

The Richards Partnership - Proposed Landscaping Plan

4.27 Landscaping

The existing Birdworld and garden centre site is visually well contained by surrounding ancient woodland. Public views to the site are only available locally, primarily from the A325, which adjoins the site's eastern boundary.

Several residential dwellings adjoin the southern boundary and are accessed off Gravel Hill Road. There is also an existing residential dwelling to the south of the existing Birdworld Visitor centre building. The site falls gently from the south-western corner to the north-west corner by circa 6m. There is a more pronounced fall in level of circa 4m, down to the southeast corner, where the site adjoins the A325.

The site is currently accessed via two separate junctions off the A325. A new roundabout would provide access to both the proposed new Birdworld visitor centre and the proposed new garden centre, both of which would have a dedicated car park.

Birdworld Car Park

Planting design approaches would vary to provide different identities and characters for the Birdworld and Garden Centre sites. The Birdworld car park would take on an informal, naturalistic approach, with mounded landforms and quarried boulders to provide low level screening and containment of the parking bays. Proposed plant species have been selected to simulate a lowland heath habitat, comprising native grasses,

heathers and dwarf gorse. Native species hedging and shrubs such as dogwood and spindle would also be utilised in conjunction with native tree planting to provide additional structure.

Garden Centre Car Park and Approach Road

The garden centre car park and approach road would have a more manicured and formal character, with formal clipped hedges, ornamental shrubs, herbaceous plants and grasses, set within close mown grass verges interplanted with spring bulbs.

Tree Planting

The car park layouts have been developed to enable extensive tree planting which would contribute to ensuring the site achieves an overall gain in biodiversity and provide a treed character, consistent with the site's surroundings.

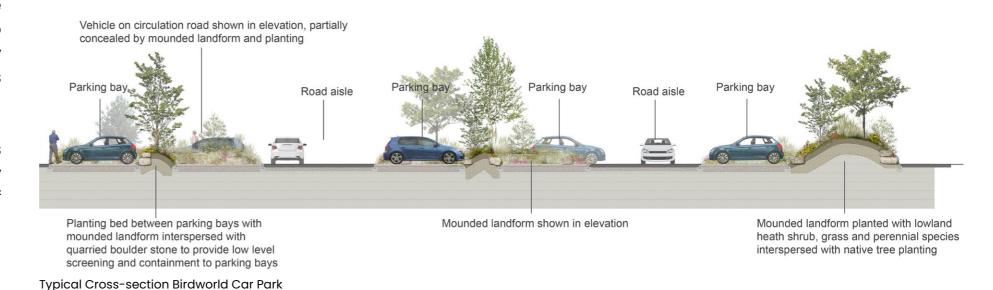
Buffer planting would be introduced along the site's southern boundary to reinforce existing boundary planting which would provide additional screening of the site from adjoining residential properties.

Retaining Walls

In response to the falling ground levels, a retaining wall approximately 2m high along the southern extents of the car park and approximately 0.8m high along southeastern extents of the car park would be required, to ensure car park levels are within acceptable gradients for trolley use. The walls facing the A325 would be clad with pre-grown ivy panels to provide an instant soft, greened frontage to the site.

SuDS

Permeable paving would be utilised within the parking bays to intercept surface water at source. A surface water attenuation basin would be formed in the location of an existing, poor quality, waterfowl pond in the lower southeastern corner of the site. This would act to attenuate and cleanse surface water from the site before being released in a controlled manner. The basin would be seeded with a native meadow seed mix and managed to provide a species rich grassland. A proposed swale extending through the centre of the Birdworld car park



would intercept surface water from the road aisles. The swale would be seeded with a native seed mix for wetlands and marginal planting within localised boggy areas would provide additional species diversity.

A rain garden is proposed to intercept surface water from the hard standing at the Birdworld arrival area. This would be planted with a selection of ornamental plants and grasses. Quarried stone boulders and logs would be added to create opportunities for natural play and a board walk link would provide direct access to the adjoining amenity lawn.

Adventure Playground & Woodland Enhancement

The proposals also entail the introduction of a Play Barn building and adventure playground, associated with Birdworld. The building would be located adjacent to an existing small woodland and the adventure playground would be introduced within the woodland. The woodland comprises dense belts of coniferous trees around the southern and eastern edges, with predominately mixed deciduous trees in the centre.

The layout of the adventure playground will be developed in conjunction with the project arboriculturist's and ecologist's recommendations, to ensure that the proposals are integrated within and around existing trees of value, whilst also taking the opportunity to implement a management and re-planting regime to arrive at an overall improvement to the existing woodland. Existing close grown groups of cypress trees would be removed and replanted with mixed native deciduous trees to enhance the current condition of the woodland.

