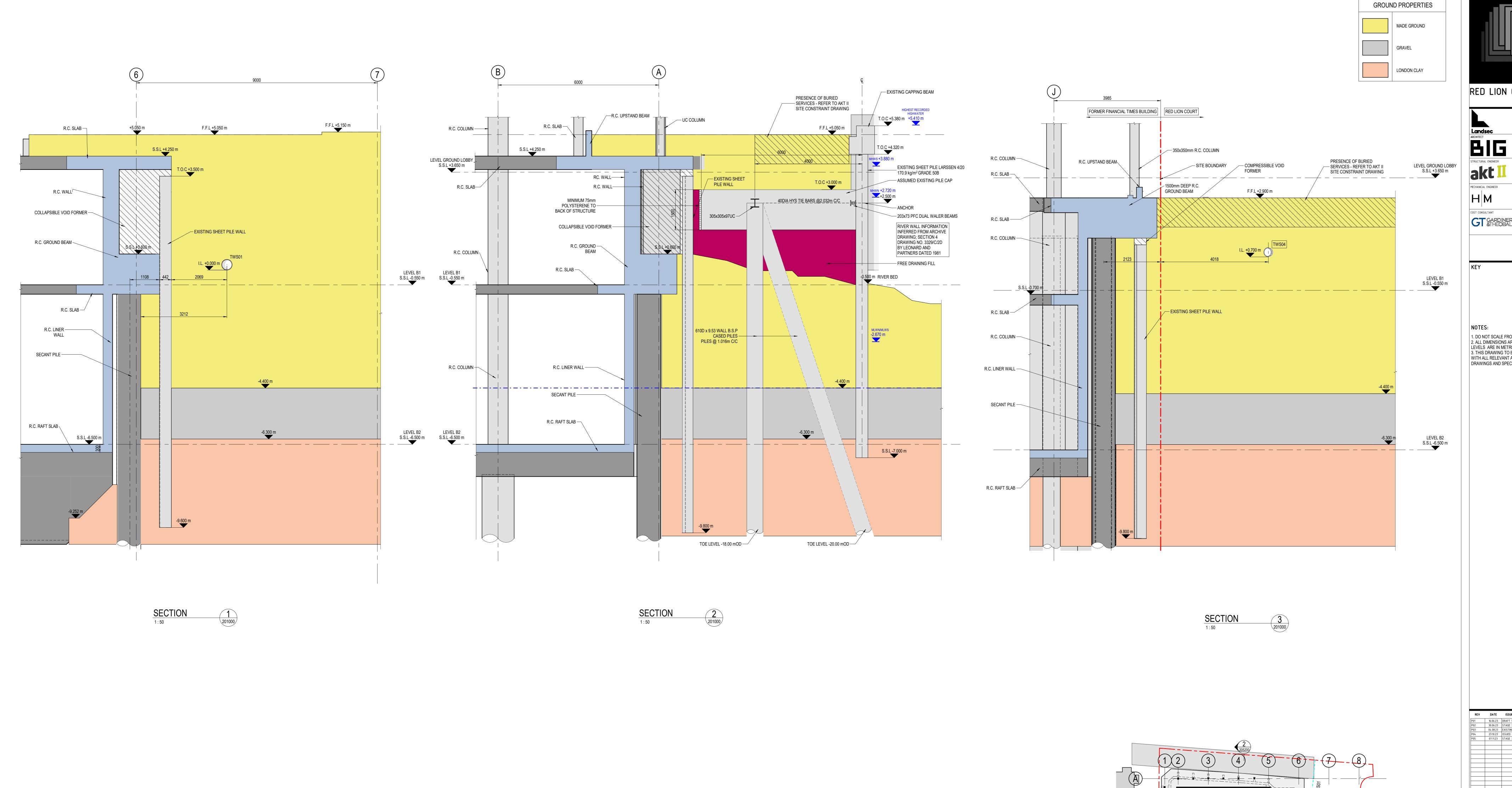
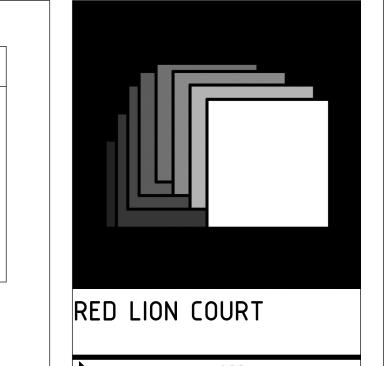


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1. DO NOT SCALE FROM THIS DRAWING.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES AND ALL LEVELS ARE IN METRES.
3. THIS DRAWING TO BE READ IN CONJUNCTION WITH ALL RELEVANT ARCHITECTS AND ENGINEERS DRAWINGS AND SPECIFICATIONS.

