 The proposed site is a Suitable Alternative Natural Green Space (SANG) site which is outlined on drawing 10930-FPCR-ZZ-ZZ-DR-L-0002 P03 SANG Car Park in Appendix A.

1.2 Site Location

- 1.2.1 The site area totals to 16.38 ha and is within Flood Zone 3 based on data provided by the Environment Agency. The main access road to the site is Old Wokingham Road.
- 1.2.2 The main features of the current site include existing public access and natural landscapes. The proposed features include proposed footpaths, enhanced landscapes for ecological benefit, car parking and an access road.
- 1.2.3 Tertiary tributaries run through the site from the Emm Brook river, where one of the tributaries will be utilised as the outfall point.
- 1.2.4 The nearest postcode is RG40 3BU.

1.3 Topography

- 1.3.1 The site general falls to the south-east from the north-west approximately 57m AOD to 68m AOD.
- 1.3.2 A topographical survey has been appended within this report in Appendix B.



Figure 1. Site Location

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

1.4 Ground Conditions

- 1.4.1 Ground investigation survey desk study was conducted using British Geological Survey borehole records to review ground conditions on site. Publicly available borehole SU86NW65 situated at E 483140, N 166350, approximately 0.07km from the site was used to identify ground conditions. This record shows gravel and sand at 3.0m and sand at 12.8m.
- 1.4.2 Records from the British Geological Survey shows the site sits on pale yellow-brown to pale grey or white, locally orange or crimson, fine- to coarse-grained sand. This can be seen in Figure 2.

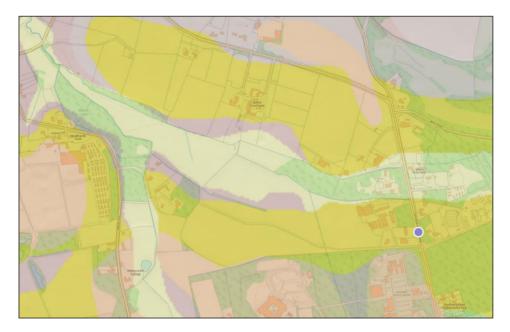


Figure 2. Ground geology from British Geological Survey records.

- 1.4.3 The ground is greenfield which allows for ground infiltration. Pervious surfaces are proposed at the entrance of the site for vehicle access and car parking, with tarmac at the first 10m of the site entrance.
- 1.4.4 Due to the high permeability of the soil present at the proposed site, it is suspected that ground water levels will be high.

1.5 Watercourses

1.5.1 The nearest watercourse is a nearby water ditch which runs along the site. this ditch connects to River Emm Brook. This river is classed as a 'moderate' ecological status due to current activity including sewage

LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

discharge and urbanization. A ditch present north of the site will be utilised as an outfall connection for the drainage network at the carparking area.

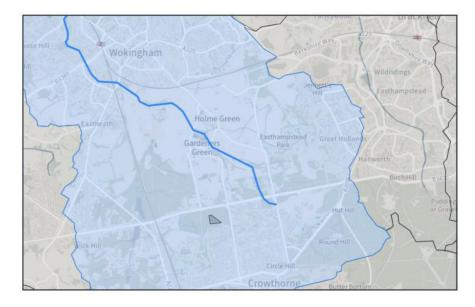


Figure 3: Extent of Emm Brook across the site (Credits: Environment Agency)

1.6 Existing Drainage

- 1.6.1 There are a few private properties situated in the site which suggest the presence of foul water drainage. Drainage is managed by Thames Water.
- 1.6.2 Sewage records at the highway of Old Wokingham Road was requested. Records show an existing chamber approx. 98m from the Section 278. This will be utilised to drain the Section 278 of the access road.
- 1.6.3 No further connections to existing drainage system will be required.

1.7 National Planning Flood Risk Policies Relevant to this Development

- 1.7.1 The National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF), last revised by the Department of Communities and Local Government (DCLG) on 5th September 2023, took immediate effect on that date. The document Technical Guidance on the National Policy Framework (TGNPPF) also published by the Department of Communities and Local Government, has now been withdrawn and superseded by the Planning Practice Guidance (PPG), published on 29 November 2016. Within the PPG Documentation, there is a guidance document: Flood risk and Coastal Change which was published 6 March 2014 (last updated 25 August 2022), which 'advises how to take account of and address the risks associated with flooding and coastal change in the planning process' for new developments.
- 1.7.2 The requirement for conducting a FRA as part of a planning application is set out in Footnote 55 on page 48 of the NPPF, which states:

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

"A site-specific flood risk assessment should be provided for all development in Flood Zones 2 and 3. In Flood Zone 1, an assessment should accompany all proposals involving: sites of 1 hectare or more; land which has been identified by the Environment Agency as having critical drainage problems; land identified in a strategic flood risk assessment as being at increased flood risk in future; or land that may be subject to other sources of flooding, where its development would introduce a more vulnerable use."

1.7.3 Essential content of a site specific FRA is explained in the PPG, paragraph 020 as follows:

"A site-specific flood risk assessment is carried out by (or on behalf of) a developer to assess the flood risk to and from a development site. Where necessary (see footnote 5 in the National Planning Policy Framework), the assessment should accompany a planning application submitted to the local planning authority. The assessment should demonstrate to the decision-maker how flood risk will be managed now and over the development's lifetime, taking climate change into account, and with regard to the vulnerability of its users."

- 1.7.4 The objectives of a "site-specific flood risk assessment" are to establish:
 - Whether a proposed development is likely to be affected by current or future flooding from any source;
 - Whether it will increase flood risk elsewhere;
 - Whether the measures proposed to deal with these effects and risks are appropriate;
 - The evidence for the local planning authority to apply (if necessary) the Sequential Test, and;
 - Whether the development will be safe and pass the Exception Test, if applicable."
- 1.7.5 According to the latest relevant Planning Practice Guidance, present day rainfall rates should be confirmed from the <u>Climate Change Allowances</u> map demonstrating climate change allowances for peak rainfall in England.
- 1.7.6 "Non-Statutory Technical Standards for Sustainable Drainage Systems" published by Department for Environment, Food and Rural Affairs in March 2015 sets out Government expectations for surface water drainage systems serving major developments to restrict discharges to greenfield rates. The standards do not address the quality of surface water discharges and state circumstances when the discharge rate can be higher than greenfield, up to the existing flow in the case of redevelopment of brown field sites.
- 1.7.7 Flood Zone 3a is defined as those areas of the Borough that are situated within the 1% AEP fluvial flood extent. The flood outlines for Flood Zone 3a as used in the SFRA are reflected in the current Environment Agency Flood Maps for Planning.
- 1.7.8 Flood zone 3b (functional floodplain) comprises land where water has to flow or be stored in times of flood. LPAs should identify in their SFRAs areas of functional floodplain in agreement with the Environment Agency. The NPPF PPG3 states the following: "The identification of functional floodplain should take account of local circumstances and not be defined solely on rigid probability parameters. However, land which would naturally flood with an annual probability of 1 in 20 (5%) or greater in any year, or is designed to flood (such as a flood

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

attenuation scheme) in an extreme (0.1% annual probability) flood, should provide a starting point for consideration and discussions to identify the functional floodplain."

- 1.7.9 This is defined as:
 - Land subject to flooding in the 5% AEP fluvial flood event, excluding building footprints; and,
 - Land which provides a function of flood conveyance (i.e. free flow) or flood storage, either through natural processes, or by design (e.g. washlands and flood storage areas).
- 1.7.10 It should be noted that typically Flood Zones 2 and 3a do not take account of the presence of flood defences. In terms of planning policy this is a conservative assumption, meaning that new development placed in accordance with the Sequential Test would not rely on the presence of flood defences, as there remains a risk that these defences can fail through overtopping or structural failure.
- 1.7.11 Definition of Flood Zone 3b is more flexible and dependent on local agreement between each council and the Environment Agency. In some cases, it may be appropriate to take defences into account since these will affect where water is able to flow or be stored in times of flood and thus, which land is vulnerable to flooding in reality.

1.8 Local Policy Guidance

- 1.8.1 Wokingham Borough Council released a document 'Woking Borough Managing Development Delivery Document (Local Plan)' adopted in 2014, outlining a number of policies for development.
- 1.8.2 The relevant policies are summarised below:

1.8.3 CP1 – Sustainable development

Planning permission will be granted for development proposals that:

- 1. Maintain or enhance the high quality of the environment;
- 2. Minimise the emission of pollutants into the wider environment;
- 3. Limit any adverse effects on water quality (including ground water);
- 4. Ensure the provision of adequate drainage;
- 5. Minimise the consumption and use of resources and provide for recycling;
- 6. Incorporate facilities for recycling of water and waste to help reduce per capita water consumption;
- 7. Avoid areas of best and most versatile agricultural land;
- 8. Avoid areas where pollution (including noise) may impact upon the amenity of future occupiers;
- 9. Avoid increasing (and where possible reduce) risks of or from all forms of flooding (including from groundwater);
- 10. Provide attractive, functional, accessible, safe, secure and adaptable schemes;

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

- 11. Demonstrate how they support opportunities for reducing the need to travel, particularly by private car in line with CP6; and
- 12. Contribute towards the goal of reaching zero-carbon developments41 as soon as possible by:
 - a. Including appropriate on-site renewable energy features; and
 - b. Minimising energy and water consumption by measures including the use of appropriate layout and orientation, building form, design and construction, and design to take account of microclimate so as to minimise carbon dioxide emissions through giving careful consideration to how all aspects of development form.

CP4 - Infrastructure Requirements

Planning permission will not be granted unless appropriate arrangements for the improvement or provision of infrastructure, services, community and other facilities required for the development taking account of the cumulative impact of schemes are agreed. Arrangements for provision or improvement to the required standard will be secured by planning obligations or condition if appropriate.

CP7 - Biodiversity

Sites designated as of importance for nature conservation at an international or national level will be conserved and enhanced and inappropriate development will be resisted. The degree of protection given will be appropriate to the status of the site in terms of its international or national importance. Development:

- 1. Which may harm county designated sites (Local Wildlife Sites in Berkshire), whether directly or indirectly, or
- 2. Which may harm habitats or, species of principle importance in England for nature conservation, veteran trees or features of the landscape that are of major importance for wild flora and fauna (including wildlife and river corridors), whether directly or indirectly, or
- 3. That compromises the implementation of the national, regional, county and local biodiversity action plans will be only permitted if it has been clearly demonstrated that the need for the proposal outweighs the need to safeguard the nature conservation importance, that no alternative site that would result in less or no harm is available which will meet the need, and:
 - i) Mitigation measures can be put in place to prevent damaging impacts; or
 - ii) Appropriate compensation measures to offset the scale and kind of losses are provided.

CP8 - Thames Basin Heaths Special Protection Area

Development which alone or in combination is likely to have a significant effects on the Thames Basin Heaths Special Protection Area will be required to demonstrate that adequate measures to avoid and mitigate any potential adverse effects are delivered.

CP11 - Proposals outside Development Limits (including countryside)

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

In order to protect the separate identity of settlements and maintain the quality of the environment, proposals outside of development limits will not normally be permitted except where:

- 1. It contributes to diverse and sustainable rural enterprises within the borough, or in the case of other countryside based enterprises and activities, it contributes and/or promotes recreation in, and enjoyment of, the countryside; and
- 2. It does not lead to excessive encroachment or expansion of development away from the original buildings; and
- 3. It is contained within suitably located buildings which are appropriate for conversion, or in the case of replacement buildings would bring about environmental improvement; or
- 4. In the case of residential extensions, does not result in inappropriate increases in the scale, form or footprint of the original building;
- 5. In the case of replacement dwellings the proposal must:
 - a. Bring about environmental improvements; or
 - b. Not result in inappropriate increases in the scale, form or footprint of the original building.
 Essential community facilities cannot be accommodated within development limits or through the re-use/replacement of an existing building;
- 6. Affordable housing on rural exception sites in line with CP9.

CP20 - North Wokingham Strategic Development Location

Within the area identified at North Wokingham, a sustainable, well designed mixed use development will be delivered by 2026 including:

- Phased delivery of around 1,500 dwellings including affordable homes in accordance with policy CP5;
- 2. Appropriate retail facilities;
- Appropriate employment located west of Twyford Road, north of Matthewsgreen Farm and east of Toutley Industrial Estate;
- 4. Social and physical infrastructure (including provision for one new primary school if required);
- 5. Measures to maintain separation from Binfield/Bracknell and Winnersh;
- 6. Necessary measures to avoid and mitigate the impact of development upon the Thames Basin Heaths Special Protection Area in line with Policy CP8 to meet the requirements of the Habitats Regulations and in accordance with Natural England's latest standards. This will include sufficient Suitable Alternative Natural Greenspace (subject to monitoring of the quality and quantity standards).;

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

- 7. Improvements to transport capacity along the A321 and A329 including the provision of a new route from the A329 (near the M4 over-bridge) to the vicinity of the Coppid Beech roundabout;
- Measures to improve accessibility by non-car transport modes along the A321 and A329 corridors; and 9) Measures to improve access by non-car modes to Wokingham town centre (including the station interchange).

