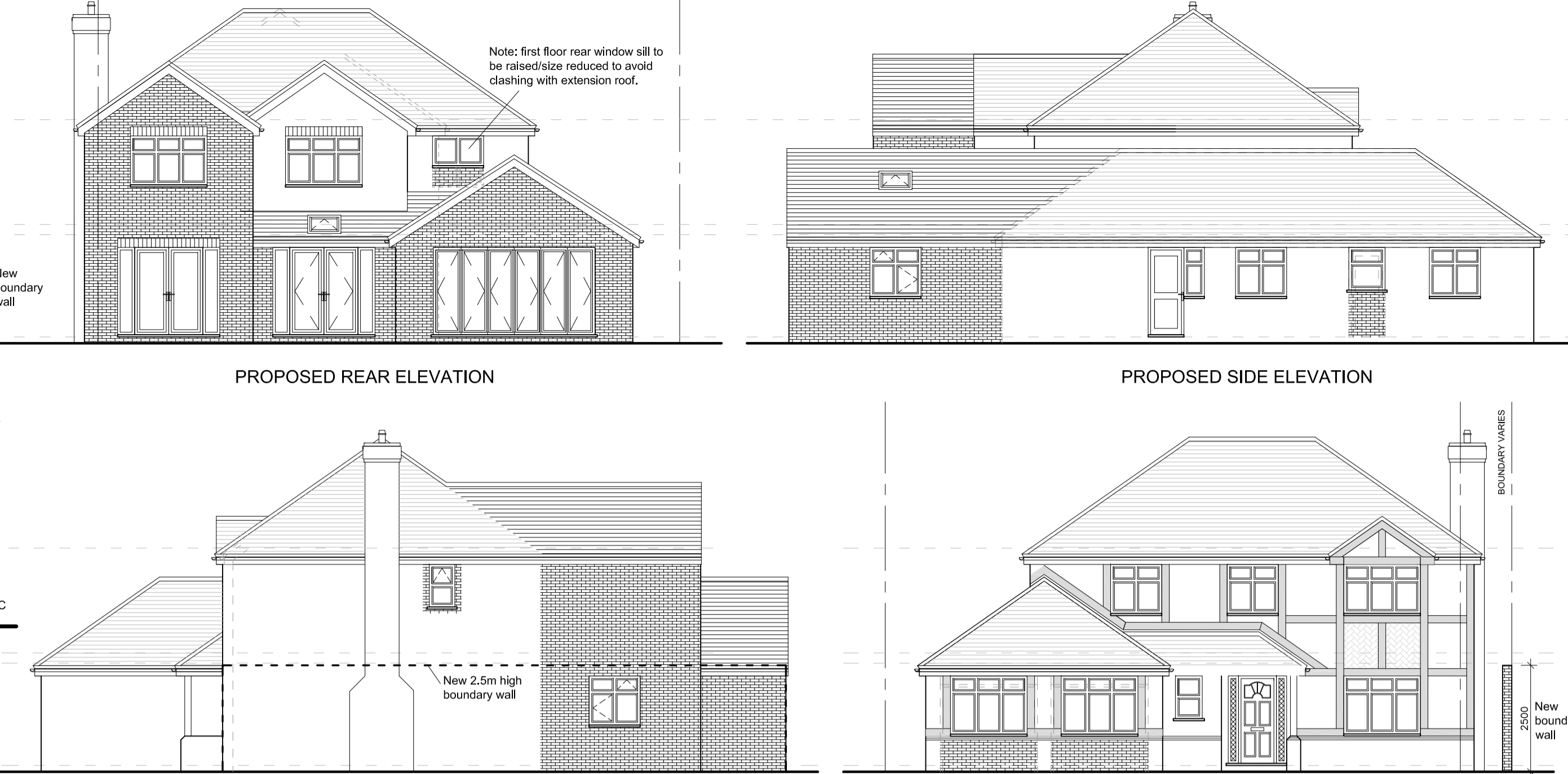


SCALE = 1 TO 100 (Ex. plans & all elevations) 0m 2m 4m 6m

SCALE = 1 TO 20 (Prop. plan & sections) 0m 1m 2m 3m



PROPOSED SECTION 1:50

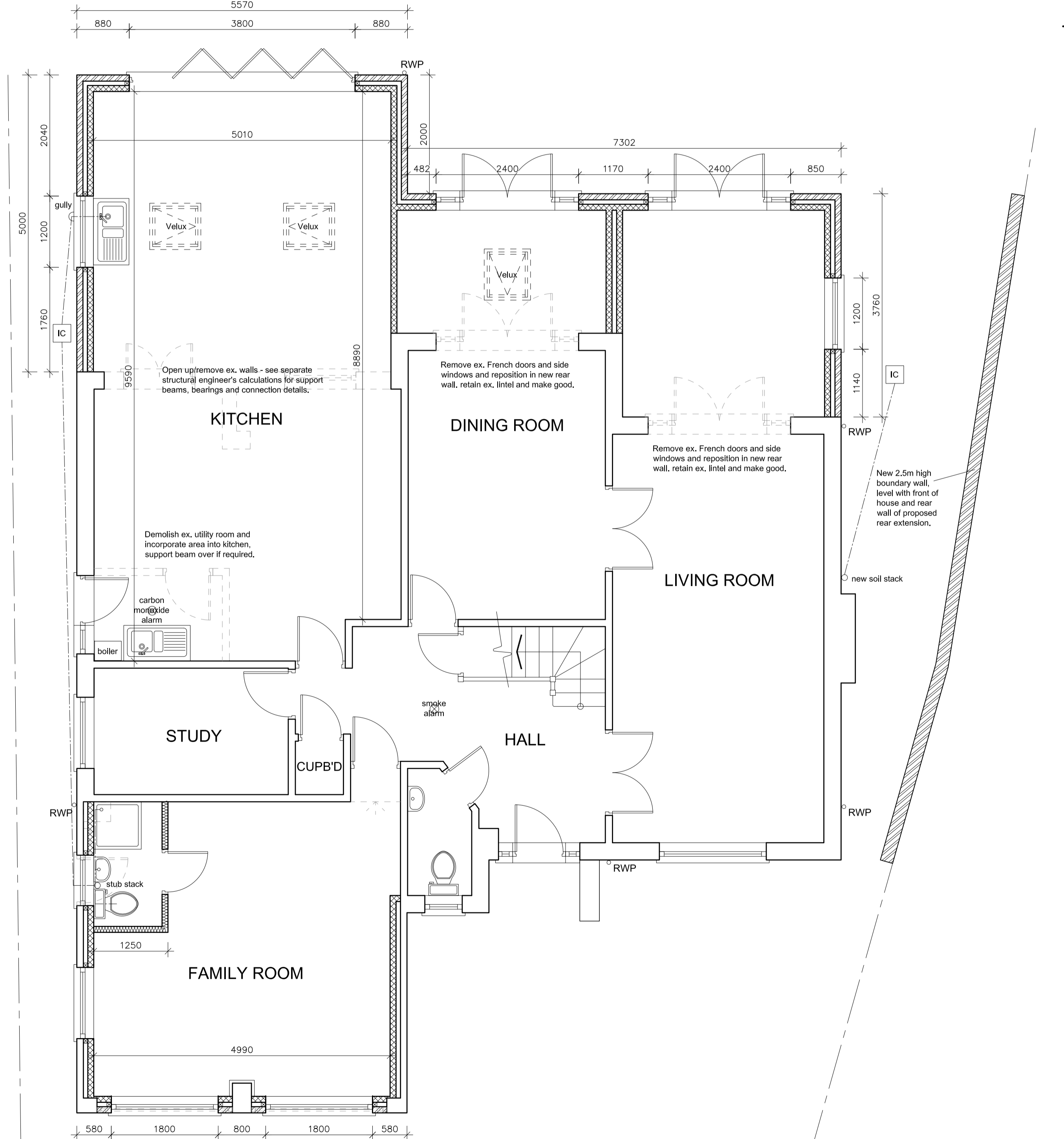


PROPOSED REAR ELEVATION

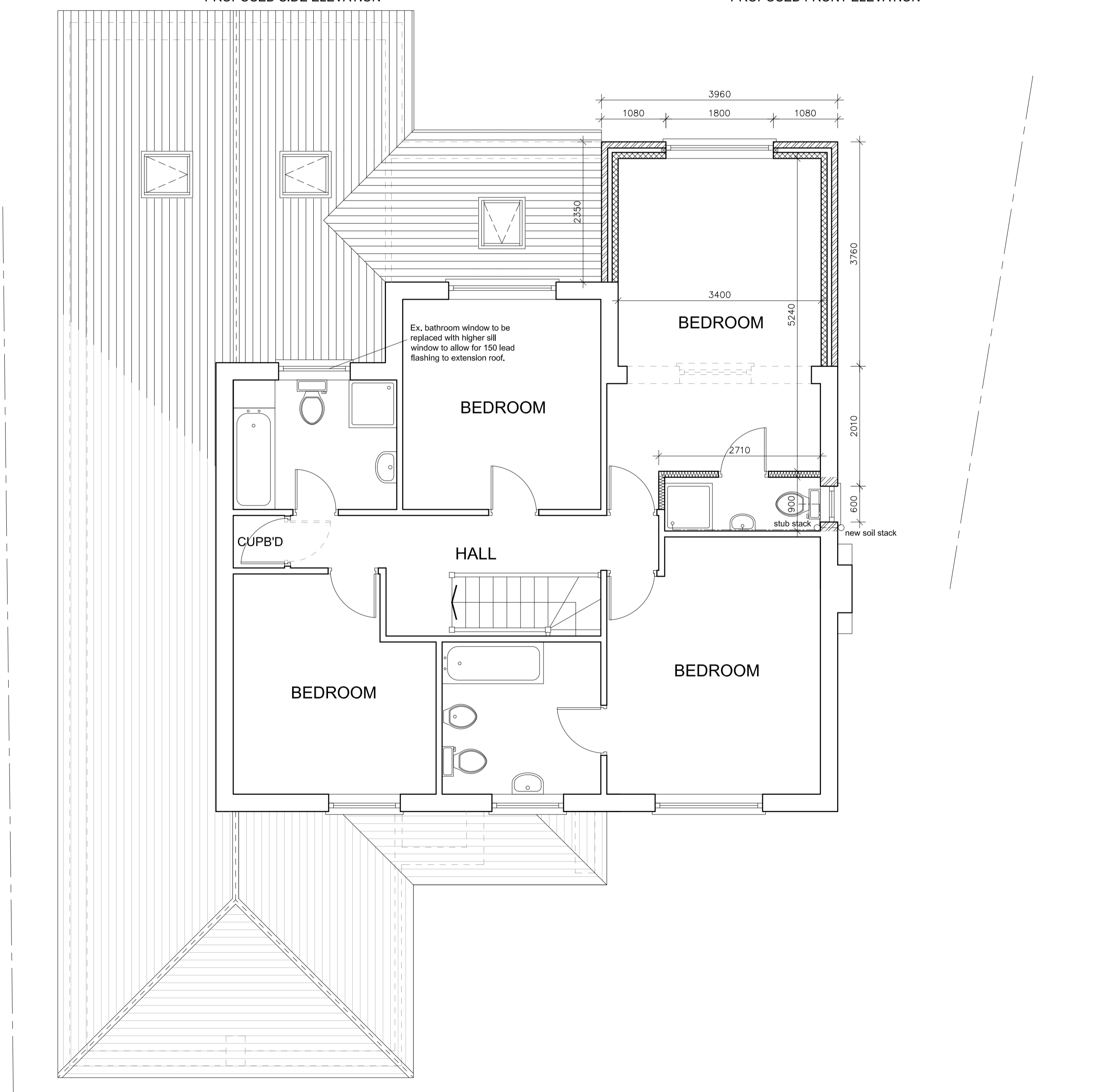
PROPOSED SIDE ELEVATION

PROPOSED SIDE ELEVATION

PROPOSED FRONT ELEVATION



PROPOSED GROUND FLOOR PLAN 1:50



PROPOSED FIRST FLOOR PLAN 1:50

- NOTE:** This drawing has been prepared for submission to the local authority for approval under the Planning Act and Building Regulations. Assumptions may have been made on all relevant facts and dimensions must be taken by the builder when the drawing is used for construction. This drawing should not be scaled, except for LA Planning Dept. purposes only. All work must comply with the Building Regulations (as amended in force at the time of application), current BS codes of practice and Building Regulations to the Building Inspector's satisfaction. Clarify with the Building Inspector prior to commencement whether permission is required for any work to (or which affects) the work.
- FOUNDATIONS:** To be to local authority/BM requirements, min. 1000 deep, 350 wide for first storey extension and 450 wide for single storey extension, level of any steps in the immediate area and to take into account all relevant site conditions e.g. type of soil and presence of any tree roots (if applicable). Existing foundations subject to additional loads one to be exposed and checked for adequacy. Any foundations excavated close to neighbour's walls are to be dug in bays to avoid undermining existing foundations.
- GROUND FLOOR:** To be level with existing. Check existing concrete and if suitable retain in place for new floor, otherwise break up ex. concrete & use as hardcore for new floor. Remove all vegetable soil, min. 150mm. Lay wet compacted hardcore to make up height of necessary, 100mm polythene, 1200g polythene DPM, continuous with DPC, 100mm concrete, 110mm Celotex GA4000, or equivalent rigid PIR insulation, 25mm perimeter insulation, 500g polythene separating layer, 75mm screed, reinforced with chicken wire. Max. 'U' value: 0.18 W/m²K. Maintain underfloor ventilation if applicable using suspended timber floor construction, if preferred: break up any existing concrete, lay min. 100mm concrete, laid to fall to drainage outlet to prevent sub-floor water. Ensure min. 150 gpg is maintained between concrete and suspended timber. Floor joists to be 47 x 147 at 400/c/c, supported on GI, joist hangers (and herringbone sleeper wall(s) as required at change in direction or if span exceeds 3000) 25mm flooring grade 1&G chipboard (moisture-resistant grade in kitchen/utility/bathroom areas). Provide solid or herringbone strutting at 300mm/2/metre with air bricks. Fix 150mm Celotex GA4000, or equivalent insulation between joists, supported on battens / gypboard joists to manufacturer's instructions.
