

Arboricultural Survey - BS5837:2012

Rakhee Patel

Batchill Batchworth Hill Rickmansworth Hertfordshire WD3 1JP

13 March 2024

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1 Introduction

Arbtech Consulting Limited (Arbtech) received written instruction on 01 March 2024 from Rakhee Patel to attend Batchill, Batchworth Hill, Rickmansworth, Hertfordshire, WD3 1JP to undertake an arboricultural survey to BS5837:2012 guidance to assess trees, hedges and major shrub groups growing on and within influencing distance of the site and to produce a Schedule of trees and Tree Constraints Plan.

I am Anthony Jones, an Arboricultural Consultant for Arbtech Consulting Ltd. I have worked within the arboricultural industry for over 8 years, I have qualifications including a BSc Hons in Environmental Resource Management, Level 4 certificate in arboriculture, and a LANTRA professional tee inspection certificate. I am an ISA certified arborist and technician member of the Arboricultural Association.

The advice below and appended is underwritten by our Professional Indemnity insurance for the business practice of Arboricultural Consultancy in the sum of one million Pounds Sterling in each and every claim.

Table 1: Documents referred to.

Document	Reference No.
Survey base drawing	22576/1
LPA pre-app comments	N/A
British Standard 5837:2012	"BS5837"
Tree Survey Schedule	Arbtech TS 01
Tree Constraints Plan	Arbtech TCP 01



2 Survey

Survey: An arboricultural survey to BS5837 of all trees within impacting distance of the site was undertaken by Anthony Jones on 11 March 2024.

During the survey, I categorised the trees using "Table 1 – Cascade chart for tree quality assessment" of the BS5837:2012 (see Appendix 1).

A total of 25no. individual trees and 5no. groups of trees were surveyed. Details for each are provided in the Schedule of Trees (Appendix 2).

Multiple other small trees and shrubs occupy the site, none of which meet the minimum diameter requirements to be considered for this survey.

Table 2: Documents upon which this tree survey has been based.

Document	Originator	Reference Number	Title
Survey base drawing	Midland Survey Ltd	22576/1	Topographical and Utility Survey

Limitations: The survey was made at ground level using visual observation only. Detailed examinations, such as climbing inspections and advanced decay detection equipment, were not employed, though may form part of the survey's management recommendations. Measurements were taken using specialist tapes, lasers, and GPS devices. Where this was not possible, measurements are estimated.

Scope: Pre-development tree surveys make arboricultural management recommendations based exclusively upon the individual tree or group of tree's condition relative to their present context (*i.e.* not in relation to the proposed development).

Legal Status: No statutory protection check has been performed. BS5837 does not draw any distinction between trees subject to statutory protection, such as a Tree Preservation Order ("TPO"), and those trees without. This is principally because detailed planning consent overrides any TPO protection. Consequently, we do not seek to offer any comparison between or infer any difference in the quality or importance of TPO trees and other trees.



Site Description

The site is in a residential area south of Rickmansworth town. To southwest is Batchworth Park Golf club, to the northeast is Batchworth Hill Road and London Road.



Figure 1: OS Map showing the site location (Bing Maps).



Figure 2: Location Plan, Planning portal reference: PP-12807796v1 (Planning Portal).



3 BS 5837:2012 - Scope

This standard recognises that there can be problems for development close to existing trees which are to be retained, and of planting trees close to existing structures. This standard sets out to assist those concerned with trees in relation to construction to form balanced judgements. It does not set out to put arguments for or against development or for the removal or retention of trees. Where development, including demolition, is to occur, the standard provides guidance on how to decide which trees are appropriate for retention, on the means of protecting these trees during development, including demolition and construction work, and on the means of incorporating trees into the developed landscape.

4 Methodology

The methodology used to assess the trees was the British Standard 5837:2012 'Trees in Relation to Construction' tree survey method. The aim of the survey is to establish which trees are moderate and good quality, suitable for retention and justifying protection. And which trees are low or poor quality, either undesirable or unsuitable to retain and protect.

The tree survey includes all trees included in the land survey red line boundary plan, as well as any that may have been missed, and it should categorize trees or groups of trees, including woodlands, for their quality and value within the existing context in a transparent, understandable, and systematic way. Where the arboriculturist has deemed it appropriate, the trees have been tagged with small metal or plastic tags, placed as high as is convenient on the stem of each tree.

