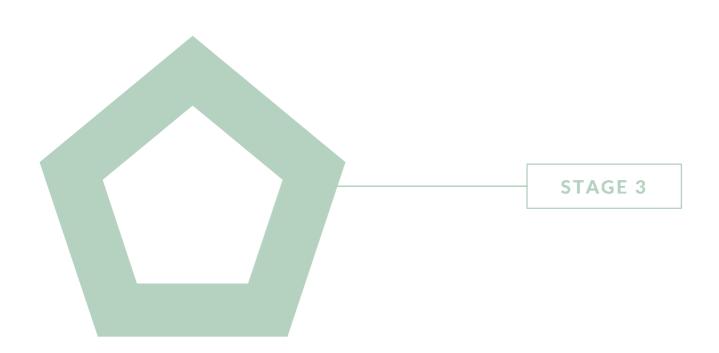


Oxford Institute of Digital Health. Oxford.

NBBJ.

MEP ENGINEERING STAGE 3 EXTERNAL LIGHTING REPORT

REVISION P02 - 04 APRIL 2024



2

OXFORD INSTITUTE OF DIGITAL HEALTH
NBBJ

MEP ENGINEERING STAGE 3 EXTERNAL LIGHTING REPORT – REV. P02

Audit sheet.

Rev.	Date	Description of change / purpose of issue	Prepared	Reviewed	Authorised
P01	21/02/2024	Stage 3 Issue	SS	JK	TK
P02	04/04/2024	Updated Stage 3 Issue	SS	JK	TK

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Project number: 31/04081

Document reference: 598-HLE-XX-XX-RP-E-708002-External lighting RevP01

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NBBJ

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1. Introduction

1.1 Scope of Report

This report has been prepared to demonstrate that the external lighting scheme at the new Oxford Institute of Digital health (OIDH) development will comply with Local and National Guidelines in terms of light pollution and minimum levels of illumination required addressing security and amenity.

1.2 Site Location and Description

Oxford Institute of Digital Health (OIDH) is situated near the Radcliffe Observatory Quarter (ROQ), Central North Oxford. The current scheme comprises of two existing buildings, Gibson and Harkness buildings which have a common courtyard, with 2no. associated accessible car parking spaces, bicycle facilities, and walkways.

The new OIDH will be positioned on the site of the existing Gibson and Harkness buildings, which are to be retained and reused. The courtyard between the two buildings will be used to create a new atrium that connects and serves as a hub for the building.

Figure 1 below shows the site location, and Figure 2 shows the proposed site plan.



Figure 1: Site Location

2. Objectives and Design Criteria

2.1 Objectives

Specific objectives of the proposed lighting scheme when fully designed include:

- Provide adequate illuminance to the roadways, pathways and entrance areas of this development
- Provide adequate illuminance to walkways and entrances to improve the security of the users
- Mitigate light pollution and light trespass so far as is practicable
- Minimise energy consumption through efficient luminaires and suitable lighting control strategy



Figure 2: Proposed Site plan

2.2 Relevant Standards & Guidance

Light and people's perception of it, are a complex interaction and vary from person to person. There are therefore recognised standards that are based on current good practice.

The proposed developments external lighting shall be designed in accordance with the following regulations, standards and guidance:

- SLL Code of Lighting
- Society of Light & Lighting Handbook
- CIE Technical Report, CIE 150 Guide to the Limitation of the Effects of Obtrusive Light from Outdoor Installations

- CIBSE Lighting Guide 6 The Outdoor Environment
- BS 5489-1:2020 Design of Road Lighting. Part 1: Lighting of Roads and Public Amenity Areas Code of Practice
- BS EN 13201-2:2015 Road Lighting. Part 2: Performance Requirements
- BS EN 12464-2 Lighting of work places. Part 2: Outdoor work places

Additional guidance on light pollution and limiting impacts on ecology:

Guidance Notes for the Reduction of Obtrusive Light – ILP

The above publications refer to five environmental zones E0-E4 which are based on background brightness, for which a number of limiting technical parameters are given. The Oxford Institute of Digital Health will fall within Environmental Zone 3: Medium District Brightness.

