

CCTV REPORT FOR: HELIOS HOUSE

CLARKES LANE BARSHAM NR34 8HN

CONTENTS: SITE LAYOUT

FOUNDATION RECORD

PHOTOGRAPHS

LABORATORY TESTING RESULTS

ROOT IDENTIFICATION



Client: 360Globalnet

Regus House Herald Way

Pegasus Business Park Castle Donington

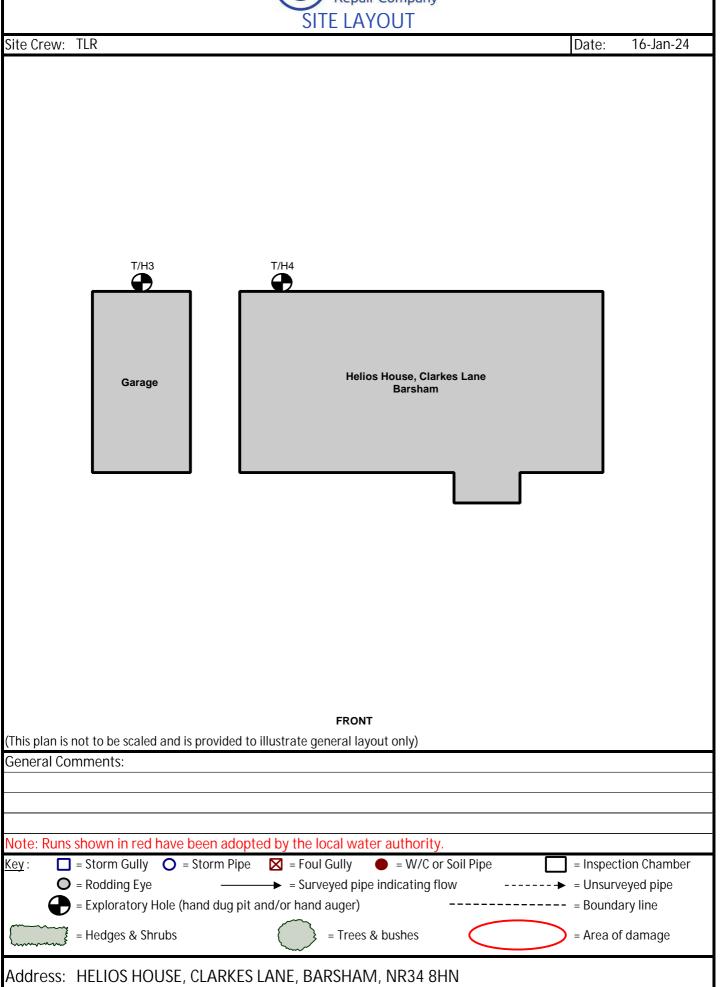
DE74 2TZ

Insured: Mrs. Ann Gaskin

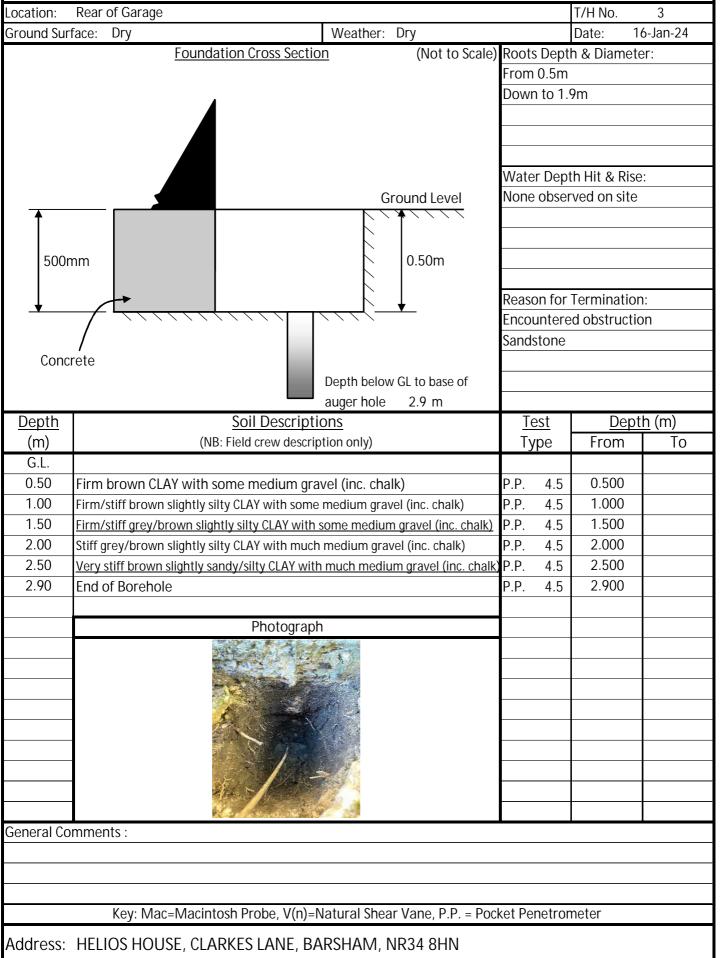
Reference: LIV-SN-22-006091 Ins Ref: 610-11-000307