Whilst master plan proposals for the development of the site might be available, the trees have been surveyed without taking these into consideration. All detailed design work on site layout should take into consideration the results of the tree survey (and the TCP).

Trees forming groups and areas of woodland (including orchards, wood pasture and historic parkland) are identified and considered as groups where the arboriculturist has determined that this is appropriate, particularly where they contain a variety of species and age classes that could aid long-term management. It is often expedient to assess the quality and value of such groups of trees as a whole rather than as individuals. However, an assessment of individuals within any group has been undertaken if they are open-grown or if there is a need to differentiate between them.

The quality and value of each tree or group of trees have been recorded by allocating it to one of the four categories: A, B, C, or U (highest to lowest quality, respectively). The categories are differentiated on the tree survey plan by colour or by suffixing the category adjacent to the tree identification number on the TCP.



The survey schedule lists all the trees or groups of trees. The following information is also provided:

- a) reference number (to be recorded on the tree survey plan);
- b) species (common or scientific names);
- c) height in meters (m);
- d) stem diameter in millimetres (mm) at 1.5m above adjacent ground level or immediately above the root flare for multi-stemmed trees;
- e) branch spread in meters taken at the four cardinal compass points;
- f) height of crown clearance above adjacent ground level in meters (m);
- g) age class (newly planted, young, semi-mature, early mature, mature, over mature);
- h) physiological condition (e.g. good, fair, poor, decline and dead);
- i) structural condition (e.g. good, fair, poor or not visible);
- j) comment about the tree, its location and preliminary management recommendations, including further investigation of suspected defects that require more detailed assessment and potential for wildlife habitat;
- k) The retention category referring to the quality and useful contribution in years; U = <10yrs; A = >40yrs; B = >20yrs; C = >10yrs. The retention subcategory referring to the type of amenity; 1 = Arboricultural; 2 = Landscape; 3 = Cultural including conservation (see Appendix 1 Cascade chart for tree quality assessment).



5 Definitions

Arboriculturist

An arboriculturist (or arboricultural consultant) is a person who has, through relevant education, training, and experience, gained recognized qualifications and expertise in the field of trees in relation to construction.

Tree Survey

A tree survey should be undertaken by an arboriculturist and should record information about the trees on a site independently of and prior to any specific design for development. As a subsequent task, and with reference to a design or potential design, the results of the survey should be included in the preparation of a tree constraints plan, which should be used to assist with site layout design.

Tree Constraints Plan

A TCP is plan, typically delivered as an AutoCAD drawing (.DWG file format), prepared by an arboriculturist for the purposes of layout design showing the root protection area and representing the effect that the mature height and spread of retained trees will have on layouts through shade, dominance, etc.

Root Protection Area

An RPA is a layout design tool indicating the area surrounding a tree that contains sufficient rooting volume to ensure the survival of the tree, shown in plan form in m².

Construction Exclusion Zone (also termed Tree Protection Zone)

A construction exclusion or tree protection zone is an area based on the RPA (in m²), identified by an arboriculturist, to be protected during development, including demolition and construction work, by the use of barriers and/or ground protection fit for purpose to ensure the successful long-term retention of a tree.

Arboricultural Impact Assessment (AIA)

This is a study, undertaken by an arboriculturist, to identify, evaluate and possibly mitigate the extent of direct and indirect impacts on existing trees that may arise as a result of the implementation of any site layout proposal.

Tree Protection Plan (TPP)

A TPP is plan, typically delivered as an AutoCAD drawing (.DWG file format), prepared by an arboriculturist showing the finalized layout proposals, tree retention and tree and landscape protection measures detailed within the arboricultural method statement, which can be shown graphically.

Arboricultural Method Statement (AMS)

This is a methodology for the implementation of any aspect of development that has the potential to result in loss of or damage to a tree. The AMS is likely to include details of an on-site tree protection monitoring regime.



6 Recommendations

With the benefit of making an assessment of your planning proposals, we make the following recommendation to ensure that there are no irrevocable issues to the proposed retained trees and so that no conditions relating to arboriculture are attached to any planning consent secured; obtain an arboricultural report to include:

- a) An arboricultural impact assessment (AIA).
- b) An arboricultural method statement (AMS).
- c) A tree protection plan drawing (TPP).

