

Penns Place, Petersfield, Hampshire GU31 4EX Telephone 01730 266551 • DX100403 Petersfield

in fo@easthants.gov.uk ~ www.easthants.gov.uk

**梦** @EastHantsDC

F/EastHampshireDistrictCouncil

## Householder Application for Planning Permission for works or extension to a dwelling

## Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended)

## Publication of applications on planning authority websites

Please note that the information provided on this application form and in supporting documents may be published on the Authority's website. If you require any further clarification, please contact the Authority's planning department.

Site Location	
Disclaimer: We can only make recor	mmendations based on the answers given in the questions.
If you cannot provide a postcode, the help locate the site - for example "field	e description of site location must be completed. Please provide the most accurate site description you can, to ld to the North of the Post Office".
Number	50
Suffix	
Property Name	
St Louis	
Address Line 1	
Furze Hill Road	
Address Line 2	
Headley	
Address Line 3	
Hampshire	
Town/city	
Bordon	
Postcode	
GU35 8HA	
Description of site location	on must be completed if postcode is not known:
Easting (x)	Northing (y)
484196	135630
Description	

Applicant Details
Name/Company
Title
Mrs
First name
Debbie
Surname
Dacombe
Company Name
Address
Address line 1
50
Address line 2
Furze Hill Road
Address line 3
Headley Down
Town/City
Bordon
County
Hampshire
Country
United Kingdom
Postcode
GU358HA
Are you an agent acting on behalf of the applicant?  ○ Yes  ⊙ No
Contact Details
Primary number
***** REDACTED *****

Secondary number
***** REDACTED *****
Fax number
Email address
***** REDACTED *****
Description of Proposed Works
Please describe the proposed works
We are proposing the demolition of an existing UPVC/glass conservatory and replacing with a single storey, brick built extension. The extension sits to the rear and side of the existing dwelling. The extension will square off the rear of the property. The property is semi detached and neighbouring property has been extended to a similar extent. The proposed extension will use the same side boundary as the existing conservatory but will extend 0.45 m beyond the existing conservatory to be flush with the rear wall of the existing property. The proposed extension will include a low pitch roof similar to the existing conservatory with a fixed roof light. The finish of the extension will be painted brick to match the existing dwelling and that of attached dwelling next door. Tiles will be light weight due to low pitch but will be colour to match as near as possible with existing roof tiles . French windows will match existing upvc windows of existing dwelling.
Has the work already been started without consent?
○ Yes
⊗ No
Materials
Materials  Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊗ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊗ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊗ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊗ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊗ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊗ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊗ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊗ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊘ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊘ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊘ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊘ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊘ Yes
Does the proposed development require any materials to be used externally?  ⊘ Yes

material)
Type: Walls  Existing materials and finishes: brick, painted magnolia  Proposed materials and finishes: brick, painted to match existing
Type: Roof Existing materials and finishes:
Tiled with concrete tiles  Proposed materials and finishes:  Lightweight tiles for low pitch to match as close as possible in style and colour to existing roof tiles, incorporating aluminium double glazed slimline roof light
Type: Windows
Existing materials and finishes: UPVC double glazed
Proposed materials and finishes: No proposed windows
Type: Doors
Existing materials and finishes:  UPVC double glazed
Proposed materials and finishes: UPVC double glazed
Are you supplying additional information on submitted plans, drawings or a design and access statement?  ○ Yes  ⊙ No
Trees and Hedges
Are there any trees or hedges on the property or on adjoining properties which are within falling distance of the proposed development?  Yes  No
Will any trees or hedges need to be removed or pruned in order to carry out your proposal?  ○ Yes  ⊙ No

Please provide a description of existing and proposed materials and finishes to be used externally (including type, colour and name for each