 REV
 DATE
 ISSUE

 P01
 16.06.23
 DRAFT STAGE 3

 P02
 30.06.23
 STAGE 3

 P03
 04.08.23
 EXISTING UTILITIES UPDATE

 P04
 23.10.23
 ISSUED FOR COMMENTS

 P05
 07.11.23
 STAGE 3 ADDENDUM

STAGE 3

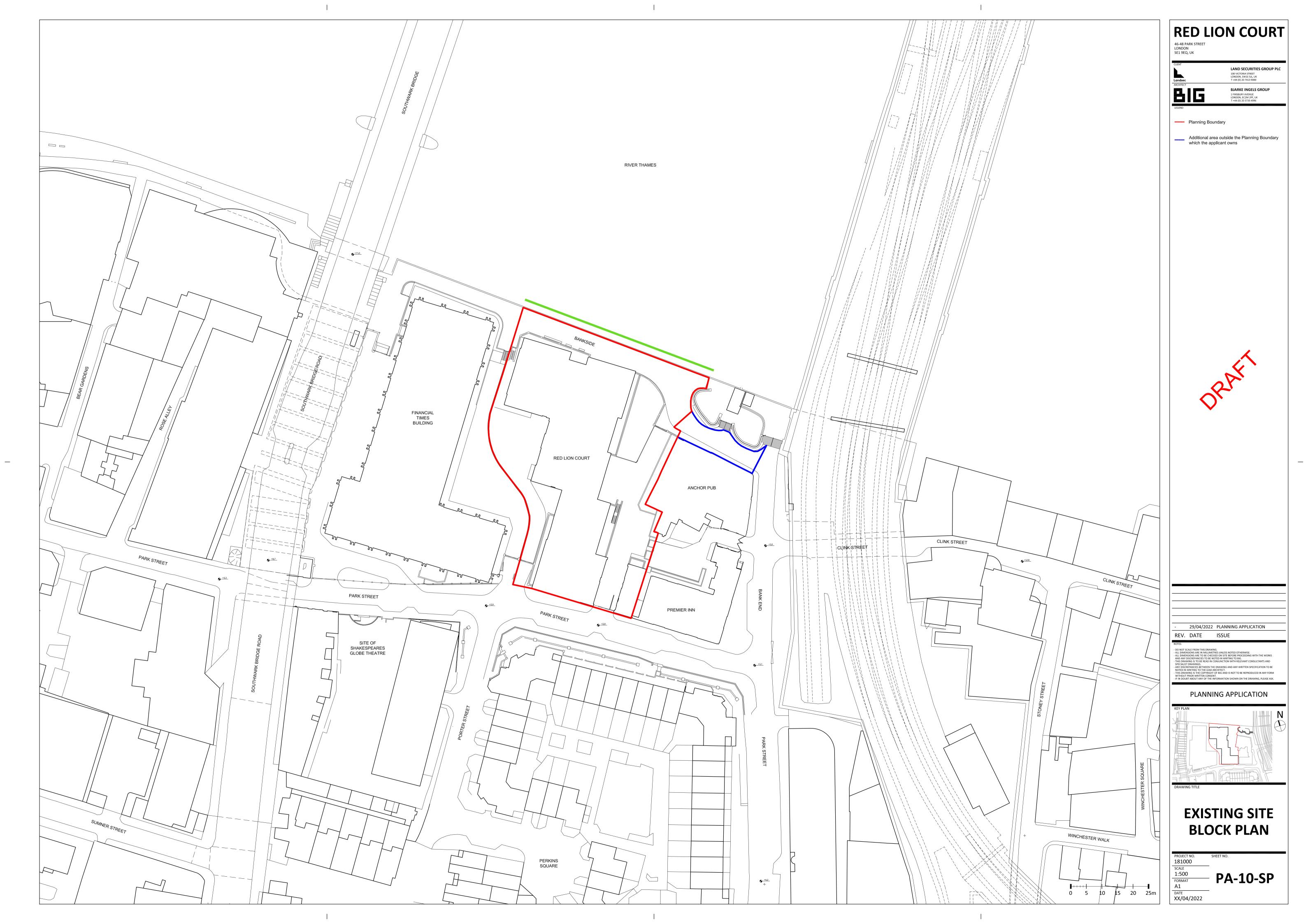
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KEY PLAN
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SECTIONS SHEET 1

APPENDIX 02



APPENDIX 03

soitechnics environmental - geotechnical - building fabric

Red Lion Court 46-48 Park Street London

River Wall Survey



Red Lion Court 46-48 Park Street London SE1 9EQ

River Wall Survey

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Aerial photograph of site



The approximate site boundary is highlighted in magenta.



Report status and format

Report	Principal coverage	Report status
section		Revision Comments
1	Introduction	
2	Fieldwork	
3	Summary of findings	

List of drawings

Drawing	Principal coverage Status		
		Revision	Comments
01	Plan showing river wall LIDAR scan and ultrasound thickness measurements		



1 Introduction

1.1	Objectives
1.2	Status of this report
1.3	Client instructions and confidentiality
1.4	Site location
1.5	Soiltechnics liability

1.1 Objectives

- 1.1.1 This report describes a river wall survey carried out as part of investigations for a proposed development at Red Lion Court, Park Street, London.
- 1.1.2 The objectives of the investigations were as follows
 - a) Determine the thickness of the existing sheet piled river wall using ultrasonic measurements.
 - b) Undertake a visual inspection of the sheet pile condition
 - c) Produce a scan of the wall using LIDAR and obtain appropriate measurements from the data.