7 Limitations

Trees were inspected from using visual observation from ground level only. Trees were not climbed or inspected below ground level. Inaccessible trees will have best estimates made about the location, physical dimensions, and characteristics. Trees have been grouped where BS5837 guides us that it is expedient to do so. Trees have been excluded from the survey if they are found by us to be sufficiently far away from the proposed developable area or if they are outside of the red line boundary plan showing the expectations of our client for the extent of the survey. BS5837 does not draw any distinction between trees subject to statutory protection, such as a Tree Preservation Order ("TPO"), and those trees without. This is principally because a detailed planning consent overrides any TPO protection. Consequently, we do not seek to offer any comparison between or infer any difference in the quality or importance of TPO trees and other trees.



8 Appendices

The following documents were released to the Client as appendices to this report:

- Survey Schedule (.PDF)
- Tree Constraints Plan drawing (.DWG & .PDF)

If you require clarification of the information contained herein, please do not hesitate to contact us via 01244 661170.

Yours Sincerely,

Anthony Jones BSc (hons), Cert Arb Lv4 (ABC), TechArborA.

Arboricultural Consultant

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Appendix 1: Table 1 Casc	nde chart for tree o	quality assessment
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BS5837:2012 Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction – Recommendations

Cascade chart for tree quality assessment - Table 1 - (reproduced with permission of BSI Global)

Category and Definition	C	Criteria including sub-categories where appropria	ite)	Identification on Plan							
Category U (Trees unsuitable for retention - See notes). Those in such a condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in the context of the current land use for longer than 10 years.	 Trees that have serious, irremediable, structural defect, such that their early loss is expected due to collapse, including those that will become unviable after removal of other category U trees (e.g. where, for whatever reason, the loss of companion shelter cannot be mitigated by pruning). Trees that are dead or are showing signs of significant, immediate, and irreversible overall decline. Trees infected with pathogens of significance to the health and/or safety of other trees nearby, or very low-quality trees suppressing adjacent trees of better quality. NOTE Category U trees can have existing or potential conservation value which might be desirable to preserve; see 4.5.7. 										
Trees considered for retention	1) Mainly arboricultural qualities 2) Mainly landscape qualities 3) Mainly cultural values (including conservation)										
Category A Trees of high quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 40 years.	Trees that are particularly good examples of their species, especially if rare or unusual; or those that are essential components of groups or formal or semi-formal arboricultural features (e.g. the dominate and/or principal trees within an avenue).	Trees, groups, or woodlands of particular visual importance as arboricultural and/or landscape features.	Trees, groups or woodlands of significant conservation, historical, commemorative or other value (e.g. veteran trees or woodpasture).	Light green							
Category B Trees of moderate quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 20 years.	Trees that might be included in category A, but are downgraded because of impaired condition (e.g. presence of significant though remedial defects, including unsympathetic management and storm damage), such that they are unlikely to be suitable for retention of beyond 40 years; or trees lacking the special quality necessary to merit the category 'A' designation.	Trees present in numbers, usually growing as groups or woodlands, such that they attract a higher collective rating than they might as individuals; or trees occurring as collectives but situated so as to make little visual contribution to the wider locality.	Trees with material conservation or other cultural value.	Mid blue							
Category C Trees of low quality with an estimated remaining expectancy of at least 10 years, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150mm.	Unremarkable trees of very limited merit or such impaired condition that they do not qualify in higher categories.	Trees present in groups or woodlands, but without this conferring on them significantly greater collective landscape value; and/or trees offering low or only temporary/transient landscape value.	Trees with no material conservation or other cultural value.	Grey							



