Scotland England Green Link 2 - English Onshore Scheme

Environmental Statement: Volume 3 - Appendices

Appendix 13A - Noise Terminology

Quality information

Prepared by	Checked by	Verified by	Approved by
Various staff	Yuyou Liu	Tom Cramond	Michael Williams
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Revision History

Revision	Revision date	Details	Authorized	Name	Position
1	May 2022	FINAL			



Tables



Appendix 13A Acoustic Terminology

Noise Unwanted or unexpected sound.

Frequency (Hz) The number of cycles per second (i.e., the number of

vibrations that occur in one second); subjectively this is

perceived as pitch.

Frequency Spectrum The relative frequency contributions that make up a

noise.

"A" Weighting (dB(A)) The human ear does not respond uniformly across the

audible frequency range. The "A" weighting is commonly

used to simulate the frequency response of the ear.

Decibel (dB) The decibel is a logarithmic ratio of two values of a

variable. The range of audible sound pressures is approximately 2 x 10⁻⁵ Pa to 200 Pa. Using decibel notation presents this range in a more manageable form,

0 dB to 140 dB.

Sound Pressure Level (L_p) Equal to 20 times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio

of the root mean squared (RMS) sound pressure to the reference sound pressure. In air the reference sound

pressure is 2 x 10⁻⁵Pa.

Mathematically: Sound Pressure Level (dB) =20 log₁₀

 $\{p(t) / P_0\}$

Where $P_0 = 2 \times 10^{-5} Pa$

Ambient Noise Level, $L_{Aeq,T}$ The equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure

level of the totally encompassing sound in a given situation at a given time that is usually composed of

sound from many sources near and far.

Background Noise Level $L_{A90,T}$ The A-weighted sound pressure level of the residual

noise at the assessment position that is exceeded for 90% of a given time interval, T, measured using the fast time weighting, F, and quoted to the nearest whole

number.

Reference Time Interval, 7rThe specified interval over which an equivalent

continuous A-weighted sound pressure level is

determined.

Specific Noise Level, L_{Aeq,Tr} The equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure

level at the assessment position produced by the specific

noise source over a given reference time interval.

Rating Level, L_{Ar,Tr} The specific noise level plus any adjustment for any

characteristic features of the noise.

Level L_{A10,T} The A-weighted sound pressure level exceeded for 10%

of a given time interval, T, measured using the fast time

weighting, F.

Between the quietest audible sound and the loudest tolerable sound, there is a ten million to one ratio in sound pressure (measured in pascals, Pa). Because of this wide range, a noise level scale based on logarithms is used in noise measurement called the decibel (dB) scale. Audibility of sound covers a range of approximately 0 to 140 dB.

Table 13A-1: Sound Pressure Level in dB L_{pA} for Common Situations

Typical Noise Level, dB LpA	Example	
0	Threshold of hearing	
30	Rural area at night, still air	
40	Public library Refrigerator humming at 2 m	
50	Quiet office, no machinery Boiling kettle at 0.5 m	
60	Normal conversation	
70	Telephone ringing at 2 m Vacuum cleaner at 3 m	
80	General factory noise level	
90	Heavy goods vehicle from pavement Powered lawnmower, operator's ear	
100	Pneumatic drill at 5 m	
120	Discotheque – 1 m in front of loudspeaker	
140	Threshold of pain	