- WALLS:** New external walls are to be brick cavity/rendered block construction as shown, rendered brick walls are to comprise 250mm Thermatec Turbo, 20mm two coat waterproof external render (painted white or pebbledashed to match existing) 75mm Gyproc ThermoLine Super on dabs extending as closely as possible, 110mm cavity with 50mm Celotex filled to inner leaf, 25mm clean coat, 100mm Thermatec Turbo inner skin, 15mm plasterboard on dabs with skim coat finish internally. External wall maximum 'U' value 0.18 W/m²K. Note: front brickwork renders are to be tied into each other. Provide horizontal DPC, min. 150mm above ground level, continuous with DPM and with ex. house DPC, not bridged by render, to BS 5262-1:1978, with stainless steel or similar self strip for rendered walls and provide vertical DPC at any junctions of brick and block - use ex. Thermatec to avoid cold bridges. Provide stainless steel wall ties to BS 1243 at max. 750/c/c horizontally and 450/c/c vertically. Incorporate expansion joints at maximum 6000/c/c, first joints to be max. 3000 from corners. Use Turix Expansion Profiles at junctions of 450/c/c vertically. Incorporate expansion joints at max. 100 x 50 wall-to-wall joints to be max. 3000 from corners. Use Turix Expansion Profiles at junctions of 450/c/c, 100mm Rockwool Acoustic sound ins. quilt fill, 12.5mm plasterboard & skim finish with double floor joists under if suspended timber floor. Note: partitions enclosing bedrooms and/or bathrooms are to have additional sound insulation to comply with the 2003 Regs (part E) use proprietary sound-reducing wall-board and acoustic fill. Use edges to avoid flanking transmission. Fix cavity trays as/req'd.
- FIRST FLOOR:** Lay 25mm flooring grade 1&G chipboard (moisture-resistant grade in kitchen/utility/bathroom areas) on joists, supported on GI, joist hangers, line underside of joists with 12.5mm plasterboard and skim. Provide 30 x 5 gyp. MS rebar strips at max. 2000/c/c and solid or herringbone strutting at mid-span. Provide double joists under partitions, feet of bath and 3mm under chimney/flue min. 40mm gap between chimney & new floor/roof timber (existing chimney height is to be built up as shown). New floor is to comply with 2003 Sound Regs with resilient layer (e.g. 25mm mineral wool) above joists / below floor finish to reduce impact sound & fill between joists with min. 150mm Rockwool Acoustic quilt. Provide rebar strips to tie floor joists to gable wall where applicable.
