

The client must abide by the Construction Design and Management Regulations 2015. The client must appoint a contractor, if more than one contractor is to be involved, the client will need to appoint (in writing) a principal designer (to plan, manage and coordinate the planning and design work) and a principal contractor (to plan, manage and coordinate the construction and ensure there are arrangements in place for managing and organising the project)

The domestic client is to appoint a principal designer and a principal contractor when there is more than one contractor, if not your duties will automatically transferred to the contractor or principal contractor.

The designer can take on the duties, provided there is a written agreement between you and the designer to do so.

The Health and Safety Executive is to be notified as soon as possible before construction work starts if the works: (a) Last longer than 30 working days and has more than 20 workers working simultaneously at any point in the project.

The contractor is reminded of their liability to ensure due care, attention and consideration is given in regard to safe practice in compliance with the Health and

The contractor shall ensure that all health, safety and welfare measures required under or by virtue of the provisions of any enactment or regulations, or the working rules of any industry are strictly complied with.

When hazardous substances are identified as being either flammable, toxic, corrosive and explosive, arrangements must be made to ensure that the use, handling, storage and transport of such substances is safe and without risk to health. a written assessment must be made and if the substance is identified as hazardous, necessary control methods, protective clothing and monitoring established. The employees working with hazardous substances must be fully informed on the hazard and suitably instructed on safe handling/use of the substance

Safe systems of work need to be established for all operations of work by relevant supervisors and management. risk assessments will need to be undertaken and where significant, a method statement completed. these need to be reviewed to ensure that they reflect the hazards, bearing in mind the constantly

changing nature of a construction site. Should there be any changes to established safe systems of work, these require to be referred to the originator, whereby revised risk assessments and method

Adequate arrangements must be made to keep workplaces in a clean, orderly and safe condition

provide and maintain safe means of access to and from all working areas and keep clearly marked as appropriate. The environment of the workplace shall be safe and without risk to health. satisfactory levels of lighting, temperature, dust, noise, etc., must be maintained The requirements of the health and safety at work etc. act 1974 and all duties and obligations

imposed by the act, management of health and safety at work regulations 1992 and the construction (design and management) regulations 1994; and all other acts and regulations are to be complied with.

Plant and machinery ; all plant and machinery must be used correctly and be safe and without risk to health. only competent persons may operate plant and machinery and be

trained where necessary. All plant and machinery must be inspected, serviced and maintained as necessary, all of which shall be properly documented. Statutory tests and thorough examinations will be undertaken where necessary and correct

The contractor will provide and maintain a working environment which is safe and without risk to the health of both its employees and persons who may be affected by its employees

No work to commence until all statutory approvals have been obtained.

No work is to commence on site until all structural calculations have been approved by the appointed Building Control authority. Any alterations to the design are to be formally agreed with the Local Authority Planning Department if Town and Country Planning Act legislation applies. Exact boundary positions are to be determined by reference to the Title Plans and Title documents to the property. The entire structure is to be built within the legal boundaries of the site with any encroachments over any boundaries formally agreed with adjoining property

Measures to be put in place during and after the demolition to ensure the protection of the public, public amenities and adjoining properties.

- The control of dust and noise generation.
- The weatherproofing of any parts of adjoining buildings which are left exposed by the demolition.
- The repairing and making good any damage to any adjacent building effected by the demolition. The removal of material or rubbish resulting from the clearance and demolition of the site.
- The disconnection, sealing or removal of any drain or sewer, as required.

The making good of any disturbed ground. Any arrangements necessary for the disconnection off all services (e.g. gas, water, electricity).

Consultation with the Health and Safety Executive, and Fire Authority should be sought if burning structures or materials on site If the demolition is more than 50m<sup>3</sup> in volume a formal notice of demolition is to be given to building control at least six weeks before any demolition work starts, in accordance with The Building Act 1984: Sections 80-83.

Consultation to be undertaken with the occupiers of adjacent buildings where applicable and a Party Wall agreement put in place. A planning application to

All demolition work to comply with the Construction (Design and Management) Regulations 1994 and a Health and Safety plan is to be provided by the

Cavity ties at 225mm vertical centres within 225mm of opening closers. Close reveals withvDamcore insulated vertical DPC in

Suspended block and beam floor to sit on Hyload type damp proof course and that cavity will extend 225mm below this lowest damp

Maman DrC at 150mm about ground even at entrance doorway. DrC cavity days over external opening lintels with proprietary cavity weeps at 450mm max centres. IG galvanised steel open-back insulated lintels, types L1/S 100 throughout and L1/HD 100 under attic trusses, with 150mm min.

N.B. All facing brickwork to be pointed with a bucket handle finish unless otherwise specified on the approved drawings.

Mortar ; Unless otherwise specified, use OPC (white if shown) and lime by Limbux. Unless otherwise specified by structural engineer, use

Adequately protect new walling against snow or rain by suitable covering when precipitation has begun and at completion of day's

Bricks shall comply with BS 3921. sand to comply with BS 1200 table 1. water to be clean and free from any harmful matter. All brickwork and blockwork shall be uniform, true and level, all perpends shall be vertical and in line. joints are to be solid - filled

Bricks are to be laid frog uppermost, no masonry is to be laid when the temperature is below 20



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## SOLID FLOOR INSULATION OVER SLAB To meet min U value required of 0.13 W/m<sup>2</sup>K P/A Ratio 0.5

Solid ground floor to consist of 150mm consolidated well-rammed hardcore. Blinded with 50mm sand blinding. Provide 100mm ST2 or Gen2 ground bearing slab concrete mix to conform to BS 8500-2 over a 1200 gauge polythene DPM. DPM to be lapped in with DPC in walls. Floor to be insulated over slab and DPM with min 120mm thick Kingspan Kooltherm insulation.

Simmi insulation to continue around floor perimeters to avoid thermal bridging. A VCL should be laid over the insulation boards and turned up 100mm at room perimeters behind the skirting, all joints to be lapped 150mm and sealed. Finish with 65mm sand/cement finishing screed with light mesh reinforcement.

Where drain runs pass under new floor, provide A142 mesh 1.0m wide and min 50mm concrete cover over length of drain.

Provide horizontal strip polymer (Hyload) damp proof course to both internal and external skins minimum 150mm above external ground level. New DPC to be made continuous with existing DPC's and with floor DPM. Vertical DPC to be installed at all reveals where cavity is closed

### WALL TIES

All walls constructed with stainless steel vertical twist type retaining wall ties built in at 750mm ctrs horizontally, 450mm vertically and 225mm ctrs at reveals and corners in staggered rows. Wall ties to be suitable for cavity width and in accordance with BS 5628 and BS EN 845-1

#### CAVITIES

Provide cavity trays over openings. All cavities to be closed at eaves and around openings using Thermabate or similar non-combustible insulated cavity closers. Provide vertical DPCs around openings and abutments. All cavity travs must have 150mm upstands and suitable cavity weep holes (min 2) at max 900mm centres.

### CAVITY BARRIERS

30 minute fire resistant cavity barriers to be provided around openings at tops of walls, gable end walls, vertically at junctions with separating walls and horizontally at separating floors. Cavity trays to be provided over barrier where required. Trays and cavity barriers to be installed according to manufacturer's detail

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# at Mill Cottages, Mill Lane Empingham LE15 8QE

# Drawing Title: Proposed Site Layout

# Client : Mrs. R. Griffin

# **Date February 2024**

## Scale 1 to 200 at A3

# Drawing No JDA/2024/20.2100.SITE/001