

Non-Domestic Renewable Heat Incentive

www.ofgem.gov.uk/ndrhi

22 JUN 2018

Emissions Certificate

In order to accredit any biomass boiler or stove applications received for the domestic or non-domestic Renewable Heat Incentive (RHI) schemes, Ofgem must be satisfied that a valid emissions certificate exists for the specific model in the application (or alternatively for the non-domestic RHI, an environmental permit for the site). This template incorporates all information required to demonstrate that the tested plant meets the air quality requirements of the RHI. It must be fully completed and issued by a testing laboratory in order to be a valid certificate.

1. TEST HOUSE	
a) Name and address of the testing laboratory that has carried out the required tests and issued this certificate * *if different, include details of both	Testing Laboratory: Exova Catalyst, Unit C6, Emery Court, The Embankment Business Park, Heaton Mersey, Stockport, SK4 3GL
	Certificate Issuer: Exova Catalyst, Unit C6, Emery Court, The Embankment Business Park, Heaton Mersey, Stockport, SK4 3GL
b) Name and signature of the person authorised by the testing laboratory to issue the certificate	Name: James Eldridge, Regional Manager - Stockport Signature:
	EXOVG CATALYST CATALOG CATALYST CATALOG CATALYST CATALOG C
	Unit C6, Emery Court The Embankment Business Park Heaton Mersey, Stockport SK4 3GL T: 0161 432 3286 E: info@cat-env.com
c) Date of issue of this certificate, together with certificate reference number for this certificate	Date: 13/02/2019
*Please see Note A	Certificate reference number: CRO-1072 the Biomass Centre – Biomass Boiler D370 (370kW) RHI Certificate-V6
	Optional:reference number of original test report on which this certificate is based: CRO-1072 The Biomass Centre – Biomass Boiler D370 (370kW) Report
d) If the testing laboratory that has carried out the required tests is accredited to BS EN ISO/IEC	Date: 30/06/2008
17025:2005, date of accreditation and accreditation number (if testing conducted on or after 24 September 2013, the testing laboratory must be BS EN ISO/IEC 17025:2005 accredited at the time of testing)	Accreditation number: UKAS 4279

Name of the plant tested	Benton's Bridge - D30 (aka D370)	
a) Name of the plant tested	Denies Dinage (,	
b) Model of the plant tested*		
*Please ensure this is the same as in the	Dragon D30 - 370kW	
manufacturer's documentation and boiler nameplate	Dragon D15 - 195kW	
c) Manufacturer of the plant tested	Ark Fabricators	
d) Installation capacity* of the tested plant in	D30 - 370kW	
kilowatts (kW)	D15 – 195kW	
*The total installed peak heat output capacity		
e) Is the plant a <u>manually stoked</u> , <u>natural draught</u> plant? (without a fan providing forced or induced draught)	No	
f) (i) Date the plant was tested*	01/03/2017	
(ii) Please confirm that NOx and PM have been	V	
tested on the same occasion	Yes	
*This is in reference to the emissions testing for PM		
and NOx, not any wider range of tests. A specific date		
is required. Please provide the date of test performed		
at ≥85% of the installation capacity.		
If more than one model has been tested or testing has		
been conducted on different dates for different fuels,		
please list each date with details.		
g) Please list all the plants in the type-testing range*		
of the tested plants to which the certificate applies, if		
any.1 Please include the installation capacity of each	Dragon D220 - 220kW	
model.	Dragon D220 - 220kW Dragon D240 - 240kW (aka D20)	
*This must follow the ratio rules:	Dragon D270 - 270kW (aka D40)	
If the smallest plant in the range is 500kW or less, the	Dragon D330 - 330kW	
largest plant in the range can't be more than double	Dragon D370 - 370kW (aka D30)	
the smallest.		
If the smallest plant in the range is over 500kW, the		
largest plant in the range can't be more than 500kW		
greater than the smallest.		

¹ The type-testing approach enables testing laboratories to provide assurance that all boilers in a given range meet the air quality requirements, without needing to specifically test each boiler.