The legal requirements for good lighting are limited to those aspects relevant to safety and are encompassed in the following UK sets of Regulations:

- Health & Safety at Work etc. Act
- Health & Safety Commission, Approved Code of Practice Regulation 8 Lighting

2.3 Performance Criteria

2.3.1 Quality of Light

Lamps and Luminaires

Lamp types will be selected for their efficacy, colour rendition and longevity to provide an efficient lighting solution with a predictable maintenance regime. Where possible luminaires will be sourced from readily available standard product ranges. Luminaires will be selected for their construction, design, fabrication and ingress protection and will be sited in accessible locations. Particular attention will be paid to selecting luminaires with good optical control to help ensure that light pollution is kept to a minimum.

Colour Temperature

The colour temperature of a light source is conventionally stated in the unit of absolute temperature, Kelvin, having the unit symbol K. Temperatures above 4000K are cool in colour, with bluish white light, while colour temperatures around 4000K are more neutral white in tone, providing a modern feel. Colour temperatures in the 2400K-3000K range have a warmer effect, creating a traditional atmosphere.







Figure 3: Colour Temperature Comparison

2.3.2 Obtrusive Light

Light pollution, or obtrusive light, has the potential to cause physiological and ecological issues. It takes various forms:

- Sky glow: the brightening of the night sky above our towns and cities,
- Glare: the uncomfortable brightness of a light source in contrast to the background
- Light Trespass: the spilling of light beyond the boundary of the property on which the light source is located
- Light Ingress: the passage of light into buildings from an external source(s)

Obtrusive light is a nuisance to both humans and wildlife, it is a waste of energy and contributes to greenhouse gas emissions. The problems of unnecessary, obtrusive light can and should be reduced or eliminated at the design stage. When specifying luminaires, careful consideration is given to minimising upward light and the use of optical units with precise light intensity distribution: thus, ensuring that spill and glare are minimised.

Luminaires selected for this development will have no upward light component and will all be LED with optics designed for precise projection of light.

During the design phase of a lighting installation the following measures should be considered to reduce the occurrence of obtrusive light:

Over-lighting: This is avoided by conducting thorough calculations and carefully selecting the most appropriate lighting equipment and lamp types.

Lighting Control: To ensure luminaires are only switched on when necessary, a lighting control performance specification is produced.

Follow Guidance: For the purpose of this study, it is considered that the development is an area of 'Medium district brightness' (Zone E3). Therefore, the relevant maximum values highlighted from the tables below should be applied.

Zone	Lighting Environment	Examples
E0	Intrinsically dark	UNESCO Starlight Reserves, IDA Dark Sky Parks, Major optical observatories
E1	Dark	Relatively uninhabited rural areas
E2	Low district brightness	Sparsely inhabited rural areas
E3	Medium district brightness	Well inhabited rural and urban settlements
E4	High district brightness	Town and city centres and other commercial areas

Figure 4: LG 6 - Environmental Zones

Source: CIE 150: 2017

Light Technical	Application Conditions	Environmental Zones					
Parameter	Application Conditions	E0	E1	E2	E3	E4	
Illuminance in	Pre-curfew	n/a	2 lx	5 lx	10 lx	25 lx	
vertical plane (E_v)	Post-curfew	n/a	< 0,1 lx*	1 lx	2 lx	5 lx	

Figure 5: CIE 150 - Maximum Values of Vertical Illuminance on Properties

Road Illuminance

Traffic flow	Lig	hting class		
	Dual	Single carriageway		
	Junction density: Junction density		y: low	
	high			
High to very high ^{A)}	M3	M4	M3	
Low to moderate ^{B)}	M4	M5	M4	
Very low ^{C)}	M5	M6	M5	

Figure 6: BS 5489-1:2020 - Lighting classes for traffic routes (v < 40mph)

OIDH will have a very low traffic density as the roadways on the site will be for the building users and for deliveries to the site, therefore the roadways will target lighting class M5.

