

## **Economic Regeneration and Transport**

Economic Growth and Development Services Municipal Buildings, Church Road, Stockton on Tees, TS18 1LD Tel: (01642) 526022 Fax: (01642) 526048 DX 60611

## www.stockton.gov.uk

Big plans for an outstanding Borough

Householder Application for Planning Permission for works or extension to a dwelling

Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)

## Publication of applications on planning authority websites

Please note that the information provided on this application form and in supporting documents may be published on the Authority's website. If you require any further clarification, please contact the Authority's planning department.

Site Location	
Disclaimer: We can only make re	ecommendations based on the answers given in the questions.
	the description of site location must be completed. Please provide the most accurate site description you can, to "field to the North of the Post Office".
Number	17
Suffix	
Property Name	
Address Line 1	
Mountstewart	
Address Line 2	
Address Line 3	
Stockton-on-tees	
Town/city	
Wynyard	
Postcode	
TS22 5QN	
Description 6 %	Consider the consideration of the contract of
-	ation must be completed if postcode is not known:
Easting (x)	Northing (y)
443241	526199
Description	

Applicant Details
Name/Company
Title
MRS
First name
SHARON
Surname
LAND
Company Name
Address
Address line 1
17 Mountstewart
Address line 2
Address line 3
Town/City
Wynyard
County
Stockton-on-tees
Country
Postcode
TS22 5QN
Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant?
○ No
Contact Details
Primary number
***** REDACTED *****

Secondary number	
Fax number	
Email address	
***** REDACTED *****	
Agent Details	
Name/Company	
Title	
Mr	
First name	
Michael	
Surname	
Brown	
Company Name	
Address	
Address line 1	
11 Alum Close	
Address line 2	
Address line 3	
Town/City	
Middlesbrough	
County	
Country	
Postcode	
TS8 9GB	

Contact Details		
Primary number		
***** REDACTED *****		
Secondary number		
Fax number		
T AX TIUTIDET		
Email address		
***** REDACTED *****		
Description of Proposed Works		
Please describe the proposed works		
SINGLE STOREY HIPPED ROOF SIDE EXTENSION. SINGLE STOREY FLAT ROOF REAR EXTENSION		
Has the work already been started without consent?		
○ Yes		
⊗ No		
Matorials		
Materials  Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Materials  Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ✓ Yes		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ✓ Yes		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ✓ Yes		
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ✓ Yes		

material)
Type: Walls Existing materials and finishes: BRICK Proposed materials and finishes: BRICK
Type: Roof  Existing materials and finishes: CONCRETE TILES  Proposed materials and finishes: CONCRETE TILES & GRP FLAT ROOF COVERING
Type: Windows Existing materials and finishes: WHITE UPVC Proposed materials and finishes: WHITE UPVC
Type: Doors  Existing materials and finishes: WHITE UPVC  Proposed materials and finishes: WHITE UPVC DOORS & ALUMINIUM BI-FOLD DOORS
Are you supplying additional information on submitted plans, drawings or a design and access statement?  ○ Yes  ⊙ No
Trees and Hedges  Are there any trees or hedges on the property or on adjoining properties which are within falling distance of the proposed development?  ○ Yes  ○ No  Will any trees or hedges need to be removed or pruned in order to carry out your proposal?  ○ Yes  ○ No

Please provide a description of existing and proposed materials and finishes to be used externally (including type, colour and name for each