- ROOF:** First floor roof to match and line through with existing main roof, use matching plan files, laid at approx. 35-40° (to match and line through with existing) to manufacturer's instructions. Lay lines on preservative treated battens, on reinforced roofing felt to BS 747. New rafters to be 47 x 100 at 400/c/c bedrouted and spiked to 75 x 50 wall plates, span approx. 2200. Joists are to be 47 x 170 at 400/c/c, side to side, span 3400. Join rafters using 12mm diameter bolts and dog tooth connectors. Note: check structural engineer's specification sheets and if at variance then structural engineer's calculations take precedence. Line underside of rafters with 12.5mm full backed plasterboard, skim coat finish. Provide 300mm Rockwool insulation between and across joists, following manufacturer's installation recommendations, max. 'U' value 0.18 W/m²K. Ensure a 25mm continuous ventilation gap is maintained at eaves and the equivalent of a continuous 5mm gap of high level, fit proprietary continuous ridge ventilation system, or preferably use a proprietary breathable membrane in place of standard roofing felt. Strip roof to walls at perimeter using vertical 30 x 5 galvanized mild steel straps at max. 2000/c/c, with additional lateral restraint straps where joists run parallel to walls. Provide code 5 lead at roof-wall junctions where applicable. Ground floor roof: Use matching concrete interlocking tiles laid at approx. 15° to manufacturer's instructions. Remove tiles from eaves as necessary, of existing roof timbers are to be retained, extension roof is to be built off existing using lay boards, etc. Lay tiles on preservative treated battens, on reinforced roofing felt to BS 747. New rafters to be 47 x 100 at 400/c/c or as specified by structural engineer (if different than engineer takes precedence) bedrouted and spiked to 75 x 50 wall plates. Ceiling joists are to be 47 x 147, at 400/c/c (or as specified by structural engineer) need to wall plates and rafters. Provide double 47 x 220 batten in opposite direction to ceiling joists, to prevent sagging. Use 12mm diameter bolts and dog tooth connectors. Line underside of joists with 12.5mm full backed plasterboard, skim coat finish. Lay 300mm Rockwool insulation between and across joists, following manufacturer's installation recommendations, max. 