Class	Luminance of	the road surface and wet road su	Disability glare	Lighting of surroundings		
	Dry conditions			Wet	Dry conditions	Dry conditions
	$egin{array}{c c} \hline L & U_{ m o} & U_{ m l} \ [minimum \\ maintained] & [minimum] & [minimum] \ & \ & \ & \ & \ & \ & \ & \ & \ & \ $		U _l a [minimum]	$U_{ m ow}^{ m b}$ [minimum]	f _{TI} c [maximum] %	$R_{ m EI}^{ m d}$ [minimum]
M1	2,00	0,40	0,70	0,15	10	0,35
M2	1,50	0,40	0,70	0,15	10	0,35
М3	1,00	0,40	0,60	0,15	15	0,30
M4	0,75	0,40	0,60	0,15	15	0,30
М5	0,50	0,35	0,40	0,15	15	0,30
M6	0,30	0,35	0,40	0,15	20	0,30

Figure 7: BS EN 13201-2:2015 - M Lighting Classes

Car Park Illuminance

		Values in lux
Type of area and usage	\overline{E}	$U_{\rm o}$
Light traffic, e.g. parking areas of shops, terraced and apartment houses; cycle parks	5	0.25
Medium traffic, e.g. parking areas of department stores, office buildings, plants, sports and multipurpose building complexes	10	0.25
Heavy traffic, e.g. parking areas of major shopping centres, major sports and multipurpose sports and building complexes	20	0.25

Figure 8: BS 5489-1:2020 - Maintained Lighting Levels for Outdoor Car Parks

As the 2no. accessible car parking spaces will be for the sole use of the building users with accessibility requirements, it is anticipated that there will be very little traffic.

Walkway Illuminance

Traffic flow	Lighting class						
	E1 to E4 ^{A)}	E1 to E2 ^{A)}	E3 to E4 ^{A)}				
	Pedestrian and cyclists only	Speed limit $v \le 30$ mph	Speed limit $v \le 30$ mph				
Busy ^{B)}	P5	P4	Р3				
Normal ^{c)}	P5	P5	P4				
Quiet D)	P6	P5	P4				

Figure 9: BS 5489-1:2020 - Lighting Classes for Subsidiary Roads

Class	Horizont	al illuminance	Additional requirement if facial recognition is necessary		
	$ ilde{E}^{a}$ [minimum maintained]	E _{min} [maintained] lx	E _{v,min} [maintained]	$E_{\rm sc,min}$ [maintained]	
P1	15,0	3,00	5,0	5,0	
P2	10,0	2,00	3,0	2,0	
Р3	7,50	1,50	2,5	1,5	
P4	5,00	1,00	1,5	1,0	
P5	3,00	0,60	1,0	0,6	
P6	2,00	0,40	0,6	0,2	
P7	performance not determined	performance not determined			

^a To provide for uniformity, the actual value of the maintained average illuminance shall not exceed 1,5 times the minimum \bar{E} value indicated for the class.

Figure 10: BS EN 13201-2:2015 - P Lighting Classes

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Pole mounted luminaries with street optic will be utilised to illuminate the main pedestrian walkways through the site, these will allow even illumination of the walkways to improve the safety and security of the users of the site. In order to minimise impact to ecology these will have a colour temperature of 3000K and will be mounted at 2000mm. The minimum maintained illuminance will be as shown in Figure 10.

Access pathways and secondary pathways within the landscaping will be illuminated with pole and ground mounted luminaires.