Policy CC03: Green Infrastructure, Trees and Landscaping

- 1. Green Routes and Green Route Enhancement Areas are defined on the Policies Map.
- 2. Development proposals should demonstrate how they have considered and achieved the following criteria within scheme proposals:
 - a. Provide new or protect and enhance the Borough's Green Infrastructure networks, including the need to mitigate potential impacts of new development.
 - b. Promote accessibility, linkages and permeability between and within existing green corridors including public rights of way such as footpaths, cycleways and bridleways.
 - c. Promote the integration of the scheme with any adjoining public open space or countryside
 - d. Protect and retain existing trees, hedges and other landscape features
 - e. Incorporate high quality, ideally, native planting and landscaping as an integral part of the scheme.
- 3. Development proposals which would result in the loss, fragmentation or isolation of areas of green infrastructure will not be acceptable.
- 4. Development proposals within the River Valley areas shall improve or contribute toward:
 - a. The establishment of a Loddon/ Blackwater riverside footpath and bridleway, as defined on the Policies Map, to accommodate dual use
 - b. The establishment of a riverside footpath and cycleway to accommodate dual use along the Emm Brook
 - c. Opportunities for improvements to green infrastructure to help minimise flood risk

Policy CC09: Development and Flood Risk (from all sources)

1. All sources of flood risk, including historic flooding, must be taken into account at all stages and to the appropriate degree at all levels in the planning application process to avoid inappropriate development in areas at risk of flooding. Proposals must be consistent with the guidance in paragraphs 99-104 of the National Planning Policy Framework (NPPF); the Technical Guidance to the NPPF and demonstrate how they have used the Strategic Flood Risk Assessment (SFRA) to determine the suitability of the proposal.

LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

- 2. Development proposals in Flood Zones 2 or 3 must take into account the vulnerability of proposed development.
- 3. Development must be guided to areas of lowest flood risk by applying the sequential approach taking into account flooding from all sources and shall ensure flood risk is not worsened for the application site and elsewhere, and ideally that betterment of existing conditions is achieved. The sequential test will not be required if at least one of the following applies:
 - a. Replacement of an existing single residential property. However, the replacement property should, where possible, be located on the part of the site at lowest risk
 - b. Conversions and change of use unless it involves a change to a more vulnerable class
 - c. Minor development, as defined in footnote 10 of the Technical Guidance Note to the NPPF.
- 4. In exceptional circumstances, new development in areas of flood risk will be supported where it can be demonstrated that:
 - a. The development provides wider sustainability benefits to the community that outweigh flood risk
 - b. The development will: i. Be safe for its lifetime, taking account of the vulnerability of its users
 ii. Not increase flood risk in any form elsewhere and, where possible, will reduce flood risk
 overall iii. Incorporate flood resilient and resistant measures into the design
 - c. Appropriate evacuation and flood response procedures are in place to manage the residual risk associated with an extreme flood event.
- 5. Where required, suitable and appropriately detailed flood risk information will need to accompany a planning application. A Flood Risk Assessment (FRA) is required for:
 - a) All proposals in areas of known historic flooding from all sources
 - b) Where there is evidence of a risk from all sources of flooding identified in the Strategic Flood Risk Assessment
 - c) Those proposals set out in footnote 20 to paragraph 103 of the NPPF.

Policy CC10: Sustainable Drainage

- 1. All development proposals must ensure surface water arising from the proposed development including taking into account climate change is managed in a sustainable manner. This must be demonstrated through
 - a. A Flood Risk Assessment, or
 - b. Through a Surface Water Drainage Strategy.
- 2. All development proposals must

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

- a. Reproduce greenfield runoff characteristics and return run-off rates and volumes back to the original greenfield levels, for greenfield sites and for brownfield sites both run-off rates and volumes be reduced to as near greenfield as practicably possible.
- Incorporate Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS), where practicable, which must be of an appropriate design to meet the long term needs of the development and which achieve wider social and environmental benefits
- c. Provide clear details of proposed SuDS including the adoption arrangements and how they will be maintained to the satisfaction of the Council [as the Lead Local Flood Authority (LLFA)] d) Not cause adverse impacts to the public sewerage network serving the development where discharging surface water to a public sewer.
- 1.8.4 The Wokingham Borough Local Development Framework published in 2010 specifies the following requirements for drainage:
 - Risk of flooding to be managed by landowners and developers by management of own drainage of land so that they do not adversely impact adjoining properties or exasperate existing flooding problems.
 - It is essential that the developer consider the possible change in flood risk over the lifetime of the development because of climate change.
 - The use of SuDS should be implemented to minimise the risk of flooding.
- 1.8.5 Sustainable drainage systems use techniques to control surface water run-off as close to its origin as possible, before it enters a watercourse. This involves moving away from traditional piped drainage systems towards engineering solutions, which mimic natural drainage processes.
- 1.8.6 The Strategic Flood Risk Assessment of the local council makes reference to climate change and the increase risk in flooding.
- 1.8.7 Whilst present day flood extents should be used to establish flood zones at a development site, the NPPF requires that developers should also consider the possible change in flood risk over the lifetime of the development resulting from climate change. The likely increase in flow and rainfall intensity over the lifetime of the development should be assessed proportionally to the guidance provided by the Environment Agency.

LE22724– XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

2 FLOOD RISK

2.1 Flood Zones and Vulnerability Classification

2.1.1 The formal flood zone mapping approved by the government and prepared for use in the planning process, identifies areas potentially at risk of flooding from fluvial or tidal sources without taking into account the presence of flood defences or structures such as culverts or minor watercourses. An extract from the mapping is included in Figure 4 below; the red line denotes the site boundary.



Figure 4. Flood Zone Map

- 2.1.2 The formal flood zone mapping shows the site to be located within Flood Zone 3.
- 2.1.3 Table 1 overleaf indicates what uses of land are appropriate for each flood zone, as set out within Table 3 Flood risk vulnerability and flood zone 'compatibility' in the NPPF. The proposed use would be defined as water compatible due to the large area of greenfield.

	Essential Infrastructure	Highly Vulnerable	More Vulnerable	Less Vulnerable	Water Compatible
Zone 1	\checkmark	✓	✓	\checkmark	✓
Zone 2	√	Exception Test	✓	✓	✓
Zone 3a	Exception Test	×	Exception Test	\checkmark	\checkmark
Zone 3b	Exception Test	×	×	×	✓

Table 1. Flood risk vulnerability and flood zone 'compatibility'

LE22724– XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

2.2 Flood Risk from Rivers and Watercourses

2.2.1 The site is shown on the available flood maps, see Figure 5, to be at a high risk of flooding from rivers and watercourses. However, the development site is greenfield so ground infiltration is expected to reduce flood risk. The area of development at the car park is placed outside of the Flood zone 3 areas to avoid increase of risk of flooding.

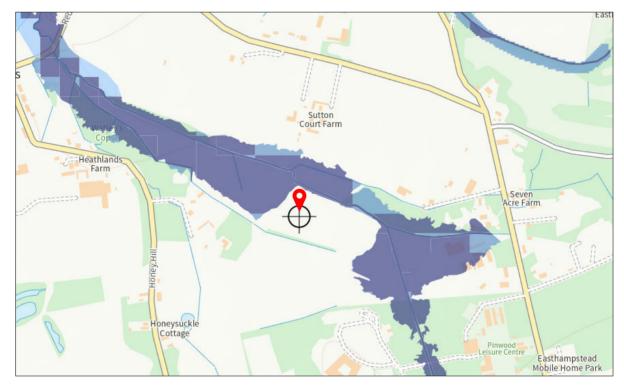


Figure 5. Flooding from Rivers and Watercourses

2.3 Flooding from Surface Water

2.3.1 A source of flood risk to the site is from surface water flooding created by the site itself or adjacent areas. Based on the Surface Water Maps available, see Figure 6, the site is located within a low and high risk of flooding from surface water area.

LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment



Figure 6. Flooding from Surface Water

2.4 Flooding from Reservoirs, Canals and Other Artificial Sources

2.4.1 The reservoir flood map shown in Figure 7 shows the extent of flooding should a canal, reservoir, or other artificial source breach upstream of the development. This shows that the site would not be at risk of flooding from this source and as such this source of flooding is not considered a risk.

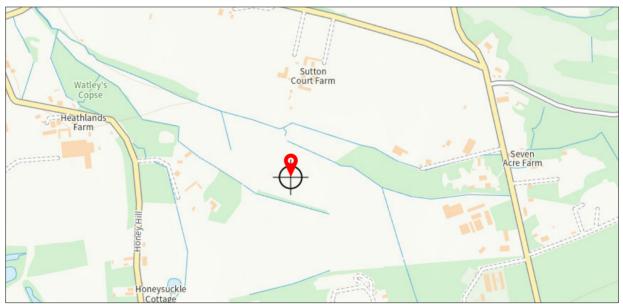


Figure 7: Flooding from Reservoirs

LE22724– XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

3 Mitigation

3.1 Flood Risk Management

- 3.1.1 It is suggested that the following flood risk management measures are considered to mitigate the risks identified above:
 - It is recommended that flood zone areas are not to be filled or increased to avoid exasperation of flooding elsewhere outside the site.
 - The groundwater levels are anticipated to be high due to the permeability of the soil type. Therefore increasing soil depths to accommodate the planting of mature trees is not recommended.
 - Any newly created ponds/wetlands will cause increased levels of surface water draining. This can be controlled by installing liners.
 - The proposed development requires a carpark which will incorporate surface water drainage system, described further in Section 5, which will include pervious surface to allow water to infiltrate into the ground and an outfall connection to a ditch is proposed.

3.2 Residual Risks

- 3.2.1 Residual risks are the risks that remain once the flood risk management measures described above have been implemented. These are typically associated with extreme events that overwhelm drainage systems exceeding the flood levels used to design any mitigation measures. The primary residual risks that will affect this development are:
 - An extreme rainfall event which exceeds the capacity of the proposed surface water drainage system to both intercept and convey the flows. During such an event, water that is unable to enter the formal drainage system will flow over the ground through the development. The risk can be reduced by ensuring that the ground remains to follow the natural contours to the watercourses present in the site.

LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

4 Pre-application to the Environment Agency

- 4.1.1 A pre-application for a preliminary opinion from the Environment Agency in regards to the development proposal was submitted to the Environment Agency.
- 4.1.2 The Environmental Agency's basic constraint check has identified the following site characteristics:
 - The site is within Flood Zone 3
 - The site is located upon a Secondary A superficial aquifer.
 - The site is located upon a Secondary A bedrock aquifer.
 - There is deciduous woodland on site.
- 4.1.3 This Flood Risk Assessment has addressed solutions to the above constraints:
 - Flood Zone 3 the site is naturally draining to the Emm Brook river. There is minimal development on the site which consists of footpaths and footbridges. A car parking area and access road is proposed which is situated outside of the flood zone.
 - Aquifers type groundwater is suspected to be fluctuate be high during higher storm periods. These do not pose an issue as there is minimal development on site. Minimal digging solutions are proposed for the footbridges.
 - Woodland on site the proposed plan includes the addition of marshes and increased area of woodlands to enhance biodiversity of the site, therefore this does not pose a constraint.

LE22724– XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

5 PROPOSED DRAINAGE STRATEGY

5.1 Outfall Assessment

5.1.1 As required by Part H of the Building Regulations and the paragraph 7-080 in Planning Policy Guidance of the NPPF, the required Drainage Hierarchy has been considered in the development of this strategy as summarised below.

Outfall Option	Available Option	Comment
Infiltration Drainage	√	The use of infiltration outfall has been proposed due the ground infiltration rates shown from records by BGS.
Watercourse	✓	It is proposed that the surface drainage is to be discharge into the Emm Brook Watercourse with a limited discharge rate of 2 l/s as to not increase risk of flooding.
Surface Water Sewer	N/A	Not considered
Combined Sewer	N/A	Not considered

Table 2. Outfall Assessment

- 5.1.2 Note that a suitable discharge consent will need to be agreed with the approving body by the contractor prior to completing the connection to the watercourse.
- 5.1.3 All footways will be unbound material.

5.2 SuDS Assessment

5.2.1 As part of the surface water drainage strategy for the site a number of Sustainable Drainage Systems (SuDS) were considered. Table 3 below provides a list of the options considered and a justification for their inclusion or omission.

SuDS System	Used	Justification
Rainwater Harvesting System	No	The use of rainwater harvesting is not considered economically viable on this site considering installation and operational costs.
Green Roofs	No	Green roof has been proposed
Infiltration Systems	Yes	Systems such in the form of a filter drain are suitable on this site due the anticipated geology.

Table 3. SuDS Assessment

LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

Proprietary Treatment Systems	No	The use of proprietary treatment systems is not considered as it is not required on this site.
Filter Strips	No	Filter strips have not been considered for this site.
Swales	No	Swales are not suitable for this scheme due to available space and proposed land use.
Bioretention Systems	No	Bioretention Systems have not been considered the most effective proposal for this site due to the lack of available landscape areas.
Porous Pavements	Yes	Porous paving has been assessed as the most effective method to drain the site without increasing flood risk. All surface works from the parking areas shall drain via the voided sub-base.
Attenuation Storage Tanks (oversized pipes)	Yes	The attenuation tank will be required alongside a flow control to control the outfall discharge to the watercourse as to not overwhelm the existing watercourse.
Detention Basins	No	There is insufficient space for a detention basin on this site.
Ponds and Wetlands	Yes	Ponds have been designed within the site.