'U' value 0.18 W/m²K. Ensure a 25mm continuous ventilation gap is maintained at eaves and the equivalent of a continuous 5mm gap of high level, fit proprietary continuous ridge ventilation system, or preferably use a proprietary breathable membrane in place of standard roofing felt. Strip roof to walls at perimeter using vertical 30 x 5 galvanized mild steel straps at max. 2000/c/c, with additional lateral restraint straps where joists run parallel to walls. Provide code 5 lead at roof-wall junctions. (Alternative: insulated rafters with upper ceiling insulate rafters with 150mm Celotex GA4000 rigid urethane foil faced insulation board. Fill timber batten/stops to rafters - min. 50mm ventilation gap above ins. Fit 15mm insulation between and 50mm batten rafters to manufacturer's instructions, ensuring tight fit. Fix 12.5mm plasterboard to rafters, max. 'U' value 0.18 W/m²K.) Ensure a 15mm continuous ventilation gap is maintained at eaves (25mm if insulation is applied to rafters rather than run) and the equivalent of a continuous 5mm gap at high level, fit proprietary continuous ridge ventilation system, or use proprietary breathable membrane in place of standard roofing felt. Join roof timbers using 12mm bolts and dog tooth connectors. Strip roof to walls at perimeter using vertical 30 x 5 galvanized mild steel straps at max. 2000/c/c, with additional lateral restraint straps where joists run parallel to walls. Provide 150mm code 5 lead flashing at roof-wall junction. Taken up 100mm.
- SMOKE ALARM:** An approved mains wired interlinked smoke detector is to be provided in hallways of all levels complying with building regulations Part B1, 2003. Fit a mains wired carbon monoxide alarm between 1m and 3m from the boiler.
- VENTILATION:** Habitable rooms to have trickle vent background ventilation, min. 800mm² across utility and WC/bathrooms to have similar, but to be 400mm² and extractor fans, direct to open air, capable of extracting min. 15 litres/sec (l/s) (bathrooms), 30 litres/sec (l/s) and 60 litres/sec in kitchen (30 l/s/sec in a cooker hood), capable of intermittent operation. Any rooms without opening windows are to have fans linked to light switch with a minimum 15 minute overrun and a 10mm air gap under the door. Ducts or vents passing through floor or walls are to be fire stopped with proprietary safety access panels at branches and hose to BS 476. Ventilation systems should be installed & commissioned in accordance with the guidance given in the 2010 edition of the Domestic Ventilation Compliance Guide. Sufficient information about the ventilation system should be given to the building owner upon completion of the building work, so that the ventilation system can be operated to provide adequate air flow.