Is a new or altered vehicle access proposed to or from the public highway?  O Yes  No  Is a new or altered pedestrian access proposed to or from the public highway?  O Yes  No  Do the proposals require any diversions, extinguishment ancirc creation of public rights of way?  O Yes  No  Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  O Yes  No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  For live confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of lain in Engined shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the general biodiversity gain condition'.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of lains in Engined shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  O Yes  No  The agent  O The agent applicant  O Other person	Pedestrian and Vehicle Access, Roads and Rights of Way	
Is a new or altered pedestrian access proposed to or from the public highway?    Yes   No     No   No     Do the proposals require any diversions, extinguishment and/or creation of public rights of way?   Yes   Yes     No     No     Parking     Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?   Yes   No     No     Blodiversity net gain     Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.   However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.   I live confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.   Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.   However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) order 2015 (as amended).    Site Visit	Is a new or altered vehicle access proposed to or from the public highway?	
O Yes  ○ No  Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements? ○ Yes  ○ No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  □ I'we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  □ I'we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  □ I'we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  □ I'we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  □ I've confirm that the proposed development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes  ○ No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent  ○ The agent applicant  ○ Other person		
On the proposals require any diversions, extinguishment and/or creation of public rights of way?  Yes  No  Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  Yes  No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  I live confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the general biodiversity gain condition.  However, the general biodiversity gain condition does not apply in relation to planning permission or a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  The agent	s a new or altered pedestrian access proposed to or from the public highway?	
Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  O Yes  No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemplion still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  If the confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  O Yes  O No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  O The agent  Assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  O Yes  No		
Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  ○ Yes  ○ No  Piodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  □ I'we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes  ○ No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent  ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  ○ Yes	Do the proposals require any diversions, extinguishment and/or creation of public rights of way?	
Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  ○ Yes  ○ No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  ② I/we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the general biodiversity gain condition.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ② No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  ○ Yes		
Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  Nes No  Biodiversity net gain Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements. However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the general biodiversity gain condition.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes No  No  The agent The planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The applicant Other person  Pre-application Advice Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes		
Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  Nes No  Biodiversity net gain Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements. However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the general biodiversity gain condition.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes No  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes		
Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  ☑ I/we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land it England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ○ No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ○ The agent ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  ○ Yes	Parking	
Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  If I we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes	Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?	
Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  ☑ I/we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ○ No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ○ The agent ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  ○ Yes		
Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  It we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  The agent  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes		
Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  It we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  The agent  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes		
However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  I live confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  The agent  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes	Biodiversity net gain	
Will we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes  ○ No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent  ○ The applicant  ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  ○ Yes	Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.	
Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  The agent  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes	However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.	
development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes	☑ I/we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.	
householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  The applicant  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes		
Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ② No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ② The applicant ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  ○ Yes	householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England)	
Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ② No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ② The applicant ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application? ○ Yes		
Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ② No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ② The applicant ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application? ○ Yes		
Yes No If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact? The agent The applicant Other person Pre-application Advice Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application? Yes		
<ul> <li>○ The agent</li> <li>② The applicant</li> <li>○ Other person</li> </ul> Pre-application Advice Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application? ○ Yes		
<ul> <li>         ⊕ The applicant         ⊕ Other person     </li> <li>         Pre-application Advice         Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?         ⊖ Yes     </li> </ul>		
Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Other person		
Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  O Yes		
Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  O Yes		
Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  O Yes		
○Yes	• •	

Authority Employee/Member	
With respect to the Authority, is the applicant and/or agent one of the following:  (a) a member of staff  (b) an elected member  (c) related to a member of staff  (d) related to an elected member	
It is an important principle of decision-making that the process is open and transparent.	
For the purposes of this question, "related to" means related, by birth or otherwise, closely enough that a fair-minded and informed observer, having considered the facts, would conclude that there was bias on the part of the decision-maker in the Local Planning Authority.	
Do any of the above statements apply? ○ Yes ⊙ No	
Ownership Certificates and Agricultural Land Declaration	
Certificates under Article 14 - Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended)	
Please answer the following questions to determine which Certificate of Ownership you need to complete: A, B, C or D.	
Is the applicant the sole owner of all the land to which this application relates; and has the applicant been the sole owner for more than 21 days?  ✓ Yes  ✓ No	
ls any of the land to which the application relates part of an Agricultural Holding? ○ Yes ⊙ No	
Certificate Of Ownership - Certificate A	
I certify/The applicant certifies that on the day 21 days before the date of this application nobody except myself/ the applicant was the owner* of any part of the land or building to which the application relates, and that none of the land to which the application relates is, or is part of, an agricultural holding**	
* "owner" is a person with a freehold interest or leasehold interest with at least 7 years left to run.	
** "agricultural holding" has the meaning given by reference to the definition of "agricultural tenant" in section 65(8) of the Act.	
NOTE: You should sign Certificate B, C or D, as appropriate, if you are the sole owner of the land or building to which the application relates but the land is, or is part of, an agricultural holding.	
Person Role	
<ul><li>     ⊙ The Applicant     ○ The Agent     </li></ul>	
Title	
MRS	
First Name	
SHARON	
Surname	
LAND	
	_

Declaration Date
18/02/2024
✓ Declaration made
Declaration
I/We hereby apply for Householder planning permission as described in the questions answered, details provided, and the accompanying plans/drawings and additional information.
I/We confirm that, to the best of my/our knowledge, any facts stated are true and accurate and any opinions given are the genuine opinions of the person(s) giving them.  I/We also accept that, in accordance with the Planning Portal's terms and conditions:
- Once submitted, this information will be made available to the Local Planning Authority and, once validated by them, be published as part of a public register and on the authority's website;
- Our system will automatically generate and send you emails in regard to the submission of this application.
✓ I / We agree to the outlined declaration
Signed
Michael Brown
Date
18/02/2024