5.3 Proposed Surface Water Drainage Strategy

- 5.3.1 Due to the inclusion of a car parking are and access road, a drainage system is designed to accommodate surface water drainage at these locations. The new drainage system will comprise of porous paving consisting of graded gravel, perforated pipes, an attenuation tank and a flow control (Hydrobrake), with the outfall connection to an existing watercourse on site.
- 5.3.2 In accordance with Wokingham Borough Local Development Framework on sustainable drainage systems and the Strategic Flood Risk Assessment for the area, it is proposed that the maximum discharge rate up to a 100-year storm plus 40% allowance for climate change is restricted to 2 l/s to the watercourse. In order to restrict the flow, it is proposed to use flow control device and an attenuation tank for storage.
- 5.3.3 To support this assessment a Drainage Strategy Drawing No. NL-LE-GEN-XX-DR-CE-400-S1-Proposed Drainage Strategy has been prepared and this is included at Appendix C along with the supporting InfoDrainage model results demonstrating the system's performance. The proposed system has been assessed for a number of return periods and a series of rainfall events and the discharge rates for the critical storms are provided in Table 4 below.

LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724– XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

Table 4. Surface water discharge rates

Return Period	Allowable Discharge Rate (l/s)	
1 in 1 year	2.0	
1 in 30 year	2.0	
1 in 100 year	2.0	

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

6 CONCLUSION

- 6.1.1 This site-specific Flood Risk Assessment has been prepared in accordance with NPPF guidance and local policy on Flood Risk. The government approved flood mapping shows the site to be located within Flood Zone 3 flood risk from both fluvial and pluvial sources on the site. However, the site is classed as a water-compatible site therefore ground infiltration and natural watercourses on the site provide natural drainage solutions. The site includes minimal development which means flooding is not exasperated.
- 6.1.2 The SANG site requires an access road and pedestrian car parking. This requires a drainage system which is demonstrated and appended to this report. The drainage system includes SUDs features such as porous paving and an attenuation tank. This is designed to limit surface water run-off by allowing for ground percolation. The surface water is then discharged to an existing watercourse at greenfield rates. The system is modelled to be compatible to extreme storm events of 1 in 100 year plus climate change of +40%.

LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

APPENDICES





LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724– XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

APPENDIX A – Proposed Sang Framework Plan



10930 Land at Newlands Farm, Old Wokingham Road, Wokingham The Thomas Family & Bloor Homes Limited

File: L:\10900\10930\LANDS\Drawings\10930-FPCR-ZZ-ZZ-DR-L-0001 [SANG] v2023 JP 2.vwx

NOTES

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Ordnance Survey base mapping - supplied by client.

FINAL 1:2000 @ A1 20 December 2023 JP LP 10930-FPCR-XX-XX-DR-L-0005 issue P05



masterplanning ironmental assessment landscape design urban design 📮 ecology = architecture arboriculture

FPCR Environment and Design Ltd Lockington Hall Lockington Derby DE74 2RH

t: 01509 672772 e: mail@fpcr.co.uk w: www.fpcr.co.uk

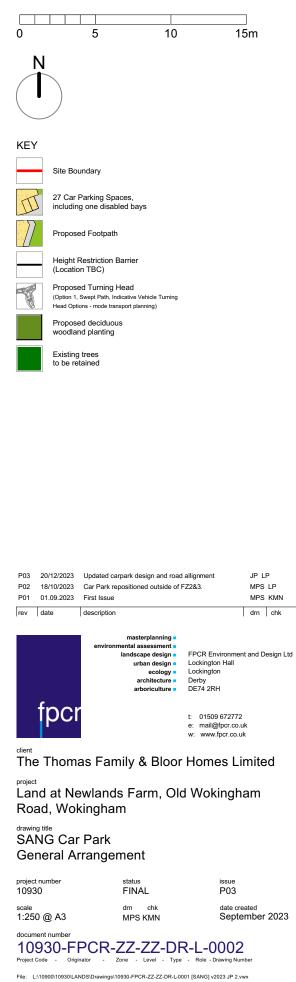




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Ordnance Survey base mapping - supplied by client.



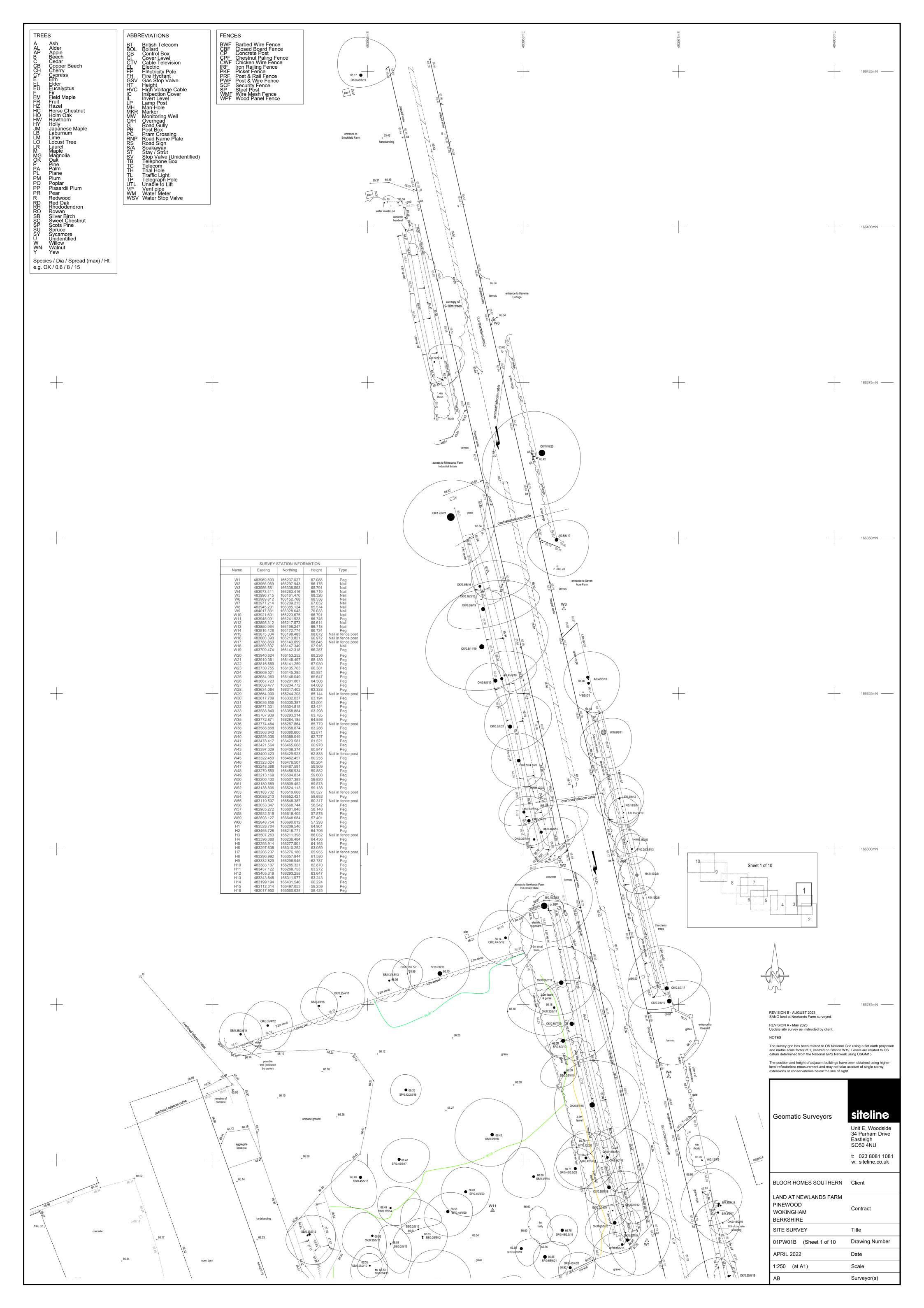




LE22724 Newlands Farm

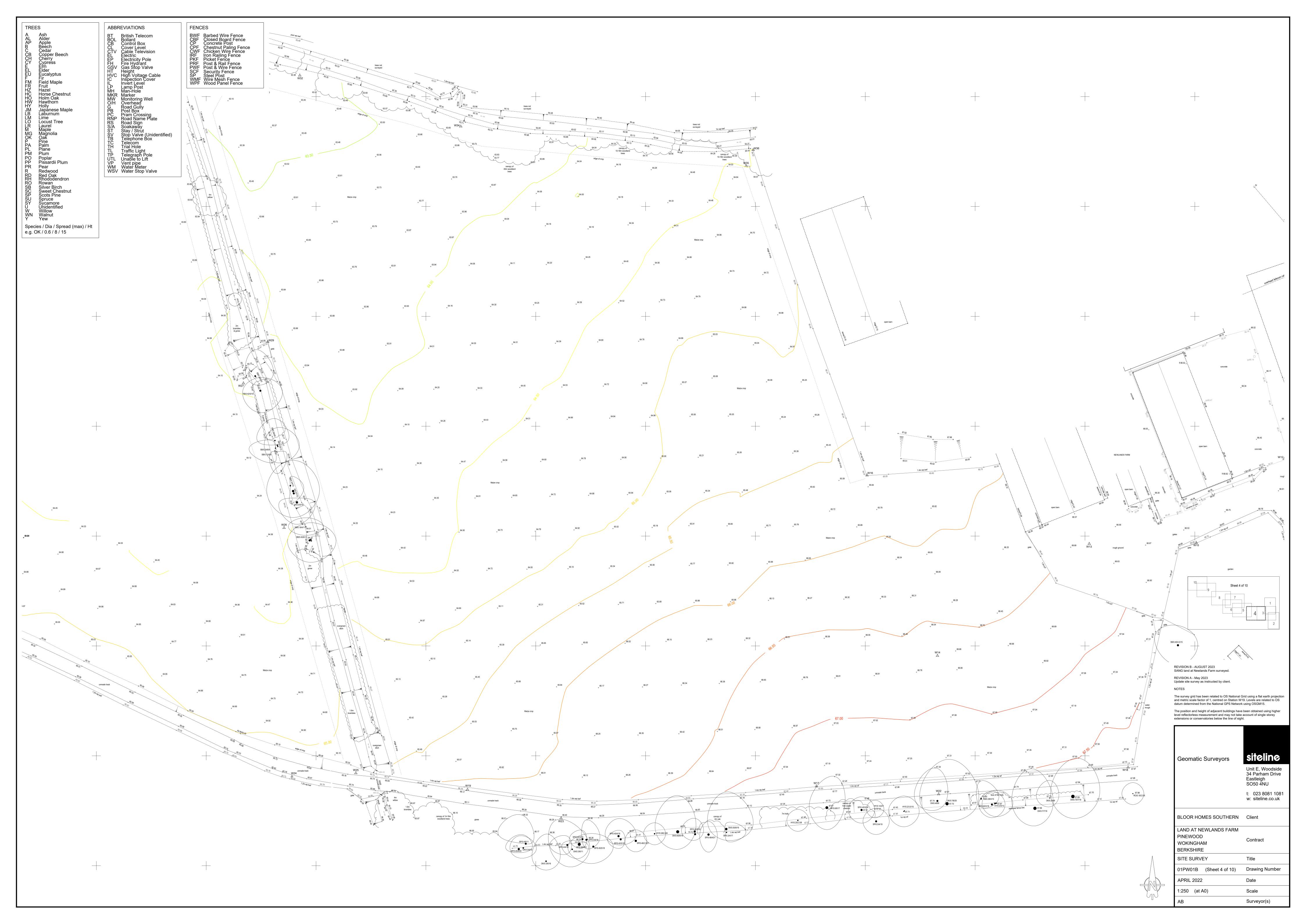
LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