2.3.3 Ecological Lighting Recommendation

The ecological impact assessment makes a number of recommendations to mitigate the impact of external lighting on the ecology local to the site. The external lighting design addresses these recommendations in the following ways:

The following standard measures are taken to reduce the nighttime lighting effect at the site, these include:

- All luminaires will be LED which do not contain UV elements.
- All luminaires will have optical control and DALI dimming to ensure light is directed to the areas it is required and at the intensity required.
- All luminaires will have a colour temperature of 3000K with peak spectral wavelength of above 600nm.
- Pole mounted luminaires will have a maximum overall height of 2500mm and have optical control to limit light spill.
- All of the fixed lighting specified has 0% upward light and will be mounted in the horizontal.
- Adjustable lighting elements within the terrace areas will have optical controls to ensure sharp cut offs.
- The lighting system will be controlled through photocell and astronomical time clocks to ensure lighting
 other than that required for security is switched off during night hours, security lighting will be
 controlled through motion sensors.



3. Calculation Results

3.1 Model

A lighting model was prepared in Relux in order to check the compliance of the design with the aforementioned criteria, ensuring adequate illumination of the roads, car park, paths and entrances to the building, as well as examining the obtrusive light to minimise the ecological impact of the design.

The model was based on the landscape designers and architect's layouts. Relux was used to give a realistic indication of the development when constructed. The parameters considered in the model are as follows:

- All column mounted luminaires will be mounted at 2000mm.

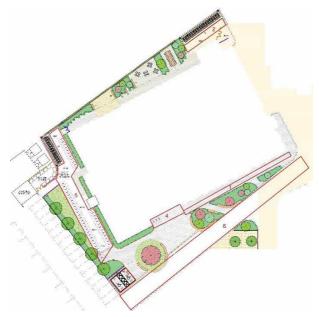


Figure 11: Calculation Surfaces

3.2 Results Overview

	Pedestrian Pathways (1)	Patio (2)	Car Park (3)	Building Entrance (4)	Cycle Area (5)	Roadways (6)
Average Illuminance (lx)	24.4	17.5	49.8	55.3	16.4	25.8
Minimum Illuminance (lx)	5.9	9.4	21.1	26	3.9	9.8
Maximum illuminance (lx)	47	29.3	91.6	79.9	50.9	49.8
Uniformity (Uo)	0.24	0.54	0.42	0.47	0.24	0.38
Minimum Luminance (cd/m²)	-	-	-	-	-	0.04
Average Luminance (cd/m²)	-	-	-	-	-	1.35

3.3 Obtrusive Light

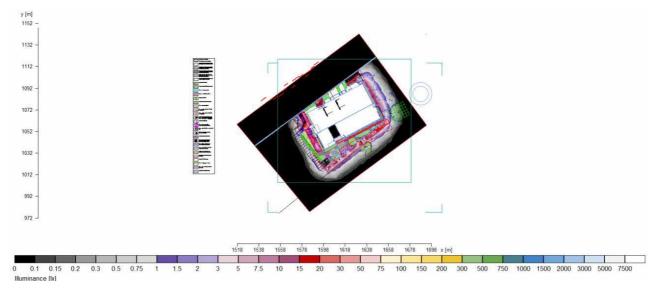


Figure 12: Site Illuminance False Colour Rendering

See associated drawing 598-HLEA-ZZ-XX-DR-E-70804 for detailed isoline layout showing extents of light spill.