Site Visit: 16-Jan-24 Report Date: 02-Feb-24

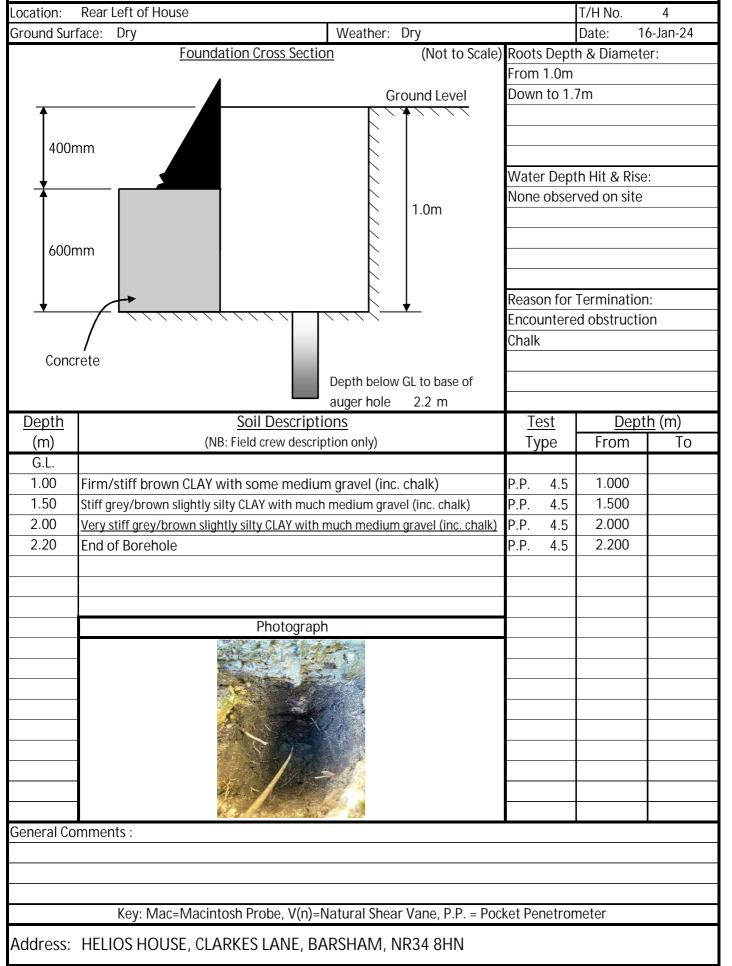


















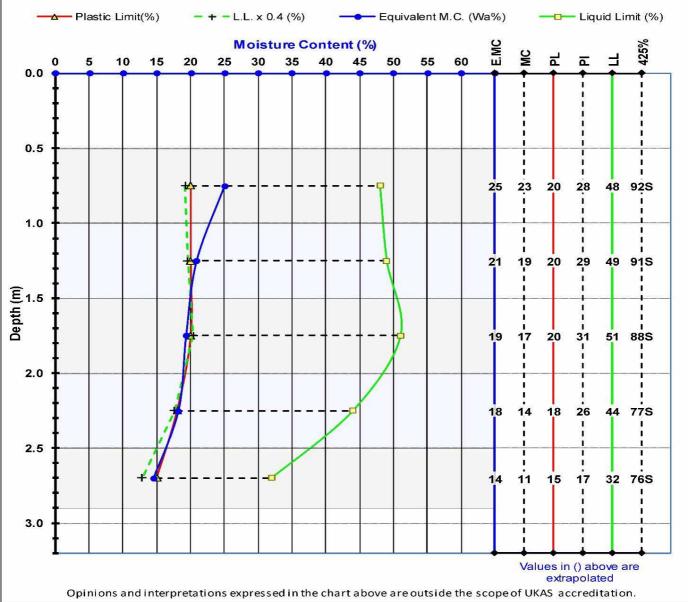
T/H3 T/H3





T/H4 T/H4

Depth	Depth	3 - Rear of garage	Plasticity	Volume Change	
T (m)	B (m)	Brief Soil Description	(BS 5930)	M.PI	(BRE 240)
0.5	1	Firm brown CLAY with some medium gravel (inc. chalk)	Intmd. CI	26%	Medium
1	1.5	Firm/stiff brown slightly silty CLAY with some medium gravel (inc. chalk)	Intmd. CI	26%	Medium
1.5	2	Firm/stiff grey/brown slightly silty CLAY with some medium gravel (inc. chalk)	High CH	27%	Medium
2	2.5	Stiff grey/brown slightly silty CLAY with much medium gravel (inc. chalk)	Intmd. CI	20%	Medium
2.5	2.9	Very stiff brown slightly sandy/silty CLAY with much medium gravel (inc. chalk)	Low ML	13%	Low



MC = Natural Moisture Content (%)

E.MC = Equivalent Moisture Content (%) = MC x 100 / 425%

M.PI = Modified Plasticity Index (%) = PI x 425% / 100

425% = Material passing the 425μm sieve (%) + (**N** = Natural or **S** = Sieved)

Notes; All samples received as Disturbed unless noted below in the comments.