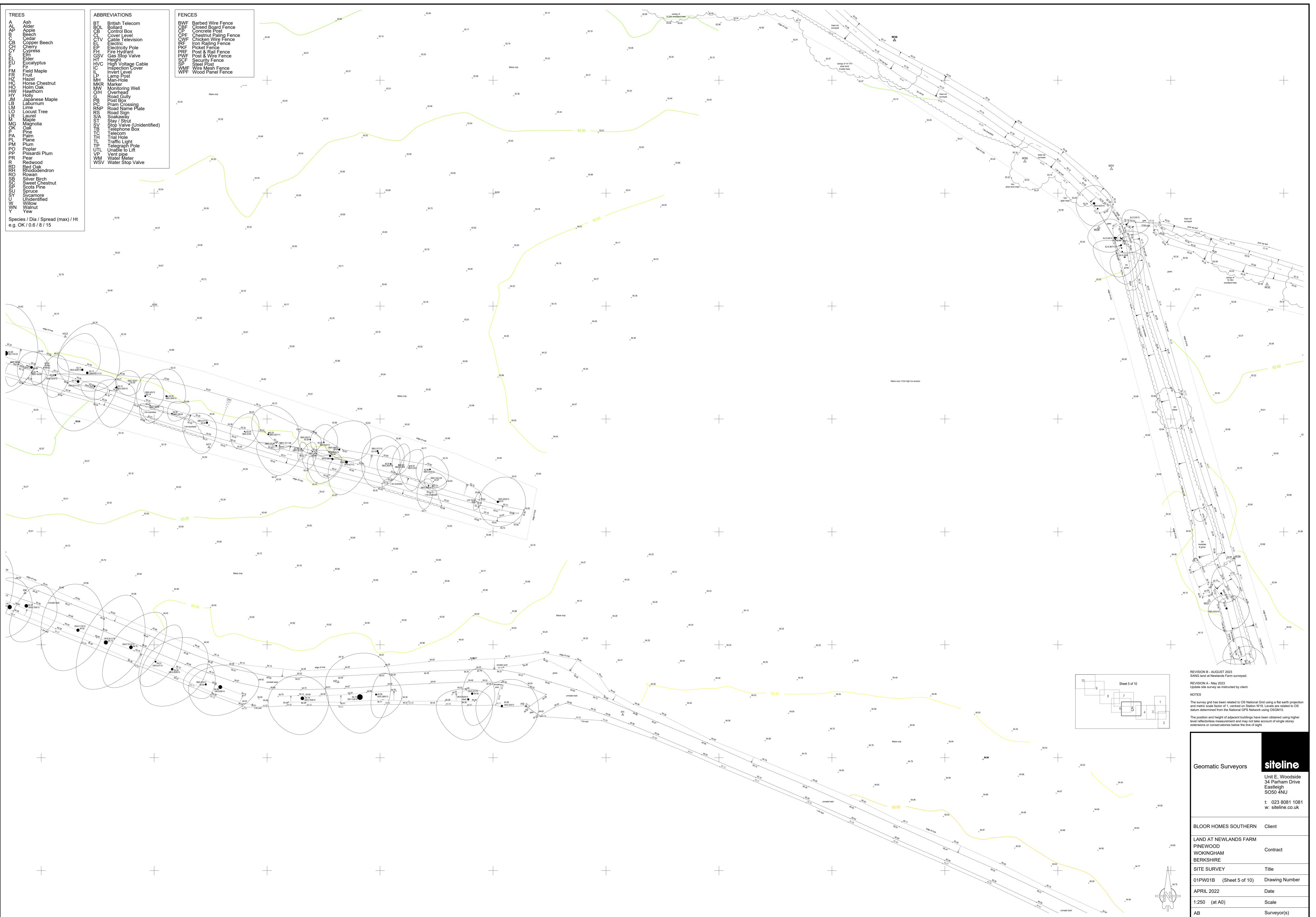
APPENDIX B – Topographical Survey

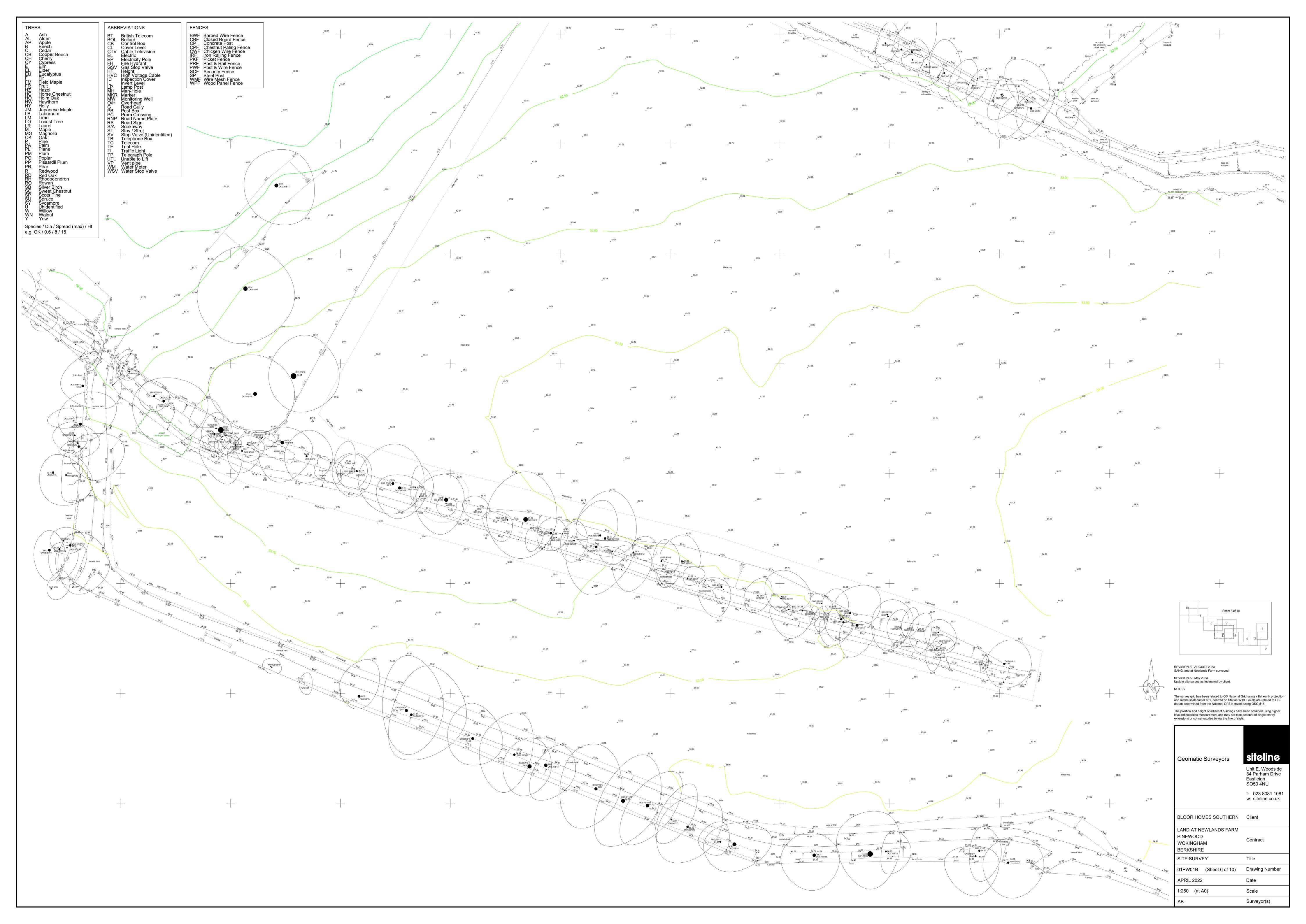


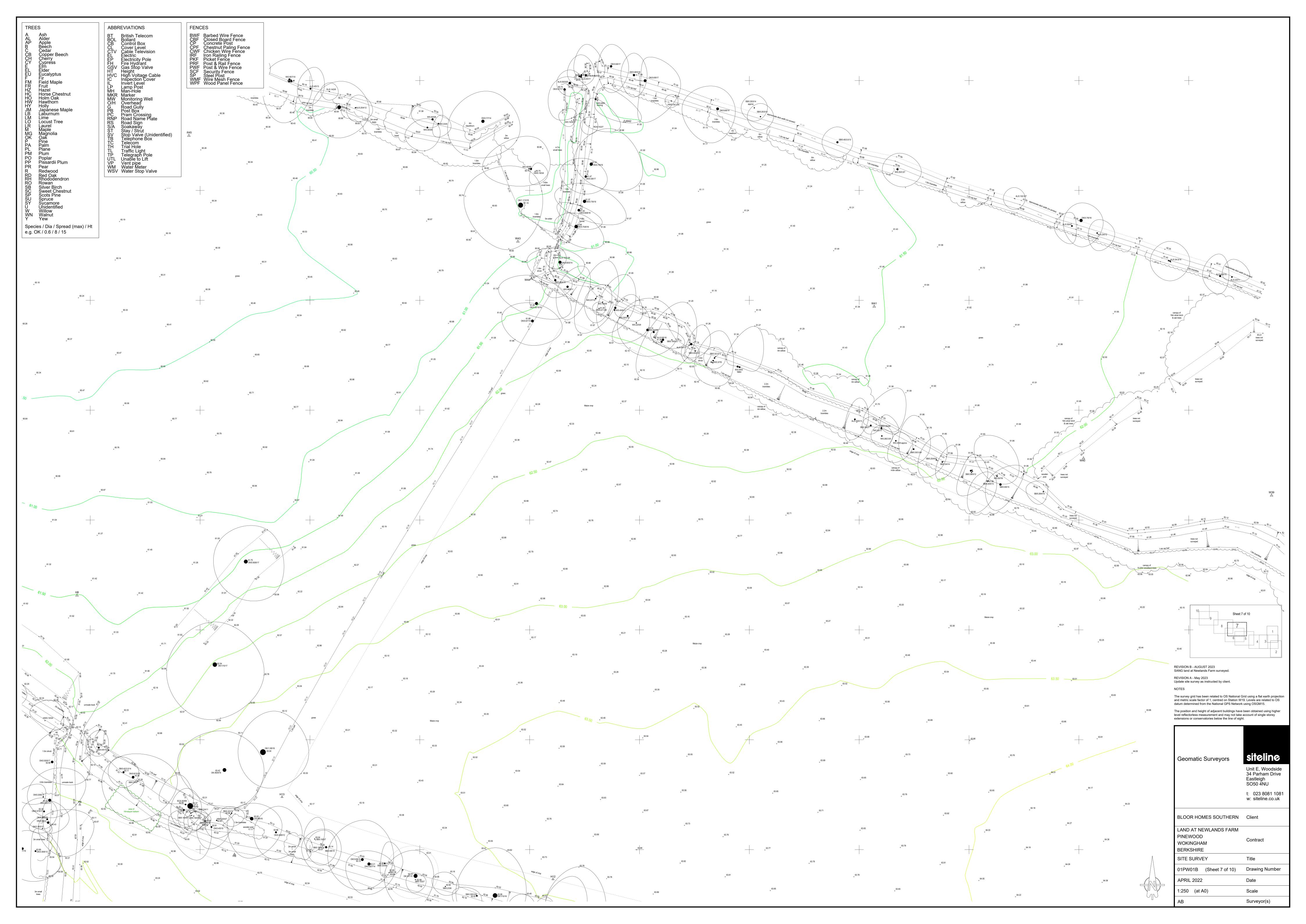




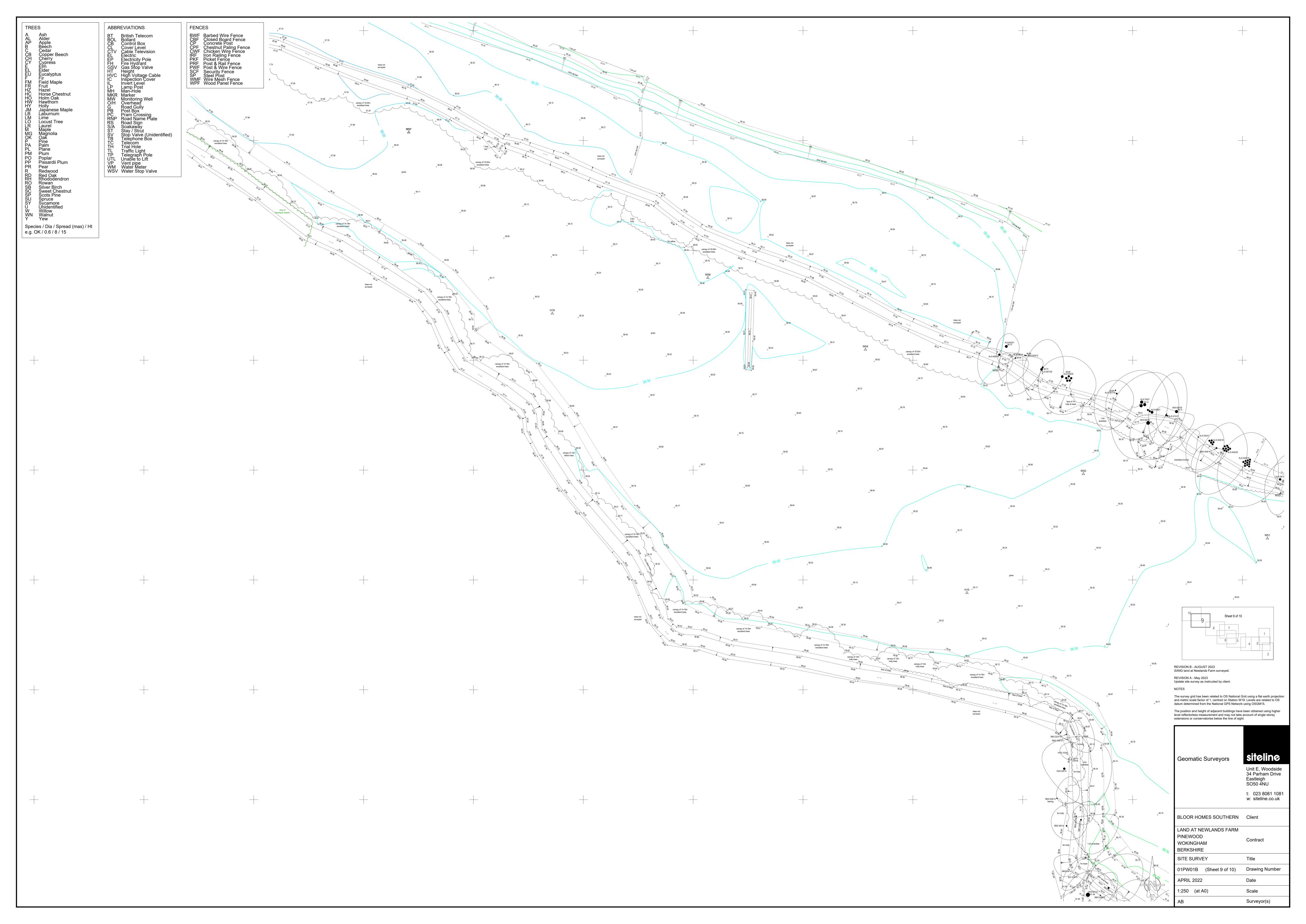


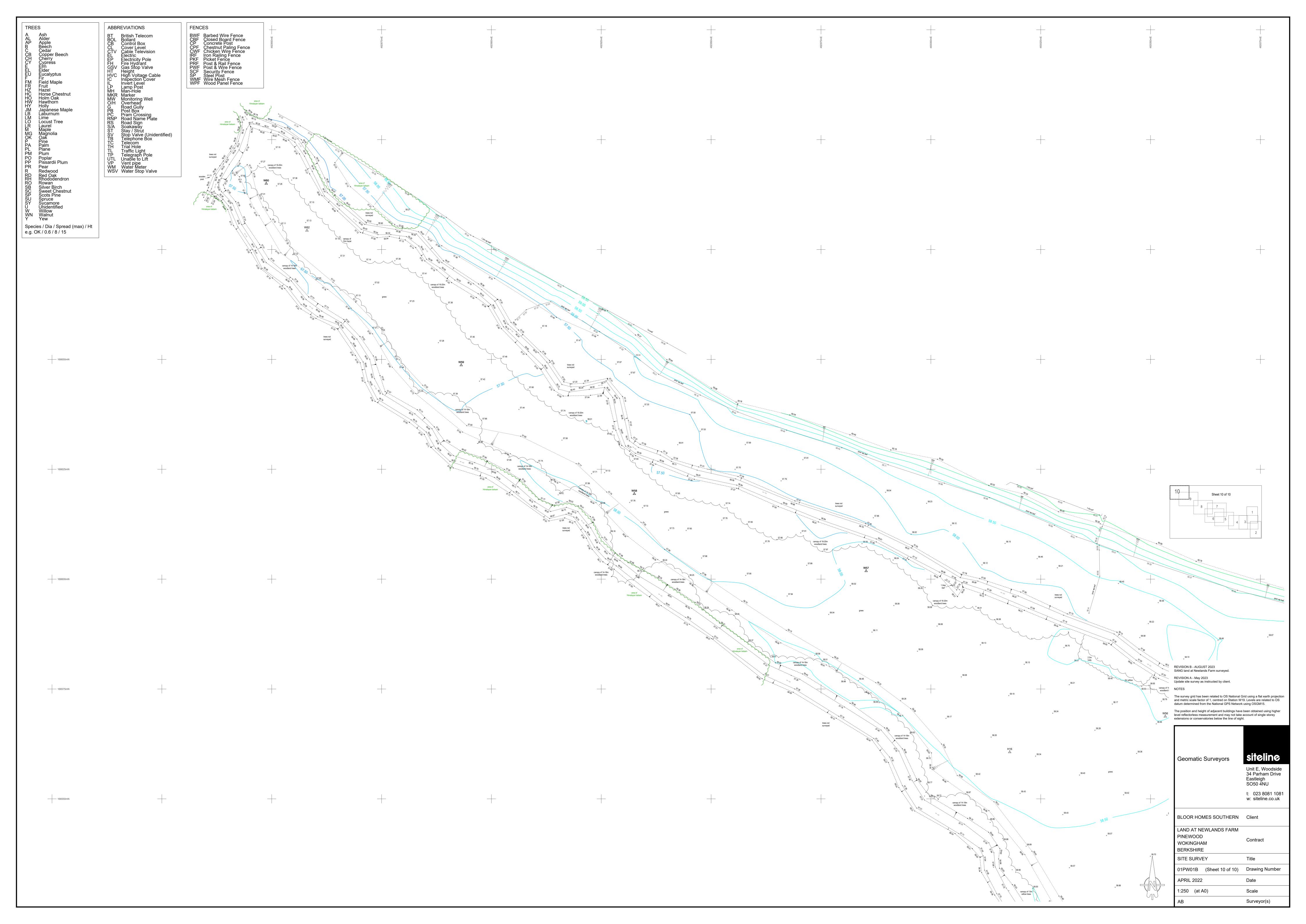










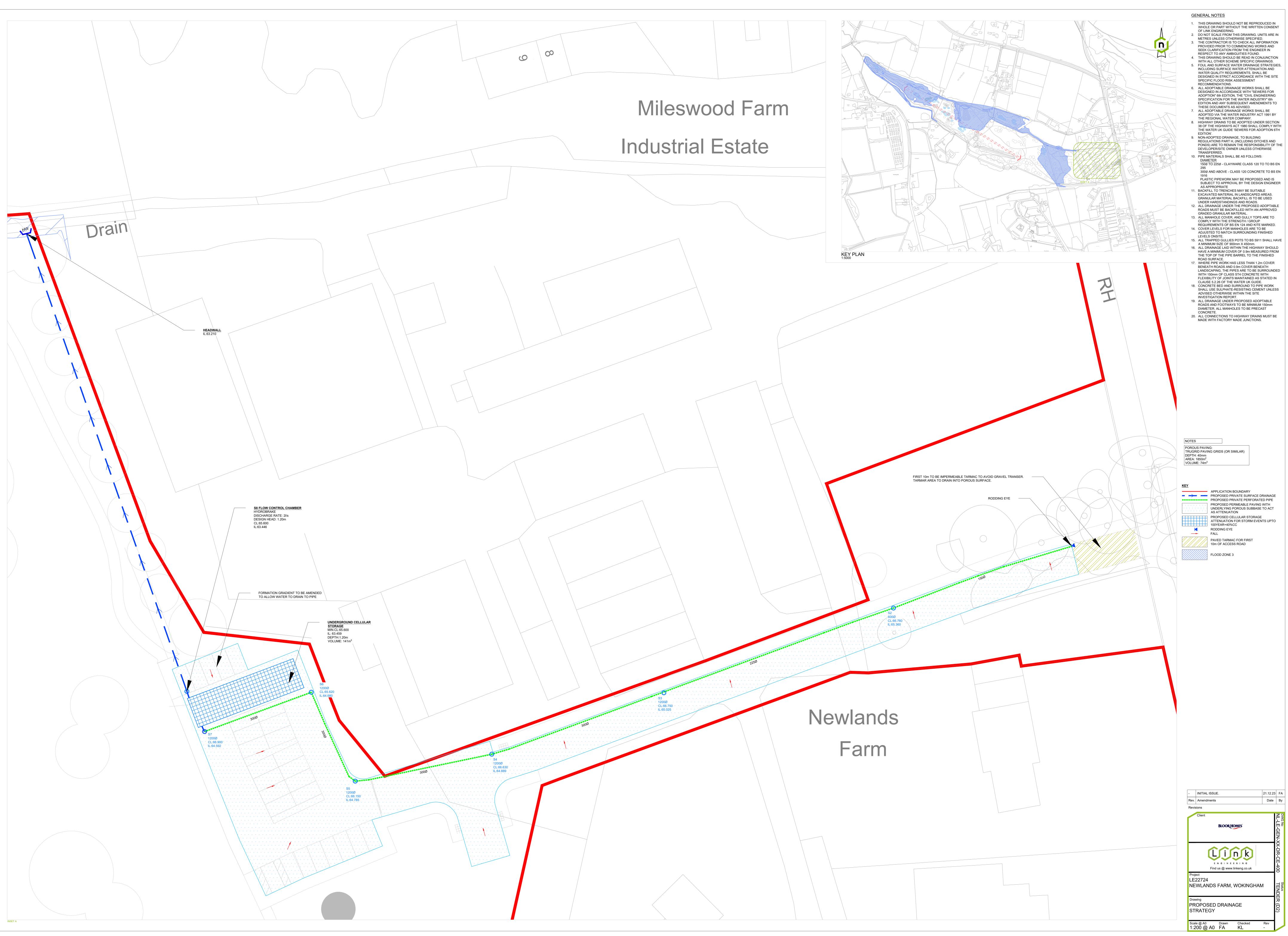


The Thomas Family & Bloor Homes Ltd

LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

APPENDIX C – Drainage Strategy Drawing & Supporting Calculations



- THIS DRAWING SHOULD NOT BE REPRODUCED IN WHOLE OR PART WITHOUT THE WRITTEN CONSENT OF LINK ENGINEERING.
- DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING. UNITS ARE IN METRES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
 THE CONTRACTOR IS TO CHECK ALL INFORMATION PROVIDED PRIOR TO COMMENCING WORKS AND SEEK CLARIFICATION FROM THE ENGINEER IN DESCRIPTION AND INTERMINED IN THE ENGINEER IN
- RESPECT TO ANY AMBIGUITIES FOUND.
 4. THIS DRAWING SHOULD BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL OTHER SCHEME SPECIFIC DRAWINGS. 5. FOUL AND SURFACE WATER DRAINAGE STRATEGIES, INCLUDING SURFACE WATER ATTENUATION AND WATER QUALITY REQUIREMENTS, SHALL BE DESIGNED IN STRICT ACCORDANCE WITH THE SITE SPECIFIC FLOOD RISK ASSESSMENT

- 9. NON-ADOPTED DRAINAGE, TO BUILDING REGULATIONS PART H, (INCLUDING DITCHES AND PONDS) ARE TO REMAIN THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DEVELOPER/SITE OWNER UNLESS OTHERWISE TO ANGE FOR FOR STATE OF THE OWNER UNLESS OTHERWISE
- 10. PIPE MATERIALS SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS: DIAMETER 1500 TO 2250 - CLAYWARE CLASS 120 TO TO BS EN 300Ø AND ABOVE - CLASS 120 CONCRETE TO BS EN

- ALL DRAINAGE LAID WITHIN THE HIGHWAY SHOULD HAVE A MINIMUM COVER OF 0.9m MEASURED FROM THE TOP OF THE PIPE BARREL TO THE FINISHED ROAD SURFACE.
 WHERE PIPE WORK HAS LESS THAN 1.2m COVER BENEATH ROADS AND 0.9m COVER BENEATH LANDSCAPING, THE PIPES ARE TO BE SURROUNDED WITH 150mm OF CLASS STA CONCRETE WITH
- LANDSCAPING, THE PIPES ARE TO BE SURROUNDED WITH 150mm OF CLASS ST4 CONCRETE WITH FLEXIBILITY OF JOINTS MAINTAINED AS STATED IN CLAUSE 5.2.26 OF THE WATER UK GUIDE.
 18. CONCRETE BED AND SURROUND TO PIPE WORK SHALL USE SULPHATE-RESISTING CEMENT UNLESS ADVISED OTHERWISE WITHIN THE SITE INVESTIGATION REPORT.
 19. ALL DRAINAGE UNDER PROPOSED ADOPTABLE ROADS AND FOOTWAYS TO BE MINIMUM 150mm DIAMETER. ALL MANHOLES TO BE PRECAST CONCRETE.
