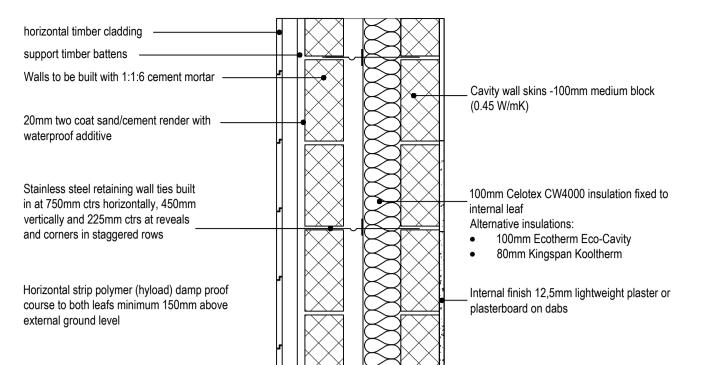
STANDARD PARTIAL FILL CAVITY WALL





PARTIAL FILL CAVITY WALL To achieve minimum U Value of 0.18W/m²K

Horizontal timber cladding with support timber battens on 100mm medium dense block. Ensure a 50mm clear residual cavity and provide 100mm Celotex CW4000 insulation fixed to inner leaf constructed using 100mm medium block, 0.45 W/m²K. Internal finish to be 12.5mm plasterboard on dabs. Walls to be built with 1:1:6 cement mortar. Walls within 1m of the boundary to achieve 1/2 hour fire resistance. Timber cladding to be treated with Fire Retardant Coating for Timber (ESVFR & QVFR) or similar paint system to achieve class 0 (National class) or Class B - s3, d2 rating (European class).

DPC

Provide horizontal strip polymer (hyload) damp proof course to both internal and external skins minimum 150mm above external ground level. New DPC to be made continuous with existing DPC's and with floor DPM. Vertical DPC to be installed at all reveals where cavity is closed.

WALL TIES

All walls constructed using stainless steel vertical twist type retaining wall ties built in at 750mm ctrs horizontally, 450mm vertically and 225mm ctrs at reveals and corners in staggered rows. Wall ties to be suitable for cavity width and in accordance with BS EN 845

CAVITIES

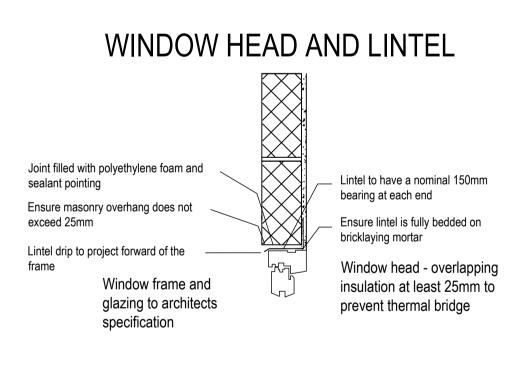
Provide cavity trays over openings. All cavities to be closed at eaves and around openings using Thermabate or similar non combustible insulated cavity closers. Provide vertical DPCs around openings and abutments. All cavity trays must have 150mm upstands and suitable cavity weep holes (min 2) at max 900mm centres.

EXISTING TO NEW WALL

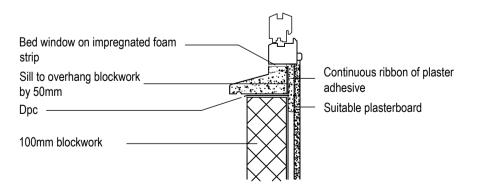
Cavities in new wall to be made continuous with existing where possible to ensure continuous weather break. If a continuous cavity cannot be achieved, where new walls abuts the existing walls provide a movement joint with vertical DPC. All tied into existing construction with suitable proprietary stainless steel profiles.

CAVITY BARRIERS

30 minute fire resistant cavity barriers to be provided at at tops of walls, gable end walls and vertically at junctions with separating walls & horizontally at separating walls with cavity tray over installed according to manufacturer's details.