Appendix 2: Tree Schedule

BS5837:2012 Tree Survey

Client: Rakhee Patel

Project: Batchill, Batchworth Hill, Rickmansworth, WD3 1JP

Survey Date: 11/03/2024 Surveyor: Anthony Jones



Arbtech Consulting Ltd

3 Well House Barns Chester Road

Bretton Cheshire CH4 0DH

Phone: 01244661170

Tree and Tag No		Hght		Stems	Cı				RP	Phys	Structural	Preliminary Recommendations	Cat
Species		(m)	No	(mm)	Sprea (m)		clear (m)	Age	A (m²) R (m)	Condition	Condition	Survey Comment	ERC
G1												Estimated Meason	surement
A Group		7	1	100	N	2	0	SM	A: 4.5	Good	C: Good		C.2
See comments for details					E S	2	0 2		R: 1.19		S: Good B: Good	Group of 3 trees on and off site on southern boundary line. Species consist of hawthorn, beech and elder.	10+ yrs
G2					W	2	2					Estimated Measi	surement
A Group		4	1	110	N	2	0	SM	A: 5.5	Fair	C: Good		C.2
See comments for details					E S W	1 1 1	0 0 0		R: 1.32		S: Not visible B: Not visible	Group of 4 trees on northern boundary line. Ivy covered stems up to 2 m from ground level restricting survey. Measurements estimated and indicative of largest individual tree in group.	10+ yrs
G3												Estimated Meason	surement
A Group		13	1	180	N	4	2	EM	A: 14.7	Fair	C: Good		C.2
See comments for details					S W	3 3.5 3.5	2.5 3 2		R: 2.16		S: Not visible B: Not visible	Group of 3 sycamore trees off-site on northern boundary. Ivy covered stems up to 5 m from ground level. Restricted access survey measurements estimated and indicative of largest individual tree in group.	10+ yrs
G4												Estimated Meas	surement
A Group		7	1	190	N	1	0	EM	A: 16.3	Good	C: Good		C.2
See comments for details					E S W	1 1 1	0 0 0		R: 2.27		S: Good B: Good	Group of 3 leylandii trees onsite on northern boundary. Historic pruning consistent with hedge cutting lower crown up to 3 m from ground level on south side. Measurements estimated and indicative of largest individual tree in group.	10+ yrs
									_				
Age Classifications:	N Y SM	Newly plan Young Semi-matu		EM Early M Matur	re		C	ondit	ion: C S B	Crown Stem Basal area		Stems: Ø Diameter (Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 definit ERC: Estimated Remaining Contributio	ition

Tree and Tag No		Hght	9	Stems		Crow			RP	Phys	Structural	Preliminary Recommendations	
Species		(m)	No	Ø (mm)	Spre (m		Clear (m)	Age	A (m²) R (m)	Condition	Condition	Survey Comment	Cat ERC
G5												Estimated Me	asurements
A Group		7.5	1	120	N	1.5	0	SM	A: 6.5	Good	C: Good		C.2
See comments for details					Е	1.5	2		R: 1.43		S: Not visible	Group of 3 leylandii trees located off-site on northern	10+ yrs
					S	1.5	2				B: Not visible	boundary. Measurements estimated and indicative of largest	
					W	1.5	2					individual tree in group.	
1													
Common Hornbeam		11	1	330	N	3	1.5	EM	A: 49.3	Good	C: Good		B.2
Carpinus betulus					Е	6.5	1		R: 3.96		S: Fair	Tree located onsite. Two codominant stems with an included	20+ yrs
					S	4	1				B: Good	bark union and reaction wood growth, 1 m from ground level.	
					W	2	3					Natural branch to stem bracing, 4 m from ground level.	
2													
Cherry Laurel		4.5	3	274 (E		4.5	2.5	EM	A: 34.1	Good	C: Good		C.2
Prunus laurocerasus					Е	4.5	1		R: 3.29		S: Fair	Tree located onsite. 200 mm longitudinal decay wound on	10+ yrs
					S	4.5	0				B: Good	lateral west facing branch. 50- 100 mm diameter deadwood	
					W	5	1					throughout crown.	
3													
Common Oak		21	1	950	N	9.5	6	М	A: 408.3	Good	C: Good		A.2
Quercus robur					Е	8.5	7		R: 11.4		S: Good	Tree located off-site on southern boundary. 50-150 mm	40+ yrs
					S	11	3.5				B: Good	diameter deadwood throughout crown. Historic pruning	,
					W	10	3.5					consistent with crown lifting up to 5 m from ground level.	
4													
Common Oak		19	1	800	N	9	5	М	A: 289.6	Fair	C: Fair		B.2
Quercus robur					Е	4.5	7		R: 9.6		S: Fair	Tree located off-site on southern boundary. 500 mm	20+ yrs
					S	6	6				B: Good	longitudinal decay wound on southwest side of main stem, 2.5	
					W	8	7					m from ground level. 100 mm diameter decay wound on south	
												side of main stem, 3 m from ground level. Tip dieback and 50- 100 mm diameter deadwood throughout crown. Historic	
												pruning consistent with crown lifting up to 7 m from ground	
												level.	
Age Classifications:		Newly plant	ed	EM Early	y Matur	е	C	ondit				Stems: Ø Diameter	
		Young		M Matu					S			(Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 de	finition
	SM	Semi-matur	e e	OM Over	r Mature	Э			В	Basal are	а	ERC: Estimated Remaining Contributio	