- 20. ALL CONNECTIONS TO HIGHWAY DRAINS MUST BE MADE WITH FACTORY MADE JUNCTIONS.

TRUGRID PAVING GRIDS (OR SIMILAR)

💻 긎 💻 PROPOSED PRIVATE SURFACE DRAINAGE PROPOSED PRIVATE PERFORATED PIPE PROPOSED PERMEABLE PAVING WITH UNDERLYING POROUS SUBBASE TO ACT AS ATTENUATION PROPOSED CELLULAR STORAGE ATTENUATION FOR STORM EVENTS UPTO 100YEAR+40%CC RODDING EYE

PAVED TARMAC FOR FIRST 10m OF ACCESS ROAD

FLOOD ZONE 3

-	INITIAL ISSUE.	21.12.23	FA					
Rev.	Amendments	Date	Ву					
Revis	sions		·					
	Client BLOOR HOMES*		DWG No NL-LE-GEN-XX-DR-CE-400					
	ENGINEERING Find us @ www.linkeng.co.uk							
	^{ect} 22724 WLANDS FARM, WOKINGHAN	Л	-					
	^{wing} OPOSED DRAINAGE RATEGY		Status TENDER (D2)					
	le @ A0 Drawn Checked 200 @ A0 FA KL	Rev -						

Newlands Farm:	Date:	T			
	24/11/2023 Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	4	
Demost Datalles	FA Charles House:	KL	NHM		
Report Details: Type: Inflows Storm Phase: Phase	Charles House: 148 Great Cha Birmingham B3 3HT	rles Street		ENGINEERING	
Catchment Area				Type : Catchment Area	
Area (ha)	0.024				
Preliminary Sizing					
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient	0.750				
Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	100 5				
Dynamic Sizing					
Runoff Method	Time of Concentration				
Summer Volumetric Runoff	0.750				
Winter Volumetric Runoff	0.840				
Time of Concentration (mins) Percentage Impervious (%)	5 100				
Catchment Area (1) Area (ha)	0.024			Type : Catchment Area	
	0.024				
Preliminary Sizing					
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient	0.750				
Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	100 5				
	5				
Dynamic Sizing					
Runoff Method	Time of Concentration				
Summer Volumetric Runoff Winter Volumetric Runoff	0.750 0.840				
Time of Concentration (mins)	5				
Percentage Impervious (%)	100				
Catchment Area (2)				Type : Catchment Area	
Area (ha)	0.017				
Preliminary Sizing					
· _ · _ ·					
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient Percentage Impervious (%)	0.750 100				
Time of Concentration (mins)	5				
Dynamic Sizing					
Runoff Method	Time of Concentration				
Summer Volumetric Runoff	0.750				
Winter Volumetric Runoff Time of Concentration (mins)	0.840 5				
Percentage Impervious (%)	100				
Time of Concentration (mins)	5				