Species Rich Grassland

An existing area of grassland to the north of the site would be enhanced to create species rich grassland, through overseeding and a change to the management regime, further contributing to the overall improvement of biodiversity on the site.



Grasslands



Adventure Play



Adventure Play

4.28 Ecology

Introduction

The following is a summary of the ecological survey information, mitigation proposals and Biodiversity Net Gain position.

Biodiversity Net Gain

The Environment Act 2021 sets out a compulsory increase of 10% biodiversity net gain on all new developments and will become mandatory as of February 2024. The proposed development will deliver a net gain for habitats of 12.36%, as well as a net gain in hedgerows of 27.41% and 74.65% for watercourses.

Ecology Summary

The site has been subject to an ecological assessment including habitat and protected species surveys, the latter with a particular focus on bats. The site is directly adjacent to an area of ancient woodland, the majority of which is Plantation on an Ancient Woodland Site (PAWS), but that immediately adjacent is designated ancient and semi-natural. The woodland is also designated as a Site of Importance for Nature Conservation (SINC). A 15-metre buffer zone, including areas of semi-natural habitat, will be provided from areas of new built

development. The site lies within the Impact Risk Zone for Bentley Station Meadows Site of Special Scientific Interest (SSSI), but it is not one of the categories of development that requires consultation.

The site comprises buildings, woodland, trees, scrub, hedgerows, ponds, modified and neutral grassland, bare ground, ground level planters, introduced shrubs and hardstanding. Mature trees and habitats of relatively greater ecological interest with the site are retained, wherever feasible, as part of the proposed development. Significant new tree planting, along with the establishment of new and replacement habitats, is also proposed.

Survey work has identified the evidence of roosting bats in some of the buildings. These roosts are all of common species and, for the most part, small in nature. Habitats on site also offer suitability to foraging and commuting bats. The proposed demolition of some of these buildings; which will affect only small roosts of common species, will require a Natural England licence in due course.

Replacement roosting opportunities are included within the proposed development, including a dedicated bat loft in the new play barn. Consideration will be had to lighting design, as well as the provision of bat boxes onto retained trees or new buildings.

No Badger setts or activity were recorded during surveys, although the site does provide foraging, dispersal and sett building opportunities. Therefore, prior to commencement of groundworks, the site will be checked to ensure no new setts have been excavated. Standard measures will be implemented to during construction to guard against adverse effects on Badgers.

Pre-development habitats offer good opportunities for Hedgehogs. Woody / shrub habitats will be cleared outside the winter hibernation period. New planting will include a range of native species which contain features beneficial to hedgehogs. Installation of Hedgehog gateways and hibernation aids will provide further opportunities post-development.

The site offers suitable nesting and foraging opportunities for birds throughout, with the woodland and mature trees providing the greatest interest, these will be retained as part of the proposal. Suitable nesting habitats will be removed outside of the nesting period or checked by an ecologist prior to removal. Additional nesting opportunities will be provided through the installation of bird boxes. In addition, a planting regime of fruit-bearing species will be implemented to continue to provide foraging opportunities.

A good assemblage of common invertebrate species is expected. The retention of hedgerows and wooded belts, and the establishment of further hedgerows, trees, scrub, shrubs and meadow grassland will continue to provide opportunities for invertebrates.

Overall, the survey work completed has identified some habitats of ecological interest and use by protected species. The proposals incorporate the majority of habitats of value as part of the green infrastructure for the new development, while delivering new habitats of ecological interest that will deliver a significant Biodiversity Net Gain, as well as specific new features for wildlife.



Bat & Bird Boxes



Hedgehog Gateway



Bat Box

4.29 Highways

Access

Access is proposed via a new 3-arm roundabout from the A325, with dedicated access arms for Birdworld and Forest Lodge. It has been designed in line with the recorded speeds on the A325 and in accordance with the Design Manual for Roads and Bridges (DMRB) CD116. It has also been subject to an independent Road Safety Audit and been subject to consultation with Hampshire County Council. Capacity testing has been undertaken which demonstrates that it can accommodate the traffic demands of the proposals.

The existing Forest Lodge access will be removed and the existing Birdworld access will be closed to general traffic. Both existing junctions are sub-standard, and the proposed roundabout will provide a material highway safety benefit by:

- Providing a junction with adequate visibility;
- Being designed to standard;
- Reducing the number of operational junctions on the A325;
- · Reducing vehicle speeds; and
- Providing improved pedestrian and cycle crossings on all arms

Whilst the proposed roundabout will reduce speeds on the A325, a financial contribution will be made to Hampshire County Council to fund a Traffic Regulation Order (TRO) to reduce the speed limit on the A325 from 50mph to 40mph.