Tree and Tag No	Hght		Stems		Crown			RP	Phys	Structural	Preliminary Recommendations	Cat
Species	(m)	No	Ø (mm)	Spre (m		lear (m)	Age	A (m²) R (m)	Condition	Condition	Survey Comment	ERC
5						. ,						I
Lawson Cypress	14	1	260	N	2	3	EM	A: 30.6	Good	C: Good		B.2
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana				Е	2	3		R: 3.12		S: Good	Tree located onsite next to access driveway. Historic pruning	20+ yrs
				S	3	3				B: Good	consistent with crown lifting up to 3 m from ground level.	20. ,.5
				W	3	3						
6												
Sycamore	8	1	130	N	2	1	SM	A: 7.6	Good	C: Good		C.2
Acer pseudoplatanus				Е	2	1		R: 1.55		S: Good	Tree located on southern boundary line.	10+ yrs
				S	3	1				B: Good	The located on Southern Boundary line.	,
				W	3	1						
7												
Common Yew	5	3	249 (E	q) N	4	0.5	EM	A: 28	Good	C: Good		C.2
Taxus baccata				Е	5.5	0		R: 2.98		S: Good	Tree located onsite next to access driveway. Historic pruning	10+ yrs
				S	5.5	0				B: Good	consistent with hedge cutting on north side of lower crown.	10. 7.0
				W	5	0						
8												
Burkwood Osmanthus	4	1	130	N	1	1	EM	A: 7.6	Decline	C: Poor		U
Osmanthus x burkwoodii				Е	0.5	1		R: 1.55		S: Poor	Tree located onsite next to access driveway. Major dieback	<10 yrs
				S	1.5	1				B: Poor	back throughout crown.	1-5 /15
				W	1.5	1					<u> </u>	
9												
European Larch	20	1	510	N	4.5	7	М	A: 117.7	Fair	C: Fair		B.2
Larix decidua				Е	5	7		R: 6.12		S: Good	Tree located onsite next to access driveway. Significant	20+ yrs
				S	5	7				B: Good	50-150 mm dieback back in upper crown.	,
				W	6	7						
10												
Lawson Cypress	13	1	260	N	2.5	2	EM	A: 30.6	Good	C: Good		B.2
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana				Е	2	2		R: 3.12		S: Fair	Tree located onsite next to access driveway. Two codominant	20+ yrs
				S	2.5	1				B: Good	stems with included bark, 5 m from ground level.	•
				W	2	1					-	
Age Classifications:	N Newly plan	ted	EM Early	y Mature	;	С	ondit	ion: C	Crown		Stems: Ø Diameter	
	Y Young		M Matu	-				S	Stem		(Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 de	finition
	SM Semi-matu	re	OM Ove	r Mature				В	Basal area	a	ERC: Estimated Remaining Contributio	

Tree and Tag No		Hght	S	tems		Crov			RP	Phys	Structural	Preliminary Recommendations	Cat ERC
Species		(m)	No			read m)	Clear (m)	Age	A (m ₂) R (m)	Condition	Condition	Survey Comment	
11													
Lawson Cypress		13	1	250	N	2.5	2.5	EM	A: 28.3	Good	C: Good		B.2
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana					Е	2	. 2		R: 3		S: Fair	Tree located onsite next to access driveway. Two codominant	20+ yrs
					S	2.5	1				B: Good	stems with included bark, 7 m from ground level.	
					W	2	. 2					, 5	
12													
Lawson Cypress		12	1	310	N	3.5	2	EM	A: 43.5	Good	C: Good		B.2
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana					Е	3	2		R: 3.72		S: Good	Tree located onsite next to access driveway. Historic pruning	20+ yrs
					S	2					B: Good	consistent with crown lifting up to 2 m from ground level on	,
					W	2.5	0.5					north west side of crown.	
13													
Common Hornbeam		18	1	550	N	6	1.5	М	A: 136.9	Good	C: Good		B.2
Carpinusbetulus					Е	5	2		R: 6.6		S: Good	Tree located onsite on southern boundary. Two codominant	20+ yrs
					S	5	2				B: Good	stems with a cup union, 2 m from ground level. Historic	,
					W	6	1.5					pruning consistent with selective branch reduction on south side of crown.	
14													
Silver Birch		15	1	510	N	6	2.5	Μ	A: 117.7	Fair	C: Good		C.1
Betula pendula					Е	5.5	3.5		R: 6.12		S: Poor	Tree located onsite in back garden. Three tiered retaining wall	10+ yrs
					S	6	2				B: Good	with a 3 m drop between tree and house. 500 mm longitudinal	
					W	5	2.5					wound with 300 mm lateral internal decay on west side of main stem, 1.5 m from ground level. Torn out limb 200 mm diameter, 7 m from ground level.	
15													
Sycamore		11	2	396	(Eq) N	4	3	М	A: 71	Fair	C: Good		B.1
Acer pseudoplatanus					Е	3			R: 4.75		S: Not visible	Tree located onsite on southern boundary. Three tiered	20+ yrs
					S	4	. 3				B: Not visible	retaining wall with a 3 m drop between tree and house. Ivy	,
					W	5	3					covered stem up to 8 m from ground level restricting survey. Stem diameter measurement recorded over ivy.	
•		lewly plante	ed		Early Matu	re	(Condi				Stems: Ø Diameter	
		oung '			Mature				S			(Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 defin	nition
S	SM S	Semi-mature	9	OM (Over Matu	re			В	Basal area	a	ERC: Estimated Remaining Contributio	