Newlands Farm:	Date:	1				
	24/11/2023 Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	4		
	FA	KL	NHM	<u>fink</u>		
Report Details: Type: Inflows Storm Phase: Phase	Charles House: 148 Great Cha Birmingham B3 3HT	rles Street		EN GINEEKING		
Catchment Area (3)				Type : Catchment Area		
Area (ha)	0.027					
Preliminary Sizing						
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient	0.750					
Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	100 5					
Dynamic Sizing						
Runoff Method	Time of Concentration					
Summer Volumetric Runoff Winter Volumetric Runoff	0.750 0.840					
Time of Concentration (mins)	5					
Percentage Impervious (%)	100					
Catchment Area (4)				Type : Catchment Area		
Area (ha)	0.03					
Preliminary Sizing						
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient	0.750					
Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	100					
Time of Concentration (mins)	5					
Dynamic Sizing						
Runoff Method	Time of Concentration					
Summer Volumetric Runoff	0.750					
Winter Volumetric Runoff Time of Concentration (mins)	0.840					
Percentage Impervious (%)	100					
Catchment Area (5)				Type : Catchment Area		
*						
Area (ha)	0.039					
Preliminary Sizing						
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient	0.750					
Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	100 5					
Dynamic Sizing						
Runoff Method	Time of Concentration					
Summer Volumetric Runoff	0.750					
Winter Volumetric Runoff Time of Concentration (mins)	0.840 5					
Percentage Impervious (%)	100					

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023				
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:		
	FA	KL	NHM	Link	
Report Details:	Charles House:			\sim \sim \sim \sim	
Type: Inflows	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING	
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham				
	B3 3HT				
Catchment Area (6)				Type : Catchment Area	
Area (ha)	0.023				
Preliminary Sizing					

Volumetric Runoff Coefficient	0.750
Percentage Impervious (%)	100
Time of Concentration (mins)	5

Dynamic Sizing

Runoff Method	Time of Concentration
Summer Volumetric Runoff	0.750
Winter Volumetric Runoff	0.840
Time of Concentration (mins)	5
Percentage Impervious (%)	100

Newlands Farm:			ate:					
			4/11/2023 esigned by: A	Checked by:	Approved NHM	By:		2
Report Details: Type: Junctions Storm Phase: Phase	Cr 14 Bi	narles House: 48 Great Cha irmingham 3 3HT					ER IN G	
Name	Easting (m)	Northing (m)	Cover Level (m)	Depth (m)	Invert Level (m)	Chamber Shape	Diameter (m)	
S7	Type Manhole	483799.856			2.308		Circular	1.200
S6	Manhole	483818.972	166207.098		1.120	64.680	Circular	1.200
S5	Manhole	483826.699	166191.512	2 66.150	1.365	64.785	Circular	1.200
S4	Manhole	483850.889	166196.287	66.630	1.741	64.889	Circular	1.200
S3	Manhole	483881.376	166207.168	66.750	1.725	65.025	Circular	1.200
S2	Manhole	483922.059	166222.181	66.760	1.400	65.360	Circular	0.600
S1	Manhole	483963.915	166235.683	67.000	1.125	65.875	Circular	0.450
Flow Control	Manhole	483796.653	166207.686	65.600	2.154	63.446	Circular	1.200
Name	Lock	1						
S7	None							
S6	None	1						
S5	None							
S4	None	1						
S3	None							
S2	None							
S1	None							
Flow Control	None							
Outlets Junction S7	Outlet		me	PN.1.006	g Connectior	Free	Outlet Ty Discharge	уре
S6	Outlet			PN.1.005			Discharge	
S5	Outlet Outlet			PN.1.004 PN.1.003			Discharge Discharge	
<u>\$4</u> \$3	Outlet			PN.1.002			Discharge	
S2	Outlet			PN.1.001			Discharge	
S1	Outlet			PN.1.000			Discharge	
	Outlet			(None)			o-Brake®	
		Level (m)			63.4			
	-	n Depth (m)			1.4			
	Desig	n Flow (L/s)		Minimico Lineta		1.9		
	Objec	tive	1	Minimise Upstre Requirements	ani Siorage			
	Applic	ation		Surface Water	Only			
		Available		Ľ				
		Reference	(CHE-0058-190	0-1400-1900			
		F						
		1.5			/	-		
Flow Control		E E						
	Depth (m)	1 -						
	Ę	i t						
	Dep	t i						
		0.5				+		
		ţ						
		0 t			<u> </u>			
		•						
		n	0.5	1	15	2		
		0	0.5		1.5	2		
		0		1 Flow (L/s)	1.5	2		

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023						
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	-			
	FA	KL	NHM				
Report Details:	Charles House:						
Type: Manhole Schedule	148 Great Ch	arles Street	ENGINEERING				
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham						
	B3 3HT						

Name	Cover Level (m) Invert Level			Connection De		Туре		
Coordinates (m)	(m) Depth (m)	Manhole Schematic	Manhole Size (m)	Incoming Connections	Connection Type	Connection Invert (m)	Connection Size (mm)	Junction Type
				Outgoing Connections	-			Cover
S7	66.900 64.592		Diameter / Length: 1.200	{1} PN.1.005	Pipe	64.592	Diam/Width:30 0	Manhole
E:483799.856	2.308	\sim	1.200					
N:166199.913								
				{a} PN.1.006	Pipe	64.592	Diam/Width:30 0	Not Applicable
S6	65.800 64.680		Diameter / Length:	{1} PN.1.004	Pipe	64.680	Diam/Width:30 0	Manhole
E:483818.972	1.120		1.200					
N:166207.098								
				{a} PN.1.005	Pipe	64.680	Diam/Width:30 0	Not Applicable
S5	66.150 64.785		Diameter / Length:	{1} PN.1.003	Pipe	64.785	Diam/Width:30	Manhole
E:483826.699	1.365		1.200				Ŭ	
N:166191.512			-					
				{a} PN.1.004	Pipe	64.785	Diam/Width:30 0	Not Applicable
S4	66.630 64.889		Diameter / Length:	{1} PN.1.002	Pipe	64.889	Diam/Width:30	Manhole
E:483850.889	1.741		1.200				Ĵ.	
N:166196.287								
				{a} PN.1.003	Pipe	64.889	Diam/Width:30 0	Not Applicable
S3	66.750		Diameter / Length:	{1} PN.1.001	Pipe	65.100	Diam/Width:22 5	Manhole
E:483881.376	65.025 1.725	-	1.200				5	
N:166207.168								
				{a} PN.1.002	Pipe	65.025	Diam/Width:30 0	Not Applicable

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023						
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:				
	FA	KL	NHM				
Report Details:	Charles House:						
Type: Manhole Schedule	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING			
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham						
	B3 3HT						

Name	Cover Level (m) Invert Level (m)			Connection Details					
Coordinates (m)	Depth (m)	Manhole Schematic	Manhole Size (m)	Incoming Connections	Connection Type	Connection Invert (m)	Connection Size (mm)	Junction Type	
				Outgoing Connections				Cover	
S2	66.760 65.360		Diameter / Length: 0.600	{1} PN.1.000	Pipe	65.435	Diam/Width:15 0	Manhole	
E:483922.059	1.400		0.000						
N:166222.181									
				{a} PN.1.001	Pipe	65.360	Diam/Width:22 5	Not Applicable	
S1	67.000		Diameter / Length:					Manhole	
E:483963.915	65.875 1.125	-	0.450						
N:166235.683	-								
				{a} PN.1.000	Pipe	65.875	Diam/Width:15 0	Not Applicable	
Flow Control	65.600 63.446		Diameter / Length:	{1} PN.1.007	Pipe	63.446	Diam/Width:15 0	Manhole	
E:483796.653			1.200						
N:166207.686									
								Not Applicable	

Newlands Farm:		ate: 4/11/2023								
							Approved By:			
			FA	• •	KL	-	NHM		\sim	
Report Details:				narles House:				L i	n k	
Type: Inflow S	ummarv		-	48 Great C		eet		ENGIN	EERING	
Storm Phase:			Bi	irmingham	1					
			B	3 3HŤ						
Inflow Label	Connected To	Flow (L/s)	Runof Metho	- Δr	ea (ha)	Percentage Impervious (%)		Adjusted Percentage Impervious (%)	Area Analysed (ha)	
Catchment Area	S1		Time of Concentra	ation	0.024	10	0 10	110	0.026	
Catchment Area (1)	S2		Time of Concentra	ation	0.024	10	0 10	110	0.026	
Catchment Area (2)	S3		Time of Concentra	ation	0.017	10	0 10	110	0.019	
Catchment Area (3)	S4		Time of Concentra	ation	0.027	10	0 10	110	0.030	
Catchment Area (4)	S5		Time of Concentra	ation	0.030	10	0 10	110	0.033	
Catchment Area (5)	S6		Time of Concentra	ation	0.039	10	0 10	110	0.043	
Catchment Area (6)	S7		Time of Concentra	ation	0.023	10	0 10	110	0.026	
TOTAL		0.0			0.185				0.203	

Newlands Farm:		Date: 24/11/2023					
		Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:			
		FA	KL	NHM			
Report Details: Type: Network Design Criteria Storm Phase: Phase		Charles House: 148 Great Ch Birmingham B3 3HT	arles Street	EN GINEERING			
Flow Options							
Peak Flow Calculation Min. Time of Entry (mins) Max. Travel Time (mins)	(UK) Modif	ied Rational Method ج 30	5				

Newlands Farm:	Date:						
	24/11/2023						
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:				
	FA	KL	NHM				
Report Title:	Charles House:						
	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING			
Rainfall Analysis Criteria	Birmingham						
	B3 3HT	B3 3HT					

Runoff Type	Dynamic
Output Interval (mins)	5
Time Step	Shortest
Urban Creep	Apply Global Value
Urban Creep Global Value (%)	10
Junction Flood Risk Margin (mm)	300
Perform No Discharge Analysis	
Rainfall Depth (mm)	1.0
Run Time (mins)	1440

Rainfall	
FEH	
Site Location	GB 483879 166162 SU 83879 66162
Rainfall Version	2022
Summer	
Winter	

Return Period		
Return Period (years))	Increase Rainfall (%)
	2.0	0.000
	30.0	35.000
1	0.001	40.000
Storm Durations		
Duration (mins)		Run Time (mins)
	60	120
	120	240
	240	480
	360	720
	480	960
	960	1920
	1440	2880

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023					
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	1		
	FA	KL	NHM			
Report Details:	Charles House:					
Type: Junctions Summary	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING		
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham					
	B3 3HT					



FEH: 2 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +0: Critical Storm Per Item: Rank By: Max. Depth

Junction	Storm Event	Cover Level (m)	Invert Level (m)	Max. Level (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Max. Inflow (L/s)	Max. Resident Volume (m³)	Max. Flooded Volume (m³)	Max. Outflow (L/s)	Total Discharge Volume (m³)	Status
S7	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.90 0	64.59 2	64.621	0.029	18.2	0.032	0.000	18.2	22.793	ОК
S6	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	65.80 0	64.68 0	64.778	0.098	15.9	0.111	0.000	15.9	19.904	ОК
S5	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.15 0	64.78 5	64.863	0.078	12.1	0.088	0.000	12.1	15.109	ок
S4	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.63 0	64.88 9	64.963	0.074	9.1	0.083	0.000	9.1	11.379	ок
S3	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.75 0	65.02 5	65.085	0.060	6.4	0.068	0.000	6.4	7.997	ок
S2	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.76 0	65.36 0	65.413	0.053	4.7	0.015	0.000	4.7	5.879	ок
S1	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	67.00 0	65.87 5	65.912	0.037	2.4	0.006	0.000	2.4	2.969	ОК
Flow Control	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 360 mins: Winter	65.60 0	63.44 6	63.759	0.313	1.3	0.354	0.000	1.3	33.235	ОК

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Junctions Summary	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			



FEH: 30 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +35: Critical Storm Per Item: Rank By: Max. Depth

Junction	Storm Event	Cover Level (m)	Invert Level (m)	Max. Level (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Max. Inflow (L/s)	Max. Resident Volume (m³)	Max. Flooded Volume (m³)	Max. Outflow (L/s)	Total Discharge Volume (m³)	Status
S7	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.90 0	64.59 2	64.649	0.057	60.9	0.065	0.000	63.1	76.091	ок
S6	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	65.80 0	64.68 0	64.861	0.181	53.2	0.205	0.000	53.2	66.433	ок
S5	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.15 0	64.78 5	64.947	0.162	40.4	0.184	0.000	40.4	50.423	ок
S4	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.63 0	64.88 9	65.035	0.146	30.4	0.165	0.000	30.4	37.963	ок
S3	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.75 0	65.02 5	65.137	0.112	21.3	0.127	0.000	21.3	26.651	ок
S2	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.76 0	65.36 0	65.461	0.101	15.7	0.028	0.000	15.7	19.625	ок
S1	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	67.00 0	65.87 5	65.947	0.072	7.9	0.011	0.000	7.9	9.917	ок
Flow Control	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 360 mins: Winter	65.60 0	63.44 6	64.386	0.941	1.6	1.064	0.000	1.6	55.224	ОК

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023				
	Designed by: Checked by: Approved By:				
	FA	KL	NHM		
Report Details:	Charles House:		-		
Type: Junctions Summary	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING	
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham				
	B3 3HT				



FEH: 100 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +40: Critical Storm Per Item: Rank By: Max. Depth