WINDOW SILL



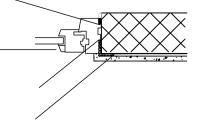
WINDOW REVEAL (Plan)

Thermal break of insulating foam with sealant pointing

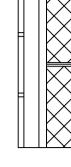
Window frame and glazing as specified by architect

Bed window on impregnated foam strip

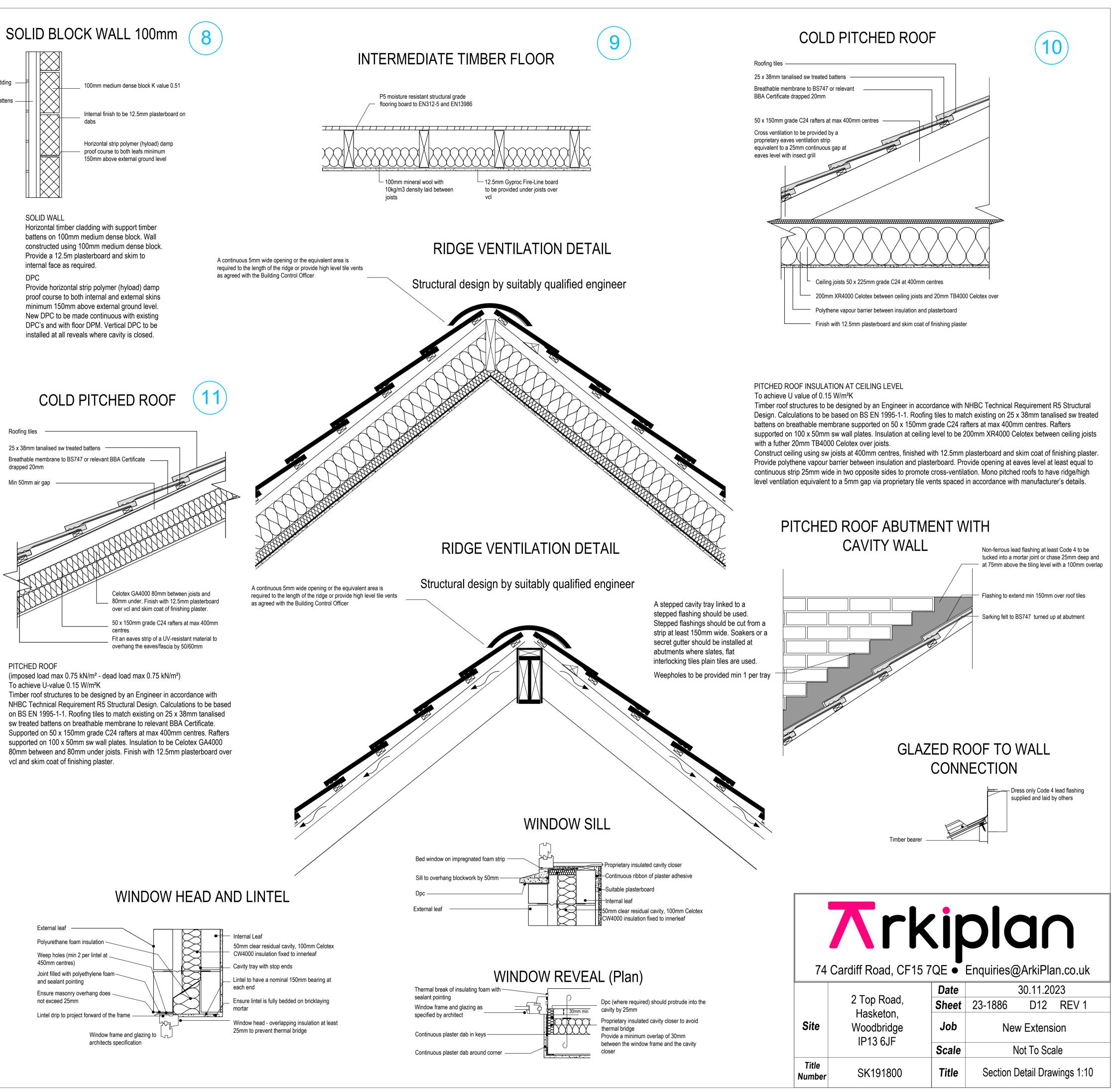
Continuous plaster dab around corner



horizontal timber cladding support timber battens -



Roofing tiles



Polyurethane foam insulation	
	-
Weep holes (min 2 per lintel at 450mm centres)	-
Joint filled with polyethylene foam	
Ensure masonry overhang does	
intel drip to project forward of the frame	