3. FUELS		
a) Types of fuels used when testing (Where relevant, the fuel should be classified according to EN303-5, referencing the relevant EN14961 standard for specific classification (superseded by EN17225). We don't expect broader categories such as 'beech'.	Biomass 2.3: Blend Bale Weight Bale Dimensions Bale Density Ash Content	17kg 4' x 2' Approx 23kg/m³ Less than 6%
b) Based on the testing, list the range of fuels that can be used in compliance with the emission limits of 30 grams per gigajoule (g/GJ) net heat input for particulate matter (PM), and 150 g/GJ net heat input for oxides of nitrogen (NOx) (Where relevant, the fuel should be classified according to EN303-5, referencing the relevant	BS ISO 17225-1:2014 Herbaceous Biomass from Agriculture and Horticulture 2.1.1 Cereal Crops 2.1.2 Grasses 2.1.3 Oil Seed Crops 2.1.8 Blends and Mixtures	
EN14961 standard for specific classification (superseded by EN17225). We don't expect broader categories such as 'beech'.	Bale Type Bale Weight Bale Dimensions Bale Density Ash Content	Square / Hesston 17kg - 600kg 4'/2'/2' - 8'/4'/4' 25 - 150kg/m ³ 3 - 9%
	Bale Type Bale Weight Bale Dimensions Bale Density Ash Content	Round 150kg - 600kg 3'6" - 6' Diameter 120 - 150kg/m ³ 3 - 9%
 c) Moisture content of the fuel used during testing. (If multiple fuel types have been tested state all.) 	2.3 Blends and	Mixtures – 17%
d) Maximum allowable moisture content* of fuel that can be used with the certified plant(s) that ensures RHI emission limits are not exceeded.	2.1.1 Cereal Crops – 20% 2.1.2 Grasses – 20% 2.1.3 Oil Seed Crops – 20% 2.1.8 Blends and Mixtures – 20%	
*This value may be obtained from ranges specified in relevant EN14961 standard for specific fuel classifications or EN303-5 when not applicable. Different fuel types should state different maximum allowable moisture contents.	2.1.8 Biends an	a Mixtures - 20%

4. TESTS				
Confirm which requirements the emissions of NOx and PM have been tested in accordance with.				
Either 4a or 4b must be confirmed to be a valid RHI certificat	te.			
a) Was the testing carried out in accordance* with all of				
the provisions relevant to emissions of PM and NOx in				
either BS EN 303-5:1999 or BS EN 303-5:2012?2	BS EN 303-5:1999: not			
*It is not a requirement that the tested plant must be within the	applicable			
scope of one of these standards, as long as the test lab can	BS EN 303-5:2012: not			
confirm that all of the relevant provisions were followed	applicable			
appropriately				
b) Was the testing carried out in accordance with all of the				
following requirements?				
(i) - EN 14792:2005 in respect of NOx emissions Yes				
- EN 13284-1:2002 or ISO 9096:2003 in respect of PM				
emissions ³				
(ii) emissions of PM represent the average of at least three	Yes			
measurements of emissions of PM, each of at least 30 minutes				
duration				
(iii) the value for NOx emissions is derived from the average of	Yes			
measurements made throughout the PM emission tests.				
 c) Please confirm the plant was tested at ≥85% of the installation 				
capacity of the plant.	Yes			
d) Please confirm the test shows that emissions from the plant				
were no greater than 30 g/GJ PM and 150 g/GJ NOx.	Yes			
	22 4 /21			
e) Measured* emissions of PM in g/GJ net heat input	23.4g/GJ			
*This average value should be from the test confirmed in 4c				
Results from partial load tests are not required.				
This value must be in the specified units.				
f) Measured* emissions of NOx in g/GJ net heat input	27.6g/GJ			
*This average value should be from the test confirmed in 4c.				
Results from partial load tests are not required.				
This value must be in the specified units.				

Note A: If details from a previously issued certificate or an original test report are being transferred to this RHI emission certificate template, please note that this document must be **issued by the testing laboratory** as a separate certificate. The issue date and certificate reference number should be in relation to *this* certificate produced using the RHI template, not the issue date and reference number of the original certificate or test report.

² BS EN303-5:1999 and 2012 explain what should be measured and when.

³ These standards explain how to make the PM and NOx measurements.

Non-Domestic Renewable Heat Incentive

Note B: If you are including multiple tested plants on one certificate, please ensure that all sections are completed for each tested plant, and are laid out such that it is clear which details relate to which tested plant. If a type-testing range is included as well, please show clearly which type-testing range relates to which tested plant(s), following the type-testing range ratio rules outlined in 2g