Junction	Storm Event	Cover Level (m)	Invert Level (m)	Max. Level (m)	Max. Depth (m)	Max. Inflow (L/s)	Max. Resident Volume (m³)	Max. Flooded Volume (m³)	Max. Outflow (L/s)	Total Discharge Volume (m³)	Status
S7	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 360 mins: Winter	66.90 0	64.59 2	64.914	0.322	20.2	0.364	0.000	20.2	172.921	Surcharged
S6	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 360 mins: Winter	65.80 0	64.68 0	64.914	0.234	17.6	0.265	0.000	17.6	151.039	ОК
S5	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.15 0	64.78 5	64.985	0.200	54.3	0.226	0.000	54.3	67.896	ОК
S4	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.63 0	64.88 9	65.068	0.179	40.9	0.202	0.000	40.9	51.120	ок
S3	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.75 0	65.02 5	65.160	0.135	28.7	0.152	0.000	28.7	35.888	ОК
S2	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	66.76 0	65.36 0	65.480	0.120	21.1	0.034	0.000	21.1	26.420	ОК
S1	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	67.00 0	65.87 5	65.961	0.086	10.7	0.014	0.000	10.7	13.345	ОК
Flow Control	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 360 mins: Winter	65.60 0	63.44 6	64.913	1.468	2.0	1.660	0.000	1.9	63.632	ок

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	L ink
Report Details:	Charles House:		-	
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area Critical by Return Period: FEH: 2 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +0: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow

Max. Inflow (L/s)	2.4
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	2.970

Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	0.3
10	0.3
15	0.4
20	0.5
25	1.0
30	2.4
35	2.4
40	1.1
45	0.5
50	0.4
55	0.3
60	0.3
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
100	0.0
110	
	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:	_		
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (1) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 2 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +0: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow	
Max. Inflow (L/s)	2.3
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	2.910

5 0 10 0 15 0 20 0 25 1 30 2 35 2 40 1 45 0 50 0 55 0	0.0 0.3 0.3 0.4 0.5 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 0.5 0.5 0.4
5 0 10 0 15 0 20 0 25 1 30 2 35 2 40 1 45 0 50 0 55 0	0.3 0.3 0.4 0.5 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 0.5
10 0 15 0 20 0 25 1 30 2 35 2 40 1 45 0 50 0 55 0	0.3 0.4 0.5 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 0.5
15 0 20 0 25 1 30 2 35 2 40 1 45 0 50 0 55 0	0.4 0.5 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 0.5
20 0 25 1 30 2 35 2 40 1 45 0 50 0 55 0	0.5 1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 0.5
25 1 30 2 35 2 40 1 45 0 50 0 55 0	1.0 2.3 2.3 1.0 0.5
30 22 35 22 40 1 45 0 50 0 55 0	2.3 2.3 1.0 0.5
35 2 40 1 45 0 50 0 55 0	2.3 1.0 0.5
40 11 45 00 50 00 55 00	1.0 0.5
45 CC 50 CC 55 CC).5
50 C 55 C	
55 0	14
	J+
60 0	0.3
	0.3
65 0	0.0
70 0	0.0
75 0	0.0
80 0	0.0
	0.0
90 0	0.0
	0.0
	0.0
	0.0
	0.0
	0.0
	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	7
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:		_	
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (2) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 2 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +0: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow	
Max. Inflow (L/s)	1.7
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	2.118

Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	0.2
10	
15	
20	
25	
30	
35	
40	0.8
45	
50	
55	
60	0.2
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	L ink
Report Details:	Charles House:		-	
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (3) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 2 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +0: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow	
Max. Inflow (L/s)	2.7
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	3.384

Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	0.3
10	0.4
15	0.4
20	0.6
25	1.2
30	2.7
35	2.7
40	1.2
45	0.6
50	0.4
55	0.4
60	0.3
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:	Charles House:		
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham	Birmingham		
	B3 3HT	B3 3HT		



Catchment Area (4) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 2 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +0: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow
Max. Inflow (L/s)
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)

Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	0.3
10	0.4
15	0.5
20	0.7
25	1.3
30	3.0
35	3.0
40	1.3
45	0.7
50	0.5
55	0.4
60	0.4
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date:	Date: 24/11/2023		
				_
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:	Charles House:		
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham	Birmingham		
	B3 3HT	B3 3HT		



Catchment Area (5) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 2 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +0: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

lr	flow	

Max. Inflow (L/s)	3.8
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	4.801

	T ()) G () ()
Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	0.4
10	0.5
15	0.6
20	0.9
25	1.7
30	3.8
35	3.8
40	1.7
45	0.9
50	0.6
55	0.5
60	0.5
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	7
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:	Charles House:		
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham	Birmingham		
	B3 3HT	•		



Catchment Area (6) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 2 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +0: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow

Max. Inflow (L/s)	2.3
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	2.886

Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	0.0
10	0.3
15	0.3
20	0.5 1.0
25	
30	2.3
35	2.3
40	1.0
45	0.5
50	0.4
55	0.3
60	0.3
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	L ink
Report Details:	Charles House:		-	
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area Critical by Return Period: FEH: 30 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +35: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Max. Inflow (L/s)	7.9
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	9.918

	T ()) R () ()
Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	0.9
10	1.1
15	1.3
20	1.8
25	3.5
30	7.9
35	7.9
40	3.5
45	1.8
50	1.3
55	1.1
60	0.9
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	7
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (1) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 30 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +35: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow	
	7.0
Max. Inflow (L/s)	7.8
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	9.708

Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	0.9
10	1.0
15	1.3
20	1.7
25	3.4
30	7.8
35	7.8
40	3.4
45	1.7
50	1.3
55	1.0
60	0.9
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	L ink
Report Details:	Charles House:		-	
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (2) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 30 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +35: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow	
Max. Inflow (L/s)	5.6
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	7.026

	T ()) R () ()
Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	0.7
10	0.7
15	0.9
20	1.3
25	2.5
30	5.6
35	5.6
40	2.5
45	1.3
50	0.9
55	0.8
60	0.7
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	L ink
Report Details:	Charles House:		-	
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (3) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 30 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +35: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow	
Max. Inflow (L/s)	9.1
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	11.316

Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	1.1
10	1.2
15	1.5
20	2.0
25	4.0
30	9.1
35	9.1
40	4.0
45	2.0
50	1.5
55	1.2
60	1.1
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	7
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (4) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 30 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +35: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow		

Max. Inflow (L/s)	10.0
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	12.462

	T ()) A ())
Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	1.2
10	1.3
15	1.6
20	2.2
25	4.4
30	10.0
35	10.0
40	4.4
45	2.2
50	1.6
55	1.3
60	1.2
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	7
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (5) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 30 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +35: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow		
Max. Inflow (L/s)	12.8	
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	16.020	

Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	
Tables	

T : (:)	
Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	1.5
10	1.7
15	2.1
20	2.9
25	5.7
30	12.8
35	12.8
40	5.7
45	2.9
50	2.1
55	1.7
60	1.5
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	L ink
Report Details:	Charles House:		-	
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			

7.7 9.648



Catchment Area (6) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 30 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +35: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow

Max. Inflow (L/s)	
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	

— : (:)	T () (A ())
Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	
5	
10	
15	
20	
25	3.4
30	7.7
35	7.7
40	3.4
45	1.7
50	
55	1.0
60	0.9
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	
80	
85	
90	
95	
100	
105	
110	
115	
120	
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	1
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	arles Street	ENGINEERING	
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT	B3 3HT		



Catchment Area Critical by Return Period: FEH: 100 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +40: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow	I	nflow
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Max. Inflow (L/s) Total Inflow Volume (m³) 10.7 13.346

Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	1.3
10	1.4
15	1.4
	2.4
20 25	4.7
30	10.7
35	10.7
40	4.7
45	2.4
50	1.7
55	1.4
60	1.3
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	7
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (1) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 100 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +40: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow	
Max. Inflow (L/s)	10.5
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	13.076

Time of (as in a)	$\mathbf{T}_{\mathbf{a}}$ to \mathbf{b} by $\mathbf{f}_{\mathbf{a}}$ and (\mathbf{b}, \mathbf{b})
Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	
5	
10	
15	
20	
25	
30	
35	10.5
40	4.6
45	2.4
50	1.7
55	1.4
60	1.2
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	
100	
105	
110	
115	
120	

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT	B3 3HT		



Catchment Area (2) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 100 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +40: 60 mins: Summer

> 7.6 9.469

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow

Max. Inflow (L/s)	
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	

—	T ()) G () ()
Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	0.9
10	1.0
15	1.2
20	1.7
25	3.3
30	7.6
35	7.6
40	3.4
45	1.7
50	1.2
55	1.0
60	0.9
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT	B3 3HT		



Catchment Area (3) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 100 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +40: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow	
Max. Inflow (L/s)	12.2
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	15.236

	Tatal Inflows (L (a)
Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	
5	
10	
15	
20	
25	
30	12.2
35	12.2
40	5.4
45	2.7
50	2.0
55	1.6
60	1.4
65	0.0
70	
75	
80	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
85	
90	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
95	
100	
105	
110	
115	
120	
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (4) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 100 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +40: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow]
Max. Inflow (L/s)	13.4
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	16.778

Time (mine)	
Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	1.6
10	1.8
15	2.2
20	3.0
25	5.9
30	13.4
35	13.4
40	6.0
45	3.0
50	2.2
55	1.8
60	1.6
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	1
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (5) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 100 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +40: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflov	W]
М	lax. Inflow (L/s)	17.3
	otal Inflow Volume (m ³)	21.567

Tables

Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	2.0
10	2.3
15	2.8
20	3.9
25	7.6
30	17.2
35	17.3
40	7.7
45	3.9
50	2.8
55	2.3
60	2.0
65	0.0
70	0.0
75	0.0
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	0.0
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	1
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflow Results	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



Catchment Area (6) Critical by Return Period: FEH: 100 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +40: 60 mins: Summer

Type : Catchment Area

Inflow

Max. Inflow (L/s)	10.4
Total Inflow Volume (m ³)	12.986

Tables

Time (mins)	Total Inflow (L/s)
0	0.0
5	1.2
10	1.4
15	1.7
20	
20	
30	10.4
35	10.4
40	4.6
40	2.3
50	1.7
55	
60	1.4
65	
70	0.0
75	
80	0.0
85	0.0
90	0.0
95	0.0
100	0.0
105	
110	0.0
115	0.0
120	0.0

The Thomas Family & Bloor Homes Ltd

LE22724 Newlands Farm

LE22724-XX-LE-GEN-XX-RP-CE-FRA01-Flood Risk Assessment

APPENDIX D – Pond Model Simulation Results

Newlands Farm:	Date:			Т
	24/11/2023 Designed by:	24/11/2023 Designed by: Checked by: Approved By:		4
Durand Dutailu	FA	KL	NHM	f (ink)
Report Details: Type: Inflows Storm Phase: Phase	Charles House: 148 Great Charles Street Birmingham B3 3HT			
Catchment Area				Type : Catchment Area
Area (ha)	0.257			
Preliminary Sizing				
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	0.750 100 5			
Dynamic Sizing				
Runoff Method Summer Volumetric Runoff Winter Volumetric Runoff Time of Concentration (mins) Percentage Impervious (%)	Time of Concentration 0.750 0.840 5 100			
Catchment Area (1)				Type : Catchment Area
Area (ha)	1.091			
Preliminary Sizing				
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	0.750 100 5			
Dynamic Sizing				
Runoff Method Summer Volumetric Runoff Winter Volumetric Runoff Time of Concentration (mins) Percentage Impervious (%)	Time of Concentration 0.750 0.840 5 100			
Catchment Area (2)				Type : Catchment Area
Area (ha)	0.289			
Preliminary Sizing				
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	0.750 100 5			
Dynamic Sizing				
Runoff Method Summer Volumetric Runoff Winter Volumetric Runoff Time of Concentration (mins) Percentage Impervious (%)	Time of Concentration 0.750 0.840 5 100			

Newlands Farm:	Date:			
	24/11/2023 Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	-
Devent Detailer	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details: Type: Inflows Storm Phase: Phase				
Catchment Area (3)				Type : Catchment Area
Area (ha)	0.76			
Preliminary Sizing				
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient	0.750			
Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	100 5			
Dynamic Sizing				
Runoff Method	Time of Concentration			
Summer Volumetric Runoff	0.750			
Winter Volumetric Runoff Time of Concentration (mins)	0.840			
Percentage Impervious (%)	100			
Catchment Area (4)				Type : Catchment Area
Area (ha)	1.558			
Preliminary Sizing				
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient	0.750			
Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	100 5			
Dynamic Sizing				
Runoff Method	Time of Concentration			
Summer Volumetric Runoff	0.750			
Winter Volumetric Runoff Time of Concentration (mins)	0.840 5			
Percentage Impervious (%)	100			
Catchment Area (5)				Type : Catchment Area
Area (ha)	0.336			
	0.000			
Preliminary Sizing				
Volumetric Runoff Coefficient	0.750			
Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)	100 5			
Dynamic Sizing				
Runoff Method	Time of Concentration			
Summer Volumetric Runoff	0.750			
Winter Volumetric Runoff Time of Concentration (mins)	0.840			
Percentage Impervious (%)	100			

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by: FA	Checked by: KL	Approved By: NHM	
Report Details: Type: Inflows Storm Phase: Phase	Charles House: 148 Great Charles Street Birmingham B3 3HT			
Catchment Area (6)				Type : Catchment Area
Area (ha)	0.351			
Preliminary Sizing				

