

RISK & OPPORTUNITIES - RISK ASSESSMENT 001

WORK TASK	SAFE PLACE OF WORK					
	Works reference [where required]	Client / PC	Line manager/person in charge			
Site/location						
Start Date:		End Date:				
Worker participation & consultation		L				

25

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15

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METHOD OF ASSESSMENT	RISK	RISK ASSESSMENT METHODOLOGY						
PERSONS EXPOSED	Value	Value Likelihood Axis		Value Severity of Harm Axis				
Employers' workers		1 Negligible 2 Low 3 Likely 4 Very likely			1 No harm 2 Minor 3 7day loss 4 Specified injuries			
Other workers								
Members of the public	5 Cei	5 Certain		5 Catastrophic				
Visitors		5	10	15	20	2!		
Plant operators	100	4	8	12	16	20		
Voung workers	<u>¥</u>	3	6	9	12	15		
Young workers		2	4	6	8	10		
Others	볼	1	2	3	4	5		
please state	() ()		S	EVERITY O	FHARM			
POTENTIAL NUMBER EXPOSED	85-							

RISK ACTION LEVELS:

1-5 No action required.

6-11 Low – limited action required.

12- Medium – significant, action required following the principles of prevention

19-25 High – significant, action may require technical input beyond the author

Risk rating calculated by: $L \times S = RR$, where L is the estimated likelihood value of an accident occurring, (Likelihood), S = the estimated value of the severity of harm because of a potential hazard being realised. RR¹ = the Risk Rating without controls in place and RR² = Residual Risk with controls in place.

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Newgate House, Gypsy Lane, Hockering, Dereham, Norfolk NR20 3RS tel: 01603 881 401 - email mooneydemolition@hotmail.com Document Control - Title: Risks & Opportunities. Ref: 6.1.2 Risk assessment 001 Safe Place of Work Created: 24/07/2023 Review: 28/07/2025. Version: V221 Status: Issue Author: Tom Robinson HSQE advisor Approval: Chris Mooney Managing Director.



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HAZARDS	L	S	RR ¹	PRINCIPLES OF PREVENTION	L	S	RR ²
Unauthorised access. Slip trips & falls. Restricted areas.	3	5	15	Construction work should be fenced off and have suitable signage. This will protect people (especially children) from site dangers and the site from vandalism and theft. For some jobs the workplace will have to be shared. Perhaps the work will be done in an operating area. Agreement will be needed to understand who has control in each area. Agree what fences, barriers, means of separation or permits to work are required to keep both construction workers away from hazards created by others and other people away from hazards created by the construction work; site rules might be needed. Make sure there is a system to ensure necessary precautions are kept in place during working hours and that night-time and weekend protection is put in place as required before the site closes. **Vacant site possession:** Determine the construction phase boundaries. Prevent unauthorised access to the construction phase footprint footprint by means of using suitable existing boundaries, installation of temporary [Heras] type fencing or timber hoarding. Make sure that the perimeter boundary displays suitable and appropriate signage e.g. Entry and exit points to the site must be controlled and lockable. Vehicles and pedestrians should be segregated with dedicated haul and pedestrian routes. Pedestrian routes to be signed and where necessary lit with suitable underfoot surface. Fire routes must remain clear and unobstructed. Where practicable trailing leads should be removed and not obstruct walkways **Partial occupation:** The points above should be implemented in partially occupied areas. The difference here is that established traffic, pedestrian and fire routes may already be established. There may also need to be authorization to work in such areas. **Occupied:** As well as all of the above there may be special site restrictions that may need to be liaised and a safe system of work set up and approved.	2	5	10

ADDITIONAL CONTROLS Sta	atutory Inspect	ions: -	Permits:
			As may be required in certain work environments.
Information, instruction, and training &		Monitoring:	Emergencies:
supervision:		Work supervisors are to ensure that workers under their	Follow any specific site or principal contractor's procedures.
All workers & visitors are to be given specific information and Instruction by way of induction into any site-specific rules.		control adhere to any site-specific rules. Changes in the	Trained first aiders may only give first aid. All incidents must be
		arrangements can be communicated through 'tbt's'.	reported as quickly as possible so that the accident reporting
			procedures can be dealt with i.e., RIDDOR



PERSONAL AND
RESPIRATORY
PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT

EN397 Industrial safety helmet

EN13287 Slip resistant

EN471.2

As required

	MONITORING	Workers to participate and consulted on this assessment as part of worker involvement process.				
Change and review:						
		The originator is responsible for ensuring that the assessment is reviewed when it is no longer valid. This could be after the results of any				
		monitoring, changes in law, technology, or work process. As a minimum the assessment is to be reviewed annually				

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PERSONS BRIEFED IN THE SAFE PROCEDURE OF THIS ACTIVITY/RISK						
PRINT NAME	COMPANY	SIGNATURE	DATE			

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