- DRAINAGE:** To comply with BS 8301 and 5572. Surface water is to fall to rainwater gutters to match and unite (where possible) with existing, discharging into rear/ex. RWB as shown, connecting to new gutter. Do not connect to existing downpipes or construction pathways, min. 5000 from any building. Note: if an available separate surface water drainage system is proposed, then surface water may be taken to this, subject to agreement with the Building Inspector. If rainwater capacity is to be taken to existing drainage, then they are to be located and opened up to determine if suitable and upgraded as necessary. WC to have 100mm pipe & 50mm trap, trap 32 pipe & 75 lead lines, 1700 pipe run - increase to 40mm pipe if over 1700, both sewer/joist, 40mm pipe & 75mm lead. Note: the only external waste receptacles discovered on inspection were: rear ex. rear wall ventilation. Chambers as indicated. New ground level to be finished with 150mm concrete or trip glass, level E, ex. = G1, organ filed, 16mm gap to DPC. Connect to rear wall stack with air venting above roof level, discharging into IC as shown and stub floor water venting into rear wall stack, discharging into rear wall stack. Stub floor water venting with new external soil stack discharging into existing inspection chamber and full waste water to be discharged into rear wall stack, as shown. If rear wall stack BI gully, with 100mm below ground connecting pipe to IC as above. Note: multiple soak depth is to be checked on completion of work, if inspection reveals on better alternative, then four waste may discharge into this, subject to agreement with the Building Inspector. Connect to rear wall stack with air venting above roof level, discharging into IC as shown and stub floor water venting into rear wall stack, discharging into rear wall stack. Drain is to have a minimum fall of 1 in 40 and one to be provided in pipe single. A suitable supply of landscape water is to be supplied for new watering and food preparation areas, in accordance with Approved Document G-C13. If that water is to be supplied to the rear wall extension, it should be metered and graded and made good using claycrete and remote roofing access installed.
- OPENINGS:** Expose and check any existing lintels subject to additional loads to balcony. Lintels subject to additional loads are to be checked for adequacy and proved by calculation or foundations exposed if required by BS 8100:1985. New escape windows (i.e. of new windows to habitable rooms) should have an unobstructed opening area of at least 0.30m², with neither wall nor height less than 400mm, bottom of opening sections to be min. 800mm from 1100 above floor level and max. 1700 from eaves. All beams/lintels are to have a minimum end bearing of 150mm. Any existing lintels subject to additional loads are to be exposed and checked for adequacy. Beams are to be encased in 12.5mm Gyproc fireline plasterboard for half hour fire resistance. All new glazing is to be latest spec. Pilkington K1 or equivalent low E glass, min. 