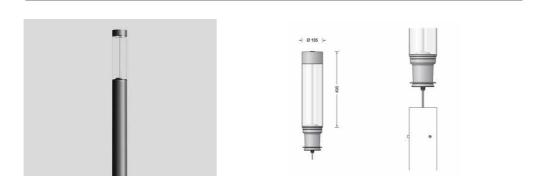
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3.4 Luminaire Schedule



OIDH

EX1



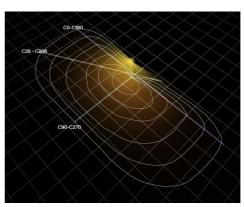
Manufacturer	Bega			
Product name	84748K3		Dimensions - Diameter	135 mm
Product description	Pole top pa	th luminaire	Dimensions - Height	495 mm
Mounting type	Pole mount	ed		
Lamp type	LED, 30001	C, CRI80	Emergency	N/A
Optic	Asymmetri	c flat beam	Accessory -	Bega 2000mm pole
Connected Load Delivered Lumens Efficiency Embodied Carbon	22.5 2294 102 TBC	W Lm LLm/W KG/CO2e	Located in: Perimeter road and cyc Notes: 2500mm pole mounted	
Stages A, C & D* CEAM - TM66 Score	TBC	0 - 4		
Finish	RAL 7016			
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP65, IK08			

HOARE LEA (H.)

LUMINAIRE DATASHEETS

OIDH EX2/E





Manufacturer	EWO			
Product name	FA08		Dimensions - Length	260 mm
Product description	2m bollard	luminaire	Dimensions - Height	1000 mm
Mounting type	Ground mo	unted	Dimensions - Width	180 mm
Lamp type	LED, 3000H	K, CRI80	Emergency	N/A
Optic	AP06		Accessory -	
Connected Load Delivered Lumens Efficiency Embodied Carbon	10 792 80 TBC	W Lm LLm/W KG/CO2e	Located in: Building front pedestriar Notes: To be combined v	
Stages A, C & D* CEAM - TM66 Score	TBC	0 - 4		
Finish	RAL 7016			
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP66, IK08			



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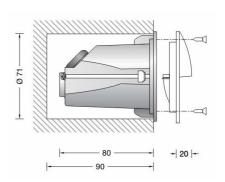
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LUMINAIRE DATASHEETS

OIDH

EX3





Manufacturer	Bega			
Product name	22369		Dimensions - Diameter	71 mm
Product description	Circular shield	ded path light	Dimensions - Length	100 mm
Mounting type	Wall recessed	I	Dimensions - Cut out dep	th 90 mm
Lamp type	LED, 3000K, CRI80		Emergency	N/A
Optic	Rectangular 's	side throw' (R65)	Accessory -	
Connected Load	2.7	W	Located in:	
Delivered Lumens	97	Lm	Landscaping	
Efficiency	35.9	LLm/W	Notes:	
Embodied Carbon Stages A, C & D*	TBC	KG/CO2e		
CEAM - TM66 Score	TBC	0 - 4		
Finish	RAL 7016			
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP66, IK08			



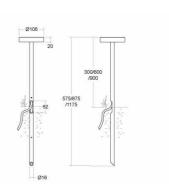


LUMINAIRE DATASHEETS

OIDH

EX4a





Manufacturer	LightGraphix			
Product name	LD53		Dimensions - Diameter	106 mm
Product description	Circular spike t decorative plan		Dimensions - Height above ground	600 mm
Mounting type	Ground spike r	mounted	Dimensions – Total length	875 mm
Lamp type	LED, 3000K, CRI93.5		Emergency	N/A
Optic	Rectangular 'side throw' (R65)		Accessory -	
Connected Load	5.4	W	Located in:	
Delivered Lumens	310	Lm	First floor terrace	
Efficiency	44	LLm/W	Notes: Ground spike mounted with	in terrace planters
Embodied Carbon Stages A, C & D*	TBC	KG/CO2e		
CEAM - TM66 Score	2.5	0 - 4		
Finish	RAL 9005			
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP65			