Is a new or altered vehicle access proposed to or from the public highway?  Vis  No  No  Is a new or altered pedestrian access proposed to or from the public highway?  Vis  No  No  Parking  Will the proposals require any diversions, extinguishment and/or creation of public rights of way?  Vis  No  No  Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  Vis  No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  Ill like confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted solice to the "general biodiversity gain condition."  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted solice for the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) (Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Visia popiciont  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Other person	Pedestrian and Vehicle Access, Roads and Rights of Way	
So a new or altered pedestrian access proposed to or from the public highway?  ○ Yes ○ No  Do the proposals require any diversions, extinguishment and/or creation of public rights of way? ○ Yes ○ No  Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements? ○ Yes ○ No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements. However, this exemption still needs to be contined by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application. ② Iwe confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition. ② Invalidation of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, which in the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land? ○ Yes ○ No  The agent ○ The agent ○ The applicant ○ Other person	Is a new or altered vehicle access proposed to or from the public highway?	
O Yes O No  Parking  Will the proposals require any diversions, extinguishment and/or creation of public rights of way?  O Yes O No  Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  O Yes O No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1980 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  O Yes O No  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  O their person		
On the proposals require any diversions, extinguishment and/or creation of public rights of way?  Yes  No  Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  Yes  No  No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  Ne agraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  No  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Other person	Is a new or altered pedestrian access proposed to or from the public highway?	
Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  Yes  No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  Gilvec confirm that the proposed development. If granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition.'  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for ad evelopment which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  The agent  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Other person		
Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  ○ Yes  ○ No  Piodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  □ I/New confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ○ No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The applicant ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  ○ Yes	Do the proposals require any diversions, extinguishment and/or creation of public rights of way?	
Parking  Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  ○ Yes ② No  Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  ☑ I/we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ② No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ○ The agent ○ The agent ○ Other person		
Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  Nes No  Biodiversity net gain Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements. However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the general biodiversity gain condition.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes No  No  The agent The planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent The application Advice Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes		
Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?  Nes No  Biodiversity net gain Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements. However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the general biodiversity gain condition.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes No  No  The agent The planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent The application Advice Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes		
Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  ☑ Itwo confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ○ No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ○ The agent ○ The application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  ② Yes	Parking	
Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  If I we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  The agent  The agent  The application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes	Will the proposed works affect existing car parking arrangements?	
Biodiversity net gain  Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  ☑ I'we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ○ No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ○ The agent ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application? ○ Yes		
Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  I live confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  The agent  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes	⊗ No	
Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.  However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  I live confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  The agent  The applicant  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes		
However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.  ☑ I/we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ☑ Yes  ☑ No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ☑ The agent  ☑ The agent  ☑ The applicant  ☑ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  ☑ Yes	Biodiversity net gain	
Willowe confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.  Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ○ No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ○ The applicant ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  ○ Yes	Householder developments are currently exempt from biodiversity net gain requirements.	
Paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended) sets out that every planning permission granted for the development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  The agent  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes	However, this exemption still needs to be confirmed by the applicant or agent when making a householder planning permission application.	
development of land in England shall be deemed to have been granted subject to the 'general biodiversity gain condition'.  However, the 'general biodiversity gain condition' does not apply in relation to planning permission for a development which is the subject of a householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes	✓ I/we confirm that the proposed development, if granted permission, would be exempt from the general biodiversity gain condition.	
householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England) Order 2015 (as amended).  Site Visit  Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  Yes  No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  The agent  The applicant  Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?  Yes		
Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ② No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ③ The applicant ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application? ④ Yes	householder application, within the meaning of Article 2(1) of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) (England)	
Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ② No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ③ The applicant ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application? ④ Yes		
Can the site be seen from a public road, public footpath, bridleway or other public land?  ○ Yes ② No  If the planning authority needs to make an appointment to carry out a site visit, whom should they contact?  ○ The agent ③ The applicant ○ Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application? ④ Yes		
○ The agent ② The applicant ○ Other person Pre-application Advice Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application? ② Yes		
<ul> <li>         ⊕ The applicant         ⊕ Other person     </li> <li>         Pre-application Advice         Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?          ⊕ Yes      </li> </ul>		
Other person  Pre-application Advice  Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?   Yes		
Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?    Yes		
Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?    Yes		
Has assistance or prior advice been sought from the local authority about this application?    Yes		
⊙ Yes	Pre-application Advice	