'U' value 1.4 W/m²K - e.g. double glazed, low-E, ex = G1, organ filed, 16mm gap to DPC. Connect to rear wall stack with air venting above roof level, discharging into IC as shown and stub floor water venting into rear wall stack, discharging into rear wall stack. Light wall walls are to be insulated with 90mm Celotex or similar, where necessary. Any new glazing is to be to latest spec. Pilkington K1 or equivalent. Manufacturers details are to be supplied to the Building Inspector to show compliance. Low energy lighting is to be provided to three out of four fixed light fittings, in the areas affected by the building work (cupboards & wardrobes are excluded). Low energy light fittings should have lamps with a luminous efficacy greater than 40 lumens per circuit-watt and a total output greater than 400 lumens. Luminaire information can be found in the Domestic Building Services Compliance Guide 2010, to comply with Regulation L18. Provide covering, sinking and to match existing. Electrical installation is to be to latest practice in accordance with IEE standards and Approved Document P - to be designed and installed in accordance with that document. Inspection and testing of works to be undertaken by a competent person (i.e. a registered electrical engineer) and approved by BS 7671 electrical installation conditions is to be issued prior to completion of works. All new and extended rooms are to have additional radiators to match existing fitted with thermostatic radiator valves, connected to existing gas central heating system, check position and capacity of existing central heating boiler and if required replace with new 'comparing' balanced flow boiler installed by an approved/qualified registered plumber (SEDBID) rating to be better than 92%, suitably ventilated and positioned on external wall (note: extract duct to be min. 300mm from external doors or windows). If the boiler is replaced, appropriate controls must be provided for the particular type of appliance and heat distribution system. Any fixed building service products, replaced or extended should follow the guidance in the Domestic Building Services Compliance Guide.

**7, Ascot Mews, Wallingford, Surrey**  
Proposed one/and two storey rear extension & alterations  
Scale: 1 to 100 & 1 to 50 Date: 12th April 2023  
**Andrew Kenfield Associates**  
20, Tully Close, Tadworth, Surrey, KT20 5LA, Tel: 07506 104906

amendments: 09-06-23 'K'- BLDG REGS CONDITIONS AMENDS. 23-06-23 'N'- REAR EXTENSION ENLARGED. 13-07-23 'O'- MISSING CHIMNEY/VALE ADDED. 05-10-23 'P'- UPDATED FOR BLDG COMPLIANCE. 30-01-24 'E'- FF REAR EXTENSION ADDED.  
drawing number: **15582E**  
(A1)