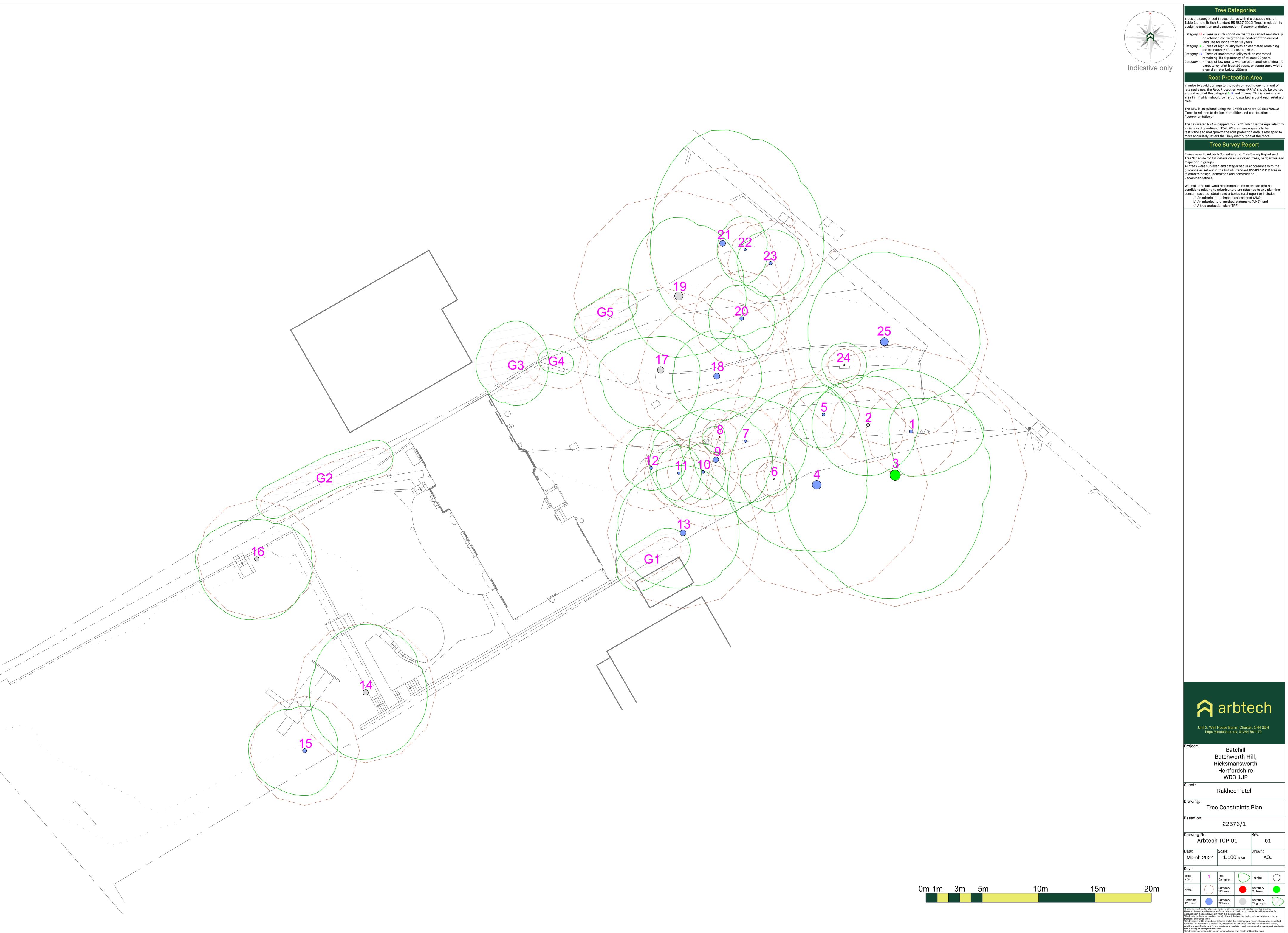
Tree and Tag No	Hght		Stems		Crown			RP	Phys	Structural	Preliminary Recommendations	Cat
Species	(m)	N	o Ø (mm)	Spre (m		Clear (m)	Age	A (m ₂) R (m)	Condition	Condition	Survey Comment	ERC
16												
Prunus 'Kanzan'	6	1	430	N	3.5	2	М	A: 83.7	Fair	C: Fair		C.1
PrunusKanzan'				Ε	5	2		R: 5.16		S: Not visible	Tree located onsite in back garden. Three tiered retaining wall	10+ yrs
				S	5.5	2				B: Not visible	with a 3 m drop between tree and house. Gall growth	
				W	5.5	2					throughout crown. Historic pruning consistent with crown reduction, 3 m from ground level with 2 m regrowth. Ivy covered stem restricting survey. Stem diameter measurement recorded over ivy.	
17											recorded over ty).	
Sweet Chestnut	12	1	600	N	3	3	М	A: 162.9	Fair	C: Fair		C.2
Castaneæativa		-	000	E	3.5	3	• •	R: 7.2	. un	S: Not visible		
				S	5.5	3		/		B: Not visible	Tree located onsite next to access driveway . 250 mm diameter torn out limb wound on south side of canopy, 5 m	10+ yrs
				W	5.5	2					from ground level. Gall growth throughout crown and on main stem. Ivy covered stem restricting survey. Stem diameter measurement recorded over ivy.	
18												
Norway Spruce	19	1	570	N	4	8	М	A: 147	Good	C: Good		B.2
Picea abies				Е	4	3.5		R: 6.84		S: Good	Tree located onsite next to access driveway. Partially ivy	20+ yrs
				S	4	4				B: Good	covered stem up to 6 m from ground level restricting survey.	•
				W	4	6						
19												
Common Hornbeam	15	1	760	N	7	2	М	A: 261.3	Fair	C: Good		C.2
Carpinusbetulus				E	6	4		R: 9.11		S: Poor	Tree located onsite on northern boundary. Large 3 m	10+ yrs
				S	5.5	2.5				B: Poor	longitudinal decay wound with 150 mm internal decay. 300	,
				W	4.5	4					mm diameter pruning wound on northside of main stem, 1.5 m from ground level. Historic pruning consistent with crown lifting up to 4 m from ground level.	
20												
Lawson Cypress	16	1	350	N	3	1	EM	A: 55.4	Good	C: Good		B.2
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana				Ε	3	1		R: 4.19		S: Good	Tree located onsite near access driveway.	20+ yrs
,,				S	3	1				B: Good	Tree located offsite field access driveway.	
				W	3	1						
Age Classifications:	N Newly plan	ted		y Mature	}	С	ondit				Stems: Ø Diameter	
	Y Young		M Matu					S	Stem		(Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 de	finition
	SM Semi-matu	re	OM Ove	r Mature				В	Basal area	a	ERC: Estimated Remaining Contributio	