Sustainable Transport Improvements

Footways and pedestrian/cycle crossings will be provided on all arms of the roundabout to enable direct pedestrian access to both Forest Lodge and Birdworld, as well as a new footway on the eastern side of the A325 to provide a direct connection to Footpath 50 and an onward walking connection to Alice Holt.

The new footways will provide a direct connection to Gravel Hill Road (signed as the local Forest Research Adaptation Trail walking route) which provides onward pedestrian/cycle connections to Bentley Railway Station.

Improvements will also be made to the Gravel Hill Road bus stops on the A325, including direct footway connections to Forest Lodge and Birdworld and new bus shelters. Real time travel information will be provided at the bus shelters to be secured via a financial contribution.

Traffic Impact

A comprehensive trip generation and traffic assessment has been undertaken using robust parameters agreed with Hampshire County Council. This has been based on empirical traffic data collected at Forest Lodge / Birdworld and has included testing numerous assessment scenarios to fully account for the seasonality of both businesses.

The traffic impact assessment demonstrates that the local highway network is expected to continue to operate well within capacity with the addition of the proposed development. Officers at Hampshire County Council have confirmed this position.

Site Layout, Car and Cycle Parking

The site layout has been designed to provide adequate access for all users, including direct and convenient walking and cycling routes to building entrances. All delivery, servicing and emergency vehicles can be accommodated with ease. A total of 840 car parking spaces are to be provided across the site as follows:

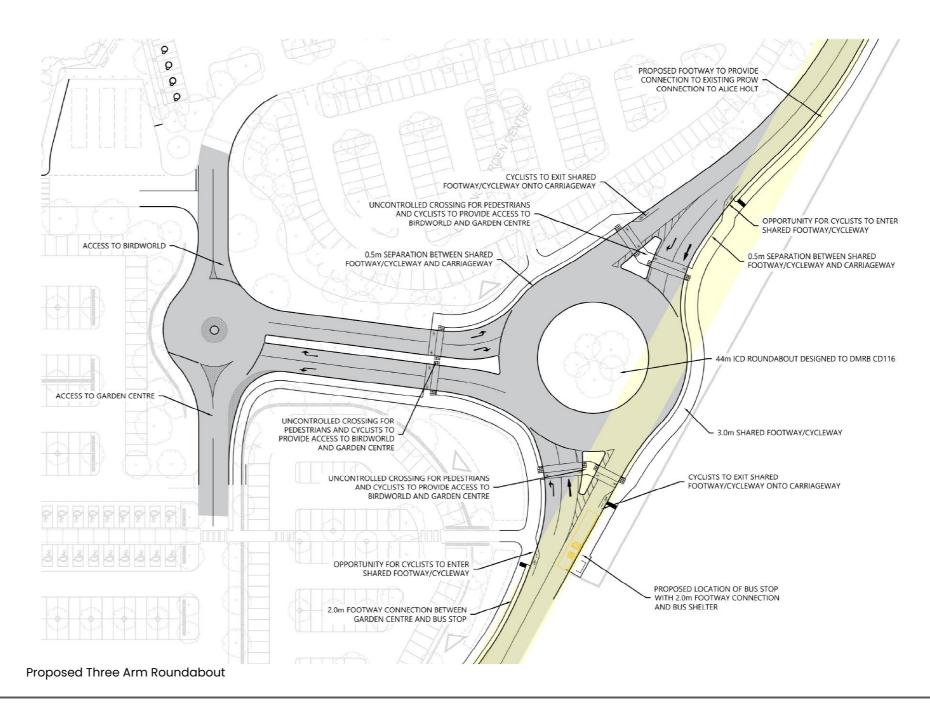
- 418 spaces for Birdworld; and
- 422 spaces for Forest Lodge.

A parking assessment based on empirical data has been undertaken which demonstrates that the proposed parking provision is sufficient to accommodate the parking demands of both Birdworld and Forest Lodge. Dedicated spaces for mobility impaired users, families and car sharers will also be provided, as well as electric vehicle charging points.

Covered and secure cycle parking will be provided in line with the local standards. Shower and changing facilities will be provided for staff within the buildings.

Travel Plans

Travel Plans for both Birdworld and Forest Lodge have been prepared and will be implemented at both sites. The Travel Plans will set out a range of measures to promote and facilitate the use of sustainable transport modes and to reduce reliance on the private car. The Travel Plans have been prepared in line with local/national guidance and will be monitored on a regular basis.