0.750 50 5

> 5 100

Time of Concentration 0.750 0.840

Volumetric Runoff Coefficient Percentage Impervious (%) Time of Concentration (mins)

Runoff Method Summer Volumetric Runoff Winter Volumetric Runoff Time of Concentration (mins) Percentage Impervious (%)

Dynamic Sizing

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Stormwater Controls	148 Great Ch	arles Street	ENGINEERING	
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			

Pond 2

Type : Pond

Dimensions		
Exceedance Level (m)	58.392	
Depth (m)	1.300	
Base Level (m)	57.092	
Freeboard (mm)	300	
Initial Depth (m)	0.000	
Porosity (%)	100	
Average Slope (1:X)	6.582	
Total Volume (m³)	795.114	
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)
0.000	491.19	0.000
1.300	1393.45	1175.180

Inlets

Inlet	7
Inlet Type	Point Inflow
Incoming Item(s)	Catchment Area (1)
Bypass Destination	(None)
Capacity Type	No Restriction

Advanced	
Base Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Side Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Safety Factor	2.0
Perimeter	Circular
Length (m)	43.458
Friction Scheme	Manning's n
n	0.025

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Stormwater Controls	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			

Type : Pond

Dimensions	

	50.440	
Exceedance Level (m)	59.416	
Depth (m)	1.300	
Base Level (m)	58.116	
Freeboard (mm)	300	
Initial Depth (m)	0.000	
Porosity (%)	100	
Average Slope (1:X)	3.39	
Total Volume (m³)	201.843	
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)
0.000	123.13	0.000
1.300	357.51	299.195

Inlets

Inlet]
Inlet Type	Point Inflow
Incoming Item(s)	Catchment Area (2)
Bypass Destination	(None)
Capacity Type	No Restriction

Advanced	
Base Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Safety Factor	2.0
Perimeter	Circular
Length (m)	23.117
Friction Scheme	Manning's n
n	0.025

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Stormwater Controls	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			

Type : Pond

Dimensions

Dimensions		
Exceedance Level (m)	59.685	
Depth (m)	1.300	
Base Level (m)	58.385	
Freeboard (mm)	300	
Initial Depth (m)	0.000	
Porosity (%)	100	
Average Slope (1:X)	4.079	
Total Volume (m³)	644.565	
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)
0.000	470.34	0.000
1.300	966.37	914.718

Inlets

Inlet	
Inlet Type	Point Inflow
Incoming Item(s)	Catchment Area (3)
Bypass Destination	(None)
Capacity Type	No Restriction

Advanced	
Base Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Side Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Safety Factor	2.0
Perimeter	Circular
Length (m)	43.458
Friction Scheme	Manning's n
n	0.025

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Stormwater Controls	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			

Type : Pond

ſ	Dimensions

Exceedance Level (m)	59.893	
Depth (m)	1.300	
Base Level (m)	58.593	
Freeboard (mm)	300	
Initial Depth (m)	0.000	
Porosity (%)	100	
Average Slope (1:X)	5.504	
Total Volume (m³)	1224.712	
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)
0.000	900.25	0.000
1.300	1822.22	1734.752

Inlets

Inlet	
Inlet Type	Point Inflow
Incoming Item(s)	Catchment Area (4)
Bypass Destination	(None)
Capacity Type	No Restriction

Advanced	
Base Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Side Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Safety Factor	2.0
Perimeter	Circular
Length (m)	59.771
Friction Scheme	Manning's n
n	0.025

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Stormwater Controls	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			

Type : Pond

Dimensions		
Exceedance Level (m)	61.618	
Depth (m)	1.300	
Base Level (m)	60.318	
Freeboard (mm)	300	
Initial Depth (m)	0.000	
Porosity (%)	100	
Average Slope (1:X)	3.713	
Total Volume (m ³)	202.622	
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)
0.000	117.00	0.000
1.300	375.29	304.122

Inlet

Inlet	
Inlet Type	Point Inflow
Incoming Item(s)	Catchment Area (6)
Bypass Destination	(None)
Capacity Type	No Restriction

Advanced	
Base Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Side Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Safety Factor	2.0
Perimeter	Circular
Length (m)	22.714
Friction Scheme	Manning's n
n	0.025

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Stormwater Controls	148 Great Ch	arles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			

Type : Pond

Dimensions

Dimensions		
Exceedance Level (m)	61.032	
Depth (m)	1.300	
Base Level (m)	59.732	
Freeboard (mm)	300	
Initial Depth (m)	0.000	
Porosity (%)	100	
Average Slope (1:X)	4.515	
Total Volume (m³)	191.571	
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)
0.000	93.04	0.000
1.300	401.94	298.290

Inlets

Inlet]
Inlet Type	Point Inflow
Incoming Item(s)	Catchment Area (5)
Bypass Destination	(None)
Capacity Type	No Restriction

Advanced	
Base Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Side Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018
Safety Factor	2.0
Perimeter	Circular
Length (m)	39.194
Friction Scheme	Manning's n
n	0.025

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Stormwater Controls	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			

Type : Pond

Exceedance Level (m)	57.250	
Depth (m)	1.300	
Base Level (m)	55.950	
Freeboard (mm)	300	
nitial Depth (m)	0.000	
Porosity (%)	100	
Average Slope (1:X)	5.107	
Fotal Volume (m³)	195.514	
Depth (m)	Area (m²)	Volume (m ³)
0.000	84.83	0.000
1.300	440.07	311.183

Inlet Type	Point Inflow
Incoming Item(s)	Catchment Area
Bypass Destination	(None)
Capacity Type	No Restriction

Advanced]
Base Infiltration Rate (m/hr) Side Infiltration Rate (m/hr)	0.018 0.018
Safety Factor	2.0
Perimeter	Circular 42 192
Length (m) Friction Scheme	42.192 Manning's n
n	0.025

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	1
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflows Summary	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



FEH: 2 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +0: Critical Storm Per Item: Rank By: Max. Inflow

Inflow	Storm Event	Inflow Area (ha)	Max. Inflow (L/s)	Total Inflow Volume (m ³)
Catchment Area	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.26	23.1	28.837
Catchment Area (1)	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	1.09	97.9	122.215
Catchment Area (2)	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.29	25.9	32.372
Catchment Area (3)	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.76	68.2	85.139
Catchment Area (4)	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	1.56	139.9	174.544
Catchment Area (5)	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.34	30.2	37.651
Catchment Area (6)	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.35	31.5	39.346

Newlands Farm:	Date:			
	24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflows Summary	148 Great Ch	148 Great Charles Street		ENGINEERING
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



FEH: 30 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +35: Critical Storm Per Item: Rank By: Max. Inflow

Inflow	Storm Event	Inflow Area (ha)	Max. Inflow (L/s)	Total Inflow Volume (m³)
Catchment Area	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.26	77.1	96.314
Catchment Area (1)	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	1.09	326.9	408.062
Catchment Area (2)	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.29	86.6	108.068
Catchment Area (3)	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.76	227.7	284.313
Catchment Area (4)	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	1.56	466.8	582.809
Catchment Area (5)	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.34	100.7	125.715
Catchment Area (6)	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.35	105.2	131.373

Newlands Farm:	Date:			
	24/11/2023			
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:	
	FA	KL	NHM	<u>Link</u>
Report Details:	Charles House:			
Type: Inflows Summary	148 Great Ch	arles Street	ENGINEERING	
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham			
	B3 3HT			



FEH: 100 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +40: Critical Storm Per Item: Rank By: Max. Inflow

Inflow	Storm Event	Inflow Area (ha)	Max. Inflow (L/s)	Total Inflow Volume (m ³)
Catchment Area	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.26	103.8	129.668
Catchment Area (1)	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	1.09	440.0	549.400
Catchment Area (2)	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.29	116.5	145.501
Catchment Area (3)	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.76	306.6	382.788
Catchment Area (4)	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	1.56	628.5	784.688
Catchment Area (5)	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.34	135.6	169.264
Catchment Area (6)	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 60 mins: Summer	0.35	141.7	176.884

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023						
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:				
	FA	KL	NHM	_ Link			
Report Details:	Charles House:						
Type: Stormwater Controls Summary	148 Great Char	les Street		ENGINEERING			
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham	Birmingham					
	B3 3HT	0					



FEH: 2 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +0: Critical Storm Per Item: Rank By: Max. Avg. Depth

Stormwater Control	Storm Event	Max. US Level (m)	Max. DS Level (m)	Max. US Depth (m)	Max. DS Depth (m)	Max. Inflow (L/s)	Max. Resident Volume (m³)	a	Max. Outflo w (L/s)	Half Drain Down Time (mins)	Percentage Available (%)	Status
Pond 2	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 480 mins: Winter	57.502	57.502	0.410	0.410	25.5	247.755	0.000	0.0	1231	68.840	ОК
Pond 3	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 960 mins: Winter	58.569	58.569	0.453	0.453	3.8	70.533	0.000	0.0	1932	65.055	ок
Pond 4	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 480 mins: Winter	58.704	58.704	0.318	0.318	17.8	166.239	0.000	0.0	1011	74.209	ок
Pond 5	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 480 mins: Winter	58.937	58.937	0.344	0.344	36.4	345.515	0.000	0.0	1091	71.788	ок
Pond 7	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 960 mins: Winter	60.845	60.845	0.527	0.527	4.7	83.615	0.000	0.0	1531	58.733	ок
Pond 6	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 960 mins: Winter	60.296	60.296	0.564	0.564	4.5	80.773	0.000	0.0	1523	57.837	ок
Pond 1	FEH: 2 years: +0 %: 960 mins: Winter	56.410	56.410	0.460	0.460	3.4	59.235	0.000	0.0	1280	69.703	ок

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023						
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:				
	FA	KL	NHM	- Link			
Report Details:	Charles House:	Charles House:					
Type: Stormwater Controls Summary	148 Great Cha	148 Great Charles Street					
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham	Birmingham					
	B3 3HT	0					



FEH: 30 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +35: Critical Storm Per Item: Rank By: Max. Avg. Depth

Stormwater Control	Storm Event	Max. US Level (m)	Max. DS Level (m)	Max. US Depth (m)	Max. DS Depth (m)	Max. Inflow (L/s)	Max. Resident Volume (m³)	a	Max. Outflo w (L/s)	Half Drain Down Time (mins)	Percentage Available (%)	Status
Pond 2	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 960 mins: Winter	58.015	58.015	0.923	0.923	36.2	709.581	0.000	0.0	2476	10.757	ОК
Pond 3	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 1440 mins: Winter	59.120	59.120	1.004	1.004	6.7	203.012	0.000	0.0	5544	-0.579	Flood Risk
Pond 4	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 960 mins: Winter	59.187	59.187	0.801	0.801	25.2	486.597	0.000	0.0	2365	24.508	ОК
Pond 5	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 960 mins: Winter	59.451	59.451	0.858	0.858	51.6	1007.83 6	0.000	0.0	2532	17.708	ок
Pond 7	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 960 mins: Winter	61.412	61.413	1.094	1.094	11.6	232.245	0.000	0.0	2801	-14.620	Flood Risk
Pond 6	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 960 mins: Winter	60.823	60.823	1.091	1.091	11.1	221.218	0.000	0.0	2591	-15.476	Flood Risk
Pond 1	FEH: 30 years: +35 %: 960 mins: Winter	56.855	56.855	0.905	0.905	8.5	165.278	0.000	0.0	2141	15.465	ОК

Newlands Farm:	Date: 24/11/2023						
	Designed by:	Checked by:	Approved By:				
	FA	KL	NHM	_ Link			
Report Details:	Charles House:	Charles House:					
Type: Stormwater Controls Summary	148 Great Cha	148 Great Charles Street					
Storm Phase: Phase	Birmingham	Birmingham					
	B3 3HT	0					



FEH: 100 years: Increase Rainfall (%): +40: Critical Storm Per Item: Rank By: Max. Avg. Depth

Stormwater Control	Storm Event	Max. US Level (m)	Max. DS Level (m)	Max. US Depth (m)	Max. DS Depth (m)	Max. Inflow (L/s)	Max. Resident Volume (m³)	Max. Floode d Volum e (m ³)	Max. Outflo w (L/s)	Half Drain Down Time (mins)	Percentage Available (%)	Status
Pond 2	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 960 mins: Winter	58.204	58.204	1.112	1.112	46.3	928.601	0.000	0.0	2884	-16.788	Flood Risk
Pond 3	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 1440 mins: Winter	59.319	59.319	1.203	1.203	8.5	265.543	0.000	0.0	7250	-31.559	Flood Risk
Pond 4	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 960 mins: Winter	59.381	59.381	0.996	0.996	32.3	641.132	0.000	0.0	2858	0.533	ОК
Pond 5	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 960 mins: Winter	59.656	59.656	1.063	1.063	66.1	1325.21 2	0.000	0.0	3051	-8.206	Flood Risk
Pond 7	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 960 mins: Winter	61.614	61.614	1.296	1.296	14.9	302.534	0.000	0.0	3198	-49.310	Flood Risk
Pond 6	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 960 mins: Winter	61.006	61.006	1.274	1.274	14.3	287.786	0.000	0.0	2920	-50.224	Flood Risk
Pond 1	FEH: 100 years: +40 %: 960 mins: Winter	57.009	57.009	1.059	1.059	10.9	215.662	0.000	0.0	2420	-10.305	Flood Risk

Birmingham **()** 0121 794 8390 London & 02072930217 Manchester & 0161/974/3208

Oxford \$ 01865389440 Reading \ 0118 206 2945

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