Planning Policy

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#### National Planning Policy Framework (December 2023)

Section 2 - Achieving Sustainable Development

Section 5 - Delivering a Sufficient Supply of Homes

Section 7 - Ensuring the Vitality of Town Centres

Section 9 - Promoting Sustainable Transport

Section 11 - Making Effective Use of Land

Section 12 - Achieving Well Designed Places

#### London Plan (2021)

Policy GG2 - Making the best use of land

Policy GG4 - Delivering the homes Londoners need

Policy SD6 - Town centres and high streets

Policy SD7 - Town centres: development principles and Development

Plan Documents

Policy D1 - London's form, character and capacity for growth

Policy D3 - Optimising site capacity through the design-led approach

Policy D4 - Delivering good design

Policy D5 - Inclusive Design

Policy D6 - Housing quality and standards

Policy D12 - Fire Safety

Policy H1 - Increasing housing supply

Policy H2 - Small sites

Policy H10 - Housing size mix

Policy G5 - Urban Greening

Policy SI4 - Managing heat risk

Policy T5 - Cycling

Policy T6 - Car parking

Policy T6.1 - Residential parking

#### Ealing Local Development Plan Core Strategy (2012)

Policy 2.2: Revitalise Acton Town Centre

Policy 2.4: Regenerate the Acton Main Line station area Local Context/ Neighbourhood Profiles: Acton

Ealing Local Development Plan Development Management Policies (2013)

Policy 3.5 Ealing Local Variation - Quality And Design Of Housing Developments

Policy 5.2 Ealing Local Variation - Minimising Carbon Dioxide Emissions

Policy 6.13 Ealing Local Variation - Parking

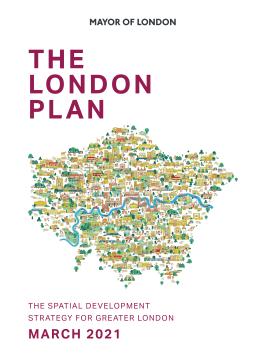
Policy 7.4 Ealing Local Variation - Local Character

Policy 7b Ealing Local Policy - Design Amenity

Policy Ea Ealing Local Policy - Presumption In Favour Of Sustainable Development



National Planning Policy Framework





Development Overview

## The Proposal

#### The Proposal

This application seeks full planning permission for the erection of a two storey upwards extension to provide 6 additional self-contained residential units.

All six units are in duplex form across the proposed 3rd and 4th floor of the building. The proposed dwellings will all be accessed from the primary entrance at the front of the site, up the shared internal stair core and onto a communal rear walkway at the 3rd floor. Each property opens into a lobby and a\ Kitchen/Living/Dining room. Internal stairs situated in each unit lead to the building's 4th floor which features bedrooms and bathrooms.

The schedule of accommodation is as follows:

UNIT	GIA (sq.m.)	PROVISION	TOTAL
Unit 1 LF	$50 \text{ m}^2$	3b 5p	100.02 sq.m
Unit 1 UF	$47 \text{ m}^2$		
Unit 2 LF	$31  \mathrm{m}^2$	1b 2p	64.20 sq.m
Unit 2 UF	$35 \text{ m}^2$		
Unit 3 LF	$44 \text{ m}^2$	2b 4p	101.66 sq.m
Unit 3 UF	$58 \text{ m}^2$		
Unit 4 LF	$46 \text{ m}^2$	2b 4p	106.85 sq.m
Unit 4 UF	$60 \text{ m}^2$		
Unit 5 LF	$38 \text{ m}^2$	2b 4p	82.41 sq.m
Unit 5 UF	$42 \text{ m}^2$		
Unit 6 LF	$45 \text{ m}^2$	2b 4p	91.67 sq.m
Unit 6 UF	$45  \text{m}^2$		

The proposal provides a good standard of internal accommodation with all proposed comfortably exceeding the minimum nationally adopted internal space standards. The units provide an open plan Kitchen/Living/Dining space with direct access to outdoor private

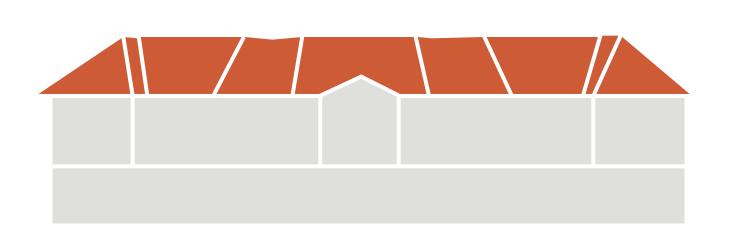
amenity in order to ensure an adaptable form of accommodation that will suit the varied needs of future residents.

Resident facilities, including refuse storage and dedicated cycle parking are situated at ground floor level to the rear of the site and can be accessed via the secondary external staircase.