4.30 Building Services Inc. BREEAM and Drainage

Ion have produced the following information in support of the planning application:

- Low/Zero Carbon Report
- Passive Design Report
- Thermal Comfort Report
- BREEAM Evidence Letter

The below energy statement sets out the principles of the M&E design:

The proposed development will achieve full compliance with Building Regulations, and achieve a BREEAM 'Excellent' Rating and an EPC Rating of A.

This will be achieved by adopting a fabric first approach, with the building fabric thermal properties, glazing properties and air permeability exceeding the requirements of the Building Regulations minimum standards by some margin.

The building will utilise high efficiency air source heat pump technology to provide internal comfort to the staff and public within the building.

Localised cooling will be provided to areas of the building subject to overheating using a high efficiency air conditioning heating and cooling system to provide internal comfort to the occupants.

Hot water will be provided by means of an electric boiler and cylinder arrangement, utilising the energy generated by the roof mounted photovoltaic array providing a high efficiency means of hot water generation.

The building will capture rainwater from the site utilising a below ground rainwater harvesting tank, the captured rainwater will be used for irrigation purposes across the site to reduce strain on the local infrastructure.

High efficiency LED lighting will be provided throughout the development.

Intelligent controls will be utilised to ensure the building services only operate when necessary, including CO2 sensors, temperature sensors, presence and absence detection and daylight dimming etc.

All buildings will also be provided with a large roof mounted PV array which will offset the energy consumption of the building during daylight hours, with any surplus energy exported back to the electricity grid.

The car park areas for each site will be provided with

electric vehicle charging points as follows;

- Garden Centre 8No Electric Vehicle Charging Points.
- Birdworld 8No Electric Vehicle Charging Points.



Photovoltaic Array

Sustainable Drainage

Managing flood risk is an important part of achieving sustainable development. Sustainable Drainage Systems (SUDS) have a key role to play in flood management for new (and existing) developments. The site will benefit from an improved overall drainage system, designed to current standards and guidance.

Surface Water

- The existing surface water system currently discharges off the site with no flow control. New surface water systems will be provided in accordance with current Sustainable Drainage Guidance.
- The new System will attenuate (Store on site and release slowly) into the existing site discharge connections. The attenuation provided will significantly reduce the peak flows from the site and reduce flooding risk to the surrounding areas.
- It will incorporate biodiversity aspects in combination with the landscaping and ecology plans for the site.
- The new drainage system will have an agreed maintenance regime to ensure its ongoing reliability.

Foul Water

- Foul drainage will be renewed/replaced in accordance with the current Building Regulations.
- The foul system will continue to connect into the Thames Water network.



Sustainable Drainage



Sustainable Drainage

05 Public Consultation

5.1 Engagement

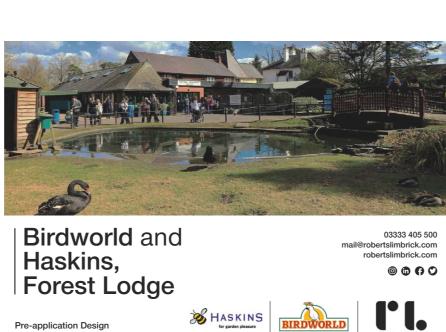
As part of the design process, Birdworld and Haskins engaged in a public consultation to offer interested parties the opportunity to review the proposals and offer thier feedback.

This was an important exercise during the pre-planning design process to engage with local residents; allowing participation, which has been a positive contribution.



5.2 Public Consultation Boards

The following images show thumbnails of the consultation boards as presented:



Pre-application Design November 2023















The need for change



Birdworld and Haskins, Forest Lodge















Introduction



Site Plan - Birdworld











Improvements to Birdworld











Pre-application Design | November 2023

Birdworld and

Haskins, Forest Lodge









Site Plan - Forest Lodge



Birdworld and Haskins, Forest Lodge







Site Plan - Landscape & Ecology







Birdworld and

Forest Lodge

HASKINS





Sustainability and Drainage

Haskins,











Birdworld and Haskins, Forest Lodge







Site plan - Overall masterplan



Should you have any further queries or comments after the drop in session, please contact us by email : farnham.development@birdworld.co.uk

Roberts Limbrick

Gloucester office: The Carriage Building Bruton Way Gloucester GL1 1DG

Newport office: 1 Gold Tops Newport NP20 4PG

London office: 16 Theobalds Road London WC1X 8PL

03333 405 500 robertslimbrick.com

@ **@** (7)