1.2 Status of this report

1.2.1 This report is final based on current instructions.

1.3 Client instructions and confidentiality

- 1.3.1 The investigation was carried out in December 2021 and reported in May 2022 acting on instructions received through CPC Project Services LLP on behalf of our mutual client LS Red Lion Court Developer Limited.
- 1.3.2 This report has been prepared for the sole benefit of our above-named instructing client, but this report, and its contents, remains the property of Soiltechnics Limited until payment in full of our invoices in connection with production of this report.



1.4 Site location

1.4.1 The National Grid reference for the site is 532410,180440. The surveyed section is shown below which extends between Southwark Road Bridge and Cannon Street Railway Bridge.



1.5 Soiltechnics liability

1.5.1 Soiltechnics disclaims any responsibility to our Client and others in respect of any matters outside the scope of this report. This report has been prepared with reasonable skill, care and diligence in accordance with the terms of our contract, taking account of the manpower, resources, investigations and testing devoted to it by agreement with our Client. This report is confidential to our Client and Soiltechnics accepts no responsibility of whatsoever nature to third parties to whom this report or any part thereof is made known. Any such party relies upon the report at their own risk.



2 Fieldwork

2.1	General
2.2	Ultrasonic measurements
2.3	Visual inspection and photographic records
2.4	Measurement of anchor brackets

2.1 General

2.1.1 Fieldwork was undertaken on 8th December 2021 and comprised an inspection of the river wall using various methods.

2.2 Ultrasonic measurements

- 2.2.1 An ultrasonic thickness meter model PCE-TG 50, manufactured by PCE Instruments was used to measure the thickness of steel in the sheet piles. The equipment includes an integrated calibration block. With calibration carried out prior to measurements of the set of three readings.
- 2.2.2 A coupling gel was applied to the pile. The probe directs ultrasonic waves through the coupling gel into the material to be tested to determine the thickness. Local corrosion can impact measurements.
- 2.2.3 The instrument displays measured thickness to an accuracy of 0.1mm.

2.3 Visual inspection

2.3.1 A visual inspection was undertaken along the length of the river wall from the foreshore of the River Thames at low tide. The objective of the inspection was to identify damage and areas of significant corrosion. Area of noted corrosion are indicated on Drawing 01.

2.4 LIDAR scan

2.4.1 LIDAR scanning was undertaken to produce a 3D scan of the wall.



3 Summary of findings

- 3.1 General Wall Construction
- 3.2 Pile Condition
- 3.3 Concrete Capping Beam
- 3.4 Tie rods

3.1 General wall construction

3.1.1 The river wall is formed of steel sheet piles. Anchor tie rod ends are present in all recessed piles from the west (Southwark Bridge) for approximately two thirds of the wall length. No tie rods were visible in the eastern section approximately as below.



3.1.2 A general view along the wall looking west is shown below.



Photograph 3.1 – General view along the sheet piled wall

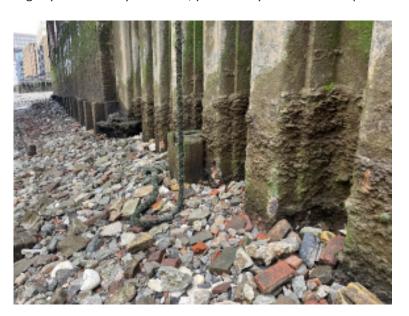


3.2 Pile condition

3.2.1 The sheet piles appeared in generally good condition but some areas of expected decay were observed. These are recorded on Drawing 01 and detailed below. No significant faults, defects, buckling or failure of the sheet piles was observed during our survey.

3.2.2 General corrosion

3.2.2.1 Piles were generally slightly corroded with algae as expected. To the east, piles were slightly more visibly corroded, particularly at the base as pictured below.



3.2.3 Delamination

3.2.3.1 Small areas of delamination (loss of outer layer of steel) as pictured below:





3.2.4 Bubbling of surface

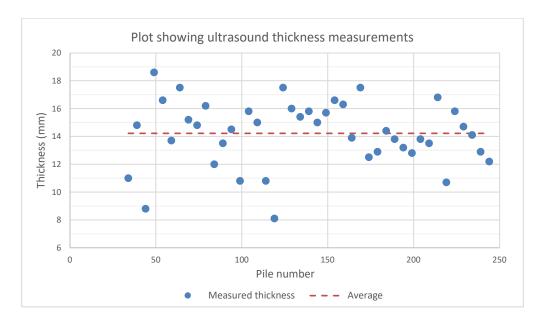
3.2.4.1 Bubbling at the surface, suggestive of possible sub surface corrosion/expansion, was observed within lower sections of piles particularly to the east of the site as pictured below.





3.3 Sheet Pile Thickness

- 3.3.1 A total of 43no' ultrasonic measurements were taken along the wall profile. The measurements are tabulated on Drawing 01.
- 3.3.2 The average measured steel thickness onsite was 14.2mm, with a range of 8.1mm 18.6mm. Test results are represented graphically below.



3.4 Capping beam

3.4.1 The concrete capping beam was observed in generally good condition, with no obvious signs of cracking or damage.