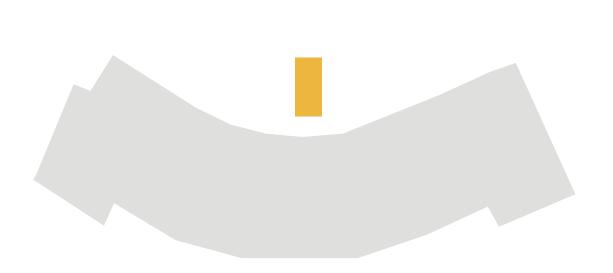


Key Interventions



#### 1. Demolition of existing roof

The proposed project entails removing the current tile roof, which is deemed overly intricate and disorderly.



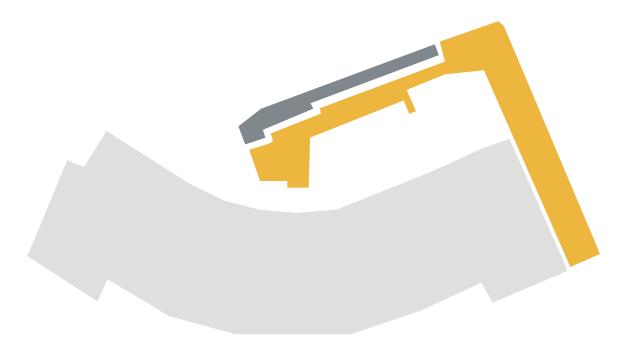
#### 4. Extend secondary staircase

remaining in the same place and allowing access to the new units.



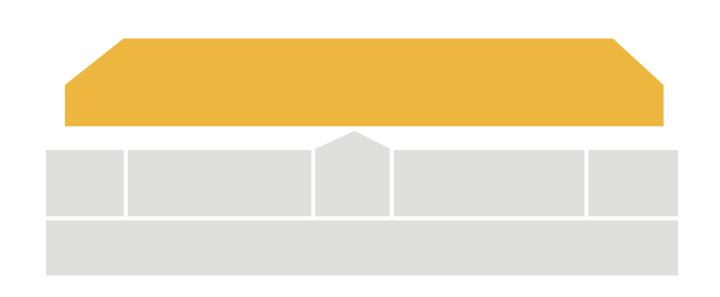
#### 2. Two storey upward extension

Upward extension to incorporate new residential units in duplex



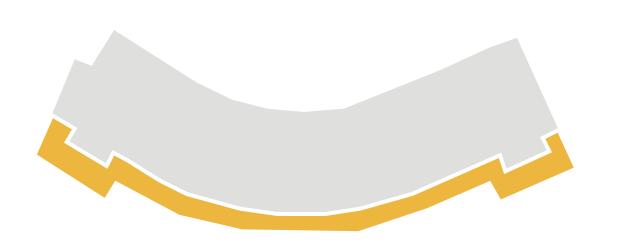
#### 5. Enhance land to rear and provide facilities

Extend the existing external staircase to the new upper level while Cleaning of the back access, new pavement for peatonal and vehicular access, proposed bicycle storage and unified refuse shed



#### 3. Shadow gap

Incorporation of a horizontal band between existing and proposed, to distinguish and respect the existing building



#### 6. Private amenity

Provision of generous private amenity to all new units, located to the front of the building, creating a significant offset between existing and new facade

# **Development Overview**Principle of Development

Key Principle	Relevant Policy	Explanation	
Residential use/development	Paragraph 86 (f) within the NPPF which states that planning policy should recognise that residential development often plays an important role in ensuring the vitality of centres and encourages residential development on appropriate sites.	The existing site is partially in residential use. Furthermore, the surrounding area is partially characterised by residential use in the form of purpose built residential blocks and traditional low scale housing.	
	Policy H1 of the London Plan outlines a need to increase housing across the city.	The provision of additional housing on this site will form a positive contribution towards achieving national, regional and local housing targets.	
	Policy 1.1 of the Ealing Core StrategyDocument outlines an overarching aim to achieve 14,000 additional homes across Ealing during the plan period.	The already developed site (brownfield) is in a well connected locat with good access to modes of public transport. Subsequently the s can accommodate a sustainable residential development.	
	Policy 2.2 of the Ealing Local Plan sets out the vision for revitalising Acton Town Centre. This includes an aim to provide an additional 550 new homes.	The application site is situated directly adjacent to the Acton Town Underground Station. Residential Development is increasingly	
	Policy 4C of the Ealing Local Plan outlines that main town centre	promoted and supported in proximity to train stations as they encourage sustainable and car free forms of development.	
Upwards Extensions	Part 2, Schedule 20, Class AB of the GPDO permits the erection of new dwelling houses on terrace buildings in commercial or mixed	The proposed development will make effective use of the available land on site in order to provide height quality residential housing.	
	Paragraph 120 of the NPPF Support opportunities to use the airspace above existing residential and commercial premises for new homes.	The principle of erecting an upwards extension was considered acceptable by officers during the pre-application process.	
	London Plan Policy GG2 encourages Local Authorities and Developers to make the best use of land including the proactive exploration of intensifying uses.		
	Local Plan Policy 3.4 confirms that Acton can accommodate a density appropriate for an urban environment.		