Tree and Tag No	Hght	S	tems		Crow		Age	RP	Phys	Structural	Preliminary Recommendations	Cat
Species	(m)	No	(mm)	Spre (m				A (m²) R (m)	Condition	Condition	Survey Comment	
21											Estimated Me	asurement
Sycamore	20	1	550	N	10	6	М	A: 136.9	Good	C: Good		B.2
Acer pseudoplatanus				Ε	9	6		R: 6.6		S: Not visible	Tree located off-site on northern boundary. Restricted access	20+ yrs
				S	8.5	2				B: Not visible	survey measurements estimated.	
				W	6.5	7						
22												
Common Holly	10	1	200	N	3	0	М	A: 18.1	Good	C: Good		B.2
Ilex aquifolium				Е	2	0		R: 2.4		S: Good	Tree located onsite on north and eastern boundary. Ivy	20+ yrs
				S	3	0				B: Good	covered stem restricting survey. Stem diameter measurement	
				W	2.5	0					recorded over ivy.	
23												
Lawson Cypress	15	1	310	N	3	0	EM	A: 43.5	Good	C: Good		B.2
Chamaecyparis lawsoniana				Е	3	0		R: 3.72		S: Good	Tree located onsite on eastern boundary.	20+ yrs
				S	3	0				B: Good	,	·
				W	3	0						
24												
Common Holly	6	1	120	N	2	0.5	SM	A: 6.5	Good	C: Good		C.2
Ilex aquifolium				Е	2	0.5		R: 1.43		S: Good	Tree located onsite next to access driveway.	10+ yrs
				S	2	0.5				B: Good	The results of the results arriversal.	•
				W	2	0.5						
25												
Common Oak	18	1	750	N	8	3.5	М	A: 254.5	Fair	C: Good		B.2
Quercus robur				E	8.5	3		R: 9		S: Fair	Tree located on eastern boundary near site access driveway.	20+ yrs
				S	6	5				B: Poor	1.5 m longitudinal decay wound on west side of basal area.	
				W	7	5					Multiple 50-100 mm diameter deadwood in lower eastern	
											crown. Partially ivy covered stem up to 10 m from ground level, restricting survey.	
											level, restricting survey.	
Age Classifications: N	, ,	ed	•	Mature)	(Condi				Stems: Ø Diameter	
Υ	U		M Matu					S			(Eq) Equivalent stem diameter using BS5837:2012 def	inition
SM	/I Semi-matur	e e	OM Over	Mature				В	Basal area	а	ERC: Estimated Remaining Contributio	