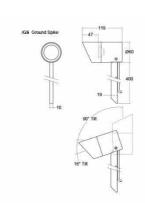


LUMINAIRE DATASHEETS

OIDH

EX4b





Manufacturer	LightGrapl	nix		
Product name	LD10238		Dimensions - Diameter	60 mm
Product description		ground spike adjustable LED	Dimensions – Height aborground	ve 695 mm (max)
Mounting type	Ground sp	ike mounted	Dimensions - Length	119 mm
Lamp type	LED, 3000	K, CRI85	Emergency	N/A
Optic	Wall wash		Accessory -	
Connected Load	4.2	W	Located in:	
Delivered Lumens	379	Lm	Rear garden	
Efficiency	76	LLm/W	Notes:	ithin mlantara
Embodied Carbon Stages A, C & D*	TBC	KG/CO2e	Ground spike mounted w Wall wash to existing wal	
CEAM - TM66 Score	2.5	0 - 4		
Finish	RAL 7016		Remote DALI drivers to be concealed in a dry ventilat space, contractor to coordinate with manufacturers literature for maximum distances between luminaire driver.	
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP67			

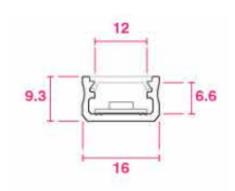
HOARE LEA (H.)

LUMINAIRE DATASHEETS

OIDH

L5





Manufacturer	Optelma Jamie Arno info@opte	1.50		
Product name	Firo		Dimensions - Width	16 mm
Product description	LED strip p	profile	Dimensions - Height	6.6 mm
Mounting type	Surface mo	ounted	Dimensions - Length	TBC mm
Lamp type	LED, 3000	K, CRI90	Emergency	N/A
Optic	Rectangula	ar 'side throw' (R65)	Accessory -	
Connected Load	4.8	W/m	Located in:	
Delivered Lumens	338	Lm/m	First floor terrace	
Efficiency	70	LLm/W	Notes: Concealed on underside	of terrace perimeter ledge.
Embodied Carbon Stages A, C & D*	TBC	KG/CO2e	Integration detail and fin next stage of design.	al length to be developed at the
CEAM - TM66 Score	TBC	0 - 4		
Finish	Silver			
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP65			



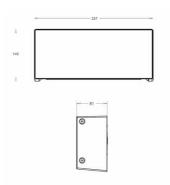
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LUMINAIRE DATASHEETS

OIDH

EX6/E





Manufacturer	Kingfisher			
Product name	Semita Urban		Dimensions - Width	337 mm
Product description	Wall street ar	nd final exit light	Dimensions - Height	148 mm
Mounting type	Wall mounted		Dimensions - Depth	81 mm
Lamp type	LED, 3000K, CRI>70		Emergency	3hr
Optic	Comfort Path Optic		Accessory -	
Connected Load Delivered Lumens	11 1393	W Lm	Located in: Building perimeter and fir	aal exits
Efficiency	127	LLm/W	Notes: Integral 3hr emergency	
Embodied Carbon Stages A, C & D*	TBC	KG/CO2e		
CEAM - TM66 Score	>2.5	0 - 4		
Finish	RAL 7016			
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP66/ IK10			



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OIDH

L7

395/nm

340/nm

Manufacturer	Kingfisher Lig Dave Hugher dhughes@kir			
Product name	Tocca 2.0		Dimensions - Width	340 mm
Product description	Handrail rece	essed luminaire	Dimensions - Height	20 mm
Mounting type	Recessed		Dimensions - Depth	16 mm
Lamp type	LED, 3000K,	CRI82	Emergency	N/A
Optic	Diffuse		Accessory -	
Connected Load	4.2	W	Located in:	
Delivered Lumens	195	Lm	Final Exit	
Efficiency	46.5	LLm/W	Notes: To be integrated into hand	
Embodied Carbon Stages A, C & D*	TBC	KG/CO2e	coordinate with architect integration details.	for handrail specification and
CEAM - TM66 Score	ТВС	0 - 4		ote driver, concealed in a dry manufacturer's literature for en driver and luminaire.
Finish				
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP66/ IK10			



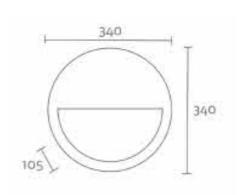
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LUMINAIRE DATASHEETS