PI = Plasticity Index (%) = LL - PL

LL = Liquid Limit (%)

PL = Plastic Limit (%)

 $LL \times 0.4 = 40\%$ of the LL (%)

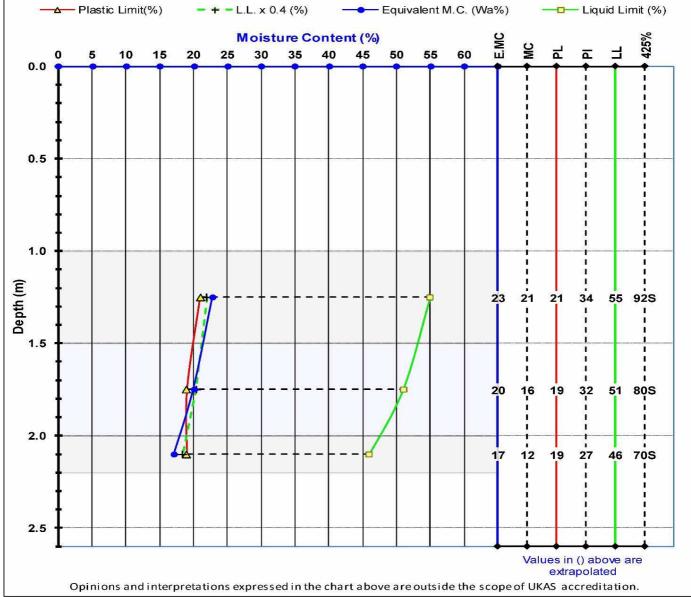
NP = Non Plastic

Samples prepared in accordance to BS1377:Part 1:1990 Section 7 & described in general accordance with BS5930:1999.

Samples tested in accordance to BS1377:Part 2:1990 Section 3.2, 4.4 & 5.

Comments:

Depth	Depth	4 - Rear left of house	Plasticity	Volume Change	
T (m)	B (m)	Brief Soil Description	(BS 5930)	M.PI	(BRE 240)
1	1.5	Firm/stiff brown CLAY with some medium gravel (inc. chalk)	High CH	31%	Medium
1.5	2	Stiff grey/brown slightly silty CLAY with much medium gravel (inc. chalk)	High CH	26%	Medium
2	2.2	Very stiff grey/brown slightly silty CLAY with much medium gravel (inc. chalk)	Intmd. CI	19%	Low



PL = Plastic Limit (%)

LL = Liquid Limit (%)

NP = Non Plastic

 $LL \times 0.4 = 40\%$ of the LL (%)

PI = Plasticity Index (%) = LL - PL

Key:

MC = Natural Moisture Content (%)

E.MC = Equivalent Moisture Content (%) = MC x 100 / 425%

M.PI = Modified Plasticity Index (%) = PI x 425% / 100

425% = Material passing the 425μm sieve (%) + (**N** = Natural or **S** = Sieved)

Notes: All samples received as Disturbed unless noted below in the comments.

Samples prepared in accordance to BS1377:Part 1:1990 Section 7 & described in general accordance with BS5930:1999.

Samples tested in accordance to BS1377:Part 2:1990 Section 3.2, 4.4 & 5.

Comments:





The Drainage Repair Company Suite 15, Leatherline House 71 Narrow Lane **AYLESTONE** Leicester LE2 8NA

01/02/2024

Dr Ian B K Richardson BSc, MSc, PhD, MRSB, FLS James Richardson BSc (Hons. Biology)

Enterprise House 49-51 Whiteknights Road Reading RG6 7BB

Tel: E-ma

Web: www.botanical.net

Your ref: Root ID 88/0909 Our ref:

Dear Sirs

Helios House NR34 8HN

The samples you sent in relation to the above on 15/01/2024 have been examined. Their structures were referable as follows:

TP/BH3, 0	.50-1.50m			
15 no.	Examined root: FRAXINUS (Ash).	Alive, recently*.		
18 no.	Unfortunately all with insufficient cells for identification.			
TP/BH3, 1	.50-1.90m			
1 no.	Examined root: essentially too immature for a confident identification (under 0.08mm in diameter). NOT coniferous. Similar in some ways to ACER (Maples, Sycamores). Tentative.	Dead* (note this 'dead' result can be unreliable with such thin samples).		
12 no.	Unfortunately all with insufficient cells for identification.			
TP/BH4, 1	.00-1.70m			
1 no.	Examined root: ACER (Maples, Sycamores).	Alive, recently*.		
6 no.	Examined root: FRAXINUS (Ash).	Alive, recently*.		
7 no.	Unfortunately all with insufficient cells for identification.			

Click here for more information: ACER

I trust this is of help. Please call us if you have any queries; our Invoice is enclosed.

Yours faithfully

Dr Ian B K Richardson

Based mainly on the lodine test for starch. Starch is present in some cells of a living woody root, but is more or less rapidly broken down by soil micro-organisms on death of the root, sometimes before decay is evident. This result need not reflect the state of the parent tree.

* * Try out our web site on www.botanical.net * *

Identified with no information on vegetation, on or off site.

Report commissioned by