Appendix 3: Tree Constraints Plan

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Tree Categories

Trees are categorised in accordance with the cascade chart in Table 1 of the British Standard BS 5837:2012 'Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction - Recommendations' Category 'U' - Trees in such condition that they cannot realistically be retained as living trees in context of the current land use for longer than 10 years.
egory 'A' - Trees of high quality with an estimated remaining

life expectancy of at least 40 years.
Category 'B' - Trees of moderate quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 20 years.
tegory 'C' - Trees of low quality with an estimated remaining life expectancy of at least 10 years, or young trees with a stem diameter below 150mm.

Root Protection Area In order to avoid damage to the roots or rooting environment of retained trees, the Root Protection Areas (RPAs) should be plotted

around each of the category A, B and C trees. This is a minimum area in m² which should be left undisturbed around each retained

The RPA is calculated using the British Standard BS 5837:2012 'Trees in relation to design, demolition and construction -

Tree Survey Report

Please refer to Arbtech Consulting Ltd. Tree Survey Report and Tree Schedule for full details on all surveyed trees, hedgerows and major shrub groups. All trees were surveyed and categorised in accordance with the guidance as set out in the British Standard BS5837:2012 Tree in relation to design, demolition and construction -

We make the following recommendation to ensure that no conditions relating to arboriculture are attached to any planning

consent secured: obtain and arboricultural report to include:

a) An arboricultural impact assessment (AIA);

b) An arboricultural method statement (AMS); and

c) A tree protection plan (TPP).



Batchill Batchworth Hill, Ricksmansworth

Hertfordshire WD3 1JP

Rakhee Patel

Tree Constraints Plan 22576/1

Arbtech TCP 01 March 2024 1:100 @ A0 A0J

All dimensions should be checked on site. No dimensions are to be scaled from this drawing.

Please notify us of any discrepancies found. Arbitech Consulting Ltd. cannot be held responsible for inaccuracies in the base drawing in which this plan is based.

This drawing is designed to reflect the principles of the layout or design only, and relates only to the protection of retained trees.

This drawing is not to be read as a definitive part of the engineering or construction designs or method statement. An architect or structural engineer should be contacted over any matters of construction, detailing or specification and for any standards or regulatory requirements relating to proposed structures, hard surfacing or underground services.

This drawing was produced in colour - a monochrome copy should not be relied upon.



9 Document Production Record

Document number	Editor	Signature	Position	lssue number	Date
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