OIDH

EX8





Manufacturer	Kingfisher Lighting Dave Hughes dhughes@kingfisherlighting.com			
Product name	Alfresco Urba	in	Dimensions - Diameter	340 mm
Product description	Bulkhead lum	inaire	Dimensions - Height	105 mm
Mounting type	Ceiling surfac	e		
Lamp type	LED, 3000K,	CRI80	Emergency	N/A
Optic	Diffuse		Accessory -	
Connected Load	20	W	Located in:	
Delivered Lumens	2147	Lm	Cycle stores	
Efficiency	107	LLm/W	Notes: To be mounted to u	nderside of cycle store cover
Embodied Carbon Stages A, C & D*	TBC	KG/CO2e		
CEAM - TM66 Score	TBC	0 - 4		
Finish				
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP66/ IK10			

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LUMINAIRE DATASHEETS

OIDH

EX9





Manufacturer	iGuzzini			
Product name			Dimensions - Width	340 mm
Product description			Dimensions - Height	20 mm
Mounting type	Recessed		Dimensions - Depth	16 mm
Lamp type	LED, 3000K	, CRI82	Emergency	N/A
Optic	Diffuse		Accessory -	
Connected Load	4.2	W	Located in:	
Delivered Lumens	195	Lm	Notes:	
Efficiency	46.5	LLm/W		
Embodied Carbon Stages A, C & D*	TBC	KG/CO2e		
CEAM - TM66 Score	TBC	0 - 4		
Finish				
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP66/ IK10			



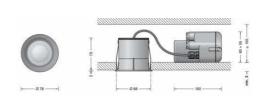
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LUMINAIRE DATASHEETS

OIDH EX10





Manufacturer	Bega			
Product name	24 790		Dimensions - Diameter	68 mm
Product description	Recessed d	ownlight	Dimensions - Height	72 mm
Mounting type	Ceiling rece	essed		
Lamp type	LED, 3000H	C, CRI80	Emergency	N/A
Optic	Diffuse		Accessory -	
Connected Load	6.3	W	Located in: Entrance	
Delivered Lumens	650	Lm	Notes:	
Efficiency	103.2	LLm/W		
Embodied Carbon Stages A, C & D*	TBC	KG/CO2e		
CEAM - TM66 Score	TBC	0 - 4		
Finish				
Control gear	DALI 2			
IP/IK rating	IP66/ IK10			



MEP ENGINEERING STAGE 3 EXTERNAL LIGHTING REPORT – REV. P02

3.5 Controls

The external lighting installation will be automatic with user intervention where required. Lighting will be controlled via centralised photocell and programmable time clock lighting control system, located adjacent to external lighting distribution boards. Override / isolation switches will be provided alongside the boards to allow for routine maintenance and testing.

The lighting installation will be zoned to allow different areas to be controlled independently.

- Control Zone 1 : Pedestrian Pathways
- Control Zone 2 : Patio
- Control Zone 3 : Building Entrances
- Control Zone 4 : Cycle Area
- Control Zone 5 : Roadways

The external lighting will be switched on at dusk via the centralised photocell and switch off as detailed below. Please note that these times could be changed within the external lighting system to meet the Client's requirements.

- Control Zone 1 : Pedestrian Pathways Dusk to Midnight, 6.00am to daylight
- Control Zone 2 : Patio Dusk to Midnight
- Control Zone 3: Building Entrances Dimmed Midnight to 6.00am, 6.00am to Dawn
- Control Zone 4 : Cycle Area Dusk to Dawn
- Control Zone 5 : Roadways Dusk to Dawn

The external lighting control system shall be managed by a central control system that shall allow the on/off times to be modified as the requirements of the buildings users and Oxford Institute of Digital Health develops over time.





SANA SIBGHATULLAH GRADUATE ENGINEER

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