If Yes, please complete the following information about the advice you were given (this will help the authority to deal with this application more efficiently):
Officer name:
Title
***** REDACTED *****
First Name
***** REDACTED ******
Surname
***** REDACTED *****
Reference
54121/001
Date (must be pre-application submission)
19/02/2024
Details of the pre-application advice received
Advised to apply under householder planning as the proposed extension is outside the limits of permitted development under GPDO. The proposal did not meet the criteria of a of a larger homes extension because it will be attached to an existing side wall and is therefore classed as a rear and side extension. Letters have already been sent to neighbours.
Authority Employee/Member  With respect to the Authority, is the applicant and/or agent one of the following:  (a) a member of staff  (b) an elected member  (c) related to a member of staff  (d) related to an elected member
With respect to the Authority, is the applicant and/or agent one of the following:  (a) a member of staff  (b) an elected member  (c) related to a member of staff
With respect to the Authority, is the applicant and/or agent one of the following:  (a) a member of staff  (b) an elected member  (c) related to a member of staff  (d) related to an elected member
With respect to the Authority, is the applicant and/or agent one of the following:  (a) a member of staff  (b) an elected member  (c) related to a member of staff  (d) related to an elected member  It is an important principle of decision-making that the process is open and transparent.  For the purposes of this question, "related to" means related, by birth or otherwise, closely enough that a fair-minded and informed observer, having
With respect to the Authority, is the applicant and/or agent one of the following: (a) a member of staff (b) an elected member (c) related to a member of staff (d) related to an elected member  It is an important principle of decision-making that the process is open and transparent.  For the purposes of this question, "related to" means related, by birth or otherwise, closely enough that a fair-minded and informed observer, having considered the facts, would conclude that there was bias on the part of the decision-maker in the Local Planning Authority.  Do any of the above statements apply?  Yes
With respect to the Authority, is the applicant and/or agent one of the following:  (a) a member of staff  (b) an elected member  (c) related to a member of staff  (d) related to an elected member  It is an important principle of decision-making that the process is open and transparent.  For the purposes of this question, "related to" means related, by birth or otherwise, closely enough that a fair-minded and informed observer, having considered the facts, would conclude that there was bias on the part of the decision-maker in the Local Planning Authority.  Do any of the above statements apply?  Yes  No
With respect to the Authority, is the applicant and/or agent one of the following:  (a) a member of staff (b) an elected member (c) related to a member of staff (d) related to an elected member  It is an important principle of decision-making that the process is open and transparent.  For the purposes of this question, "related to" means related, by birth or otherwise, closely enough that a fair-minded and informed observer, having considered the facts, would conclude that there was bias on the part of the decision-maker in the Local Planning Authority.  Do any of the above statements apply?  Yes  No  Ownership Certificates and Agricultural Land Declaration  Certificates under Article 14 - Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure)

⊙ No
Certificate Of Ownership - Certificate A
I certify/The applicant certifies that on the day 21 days before the date of this application nobody except myself/ the applicant was the owner* of any part of the land or building to which the application relates, and that none of the land to which the application relates is, or is part of, an agricultural holding**
* "owner" is a person with a freehold interest or leasehold interest with at least 7 years left to run.
** "agricultural holding" has the meaning given by reference to the definition of "agricultural tenant" in section 65(8) of the Act.
NOTE: You should sign Certificate B, C or D, as appropriate, if you are the sole owner of the land or building to which the application relates but the land is, or is part of, an agricultural holding.
Person Role
<ul><li></li></ul>
Title
Mrs
First Name
Debbie
Surname
Dacombe
Declaration Date
11/03/2024
☑ Declaration made
Declaration
I/We hereby apply for Householder planning permission as described in the questions answered, details provided, and the accompanying plans/drawings and additional information.  I/We confirm that, to the best of my/our knowledge, any facts stated are true and accurate and any opinions given are the genuine opinions of the person(s) giving them.  I/We also accept that, in accordance with the Planning Portal's terms and conditions:  - Once submitted, this information will be made available to the Local Planning Authority and, once validated by them, be published as part of a public register and on the authority's website;  - Our system will automatically generate and send you emails in regard to the submission of this application.
✓ I / We agree to the outlined declaration
Signed
Debbie Dacombe
Date
14/03/2024

Is any of the land to which the application relates part of an Agricultural Holding?

